North Hastings Review.

Patriotic Banquet and Band Concert Friday Evening, March 17th, 1916

$1.00 a Year in Advance. "PARTY IS THE MADNESS OF MANY FOR THE GAIN OF A FEW" $1.50 if Not so Paid

39TH YEAR—No. 9 **Madoc, Hastings County, Ontario, Thursday, March 2, 1916** POSTAGE PREPAID

Malone

Miss Edith Nickle, who has been spending a few days at Queensboro, has just returned home.

Misses Millie and Tory Cassidy, of Springbrook, have been visiting friends in this vicinity.

Miss Carrie Martin, of Ivanhoe, has been spending a few days in this vicinity.

Pte. Harold Long spent Sunday at Mr. Thos. Gawley's. Come again.

Mr. Clifford Gawley and Miss Florence Fitzgerald were guests of Miss M. Brown on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Finley, of the West, have been visiting their friend, Mr. T. Gawley.

We are pleased Mr. Fitzgerald has a large woodpile, and as some of the young men didn't help saw it we think its the least they could do to turn in and help split it as they are likely to help burn their share of it.

—BUTTER PAPER Vegetable Parchment, in sizes for rolls or pound prints. THE REVIEW Office.

Greenbush

February 14th.

Lagrippe and colds seem to be the order of the day through this section.

Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Sargent and son, Raymond, were guests of Mrs. Addison Palmateer on Sunday.

We are glad to note that our teacher, Miss Mills, has recovered from the lagrippe and is able to resume her duties again.

Mrs. Thos. Dafoe and Mrs. B. Embury were guests of Mrs. S. Sargent, St. Ola, on Friday.

Mr. Fred B. Embury, Bowsman, Man., visited his grandmother, Mrs. A. Palmateer, and other relatives here last week.

It looks as if the long thaw had taken a severe cold. Let's hope it will remain for the men who are busy hauling timber.

Everybody will be glad to hear that Mr. A. Palmateer is gaining rapidly.

Mrs. Anson Reid is recovering after some weeks of severe sickness.

County Claims No Reduction Should Be Made

The members of Hastings Council were in attendance at the Ontario Good Roads Association at Toronto from Feb 22nd to 24th, inclusive. This is considered one of the most important Associations in Ontario, and, as has been the custom in the past, Warden Nugent paid railway fare of the Councillors in attendance.

A conference was held with the Deputy Minister of Highways re the proposed reduction of the approved road system of the County of Hastings—Hastings County claiming that no reduction should be made. The Minister stated that they would give the matter every attention and they would be pleased to confer with a committee from Hastings Council and that due consideration would be given to any claim brought forward for the betterment of the highways in the County of Hastings. — Belleville Ontario.

Huntingdon Council

Moira, February 7th, 1916.

Council met, all members present. Minutes of last meeting read and, on motion, adopted.

Communication received from Geo. Palmateer with affidavit for sheep killed. On motion Geo. Palmateer was paid $16.66, being two-thirds' value of sheep killed.

The auditors presented their report which, on motion of Mitts and Woods, was adopted.

Moved by Haggerty, seconded by Geen, that Auditors' salary be $9 each.—Carried.

By-laws were introduced and read a first time appointing a Truant Officer and Pathmaster, Fenceviewers and Poundkeepers.

On motion Council went into Committee of the Whole on By-laws when by-laws were read a second time and names filled in.

Moved by Mitts, seconded by Woods, that Council resume when by-laws were read a third time, signed, sealed and numbered 373 and 374, respectively.

On motion John Douglas' tender was accepted for banking 150 yards gravel at 49c. per yard.

Moved by C. A. Mitts, seconded by Wood, that Council meet at Clerk's office on February 18th to decide what steps to take in regard to county roads.

On motion Reeve and R. S. Wood be a committee to interview Storring re Conley property and, if necessary, advertise for sale by public auction said property and make all necessary arrangements for disposal of same.

On motion following accounts were ordered paid: Geo. Palmateer, sheep killed $16.66; Board of Health $15.50; reg. births, marriages and deaths $13.20; Auditors $18; Councillors' pay $12.50; A. Herity for Emerson's road work $6.

Moved by Haggerty, seconded by Wood, that Council adjourn till Monday, April 3rd.—Carried.

D. L. FLEMING, Tp. Clerk.

Queensboro

February 23rd.

Sergt. Fred Glover, of 155th Batt., Belleville, spent a few days at his home here this week.

Miss Marguerite Tufts, of Madoc, spent the week-end the guest of Miss Bessie Delyea.

The play entitled "Ferguson of Troy," which was given on Friday night was a great success.

Misses Grace Delyea and C. Sager were Sunday guests at Hart's.

Miss Earla Post is visiting friends in town.

A number of friends gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Reid on Monday night of last week and spent a pleasant evening with them ere their departure for their new home at Bayside.

The Queensboro people are glad to know that Mr. and Mrs. Goldie Gray, of Tweed, are coming back here to live again.

Gilmour

February 23rd.

Miss Myrtle Dafoe returned home on Saturday from Queensboro and Eldorado, where she has spent the past two weeks.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. Dafoe, who has been very sick for the past week, is slowly recovering.

Miss Ella Baker is on the sick list this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fitzgibbons visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. Baker, on Sunday.

We are sorry to learn that Mr. Ambrose Hamm has been confined to his bed with a broken leg for a week or two.

Mr. H. Chounard spent Sunday at The Ridge.

Misses Earlie Casement and Rose Phillips and Master Claud Phillips are sick with the measles.

Miss Stella Wellman visited friends here on Sunday.

Miss Maud Lummiss, of Eldorado, is visiting relatives here.

Miss Myrtle Thompson visited Mrs. A. Harvey on Tuesday.

Warden Nugent Caned

On Wednesday evening, February 23rd, in the drawing-room of the Merchant's Hotel, Toronto, the members of Hastings County Council and officials presented His Honor, Wm. H. Nugent, Warden of the County of Hastings and Reeve of the Township of Wollaston, with a gold headed ebony cane bearing the inscription "Presented to Wm. H. Nugent, Warden of the County of Hastings, by County Councillors and officials, 1916."

Mr. Robert Cooke, M.P.P. for North Hastings, occupied the chair and called upon Mr. Chas. Ketcheson, ex-Warden and Reeve of the Township of Sidney, who, in a very able manner, referred to the excellent qualifications of Warden Nugent and his special capabilities for filling the office of Warden of the County of Hastings for 1916.

Mr. Peter McLaren, Reeve of the Township of Tyendinaga, on behalf of the members of Hastings Council Councillors and officials made the presentation.

Addresses were also delivered by County Councillors Thos. Montgomery, Jas. A. Clare, Thos. J. Nayler, P. McLaren, R. P. Coulter, J. G. Sills and others, all expressing their appreciation of the services given by Warden Nugent to the County of Hastings and of their high esteem for him during his several years as a member of the County Council and as chairman of every committee in connection with the County Council, and to the fact of his having given his son as a volunteer in the great conflict now taking place in Europe.

The Warden in reply thanked the County Councillors for their confidence in him and for the beautiful gift which would ever be a pleasant reminder to him of the goodfellowship which existed during the years that he was a member of the Hastings County Council.

Mr. Nugent also referred to the vast resources of the County of Hastings in agriculture, timber, mines and fisheries and predicted that the time was not far distant when the northern municipalities would be large revenue producers (as they had been in the past) not only to the County of Hastings but to the exchequer of the Province of Ontario.

Warden Nugent's reply was greatly appreciated and was one of the finest of impromptu speeches well worthy of special mention. The intimate knowledge of the northern townships and the prospects for the future were of great benefit and showed the mature judgment of a far-seeing man.—Belleville Ontario.

Madoc Township Council

Town Hall, Eldorado, Feb. 14, 1916.

The regular meeting of the Council was held on the above date. All the members were present. Minutes of last meeting approved of as read.

A by-law authorizing an overdraft in the Dominion Bank of $4000 for current expenses was passed through its several readings, signed, sealed and numbered 20.

A by-law appointing Harry Jones, Eldorado, truant officer, to enforce the attendance of all children between the ages of 8 and 14 years the required number of days per year. Said by-law was read a first, second and third time, signed, sealed and numbered 21.

On motion of Comerford and Kincaid the Salvation Army communication was fyled.

The following road grants were made: on Nicholas Blackburn's road division $35, to be spent under his supervision; on Alex. McCoy's road beat 50 yds. of gravel, and $65 worth of gravel on Thos. Moorecroft's road beat.

The auditors, Lester O'Hara and Wm. A. Blair, presented their report, which was accepted. They received their pay for same, $8 each.

On motion of Kincaid and Thompson $15 was paid Simeon Fox which he had overpaid on road account; H. Blakely received $117 for gravel banked on his road beat.

Council adjourned to March 13.

W. T. ALLEN, Tp. Clerk.

In the Churches

ST. JOHN'S.—Sunday, March 5th, Quinquagesima, Holy Communion, 8.30 a.m., as well as usual services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Wednesday, March 8th, Ash Wednesday, morning prayer at 10 a.m.

For Lent

Buy a keg of those delicious Lake Superior Herrings. You can get them at Harris' Corner Store.

Electric Shades and Fixtures

See Mr. A. Kincaid's North Window

JOHN BURKITT

Electrician - - Madoc

A

Military Banquet

Will be given in

The Armouries

To the Madoc Platoon of the 155th C.E.F., on

FRIDAY

ST. PATRICK'S DAY

March 17th, 1916

From 5.30 to 8 p.m.

Under the auspices of

Madoc Women's Patriotic League

By kind permission of Lt. Col. Adams and the officers of the 155th Battalion, C.E.F., the new Regimental Band with their Soloists will give a full musical programme after the banquet and a rare treat is assured.

Remember! Banquet and Concert

Admission - 35 cts.

Soldiers in Uniform Free

Mrs. J. Whytock, Pres. Mrs. Dr. Harper, Treas.

Mrs. W. Cross, Sec.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

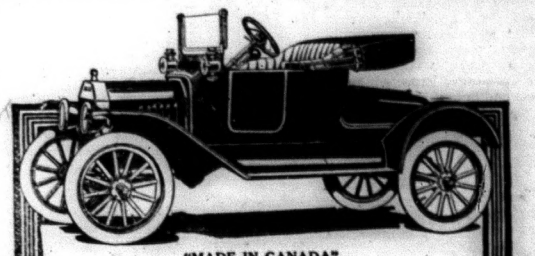
SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President
JOHN AIRD, General Manager. H. V. F. JONES, Ass't General Manager

CAPITAL, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, $13,500,000

BANKING BY MAIL

Accounts may be opened at every branch of The Canadian Bank of Commerce to be operated by mail, and will receive the same careful attention as is given to all other departments of the Bank's business. Money may be deposited or withdrawn in this way as satisfactorily as by a personal visit to the Bank. 583

Madoc Branch - - - A. Y. SNIDER, MANAGER



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The Ford Runabout Price $480

A fine harvest—of pleasures and profits is reaped by the man who drives a Ford. For the trip to town—for a run to the neighbors—for a hurry-up drive anywhere business or pleasure demands—there's no other car which will go so well at anywhere near the cost.

The Ford Touring Car is $530; the Coupelet $730; the Sedan $890; the Town Car $780. All prices are f.o.b. Ford, Ontario. All cars completely equipped, including electric headlights. Equipment does not include speedometer. Cars on sale at FRANK SMITH'S MADOC.

Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR

THE DOMINION BANK

SIR EDMUND B. OSLER, M.P., PRESIDENT. W. D. MATTHEWS, VICE-PRESIDENT.
C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

This Bank Offers Farmers

a complete and satisfactory banking service.

Sale Notes collected on favorable terms, and advances made on such notes at reasonable rates.

The Savings Department is a safe and convenient depository for your money. Interest at current rates is paid on deposits of one dollar and upwards.

One dollar opens an account in the Savings Department.

MADOC BRANCH: G. P. LYND, Manager.

Hardwood Flooring

We are overstocked with Hardwood Flooring No. 2 (all kiln-dried, tongue and grooved and bundled) and will sell it at **$20.00** per thousand. A reduction of $4.00 per thousand feet.

If you are thinking of building during the year now is the time to see about it. We are pleased to show our goods and quote prices.

THE HOUSTON CO., Ltd.,

TWEED, ONT.

Madoc Sash & Door Factory

If you are thinking of building this spring be sure and get our estimates. We always carry a good stock of lumber of all description.

JOHN ROBERTSON

THE CABLEMAN

AN EXCITING PRESENT-DAY ROMANCE

BY WEATHERBY CHESNEY

CHAPTER I

Horace Scarborough was sitting in front of the siphon-recorder in the Instrument Room of the cable station at Ribereira Grande. The faint whisper of electrical apparatus was round him, and the afternoon mist of the Azores had crept into the room and chilled the air. He had been on duty for nearly eight hours, but though he was tried, he was barely conscious of the fact; for the strain of watching for a message, expected but long delayed, had braced his nerves and driven away all thought of fatigue.

The message for which Scarborough was watching meant peace or war amongst the nations of the world.

For international politics had reached a crisis. A certain diplomatic "note" had been presented, and the answer was expected hourly. If the issue was peace, the public would probably never know that there had been a crisis at all. But the servants of the great cable companies necessarily have greater and earlier knowledge than the rest of mankind; and it is by no means the fact, as many suppose, that the most important news always passes through their hands in unintelligible cipher. Diplomacy is a shy monster, hunting by tortuous paths, and loves to shroud its tracks in obscurity; but sometimes even diplomats speak out, and when they do, their words are apt to be momentous.

In every Chancellary of the world anxious men were waiting for the answer, which an Imperial courier was bearing post haste to the court of St. James's.

Scarborough glanced for the fiftieth time at the ribbon of paper which came from the siphon-recorder, and saw that it registered a plain straight line. Nothing was passing over the cable just now.

He dropped his chin on his hand, and stared at the instrument as though by staring he could force the news from it. There was no hint of impatience in the attitude or movement, rather of a strong patience that would be likely to win its way in life by meeting adversity with a square front, and then calmly wearing it down. He was about twenty-five. The lines on his face were deep for a man of his years; but they were lines graven by character, not by experience—by a grave habit of thought, rather than by any knowledge of suffering in the past. He looked like a man who might take life hardly, because he would shrink none of its responsibilities; who would fight, if he had to fight, bravely and victoriously; but who, as yet had not been called upon to show the grit that was in him. When he smiled which was often — the lines vanished, and showed the face of a strong, good-humored boy.

But though his nerves were tense with excitement now, he had not been able to infect with his own eagerness the man who was on duty with him. A luxuriously elaborate yawn from a wicker chair behind him, echoed round the walls of the Instrument Room, and caused the quick smile to show itself on Scarborough's face. Scott, the man in the chair, was supposed to be sharing his watch; but he was one of those who take life easily, and his method was to read a French novel in a big chair until Scarborough should give him the word that the instruments were talking. Then he would rise slowly, stretch himself, and take his share of the work.

"What a phlematic beggar you are," said Scarborough. "Enormous issues are being decided, and the news may come at any minute, and I don't believe you're even interested!"

"Right. I'm not," Scott answered cheerfully. "Don't care for politics. Don't understand 'em, you see. Don't fathom what there is to worry about."

"A European war is generally counted a pretty important thing," said Scarborough dryly.

"Oh, yes, if it comes off! But it won't Let's talk of something interesting. Going to the circus?"

"What circus?' he asked.

"There you are!" said Scott triumphantly. "You're just as ignorant as I am, in your own way. My ignorance embraces European politics—an admitedly unsavory mudle; yours concerns the things that are taking place under your nose. What circus? Val B Montague's American Circus Combination, of course. The whole island of San Miguel is placarded with it—pictures of beautiful ladies on bare-backed steeds, balancing at extraordinary angles. It's the most exciting thing that has been in the Azores for a year. I went across to Ponta Delgada to see it yesterday."

"Oh? God show?" asked Scarborough carelessly, keeping his gaze fixed on the ribbon of paper which came from the siphon-recorder.

"Pretty fair," said Scott whose novel had bored him, and made him want to talk, even though he failed to interest. "There's a nice little girl who calls herself Mademoiselle Monda de la Mar, and does the bareback business—not like the pictures, but decently enough; and there's a very English-looking cowboy who shoots glass balls and things with very moderate succes. 'Tisn't a bad show though, on the whole, and Val B Montagu is beautiful."

"What does he do?" Scarborough asked next.

"Nothing in the ring. But he runs the whole show none-the-less and, prevents breaches of the peace amongst his troupe. No easy job that, I gathered. They've been touring the Atlantic Islands and the West Coast of Africa for a year and a half in a two-hundred-ton schooner, and the clown hasn't murdered the ring-master yet though Val B. seems to be very much inclined to offer odds that he will very soon. Fine fellow, Val B! Took my whisky and soda with the air of conferring a favor on me, and was graciously pleased to say that he would come over here on Tuesday to have dinner with me, if his children—that's what he calls the troupe — did not need him. I fancy he's nervous about the clown and the ring-master."

"What's the trouble between them?" asked Scarborough, more for the sake of continuing the conversation than because he cared. "Is it Mademoiselle Mona?"

"No," said Scott. "I understood that it was merely a case of professional jealousy. They've been boxed up together on that schooner for eighteen months, you see, with nothing to do at sea except quarrel, and nothing to interest them in the show they give when they're ashore. Come over with me to-night, and make Val B Montague's acquaintance."

Scarborough did not answer. A message was coming through at last. The ribbon of paper from the siphon-record showed an irregular, wavy line now, and he read off the message in the hills and valleys of the Morse code as the instrument passed it through.

"Page, Chinelas, Ribeira Grande. Danger—circus."

That was all. It was obviously not the message for which he was waiting nor was it, at first sight either interesting or intelligible, unless one happened to know the code by which those two words "danger—circus" were to be interpreted. Scarborough did not know the code; and yet, because of the person to whom it was addressed, the cablegram interested him profoundly. Had he been able to foresee the difference which its arrival would presently make to him, his interest would perhaps have been even greater.

"Anything?" asked Scott listlessly.

"Private message, in code," said Scarborough, and Scott returned to his novel with a grunt.

Scarborough sent the message through to the Post Office for delivery and then rose and went to the window Through a break in the mist he could see about a mile away a white-washed house, built in the shelter of two great masses of grey volcanic stone that projected curiously from the side of a green hill. The two rocks were called in Portugese, As Chinelas,—the slippers,—from a resemblance, not however very striking, which they were supposed to bear to a pair of rather down-at-the-heel slippers. The white-washed house took its name from them.

It had been in the possesion, for the last two years of an Englishman, who, having come to the Azores as an invalid seeking for health, had not found that for which he sought, but had stayed, because the place had suited him. His daughter kept house for him at the Chinelas; and in this fact was the explanation of Scarborough's interest in the message which had just passed through his hands.

Scott broke suddenly into his meditations.

"You haven't said whether you'll go with me to the circus to-night," he remarked. He did not believe in leaving matters of real importance unsettled.

Scarborough started. The cablegram had coupled the word circus and danger. A coincidence of course. It was surely impossible that it should be anything else, and yet Scarborough felt a sudden misgiving. Was danger coming to Elsa Page? Oh; nonsense! code messages often combine words curiously. It was nothing but a rather queer coincidence.

"Can't," he said. "I've promised to play chess with Mr. Page to-night."

Scott pursed up his lips, and looked at his friend doubtfully.

"Oh, ah! um! At the Chinelas!" he remarked slowly. "Do you care much for chess?"

"Loathe it!" admitted Scarborough, with a laugh.

"So I thought. And yet you play at the Chinelas every second night or so, But risky, isn't it?"

"What do you mean?"

"Nothing. You know your own business best, of course. Miss Page is a nice girl; pretty too, but—" he broke off.

"But what?" demanded Scarborough,, with a quick flash of anger. "Do you criticize her?"

"No," said Scott. "I believe she's as nice a girl as you think she is And that's giving her high praise, you know."

Scarborough waited a moment, and then said:

"Well? Go on."

"I don't like her father," said Scott, with decision.

"Confound you, did she ever ask you to?"

"She will ask you to, if he becomes your father-in-law," was the retort. "And you won't be able to do it gracefully. The man's a wroung-un, and you know it as well as I do."

"I know nothing against him" said Scarborough hotly "nor do you."

Scott nodded calmly. "That's true" he admitted "nothing definite that is. But like you I've spent odd half hours in his company; not as many as you have but enough to make me back my opinion with perfect confidence. A man who shakes hands in the way he does for one thing can't possibly be straight. But don't lose your temper, old man. The daughter isn't the father, and I'll admit that it's none of my business in any case. To change the subject—look at the recorder. There's something coming over, isn't there?"

Scarborough went to the instrument and read the message aloud:

"Courier arrived in London this morning with important despatches from Berlin. It is officially announced that His Imperial Majesty will be present in the Hohenzollern during Cowes week and that the Meteor ,will be entered for the principal race."

"Rather cryptic!" said Scott. "What does it mean in plain English?"

"It means," said Scarborough. "that his Imperial Majesty has thought it prudent to climb down, and that there is not going to be a European war after all."

He sat down at the table and sent on to its destination this message which seemed to speak only of sport, but which would cause many an anxious diplomat to sleep more easily that night than he had slept for a week. Then he turned to Scott.

"Our watch is over," he said. "I can hear Mason and Davitt coming to relieve us. You are going to the circus?"

"Yes. Let me book a seat for you?"

"Yes, please; afternoon performance to-morrow, two seats."

"Two seats!" echoed Scott. "For yourself and —"

"Miss Page," said Scarborough, and Scott laughed shortly.

(To be continued.)

AFTER A DAY OUT DOORS

You can prevent chapped hands and lips by using

Vaseline

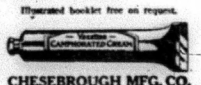
Trade Mark

Camphorated Cream

It allays all irritations of the skin.

Sold in clean, handy tin tubes at chemists, department and general stores everywhere. Refuse substitutes.

Illustrated booklet free on request.



CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO. (Consolidated)

1880 Chabot Ave. Montreal

NEW PERILS OF WAR.

Wounds and Resultant Tetanus Cause Most Casualties.

The ratio betwen deaths by disease and deaths by wounds is reversed in the presenb war as compared with the Boer War. In South Africa disease was responsible for a large percentage of the casualties, whereas in the trenches in France disease has been reduced to a negligible minimum. The wounds in the South African war were usually neat bullet holes, which looked as if made with bradawls, while in the present struggle not only have shells and bombs brought new and terrible kinds of wounds, but a highly cultivated soil full of micro-organisms, such as tetanus, have added new dangers to the most trivial kinds of fleshwound s.

The difference between sources of casualties in the two wars was the subject of a lecture before the Royal College of Surgeons by Sir Anthony Bowlby, who attended the King during his recent accident in France. He laid the destructiveness of modern warfare to close-range fighting and the use of high explosives. Shells have such varied effects that there are no typical shell wounds. Even rifle bullets tear the tissues badly, owing to their terrific velocity at short range. In Africa the bullets traveled a half mile or more and lost their force. Bombs and hand grenades throw up large quantities of trench dirt, which enters the wounds and infects them. Men when wounded, usually fall into mud and water in Flanders, or into the dust, if it is summer.

Sir Anthony said the building of communicating trenches had, however, considerably lessened the danger of infection. In the early days of the war, before this means of passing under cover to the rear was tried, wounded men had to be kept in the advanced trenches until night afforded some protection to the stretcher bearers, for any attempt to collect the wounded in daytime drew the enemy's fire. One man he treated lay for 10 days before he could be rescued and consequently lost both feet as the result of gangrene. Now the men are carried out of the trenches by means of chair stretchers, which get around the corners. But men falling in front of trenches have to be rescued at night as formerly.

Not only the time elapsing before aid is received but the physical condition of the men due to lack of food, drink or sleep must also be taken into acount in estimating their chances of surviving.

Germany's Chancellor.

The German Chancellor, Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, is one of the many German statesmen that owe much to the personal favor of the Kaiser. His friendship with the War Lord began when they were fellow-students at Bonn, where they were both members of the famous Borussie students-corps of the University. Before his elevation to the Chancellorship in 1909, Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg had had little or no experience of foreign affairs or diplomacy—a fact taken at the time to signify the Kaisers intention to have a puppet rather than a pilot at the helm.

True to the Last.

"Yes," said the traveller, "my wife's mother was the most admirable housekeeper that ever lived. Poor soul, she was eaten by cannibals in Africa."

"You don't mean it."

"Alas! it's true. Why, when the savages had thrust her into the cauldron and she was beginning to cook, she cried out faintly with her last breath, 'Don't forget the salt and pepper.'"

Mamma—"Oh, George, poor little Johnny has jammed his finger in the door!" Papa—"Indeed? Which door?" Johnny (sobbing)—"It was the—the—pa-pa-n-try d-door!" Papa (grimly)—"Ah, I thought so! He didn't get the sort of jam he was looking for that time."

There's a Subtle Charm about the delicious flavour of

"SALADA" B106

This flavour is unique and never found in cheap, ordinary teas. Let us mail you a sample. Black, Mixed or Green.

PRACTICAL FARMING

Raising the Dairy Cow

A profitable cow cannot be raised in a year. It dates back to the ancestors and if they were unprofitable the chances are that their progeny will be unprofitable, and vice versa. Having bred right, the dairyman must start his feeding when the calf is the embryo stage, by properly caring for the mother, and then be prepared to care for and feed the young calf from the time it is dropped, the proper rations required to produce strong, lusty animal. It is well known that a neglected heifer calf never makes the most profitable dairy cow. The value of the calf at birth depends largely on its breeding, but the feed and care it receives while young is an important factor in deciding its future usefulness.

Whether or not the calf is allowed to run with the cow the first two or three days is a matter of custom, but it should receive whole milk for the first two weeks at least and then gradually be made accustomed to skim-milk. The change may be made at the rate of one pound per day, and increased until the calf is getting about fifteen pounds of skim-milk per day. Many feeders fail to have their calves do well when fed on skim-milk, and immediately decide that skim-milk is of little value as a feed for calves. Other feeders will point with pride to a thrifty, sleek-looking calf, and be particular to mention that it was raised on skim-milk. Why the difference? The one has neglected to pay attention to keeping the pen clean and dry; the milk warmed to blood temperature; the pails clean, or the same amount of milk fed at regular intervals. These things are important, and attending to them or not attending to them is the difference between success and failure.

Skim milk contains all the nutriment found in whole milk for the building of bone and muscle. It merely lacks the fat content, which goes to supply heat and energy in the body. This can be supplied by the cereal grains or linseed meal, at a lower cost than by feeding the fat of milk. Neither whole nor skim-milk is sufficient in itself for the growing calf. The calf should be taught to eat concentrates, as ground or whole oats, linseed meal or bran, also alfalfa or clover hay. By putting a little meal in the bottom of the pail after the milk is finished and keeping fresh meal and hay before the calf, it will soon learn to eat. After it has become accustomed to eating, only as much as it will clean up, should be fed. A calf six weeks old will usually eat from one-half to one pound of concentrates per day. An important point is to keep the feed box, pen and pails perfectly clean. With proper attention along with suitable grains and roughage, a thrifty calf should gain from one-and-one-half to two pounds per day. The aim should not be to fatten the calf, but to keep it in a vigorous, growing condition, especially when being raised for dairy purposes.

If the calf is dropped in the fall it will be able to go on pasture in the spring and look after itself. If it is a spring calf, it will be best to keep it in the stable or paddock all summer in order that it may receive attention. As a yearling, the best winter quarters will be to run a number of them loose in a large box stall or sheltered shed. It need not be too warm, as nature will supply them with a coat of hair sufficient to keep them warm. Silage, roots and good clover hay, with a little salt and plenty of water, will bring them through the winter in prime condition. The heifers should be bred to drop their first calf at about thirty months of age, and then milked as near the full year as possible, it being claimed that a heifer that is only milked seven or eight months the first lactation period will have a tendency to go dry in succeeding years after milking about that length of time.

It is a good plan to frequently handle the heifer before she freshens the first time. Less trouble will then be experienced in getting her accustomed to being milked. As the dairy animal is more or less of a nervous disposition, kindness at all times is essential if the highest returns are to be secured. The cow will also give a larger flow of milk throughout the year if fed and milked at regular intervals.—Farmer's Advocate.

Good Stable Arrangement.

Owing to the scarcity of efficient farm help and also to lessen the cost of winter milk production, we have found it necessary to have the stable equipped as conveniently as possible. In our stable the cows stand in two rows, running lengthwise of the stable, both rows being fed from the same alley, which I think reduces the work of feeding a great deal. We have a silo at each end of the feed alley, the silage being thrown directly from the silo into a feed truck and from this is pitched into the mangers.

The different grains are mixed in the granary overhead, coming down a chute into another feed truck, which can be wheeled to wherever required, thus doing this part of the feeding with as few unnecessary steps as possible. The cattle are watered from individual basins, which are supplied from a tank in the barn, the water being pumped to this with a small gasoline engine.

The stable being reasonably wide gives ample room behind each row of cows to drivet hrough with the manure spreader, and in this way the manure is hauled directly to the field and spread with very little extra labor.

By using these few conveniences, an abundance of light, good ventilation, and punctuality, winter dairying becomes more of a pleasure than a drudge.—Gordon Harrison in Farm and Dairy.

GOOD DIGESTION — When your digestion is faulty, weakness and pain are certain and disease is invited. Mother Seigel's Syrup corrects and stimulates the digestive organs, and banishes the many ailments which arise from indigestion.

FOR 40 YEARS THE STANDARD REMEDY — MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP — FOR STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLE

At all Druggists, or direct on receipt of price, 50c. and $1.00. The large bottle contains three times as much as the smaller. A. J. White & Co. Limited, Craig Street West Montreal.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

COLT DISTEMPER

You can prevent this loathsome disease from running through your stable and cure all the colts suffering with it when you begin the treatment. No matter how young, SPOHN'S is safe to use on any colt. It is wonderful how it prevents all distempers, no matter how colts or horses at any age are "exposed." All good druggists and turf goods houses and manufacturers sell SPOHN'S by the bottle or dozen. SPOHN'S MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

GALVANIZED STEEL PANS

GALVANIZED PANS for sap boiling are clean and Sanitary. Made up of heavy steel in any size desired. We also supply wagon tanks and special barrels for hauling sap.

Ask your Hardware or Implement Dealer about the Wayne or write us direct. Our Catalogue No. 7, will give you full information and prices on Wayne Galvanized Tanks for every purpose.

Wayne Oil Tank and Pump Company, Limited

520 TECUMSEH STREET, WOODSTOCK, ONTARIO.

7 CANADIANS WERE KILLED IN RECENT GERMAN ATTACK

Enemy Got Into Our Trenches at Many Points—They Are Still There

A despatch from Ottawa says: Gen. Sir Sam Hughes stated in the House on Thursday in reply to a question that his department had received official information that there had been a German attack on the British and Canadian lines south-east of Ypres along a front of some miles. It had been preceded by a heavy bombardment, lasting some two or three days. The Canadian troops, however, had evidently taken to the dug-outs, since they did not seem to have suffered in anything like the proportion which would otherwise be expected, the record being one killed Thursday and five or six the day before. "The Germans, following the bombardment, got into our trenches at many points," continued the Minister. "My information is that the Germans are still there—but they are dead."

WEST AFRICAN CAMPAIGN ENDS ALL CAMEROONS CONQUERED

German Commander Succeeded in Escaping, However, Into Spanish Territory

A despatch from London says: The following official communication referring to the operations in the Cameroons region of West Africa was issued Thursday night:

"A telegram dated Feb. 16 from Gen. Dobell (the French commander in Cameroons) states that he has received information from Gen. Aymerich that the French have closed the frontier up to Ngoa and all east thereof. The Campo region column has a few miles to traverse to close the line from the sea.

"Active operations are now practically ended,, and the conquest of Cameroon is complete, with the exception of the isolated position of Mora hill. The German commandant, Zimmerman, succeeded in making his escape int Spanish territory."

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Feb. 22.—Manitoba wheat—New crop, No. 1 Northern, $1.26⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.24½; No. 3 Northern, $1.21⅛, in store Fort William.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 45⅛c; No. 3 C.W., 42¾c; extra No. 1 feed, 42¾c; No. 1 feed, 41¼c, in store Fort William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, 83¾c, track Toronto.

Canadian corn—Feed, 74 to 75c, track Toronto.

Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 44 to 45c; commercial, 43 to 44c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2, Winter per car lot, $1.10 to $1.12; wheat, slightly sprouted and tough, according to sample, $1.06 to $1.10; wheat, sprouted, smutty and tough, according to sample, $1 to $1.04; feed wheat, 90 to 95c, according to freights outside.

Peas—No. 2, $1.50; peas, according to sample, $1.25 to $1.75, according to freights outside.

Barley—Malting, 64 to 66c; feed, 57 to 60c, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—Nominal, 77 to 78c, according to freights outside.

Rye—No. 1 commercial, 92 to 94c; rejected, according to sample, 83 to 85c, acording to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, $7.20; second patents, in jute bags, $6.70; strong bakers', in jute bags, $6.50, Toronto.

Ontario flour—Winter, according to sample, $4.70 to $4.80, track Toronto; $4.80 to $4.90, seaboard, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights—Bran, per ton, $25; shorts, per ton, $25 to $26; middlings, per ton, $27; good feed flour, per bag, $1.75 to $1.85.

Country Produce.

Butter—Fresh dairy, 27 to 30c; inferior, 23 to 25c; creamery prints, 34 to 36c; solids, 32 to 34c.

Eggs—Storage, 26 to 27c per doz.; selects, 28 to 29c; new-laid, 32 to 34c, case lots.

Honey—Prices, in 10 to 60-lb. tins, 12 to 12½c; comb, No. 1, $3; No. 2, $2.40.

Beans—$4.20 to $4.40.

Poultry—Spring chickens, 17 to 20c; fowls, 15 to 16c; ducks, 17 to 20c; geese, 15 to 19c; turkeys, 23 to 27c.

Cheese—Large, 19c; twins, 19¼c.

Potatoes—Car lots of Ontarios quoted at $1.75 to $1.80, and New Brunswicks at $1.90 to $2 per bag, on track.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Feb. 22.—Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 85 to 86c. Oats—No. 2 local white, 50c; No. 3 local white, 49c; No. 4 local white, 48c. Barley—Manitoba feed, 63 to 64c; malting, 76 to 78c. Buckwheat—No. 2, 80 to 82c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, $7.30; seconds, $6.80; strong bakers', $6.60; Winter patents, choice, $6.70; straight rollers, $6 to $6.10; do., bags, $2.85 to $2.95. Rolled oats—Bbls., $5.35; do., bags, 90 lbs., $2.55. Bran, $24. Shorts, $26. Middlings, $28 to $30. Mouille, $31 to $33. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, $20 to $20.50. Cheese—Finest westerns, 18¾ to 19c; finest easterns, 18¼ to 18½c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 34 to 34½c; seconds, 33 to 33½c. Eggs—Fresh, 34 to 35c; selected, 28 to 29c; No. 1 stock, 26 to 27c; No. 2 stock, 23 to 24c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, $1.80 to $1.85.

Winnipeg Grain.

Winnipeg, Feb. 22.—Cash quotations:—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.25⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.23⅝; No. 3 Northern, $1.20⅝; No. 4, $1.16⅝; No. 5, $1.09⅞; No. 6, $1.03⅞; feed, 97⅞. Oats—No. 2 C. W., 44¼c; No. 3 C.W., 42¼c; extra No. 1 feed, 42¼c; No. 1 feed, 40¾c; No. 2 feed, 39¾c. Barley—No. 3, 68½c; No. 4, 63c; rejected, 57½c; feed, 57½c. Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., $2.10¼; No. 2 C.W., $2.07¼.

United States Markets.

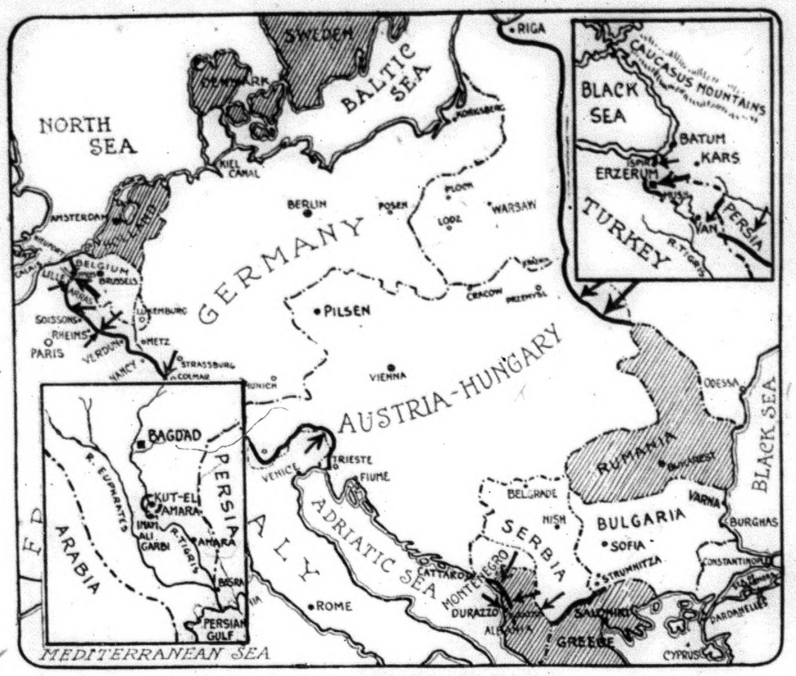
Minneapolis, Feb. 22.—Wheat—May, $1.29 to $1.29⅛; July, $1.27⅛; No. 1 hard, $1.36½; No. 1 Northern, $1.30 to $1.34; No. 2 Northern, $1.26 to $1.31. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 77 to 78c. Oats—No. 3 white, 46 to 46½c. Flour—Fancy patents, 10c higher; quoted at $7; first clears, 5c higher; quoted at $5.20. Other grades unchanged. Shipments, 55,892 barrels. Bran, $19 to $22.

Duluth, Feb. 22.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.34⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.31⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.28⅝. Linseed—Cash, $2.33½ to $2.34; May, $2.36; July, $2.36½.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, Feb. 22.—Choice heavy steers, $7.60 to $7.75; butchers' cattle, choice, $7.40 to $7.60; do., good, $7 to $7.40; do., medium, $6.15 to $6.65; do., common, $5 to $5.65; butchers' bulls, choice, $6.50 to $7; do., good bulls, $5.75 to $6.10; do., rough bulls, $4.50 to $5; butchers' cows, choice, $6.75 to $7; do., good, $5.85 to $6.10; do., medium, $5.10 to $5.65; do., common, $4 to $4.60; feeders, good, $6.25 to $6.85; stockers, 700 to 900 lbs., $6.10 to $6.75; canners and cutters, $3.25 to $4.50; milkers, choice, each, $75 to $100; do., common and medium, each, $35 to $60; springers, $50 to $100; light ewes, $7.25 to $9; sheep, heavy, $5.25 to $6; do., bucks, $3.50 to $4.50; yearling lambs, $7 to $7.75; lambs, cwt., $11.25 to $12.75; calves, medium to choice, $7.25 to $11.50; do., common, $4 to $4.50; hogs, fed and watered, $10; do., weighed off cars, $10.40; do., f.o.b., $9.65 to $9.70.

Montreal, Feb. 22.—Choice steers at $7.75 to $8; good at $7.25 to $7.50; and the lower grades at from $5.25 to $6.25, while butcher cows sold at $4.75 to $6.50, and bulls brought from $5.50 to $7 per cwt.; packers to $4.75 per cwt. Small lots of lambs at $10.75 to $11, and sheep at $6.75 to $7.50 per cwt., while milkfed calves sold at 10½ to 11c, and grassfed at 5½ to 6½c per lb. Hogs, $10.80 to $11 per cwt., weighed off cars, but as high as $11.10 was paid for some lots of long-run stock.



THE WEEK'S DEVELOPMENTS IN THE WAR.

The past week has seen more activity on the Western front for some time past. The Germans attacked the British lines in the vicinity of Ypres and carried the front line trenches along a front of something like 800 yards. These trenches have changed hands many times and, in fact, this section of the front is said to have been called the International front. Part of the ground has been regained. The Canadians participated in the fighting and are said to have repulsed all attacks with comparatively slight loss.

The outstanding feature of the war news this week, however, has been the capture by the Russians of the fortress of Erzerum, together with something like 1,000 guns and immense supplies. The position was taken by frontal attack after a five days' siege. This event is the most important recent development in the war operations. The Russians are reported to be striking southward with a view to cutting off the retreating Turkish garrison. British reinforcements are on their way to meet the British relief expedition in Mesopotamia. In the meantime the beleagured British force at Kut-el-Amara is reported to be successfully holding the position and to have ample supplies for some time to come.

Rumania has taken a position very much more favorable to the Entente Allies. Germany has resorted to threats in an attempt to keep that country neutral, but as soon as Russia can get her troops in such a position as to ensure Rumania against invasion it seems probable that Rumania will throw in her lot with the Allies. She has much to gain by an attack on Bulgaria and her assistance would do much to turn the scale in the Balkans.

The situation on other fronts is little changed. There has been considerable activity on the part of air squadrons, including another raid on the East coast of Britain and an allied attack by air on Strumnitza.

There seems to be a general feeling that big events are impending, but their nature and magnitude are not yet apparent.

YOUNG MARRIED MEN ARE NEXT IN ORDER

Britain to Bring Pressure to Bear on Them to Join the Colors.

A despatch from London says: Young married men who have not enlisted are soon to receive the attention of the War Office, which is considering the question of bringing pressure to bear upon them to induce them to join the army. All single men who attested under the Earl of Derby's plan have been called up, and the Compulsory Military Service Act enrolls all other bachelors, of military age who have not been exempted. Married men who attested under the Derby plan will next be called to arms. Most of them are men between 30 and 40 years. There are large numbers of married men below 30 years of age who have not answered the appeal to take up arms, and the authorities are searching for a method to bring them into line.

ALL BRITISH WORKERS HAVE MONEY TO SPEND

Were Never Before So Prosperous So Merchants Report.

A despatch from London says: "In my forty years' experience, I have never known a time when there was so much money about among the working classes," is the testimony of a pawnbroker, doing business in a district of London, where a large amount of army materials are manufactured. His testimony is supported by the jewelers, merchants and variety and moving picture theatres in the neighborhood. They all say the workers were never so prosperous, or spent thir money so freely—except that they don't call on pawnbrokers as they used to. In this district there are 6,000 women and girls employed in munition work and they are the free spenders. Most of them are the wives of soldiers and receive separation allowances from the Government, which increases their income.

GREAT BRITAIN'S WAY: WOMAN SPY SPARED

Sentenced to Death, But Given Penal Servitude Instead.

A despatch from London says: The case of a woman spy who was recently sentenced to death, but whose sentence was commuted to penal servitude for life, was announced in the House of Commons on Thursday by Herbert L. Samuel, the Secretary of State for Home Affairs. The woman was found guilty in a criminal court, the Home Secretary stated. An appeal was dismissed, but the sentence was commuted. Her activities were discovered six days after her arrival in Great Britain, and her correspondence was interrupted in the interval between the time and her arrest. She was not a British subject. This is the first time since the beginning of the war, it was stated, that a woman had been given a severe a prison sentence in Britain for espionage.

HEAVY BULGAR LOSSES IN BALKAN CAMPAIGN

A despatch from London says: The Daily News has received the following despatch from R. Mackenzie, its correspondent at Rome: "A neutral diplomatist recently returned from Bulgaria says that the Bulgarian losses amount to 150,000 men. The army is now reduced to about 180,000, and is insufficient to aid the Germans in an attack on Saloniki. The Bulgarian soldiers are on short rations, as the Germans have requisitioned all supplies of wheat. They are disheartened and tired of the war, and fear Russian reprisals in the near future.

When some people do tell the truth it is only for the purpose of creating trouble.

MONTENEGRINS RISE AGAINST ILL-USAGE

People Goaded Into Revolt by Brutality of Austrian Soldiery.

A despatch from Rome says: The Durazzo correspondent of the Idea Nazionale telegraphs that the Montenegrins in the Vasoyevici, Plavo and Gusinge districts, goaded by the ill-usage of the Austrians, have revolted with such success that the Austrian authorities have been obliged to send to Scutari for reinforcements. The Montenerins, thanks to arms and munitions, which they had hidden, continue to resist. When they entered the country, the correspondent adds, the Austrians announced that quantities of provisions would arrive immediately, but as soon as the territory was occupied they carried off the little that remained and the population everywhere is dying of hunger, although money is abundant. Austria is seeking to control the movement by hanging all the leaders and the situation appeared serious enough to summon more troops from Matia.

BERLIN'S BUTTER SCARCE.

A despatch from Berlin says: The members of the Magistracies in Greater Berlin held a conference on Tuesday over the uniform disturbance of the butter supply and decided to introduce butter cards, similar in their application to bread cards early in the war. The amount of butter to be allowed each person has not yet been determined.

Wrinkles are a Confession

Advancing years are first realized by the change that becomes noticeable in the complexion. If you pay attention to the first, almost imperceptible, lines how easy it is to avoid the unsightly wrinkles that surely follow. Wrinkles are a confession to rather Time. The skin must be kept firm and smooth by proper attention and treatment.

"USIT" is a skin food and wrinkle chaser. It builds up firm, elastic tissues, removes wrinkles fills out depressions, prevents dryness of skin caused by excessive winds, and restores to your complexion that fine appearance of freshness and youth.

"USIT" is put up in handsome opal bottles, and until the Drug Stores in Canada are completely stocked we are filling mail orders. Accept no substitute.

Send 50 cents to-day for trial bottle sufficient for six weeks' use. We pay postage to any address in Canada.

Usit Manufacturing Co., Limited.

Dept. A, 476 Roncesvalles Ave., Toronto.

WINS MILITARY CROSS.

Young Canadian Has Also Been Mentioned in Despatches.

A despatch from Charlettetown, P. E.I., says: Captain Dawson, grandson of the late W. E. Dawson, formerly Mayor of Charlottetown, and a son of Captain Dawson, of Bombay, India, has received the military cross for distinguished service in the field and has ben mentioned in despatches. He has been serving in the civil engineer corps, and has been through Mons, Ypres and other battles. He has recently been appointed instructor of fortification schools in Chatham, England. He is a graduate of Kingston Military College.

GERMANY HAS SPENT $7,500,000,000 ON WAR

A despatch from London says: The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Reginald McKenna, announced on Wednesday that the British national debt at the end of the financial year, March 31, will be £2,200,000,000. Germany's gross war expenditure to the end of 1915 was more than £1,500,000,000. Credits voted by France between the outbreak of the war to the end of December, 1915, were about £1,240,000,000 and for the first quarter of 1916, £300,920,000.

TWO-YEAR SENTENCE FOR A DESERTER

A despatch from Montreal says: Benjamin Coulter, nineteen years of age, who was convicted on Wednesday before Judge Lanctot on charges of having deserted from the 73rd Royal Highlanders, 87th Battalion Grenadier Guards and the 5th Universities Company overseas, was sentenced to St. Vincent de Paul Penetentiary for two years. He is married.

NEWFOUNDLAND WILL DOUBLE ITS CONTINGENT

Sailors Are Much in Demand for Auxiliary Work.

A despatch from St. John's, Newfoundland says: Plans for a complement of soldiers and sailors in active war service were completed Thursday night. So far 1,200 naval reservists and 2,000 soldiers have been enlisted and sent to England.

The heart is in most human beings a little larger than the fish.

The misguided young man with a salary of $9 a week who marries a girl that cannot cook, hands himself an extra large and juicy lemon.

It may console the self-confessed coward that he is still in a position to admit it.

Mother (after relating pathetic story)—"Now, Reggie, wouldn't you like to give your bunny to that poor little boy you saw to-day who hasn't any father?" Reggie (clutching rabbit)—"Couldn't we give him father instead?"

ONE MAN IN SIX IN MANITOBA ENLISTED

Total Raised in District Since the War Started is About 47,500.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: According to the returns compiled on Wednesday morning recruiting in this Province has progressed to the point where one man out of every six between the ages of 18 and 45 have enlisted for foreign service. The figures given out show that for the first fifteen days of February 2,771 had joined the colors. This brings the total number of men raised in this district since the beginning of the war to approximately 47,500.

ALCOHOL IS NEEDED FOR HIGH EXPLOSIVES

British Government About to Commandeer All Distilleries.

A despatch from London says: The Central News says it is able to confirm the report that the Government is about to commandeer all distilleries in the United Kingdom, with as little delay as possible. This step is rendered necessary, it is said, owing to the constantly growing demand for alcohol in connection with the manufacture of high explosives. It is explained the Government, after acquiring the amount of alcohol needed for amunitions, will hand over the remainder to the trade.

HUNDRED NEW SUBMARINES HAVE BEEN BUILT BY GERMANY

A despatch from Geneva says: The Journal de Geneva says that Germany has built 100 submarines of a new type, and is preparing to renew her submarine campaign with increased vigor.

Spread the Bread

with *'Crown Brand'* Corn Syrup and the children's craving for sweets will be completely satisfied.

Bread and *'Crown Brand'* form a perfectly balanced food—rich in the elements that go to build up sturdy, healthy children.

Edwardsburg 'Crown Brand' Corn Syrup

is so economical and so good, that it is little wonder that millions of pounds are eaten every year in the homes of Canada.

'Crown Brand'—the children's favorite—is equally good for all cooking purposes and candy making.

"LILY WHITE" is a pure white Corn Syrup, not so pronounced in flavor as 'Crown Brand'. You may prefer it

ASK YOUR GROCER—IN 2, 5, 10 AND 20 LB. TINS

The Canada Starch Co. Limited, Montreal

Manufacturers of the famous Edwardsburg Brands 29

For the next thirty days we expect all our customers to march right in and inspect our new Spring Stock. Come early and get first choice.

We have on exhibition one special Wardrobe Trunk, price **$20.00.**

We still have a number of Ladies' Boots and Shoes, at **$1.00** per pair. Sizes 2½ to 3½.

THE BUSY CORNER **A. KINCAID**

Fish Special

AT

Harris' Corner Store

Can Salmon		10c
(Saturday only, 3 can for		25c)
6 cans only to one customer		
Sardines in oil, per box		5c
6 can only to one customer		
(Saturday only, 6 boxes		25c)
Fresh Pike,	per lb.	8c
Fresh Halibut	per lb.	10c
Fresh Salmon	per lb.	12½c
Herrings	frozen, each	5c
Herrings	in brine, 2 for	5c

Largest stock of Groceries and lowest prices for equal values for many miles.

SUGAR, best granulated, 15 1-2 lbs **$1.00**
(With other goods of equal amount)

Farmers ! Look Here

You can get pure Water White

COAL OIL

in barrel lots at Lowest Prices

We are now in a position to offer the Imperial Oil Company's Limited High Grade Oil

ROYALITE

Refined in Canada from American Crude

In galvanized steel barrels with tap attached. For a short time this steel barrel with tap will be sold complete at $5.50 net and the Oil at 14½c. per gallon CASH.

This, as well as any other steel barrels you may have, will be refilled with

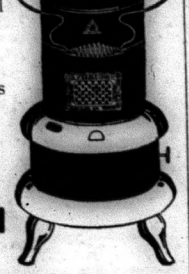
ROYALITE
at above price.

Royalite Oil is the most economical high grade Oil on the market.

Insist on Royalite.

Enquire from the following merchants who handle Royalite

G. A. ROLLINS
T. W. CHRISTIE
CONNOR & SON
F. DAFOE



Interesting Lecture

On Tuesday evening last, under the auspices of the Young People's Society of the Methodist Church, Madoc, the Rev. Mr. Wallace, of Eldorado, gave one of his excellent talks. The address consisted of an outline of his early life and experience in one of the coal pits in the Old Land, of the steps which led up to his connection with the ministry and his early experiences after coming to this glorious land of Canada. The lecture was splendid throughout and all present were so interested that they could have listened to him much longer. All who failed to avail themselves of the opportunity of hearing Mr. Wallace missed a rare treat.

Surrogate Court

Letters of administration of the estate of Ida Phillips, late of the village of Madoc, spinster, deceased, granted to David Phillips, administrator. W. Cross, solicitor for administrator.

Probate of the last will and testament of George Flynn, late of the village of Maynooth, merchant, deceased, granted to Maggie Flynn and Patrick Flynn, executrix and executor. Wm. Cross, solicitor for estate.

Letters of administration of the estate of William H. Conley, late of the township of Madoc, farmer, deceased, granted to Elizabeth Conley, widow, administratrix. Wm. Cross, solicitor for estate.

Letter of Thanks

Madoc, February 16th, 1916.

Mrs. Wm. Cross,
Sect. M.W.P.L., Madoc.

Dear Madam,—On behalf of the men of the local detachment of the 155th Battalion I wish to thank the ladies of your League for their most acceptable and generous donation of 100 pairs of sox and 4 rolls of towels with roller, which have added considerable to the comfort of the soldiers.

We appreciate very highly the support and encouragement the ladies have afforded us in all our efforts and issue a most hearty invitation to have the members of the League visit us at any time. Again thanking you, I remain,

Yours truly,
EDGAR S. WEBB, Lieut

Snow By-law Needed

We have heard many complaints about the method adopted by the Council in making the sidewalks passable. As usual the early citizens and the pupils of the various schools have to plow through the deep snow and remain all day in wet garments. When the storm is over and when pedestrians have already made a path along the sidewalks a snow plow is dragged over the middle of the streets making them impassable for loaded teams after the first thaw. Why not give us a snow by-law making it compulsory for every citizen to have the sidewalks in front of his property cleaned by 8 o'clock in the morning and save the money for building new sidewalks that is now spent almost uselessly. Almost any method would, we think, be more satisfactory than the present one.

Successful Course in Domestic Science

The Domestic Science Course held under the auspices of the Women's Institute closed last week. The ladies were very much interested in the instructions given and very enthusiastic in trying the different recipes and methods recommended. There were 79 members enrolled and many of them attended every day. The last afternoon was varied by a surprise from Miss Hayes, who, after a short lesson, made candy as a treat for the whole class. After the work of the day was over Mrs. Chas. Whytock, on behalf of the Institute, asked Miss Hayes to accept a beautiful pearl sunburst as a token of the appreciation of the class. Miss Hayes was entirely taken by surprise but, in a few words expressed her thanks and added that she would be pleased to come again if at any time she could help us out in any line the Institute wished.

Daughters of the Empire

The Daughters of the Empire held their first annual meeting on February 21st. This Chapter was organized on March 29th of last year. The total membership for the year was 42. Meetings were held on the 2nd Monday of each month and work meetings every Monday. They have shipped a box of field comforts to the soldiers in France, three boxes of jam to a hospital, two boxes of hospital supplies containing 2093 dressings, 750 mouth wipes and 540 bandages, a box of clothing for Belgian children, value $50, $110 was subscribed to the British Red Cross. Total amount of money raised was $475. Officers for 1916 are: Regent, Mrs. Atkins; 1st Vice-Regent, Mrs. Harrison; 2nd Vice-Regent, Miss T. Thompson; Treasurer, Miss Aylesworth; Secretary, Miss J. Mackintosh; Asst.Sect., Miss Mouncey; Std.Bearer, Miss L. Weir; 'Echoes' Secretary, Mrs. Curry. The next monthly meeting will be held on March 13th at 3.30 p.m. in the Anglican Guild Room. A piano has been rented for the use of the soldiers at the Armouries.

Bannockburn

February 29.

Mr. and Mrs R. Embury, Thomasburg, spent a few days the guests o the latter's parents here.

Mrs. Joshua Anderson, Queensboro, is a guest at the home of her father, Mr. Allen McLeod.

Mr. W. Greer, St. Ola, was in town Monday.

Mrs. Little, Blairton, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Mrs. Stapley.

Our young people have the rink in good order once more after the severe snow-storm

Pte. W. I. Potter, Madoc, spent the week-end with his mother, Mrs. Jas. Harris.

Mr. and Miss Hogan, Millbridge, were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. I. McEwen.

A number from town attended the funeral of Mrs. Thomas at Fox's church Sunday afternoon.

Miss Murtha spent the week-end with friends at Millbridge.

Miss Bessie Wilson is holidaying at Flinton.

We are sorry to learn that Mr and Mrs. A. McLeod are moving from our vicinity this week.

Mr. F. Frantz is spending a few days at his home in Niagara Falls.

Mrs. S. L. McEwen is in Berlin with her daughter, Miss Jessie, who is ill.

Sergt. C. Rupert, Belleville, was renewing acquaintances in town last week.

We are glad to know that little Lucy Andrews is recovering.

Mrs. S. Elliott, of Shannonville, and Mrs. L. Ketcheson, Thomasburg, were guests of their uncle, Mr. Jas. Harris, last week.

Mrs. Fred Wannamaker is visiting her mother in Stirling.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Hunter were Sunday guests of Mrs. M. Chambers.

Greenbush

February 28.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Darrah and family, of Ormsby, visited at the home of Mr. Thos. Dafoe on Sunday.

Mrs. E. Embury and Mrs. T. Dafoe were guests of Mrs. S. Sargent recently.

Measles seems to be quite prevalent through this district.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. H. Solmes, of St. Ola, extend their sympathy in the death of their youngest son, Henry.

Mrs. Wm. Embury called on Mrs. S. Robbins on Thursday.

The County Council of Northumberland have imposed a license fee of $200 for anyone selling coal oil from place to place, or from a tank car on a railway siding.

It was reported in Paris that the German losses in the offensive against Verdun were estimated by military authorities on Sunday to be between 300,000 and 400,000 of whom the dead numbered 100,000. At time of going to press the battle was still in progress with the French military critics confident that Verdun cannot be taken.

Next Saturday

15½ lbs. best granulated Sugar for $1 with same amount of other goods at Harris' Corner Store.

Attention

I beg to inform the people of Madoc and vicinity that I have taken over the business lately owned by Mr. W. N. Donaldson, and am prepared to do cleaning and pressing, repairing, dyeing, dry cleaning and the remodeling of garments for ladies and gentlemen. A trial order solicited.

MISS BAKER.

MRS. MELTON'S LETTER

To Tired Worn-out Mothers

Jackson, Miss.—"I shall feel repaid for writing this letter if I can help any tired, worn-out mother or housekeeper to find health and strength as I have.

"I have a family of five, sew, cook and do my housework and I became very much run-down in health. A friend asked me to try Vinol. I did so and now I am well and strong and my old time energy has been restored. Vinol has no superior as a tonic for worn-out, run-down, tired mothers or housekeepers."
—Mrs. J. N. MELTON, Jackson, Miss.

J. Will Vince, Druggist. Madoc.

Serial MOVING PICTURE

Biggest ever filmed, staring Lottie Sexsmith, with an all star cast playing all the large cities in Canada and United States.
These pictures are secured for the

MADOC PICTURE SHOW

at a great cost but nothing is too good for the people of Madoc. The Managers of the Masonic Hall Picture Show will spare no expense to give the public a good picture.

See the Serial of "Diamond's from the Sky"

Wed'day Night, Masonic Hall

Other Pictures Every Night.

PRICES: 5C. & 10C.

BROOKS & HILL

Managers

Some of the Leading Features

in the Policies of

The Policy Holders Mutual Life Ins. Co.

of Canada.

Head Office - - Temple Building, Toronto

No Other Policy Nearly So Good

1 Premium rate from 10 to 25 per cent. lower than any other company in Canada for the same class of Policy.
2 Our Guaranteed Loan or Surrender Values are as good as the best.
3 Our Policies participate in the profits of the Company; all dividends are paid to you in cash, yearly, after the third year.
4 Every policyholder has the privilege of a thorough medical examination every year at the Company's expense.
5 Total abstainers are insured in a class by themselves, and will receive the larger profits their good habits insure.
6 This is a strong mutual Company, with all the security of full Government Reserve, one vote in the management of your Company with every $1,000 of insurance.
7 Premiums may be paid yearly, half-yearly, quarterly or even monthly, at your convenience, without consulting the Company.
8 Freeinsurance for face value of Policy, for a specific term of years after the third year in force, if you are sick or are unable to pay premium, etc., etc.

A. H. Watson, Madoc, Local Agent

SMOKERS, ATTENTION!

You will find our stock of

Case Pipes, Cigars and Tobaccos

The Best we have ever had. Now is the time to buy.

See Our Cigars and Pipes.

VANDERVOORT'S BARBER SHOP

Vandervoort Bros

General Merchants

Dealers in Flour and Feed, all kinds of Provisions, Pork and Beef, Butter and Eggs and Beef Hides.

All kinds of Farm Produce bought and sold.

Mail orders filled on short notice.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Phone 60r2, Eldorado
Ontario

BIG BOOT SALE

100 pairs Men's and Boy's Boots go on sale Thursday morning at BIG REDUCTIONS to make room for New Spring Goods.

Men's Fine Boots, regular $2.75 for - -	$2.20
Men's Fine Boots, regular $3.50 for - -	$2.75
Men's Fine Boots, regular $4.00 for - -	$3.20
Men's Fine Boots, regular $4.50 and $5.00 for -	$3.75

MEN'S WORK BOOTS, REGULAR PRICE $2.75, ON SALE FOR - - **$2.35**

MEN'S WORK BOOTS, REGULAR PRICE $3.50, ON SALE FOR - - **$2.75**

Sale Only to Last 10 Days
STRICTLY CASH
GEORGE WEST

Vinol

FOR SALE ONLY AT

Vince's Popular Drug Store, Madoc

How Can YOU Cheer

For the Boys When They Come Home

If You Sit on The Fence And Let Them

Fight Your Battles

For You

Join the 155th Battalion

Lieut.Col. M. K. Adams, Commanding.

Apply to

Capt. W. S. Harper, Medical Officer, or Lieut. E. S. Webb, Armoury, Madoc.

GOD SAVE THE KING

CREAM

We want yours, winter and summer.

We pay express and furnish cans. Profitable Prices promptly paid

References : The Molson's Bank, Belleville.

Write us. Our Satisfied Patrons Everywhere.

BELLEVILLE CREAMERY, L'td.

Belleville, Ont.

Attention Customers !

Did you ever stop to consider that you can save money by buying your Clocks, Watches and Jewelry from me.

Engraving done free on all goods bought from this store.

Watch and Clock repairing done promptly and satisfaction guaranteed.

Thos. Tucker,

Jeweler and Optician.

Automobile SKATES

It's something for a boy to own skates made of hard Automobile steel—Light, bright, keen-edged, and guaranteed not to break.

Ounces Lighter—Tons Stronger.

Tube Model Automobile		$5.00
Model "D"	"	$6.00
" "C"	"	$5.00
" "B"	"	$4.00
" "A"	"	$3.00
Ladies' "Auto"	-	$2.50
Cycle "25"	- -	$2.00
Ladies' "Cycle"	-	$2.00
Ladies' "Pleasure"	-	$1.50
"Artic Special"	-	$1.50
"Yukon"	- -	$1.50

M.W. Connor & Son

MOTHER TELLS HOW VINOL

Made Her Delicate Boy Strong

New York City.—"My little boy was in a very weak, delicate condition as a result of gastritis and the measles and there seemed no hope of saving his life. The doctor prescribed cod liver oil but he could not take it. I decided to try Vinol—and with splendid results. It seemed to agree with him so that now he is a strong healthy boy."—Mrs. THOMAS FITZGERALD, 1090 Park Ave., N. Y. City.

We guarantee Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron tonic, for run-down conditions, chronic coughs, colds and bronchitis.

J. Will Vince, Druggist, Madoc.

CURE DANDRUFF FOR 50 CTS.

THAT'S CHEAP ENOUGH FOR ANY ONE

It's easy, and you take no risk. Step in to-day, and get a large 50 cent bottle of PARISIAN SAGE, the germ killing hair restorer.

If it does not cure dandruff in two weeks we will give you your money back.

PARISIAN SAGE is a pleasant, daintily perfumed tonic and hair grower. It is guaranteed to stop falling hair or itching of the scalp, and to cure all diseases of the scalp and hair.

PARISIAN SAGE has many imitators but not the genuine.

Herdon's Red Cross Drug Store

HOME NEWS

Miss Blanche Dunn, of Wellington, is renewing old acquaintances in town.

Mr. Bruce McBain, of the Dominion Bank, Belleville, was a visitor in town over Sunday.

Miss Helen O'Riordan, of Napanee, is the guest of her parents in town this week.

—Harris' Corner Store, fresh Pork Sausage Wednesday and Saturday.

Henry Ford had one important advantage over Noah. He had only one of each kind in his ark.

The Bishop of Kingston has licensed the Rev. T. H. Hall, of Rawdon, to the Parish of Newboro.

—See J. A. Willoughby's farm letter in another column of this paper.

Mr. R. T. Gray acknowledges Mr. Sydmer Ross's annual subscription of $2 to the Cemetery Fund.

The Misses E. McMechan and Alma Davis, of Peterboro Normal School, spent the week-end the guests of their parents.

Kenneth Hill left Kingston Monday for Overseas with Queen's Hospital reinforcement corps. The final destination of the corps is not stated.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Diamond have returned to Cooper after a three weeks' visit among relatives in Prince Edward, Belleville and Sidney.

WANTED.—Good Pair Live Black Squirrels C. B. ADAMS, Madoc. 8-tf

Mr. John Huffman, of Markham, was the guest of his brother, Mr. Geo. Huffman, over Sunday, and also visited other relatives this week.

The architects asked to examine the Parliament Buildings after the fire report that it will cost $1,500,000 to repair them, and the work will take perhaps two years.

—Get photographed at Ludbrook Studio.

Prov. Sergt. Maj. Loomis S. Reeves, drill instructor at Wellington, Prince Edward County, was at home visiting and returned on Tuesday of this week to continue his duties there.

Capt. D. R. Ponton, of the First Canadian Division, who was wounded at the front and invalided home, was married Tuesday, February 15th, at high noon at Belleville to Miss Olive Agnew.

—Royalite Oil, 20c gal. delivered to any part of town. G. A. Rollins.

Sir Sam Hughes has issued a warning to aliens that utterances or actions encouraging sedition or disloyalty will not be tolerated, and also warns soldiers to conduct themselves in a manly self-controlled way.

Last week the weather man furnished us with the only big snowstorm of the season. The heavy fall of snow, accompanied by strong winds and very cold weather gave us a taste of a real Canadian winter.

—F. A. Graham, the well-known eye specialist, who is giving free examinations at Mr. Tucker's jewelry store, will continue same until Saturday night, 9 o'clock. Don't miss this last opportunity of having your eyes tested by a real specialist.

We learn from the Havelock Standard that a fishing tackle manufacturing concern is to locate in Havelock. The company has purchased the equipment, stock and patents of the Lowe Bait Co., of Buffalo, and will make a bid for the Canadian and United States trade.

A pleasant evening was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Broad on Monday evening, February 28th, when a few friends and neighbors from Hart's and vicinity gathered to spend a social evening with their daughter ere her departure for the West. The young lady was the recipient of various kitchen articles. The evening was spent in games and songs. After lunch and the singing of "Auld Lang Syne" the guests dispersed.

The Department of Insurance at Ottawa announces that the licenses of the Anglo-American Fire Insurance Company and the Montreal-Canada Fire Insurance Company have been withdrawn as the financial condition of the companies is such that it is considered unsafe for the public to effect insurance with them. Arrangements have been practically completed for the assumption of the outstanding policies in force covering property in Canada and unsettled claims thereon by the Western Assurance Company of Toronto.

Last week's issue of the Marmora Herald reports the death of Mr. and Mrs. McFaul, of Belmont township, within a few hours of each other, the one at the age of 77 and the other 79. Mrs. Wm. Demille and Mrs. Arthur Pitts, of Madoc, are daughters of the aged couple.

On behalf of the Madoc Womens' Patriotic League Mrs. Gray and Mrs. Morrison wish to thank all those who contributed, without being asked, so generously to the Saturday sale in Dale's bank. The sum of $22.02 was realized. On account of the March 17th banquet there will not be another sale until April 1st.

—The Ludbrook Shoe Store and Studio, formerly owned by Leslie Morrice, has been re-opened. In order to introduce the new management we are offering real bargains of 25% from original price to our future customers whom we will be pleased to meet personally. We will greatly appreciate your patronage and grant to you a perfect fitting shoe and satisfaction in every line or money refunded. We extend a welcome to the many past customers of this business and desire your future patronage. Call and see us now.

—New stock of Wedding Stationery and Wedding Cake Boxes just arrived. Prices reasonable. Review Office.

In the Military Circle

155th Battalion, C.E.F.

Pte. A. T. Clarkson has been transferred to the Signal Corps of Belleville.

Pte. Chas. McCaw is the only new recruit since our last issue.

A number of the local 155th boys attended the Smoker of the Marmora Platoon on Friday night last.

The Baseball League is carrying on four games a week and drawing large crowds.

On March 17th a Band Concert will be given in the Armouries by the men of the 155th, and the Madoc Women's Patriotic League will serve supper. The program will consist of band selections, vocal solos and quartettes. Proceeds in aid of 155th.

Sergt. Mathews has reported for duty again after a short illness.

A Bugle Band is being organized in connection with the Madoc detachment. The instruments are expected to arrive in about a week's time.

Major Gillespie, O.I. of C. C., Kingston, was in town inspecting the equipment of "D" Co., 49th regiment.

The Sergeants who have been taking the Course of Instruction at Kingston, are expected home this week.

Pte. Karl Whytock, while visiting in Belleville last week, called on the Madoc boys of the 80th and reports them all well.

40 watt 230 volt Tungstens arrived, also all 115 volt sizes. John Burkitt. 9-1p

Mrs. Chas. Whytock and son, Master Donald, spent the week-end with friends in Tweed.

—Massey-Harris Annual Delivery will take place, Thursday, March 9th, T. W. Christie, Agent.

Mr. C. G. Moon, who has been confined to his bed with the grippe, is now on the road to recovery.

Miss Alice Wood has returned after spending some months with her niece, Mrs. John Snow, in Montreal.

Misses Annie and Susan Farrell, of Hazzard's, have moved to Madoc where they will reside in future.

Mr. Ed. Keating, a popular Madoc boy, now of Toronto, has enlisted with the 80th Horse Battalion, Kingston.

On Tuesday of this week Mr. Chas. Bacon, of the Allen Settlement, sold over $1000 worth of live hogs, all of his own raising.

—Six only to a customer.—Salmon, good, 3 cans for 25c.; Sardines in oil, 6 cans for 25c. These prices are only for Saturday, March 4th. Harris' Corner Store.

Further contributions to the British Red Cross Fund are as follows: Miss Maria Montgomery, Madoc, $1; S. S. No. 9, Madoc, Reta Nix, teacher $2.

BAZAAR.—The women of the Methodist Church, Madoc, under the auspices of the W.M.S., will hold a Sale of fancy work, home cooking, vegetables, fruit, etc., on Saturday, March 4th. Tea will be served. The public cordially invited.

Announcement

Queensboro Patriotic League have secured

A Treat for You

Come to Queensboro Thursday night

March the 16th

and hear Col. Adams and Lieut. Sanford tell their experience on the battlefields of France. Lieut. Webb and other soldiers will be present.

Patriotic Music and Recitations, etc.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, program at 8.

Be sure and come and help the Women's Patriotic League.

9-2 MRS. T. H. SQUIRE, Secty.

Saturday Only

Valencia Oranges, per dozen 18c.

Grape Fruit, each 5c.

Harris' Corner Store.

Presentation

On Thursday evening of last week a number of the staff of the Whitewear Factory met at the home of Mr. Wm. Knox and presented Miss Higton with a very pretty manicure set and case. Miss Higton has been forelady of the factory for the past seven months and has made many friends among the young ladies there, who regret very much her departure for Toronto.

Cheese Board Elect Officers

The Madoc Cheese Board met in the Board room on Tuesday and elected their officers for the ensuing year :

Pres.—Wm. McMechan.

1st Vice Pres.—R. Laycock.

2nd Vice Pres.—A. Reid.

Treas.—J. D. Nichol.

Sec.—Chas. Thompson.

The Board then adjourned to meet at the call of the President to sell April cheese.

Auction Sale

A Public Auction Sale will be held on the premises of John McCaffrey, lot 7, concession 9, Madoc township, on Tuesday, March 14th, selling 15 Grade Durham Cows, weighing 1400 and under, and one span of matched black Mares, ages 9 and 10 years. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock. 9-2

COMING

"Ferguson of Troy"

Comedy in Three Acts at the

Masonic Hall

Monday Ev'g, March 6th

Presented by the Queensboro Dramatic Club, under the auspices of the Daughters of the Empire, Madoc.

Tickets - - 25c. and 35c.

Plan of seats at G. F. Maybee's.

After An Illness

you should take a tonic which will give you new blood, new energy, one which will rebuild your body tissues. You need

NYAL'S NUTRITIVE HYPOPHOSPHITES

Will strengthen your nervous system, give new life to weakened tissues and will make bodies weakened by protracted illness strong in a short space of time. Exceptionally good in cases of overwork of any kind or as a tonic and builder for tired and run-down women.

A Large Bottle, Price $1.00

RIERDON'S Red Cross Drug Store

PHONE 73

Successor to T. G. Whitfield.

Up-to-Date Machine Shop

Having one of the most complete and up-to-date Machine Shops in Hastings County, I am now prepared to do machine work of all description, such as repairing Sawing Machines, Gasoline Engines, Threshing Outfits, Threading Bolts, Pipes, etc., and in fact anything that needs expert workmanship and up-to-the-minute machinery.

Give Us A Call And Be Convinced

We also cater to the Autoists and have a full line of Auto Accessories on hand. Our Bowser Gasoline Tank is always ready to supply your wants.

AGENCY FOR THE McLAUGHLIN MOTOR CAR

P. H. NAYLER

Machine Shop and Garage Phone 88 Opposite Blue's Hotel, Madoc

At Home With The

KODAK

A Kodak History of the home folks is easy to make. There is a lot of fun in taking the pictures and they grow priceless as the years bring changes.

A splendidly illustrated boookolet, "At Home With The Kodak," tells all about the all by daylight way. Let us present you with a copy.

Kodaks : $7.00 to $22.50

Brownie Cameras $1.25 to $12

Geo. F. Maybee

Jeweler and Optician

I Have a Full Line of

Fruits

Apples

Pineapples

Cranberries

Oranges

Lemons

Figs

Dates

Evaporated Apples

Prunes, etc.

A. McBAIN

McINTOSH BROS

GREAT

WHITEWEAR SALE

TO-DAY and FOLLOWING DAYS

This is a Whitewear Sale that will be to your interest to attend. You can save one-third on your Whitewear Wants by purchasing now.

Nightgown

Reg. 75c Gowns, sale price 50c

$1 to $1.25 Gowns, sale price 75c

$1.50 to $1.75 Gowns, price 97c

Underskirts

Priced exceedingly low.

$1 to $1.25 Underskirts, for 75c

$1.50 Underskirts, sale price 97c

Corset Covers

We are showing extremely good values. Prices from 15c to 97c.

Ladies' Fine Drawers

$1 to $1.25 Drawers, trimmed with deep frill embroidery 69c

Children's Drawers, extra good quality, sale price, per pair 15c

The New Materials

They are now in and on display. Especially would we mention the New Summer Dress Goods. Your inspection is invited.

—Flower Pots, 5c, 7c, 8c and 10c. at G. A. Rollins'.

Two Gallicians ticketed from Marmora to Toronto were arrested at Belleville on Tuesday as alien enemies. Their mission in Belleville was not known to the authorities, consequently the arrest was made, which is a step that should be taken by every place in which suspects appear. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

W. G. SILLS

MADOC

SOLE AGENT FOR

Heintzman Pianos

New Scale Williams Pianos and Edison Phonographs.

Will Sell

Sheet Music

About the House

Useful Hints and General Information for the Busy Housewife

Some Tried Recipes.

Bread Sauce.—Rub through colander one teacup bread crumbs. To one-half pint cold milk add small onion and four allspice. Boil eight minutes. Take out onion and spice, add bread crumbs and one tablespoon butter. Beat well and serve hot with chicken.

Frizzled Beef.—Melt one tablespoon butter, add one-half pound dried beef. Cook five minutes, add one-half cup stock, a few drops onion juice, one-half teaspoon Worcestershire sauce, two eggs well beaten. Cook two minutes and serve.

Cheese Dreams.—Cut twelve thin slices of bread and remove crusts. Cut in halves, cover with a thin slice of cheese. Sprinkle with salt, paprika and cayenne. Cover with another slice of bread and saute on both sides in butter. These are more easily prepared small than large.

Cheese Custard.—Melt two tablespoons butter; add one teaspoonful each of salt, mustard and paprika. Add two cupfuls cheese, one-half cupful soft bread crumbs, and one cupful milk. Cook five minutes. Add two eggs well beaten; when thoroughly blended pour on to bread toasted on one side.

Bacon and Chicken Livers.—Cut six chicken livers in slices. Sprinkle with salt and pepper. Add an equal amount of sliced bacon. Cook together until livers are tender. Pour on two tablespoonsful flour, one-half teaspoonful salt, one cupful stock or tomato. Season with Worcestershire and serve hot on toast.

Oatmeal Pudding.—1 breakfastful of medium oatmeal, ¼ lb. beef suet, 1 small Spanish onion (or a large mild ordinary one), a seasoning of salt and pepper. Mix the meal and minced suet in a bowl and add the onion finely chopped. Mix and stir well; add the seasoning, and put into a greased mould. Covered with buttered paper, and steam for 3 hours, or a little longer. The water in the outer vessel must be kept boiling all the time.

Grated Noodles for Soup.—Beat one egg with teaspoon of water. Add a little salt, then work in enough flour to make stiff dough. Set aside for a while, then begin to grate on coarse grater. When inner part of dough is reached let stand again to dry. When all the noodles are grated let them dry on sheet of paper, and when ready to cook drop well separated into boiling soup. Cook ten to fifteen minutes.

Beef and Rice Croquettes.—Mince the remainder of roast beef fine, putting it through a machine three times if you have one. Mix the meat with an equal measure of freshly cooked rice, and season well with salt, pepper and mushroom catchup. Add a few chopped mushrooms. Shape in oval croquettes, roll in bread crumbs, then in egg and crumbs, then in egg and crumbs, and fry brown.

Improved Corned Beef.—When boiling corned beef mix together one tablespoonful of malt vinegar, one teaspoonful of tarragon vinegar, one teaspoonful of relish, a little made mustard, a dessertspoonful of brown sugar, and a few allspice. When the sugar is melted stir all into the water in which the beef is to be boiled, adding at the same time an onion stuck with one clove. The meat should be served cold.

Apple Tapioca.—Cook a cupful of tapioca—sprinkle it in boiling water—until it is clear and thick. Sweeten to taste and flavor with lemon juice. Grease a pudding dish and spread the tapioca in layers alternately with sliced apples. Cover with a little milk in which some nutmeg has been shaken and bake in a slow oven. The white of an egg beaten up with sugar and used in place of the milk is slightly more expensive, but is, of course, more nourishing and makes an attractive finish to the dish. The cores and skins of the apples can be used to make a little jelly.

Tips for Housewives.

The time taken to produce good flavor in food is well spent.

A letter sealed with the white of an egg cannot be steamed open.

When boiled frosting has been cooked too long, add a piece of butter to soften.

A little powdered pumice stone will clean enameled ware better than anything else.

Mattresses should be sunned as often as possible. This makes them sweet and free from germs.

To iron embroidery the iron should be applied on the wrong side, and a thick ironing blanket used.

System is a great time and money saver in the home; haphazard methods are wasteful in every direction.

To retain the color and flavor of peas when boiling them, add a lettuce leaf and a tablespoonful of sugar.

Ink stains on handkerchiefs, etc., may often be soaked out in milk, but the sooner they are dealt with the better.

A little molasses or sugar added to the griddle cake batter is a decided help in browning the cakes well.

When there is a tendency for a pitcher to drip, try rubbing ever so little butter under the edge of the lip.

There is nothing more satisfactory for use in brightening a mirror than a piece of soft flannel dipped in camphor.

In place of a funnel of paper insert one or two short lengths of macaroni in the top crust of a berry or other juicy pie.

Lemon juice and salt is an excellent medium for cleaning bone knife handles. Apply the lemon juice first and then the salt.

Tarnished articles of brass when washed in the water in which potatoes have been boiled will be as bright as new.

Mother of pearl buttons and ornaments will be considerably brightened if rubbed over with a cloth moistened with olive oil.

Sometimes four families in a neighborhood can purchase a barrel of apples and divide it among them with advantage to all four purses.

Coffee made in a pot that is not thoroughly clean will always have a rank, murry taste, no matter how fine the quality of the coffee.

When you boil potatoes, boil enough for two or three meals. Serve them the first time in their jackets, and afterwards fried or creamed.

When using spoons for measuring dry ingredients, take as much above the bowl of the spoon as you have in it. This constitutes a spoonful.

When weighing molasses for cooking purposes, well flour the scale and the molasses will run off quite easily without leaving any stickiness behind.

To clean pudding pans put the little ones in the big ones, turn upside down in the dishpan and set the stove to steam. They will clean in 10 minutes.

To sweeten a sour cask that has held pickles, vinegar or wine, wash it with lime water, or throw in hot charcoal and ashes. Add water and let the cask soak.

Never use a coarse or rough cleansing agent on paint of any sort. Whiting roughens the surface, but the rougher cleansing agents destroy the varnished or painted surface.

The Fashions

A Word on Hats for Spring

Fur is still the smart trimming for all garments, and it promises to remain in favor well into the spring. There is already a hint here and there, however, that designers and manufacturers are tentatively reaching out for an attractive successor. In one of the smart shops the other morning, a most attractive afternoon dress was displayed; it was made in Russian effect, was very simple, and sparingly ornamented, the only trimming in fact, being bands of ostrich in the same shade of blue as the dress, edging the high-standing collar, the cuffs and the lower edge of the blouse peplum. The effect was pleasing and perfectly appropriate for the warmer weather.

Trimmings for Spring Hats

Whether ostrich as trimming for hats will be favored to any great degree, is still a question; that it will be used considerably, as in the past season or two, for fancies, odd little stick ups, balls, rosettes, and similar effects on the chic small hats which are being introduced as first models for spring, has already been confirmed. Many hand-made hats are being shown this season. The new braids are mostly shiny; glace effects will predominate, although one sees some effective dull-finished hemps and tagals. A new glace braid from Paris resembles nothing so much as the scales of a fish, and it is appropriately named "fish-scale" straw. Some flowers will be used on the new hats, and quantities of ribbon. The new colors in millinery are, generally speaking, black, which is quite as strong as ever, geranium-pink, absinthe, polished-gold, mintgreen, and baby chick; the last a charmingly suggestive title.

Among the attractive millinery notions being displayed in the shops, and worn at the southern resorts, are sets consisting of hat, handbag and collarette and fashioned of faille, or the new soft luster satins. One of the most attractive of these is developed in the new Callot color, a soft shade of pinkish lavender. The hat is very simple, a medium sailor turned up sharply on the left side, having no contrasting trimming; the bag is of the same soft luster satin as the hat, and the collarette, also of silk, is corded about an inch apart, and finished with long ribbon ends for tying. These sets are being made up in many colors and are usually effective as a finishing touch on an afternoon frock of silk, or one of the sheer cottons.

6989

Drop Shoulder Frock—Band-Trimmed Skirt

WATCHDOGS GUARD FRENCH TRENCHES.

The French military dogs, valuable heretofore in assisting in the search for wounded soldiers, are now being put to a still more useful work. After being properly trained they mount the French parapets and trenches and give timely warning of the approach of the enemy. The photograph shows one of these military dogs being trained for his work.

© McCALL

6981—6951

Illustrating the Cape-Collar

Fashions in Handbags

Now that so much attention is being given to details, and in consequence we are all presenting a better groomed appearance than ever before, the handbag is being shown considerable attention. Once upon a time it was considered for its useful qualities alone. Now it lends an added touch of color or richness to tailored suit and afternoon frock, and its appropriateness for both must be considered. The voluminous bag of soft morocco and like soft leathers in dark colorings, the black patent leather bag, lined with bright red or creamed-colored moire silk, and the envelope purses, also lined with bright silks, are good form with tailored suits. There are some attractive novelty striped leathers also being used with dark tailored suits very effectively. Antique brocades, Japanese embroideries, and dyed laces are fashioned into effective and artistic bags for the afternoon gown.

Several of the newest fashion features are illustrated in the afternoon frocks illustrating this letter; the cape-collar is one, the drop-shoulder and attractive sleeve is another. The band-trimmed skirt is new and effective, and the full-pointed tunic is smart and becoming.

Patterns can be obtained at your local McCall Dealer, or from The McCall Company, Department "W", 70 Bond Street, Toronto, Ontario.

THE SUNDAY LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, FEBRUARY 27.

Lesson IX.—The Seven Helpers, Acts 6. Golden Text: Gal. 6. 2.

Verse 1. **Grecian Jews**—A special use of the word Hellenist, to describe Jews who were brought up in the Dispersion and had been accustomed to speak Greek. Many of them would take the first opportunity they could get of removing Palestine. **Hebrews** were (properly) dwellers in Palestine whose language was Aramaic, though they would generally understand Greek. The cleavage between the two classes depended most of all on the fact that the Bible of the former was the Septuagint, while "Hebrews" used the original. Note that Paul (Phil. 3. 5) insists that he was "a Hebrew and the descendant of Hebrews," although Greek was for him as much a native language as Aramaic, and he was entirely familiar with the Greek Old Testament. **Neglected**—"Were being overlooked"; the sequel is enough to show that it was quite unintentional. The Hellenists were largely newcomers, and it was very natural that the widows of men who had been in the city all their lives should be noticed first.

2. It must be remembered that the twelve had a message to give which could not be delegated. Other men could preach as well—hardly one of them could match Stephen, far less Paul. Many other men could organize charity better than they. But they could tell what they had seen and heard of the words and works, the death and resurrection of Jesus; and in this they could have no substitutes.

3. The method proposed is very significant for the history of the Christian ministry. These officers of the church—"poor stewards" we should call them in British Methodism—are to be elected by the whole membership, and installed by the twelve. The conditions are that they must be members, of well-recognized character and not only men of judgement, but deeply spiritual. For the Spirit is needed just as much for "serving tables"—that is, the counters over which money is paid—as for preaching or praying. There were to be **seven**, the sacred number, an additional reminder that this was no "secular" work which the twelve rejected as not good enough for them. Note they are never called "deacons"; we need not discuss the later tradition that gave them the name, but the New Testament knows nothing of the application. **Appoint over this business** The twelve will transfer to them work they had hitherto done themselves.

4. The **prayer**—Literally, it is put first as the outstanding feature of Christian meetings. **The ministry**—Or service; for the word is significantly identical with " serve tables" in verse 2. **The word**—"The gospel."

5. The translation above tries to imitate the Old Testament flavor which Luke here, as so often, gets out of the Septuagint to give an aroma to his phraseology. **They chose** a boar of whom every member bore a Greek name. Were the Hellenists in such an overwhelming majority? But if it was an unfair representation, by which the "Hebrew" widows would suffer, were the twelve likely to endorse it? **Philip**—See Acts 8. 5, etc.; 21. 8. He is the only one besides Stephen of whom we hear anything more. The Acts must not be expected to supply biographies of the seven when most of the twelve are passed by. **Nicolaus**—One might almost suggest that he is precisely described in order to distinguish him from some other Nicolaus—the one whose name was attached to the antinomian sect of the Nicolaitans?

6. **Laid their hands**—A symbolic figure familiar in Old Testament ritual. It suggested, as it does in many primitive religions, the passing on of grace and special functions from one person to another. It was destined to give rise to a most unapostolic succession of superstitious ideas, but was perfectly simple and very suggestive in its origin.

7. **Priests**—This marks the climax of the humiliation of the proud high priests: their own order is changing its Sadducee principles for the gospel of the resurrection. **Were obedient to the faith**—Compare Rom. 1. 5 (margin). Faith is a monarch demanding a very practical loyalty. Stephen's brief story is to show us that.

OLD ONTARIO IS GOOD ENOUGH FOR ME.

A lady in California, recently sent to Canada a very elaborately gotten up booklet, entitled, "California Is Good Enough For Me." A reply to the California poet follows:

I'e read your little pamphlet,
And I think it's simply great.
It is sure a splendid picture
Of your grand and glorious state,
And I hope kind fate will sanction
These wonders I may see,
But at present good old Ontario
Is good enough for me.

You talk about the rose banks
That in profusion grow
But have you ever frolicked
In a glorious bank of snow?
We have them here a-plenty,
And we have diamonds on our trees,
While our kiddies cheeks are crimson
From the kisses of the breeze.

Of course we love the summer,
And the golden-tinted fall—
But we're longing for the snowflakes
Oftimes, long before they fall.
Oh! the bracing, brillian winter
With it's jolly sports and glee—
It's part of old Ontario,
And it's good enough for me.

You talk about your farm lands,
And you think you head the class.
But I wish you'd glimpse our wheat fields,
And could taste our garden "sass."
You mention, too, your peaches,
Your luscious prunes and flowers,
But you cannot show a sample
That could put over ours.

Then you brag about the ocean—
Its dimentions seem to please—
But it's not one whit more lovely
Than our smiling inland seas.
We have beaches, hills and valleys
That are just as fair to see—
While the fruit of old Ontario
Is good enough for me.

You laud your prosperous cities,
And the handsome women there,
As though our northern climate
Didn't have them twice as fair.
Your Eden, 'neath Old Glory,
Is a splendid place to be,
But I'll keep old Britain's banner
A-waving over me.

Though your fruits were twice as luscious
And your sunsets twice as fine,
They couldn't touch the heartstrings
Like this old home of mine.
And when I've seen your wonders
In your haven by the sea—
I know dear old Ontario
Will be good enough for me.

—Gertrude C. Knight.

A shopper considers the price, but a buyer considers the value.

And a word to the otherwise is wasted.

God and Men Are Partners

For Either to Refuse to Perform His Full Share Means Failure or Partial Failure

"And the babe lying in a manger."—St. Luke ii., 16.

Facts are always more than facts—they are symbols as well. Especially is this true of the great facts of religion. To look upon such as facts merely is to see the shell and miss the substance, to see the outer and miss the inner, to see the body and miss the spirit. On the other hand, to regard a fact as also a symbol is not to deny or slight its reality, but is instead the only way to do it full justice and to understand it.

That the Babe lying in the manger is God is for Christians an indubitable fact. But it is also more than a fact; it is a symbol. As bare fact it has no vital power, no saving grace; its value arises from its content and implications. These implications, of course, are many, but for the present we shall think of only one, viz., the helplessness of the Babe as symbolical of the helplessness of God.

The Helplessness of God!

Does it not sound both ridiculous and irreverent? And yet when rightly viewed it is sober truth—a truth, too, which will do much toward vitalizing our religion. So far as God's work in this world is concerned He is dependent on man. If man can do nothing without God, so God on the other hand, can do little or nothing without man. Are there millions in heathen darkness? How are they going to be enlightened except in so far as men, inspired of God, become His torchbearers? Are millions suffering from pain and disease? Then God must minister to them for the most part through human agents. Are countless numbers hungry, thirsty, naked and in prison? Then God can visit and relieve them only in so far as He can incarnate Himself in some human being who will, however, inadequately, endeavor to reflect and represent Him. Is some great cause at stake—the cause of righteousness, God's own cause? Then it will fail unless God can find human beings to fight for it and win the victory.

Each Dependent on the Other.

In brief, God and man are partners, not in semblance only, but in reality. A partnership of so vital a character has been established that each partner is dependent on the other. Without God's help man can do nothing; he cannot exist, for "in Him we live and move and have our being." Without man's help God is as helpless as a babe. Nor is this any derogation of His power, because He Himself has willed it so. It is rather an evidence of His tremendous faith in man that He is willing to put Himself and His purposes in man's power, to stake all on man's response.—Rev. G. Ashton Oldham.

HEALTH

The world has been suffering this winter from another of the periodical outbreaks of the grippe. It has raged not only in this country, but the newspapers tell us, in Europe also. Now there are two things that are certainly true of grippe: It is perhaps the most contagious disease there is, and almost any precautions are justifiable to avoid it. Although it is very easy to catch it, there is no possible justification for believing, as some persons do, that because it is prevalent they must have it. For the sake of others, if not for our own sake, we ought to exercise the most anxious care to avoid having and spreading the disease.

Grippe is not only bad to have; it is often worse after we have had it—if an Hibernicism is permissible. It is one of those exasperating disorders that drag an endless train of troubles after it. It seems to be cured, its victims get up, stop taking medicine, and return to their normal occupations. Then months afterward they acknowledge that they have never really felt well since the original attack. That is true of cases that did not seem especially severe at the time, as well as of those alarming cases that are complicated with pneumonia or with serious ear or throat trouble. In fact, the more serious onsets are usually more carefully treated than the lighter ones, and it is often the people who will not take a week to get well who are later obliged to take a year.

We need not think that we must call on our friends when we have the grippe. We de not think it unfeeling to avoid them when they have scarlet fever or smallpox, and the same rule is good with grippe. Teachers should avoid their sick pupils, and sick parents should avoid their children; kissing ought to be practiced very sparingly in grippe times, for the disease is very frequently spread by means of kisses. The unguarded cough or sneeze is responsible for almost as many cases; that is why street cars, shops and all crowded public places are places of danger. Unfortunately, many of us have not yet learned that we break the golden rule every time we sneeze without taking every precaution to keep it a strictly private matter.

What is best for the grippe patient is also best for his friends and the public generally—that he should stay quietly in his own home and in most cases, in his own bed, until the worst is over.—Youth's Companion.

Sitting in the sun for half an hour each day will strengthen weak nerves.

Cocoa is the best drink for those who are endeavoring to overcome the craving for alcoholic liquors.

Gargle for the throat can be made with vinegar and sage, and a piece of of rag dipped in vinegar and placed on the forehead will relieve a bad headache.

According to Artic explorers anything containing fat, such as chocolate, butter or bacon is a fine heat promoter. Alcohol is a snare and a delusion.

For cramps. Massage will usually instantly afford relief, also rubbing with a soft piece of flannel, dipped in alcohol. Another suggestion is to tie the affected part with a ribbon, so as to stop the circulation for a little while. Compresses, either of hot or cold water, will be found to be very effective. If the cramp is in the leg, place the foot on the cold floor or stretch out the toes of the suffering foot, just when the cramp is starting.

TONIC TREATMENT FOR THE STOMACH

The Modern Method is Most Successful in Treating Indigestion

The old-fashioned method of treating indigestion and stomach troubles are being discarded. The trouble with the old-fashioned method was that when the treatment was stopped the trouble returned in an aggravated form. The modern method of curing indigestion and other stomach troubles is to tone up the stomach to do nature's work. Every step toward recovery is a step gained, not to be lost again. The recovery of the appetite, the disappearance of pain, the absence of gas,—are all steps on the road to health that those who have tried the tonic treatment remember distinctly. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a blood-builder, tonic medicine, every constituent of which is helpful in building up the digestive organs, and is therefore the very best remedy for chronic cases of stomach trouble. Thousands of cases like the following prove how successful this treatment is:—Miss Amy Browning, Cornith, Ont., says:—"I have found such great benefit from Dr. Williams' Pink Pills that I would be ungrateful if I did not publicaly say a good word in their favor. I was badly run down and my stomach was in a very bad condition. All food distressed me, and left me disinclined to eat. I suffered from nausea and dizziness and frequent sick headache, and this was further aggravated by pains in the back and sides. I was in this condition for several years, and although I had got medicine from several doctors it did not help me. Then I heard of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and began taking them. I am glad to say that they soon helped me, and now I am as well as ever; can eat all kinds of food with relish, and have not an ache or pain."

You can get these Pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

In An Elevator.

Mrs. Brown is very stout, but she is also most considerate about other people. The other day she went into a large hotel to call on a friend. The clerk sent her to the lift. There a small boy opened the door for her.

"Are you going up, ma'am?" he asked politely. Mrs. Brown eyed his slender figure and thought of her own ample proportions.

"Yes, I am, my boy," she answered with a kindly smile. "But goodness me, a little fellow like you can't pull me in that thing!"

Jeanie Ate Both.

"Jeannie," said a mother to her four-year-old daughter, "did you peel your apple before eating it, as I told you to?" "Yes, mamma," was the reply. "And what did you do with the peelings?" she was asked. "Oh," answered the child, "I ate that afterwards."

HOW YOU MAY THROW AWAY YOUR GLASSES

The statement is made that thousands wear eyeglasses who do not really need them. If you are one of these unfortunates, then these glasses may be ruining your eyes instead of helping them. Thousands who wear these "windows" may prove for themselves that they can dispense with glasses if they will get the following prescription filled at once: Go to any active drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets; fill a two-ounce bottle with warm water and drop in one Bon-Opto tablet. With this harmless liquid solution bathe the eyes two to four times daily, and you are likely to be astonished at the results right from the start. Many who have been told that they have astigmatism, eye-strain, cataract, sore eyelids, weak eyes, conjunctivitis and other eye disorders, report wonderful benefits from the use of this prescription. Get this prescription filled and use it; you may so strengthen your eyes that glasses will not be necessary. Thousands who are blind, or nearly so, or who wear glasses might never have required them if they had cared for their eyes in time. Save your eyes before it is too late! Do not become one of these victims of neglect. Eyeglasses are only like crutches and every few years they must be changed to fit the ever-increasing weakened condition, so better see if you can, like many others, get clear, healthy, strong magnetic eyes through the prescription here given. If your own druggist cannot fill this prescription, send $1 to the Valmas Drug Co., Toronto, for a complete Bon-Opto Home Treatment outfit—tablets and all.

An Accomplished Canine.

Iva Line—My dog is a regular blacksmith.

Ivan Other—How's that?

Iva Line—Why, I kicked him the other day and he made a bolt for the door.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Evidently.

"How goes it, neighbor?"

"Oh, I've a pain in my head, my stomach is troubling me, my heart is weak and my nerves are in bad shape—and I don't feel well."

Female Help Wanted...

In large hosiery, underwear and sweater factories. Vacancies in all departments, with openings for experienced or inexperienced help. Highest wages and moderate priced board. Apply, immediately.

Penmans Limited, Paris, Ont.

ADMITS U-BOAT FAILURE.

German Critic Also Says Pressure of British Fleet is Felt.

In a review of the naval situation in the Berliner Tageblatt, Captain Persius remarks that the significance of sea power, though unperceived by the superficial observer, in reality played many a significant role during the past year. In the North Sea the pressure exercised by the British Fleet made itself felt in German economic life.

Captain Persius claims that German U boats during the first half of the year jeopardized British commercial shipping in the North Sea, and German and Austrian U boats accomplished the same ends in the Mediterranean during the last few months. In the Baltic, British submarines were able to boast of some successes. After expressing the opinion that the entire elimination of the submarine danger requires a decisive blow by a hostile fleet, he says:—

Regarding the effectiveness of our U boats in the trade war one hears frequently nowadays views that bear little resemblance to the views uttered a year ago. Then, alas, hopes were extravagant, owing to a disregard of facts which the informed expert indeed observed, but which remained concealed for the laymen.

Captain Persius then gives figures purporting to be derived from good authority regarding the losses caused to allied shipping by submarines and mines, estimating the British losses at 5.9 per cent. of the entire British merchant fleet before the war. He says:—

We must, however, take into consideration the fresh supply of ships as the result of sedulous British industry as well as of the purchase of neutral and the seizure of enemy merchant vessels.

In war-vessels, also, he admits the allies have been able to fill up the gape rapidly.

Just as Grandmother Did.

A young thing's idea of a great tragedy is for her mother to insist on frying onions in the house when the young thing's fellow is going to call that evening.

STORMY WEATHER HARD ON BABY

The stormy, blustery weather which we have during February and March is extremely hard on children. Conditions make it necessary for the mother to keep them in the house. They are often confined to over-heated, badly ventilated rooms and catch colds which racks their whole system. To guard against this a box of Baby's Own Tablets should be kept in the house and an occasional dose given the baby to keep his stomach and bowels working regularly. This will not fail to break up colds and keep the health of the baby in good condition till the brighter days come along. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"THE EARTH IS OURS."

Bombast of a German Author Regarding World Power.

A Swiss publishing firm is preparing French and English editions of Taunenberg's "Gross Deutschland," which is claimed to have done for Pangermanism what Bernhardi's works accomplished in the German Army.

The book expounds the following doctrine of German expansion:

Whatever we set out to do, we need never trouble about the right or wrong of the matter, since we have might on our side.

We need never worry about anything we may do, since history will show us that there is nothing we can do, however bad, that has not already been perpetrated in the course of the growth of the world,

We need never fear that other nations will interfere with us. Our adversaries are too divided to do us any harm. As for England, everything with her is a matter of arrangement, and, provided we buy her off, we can do what we like.

We have everything to gain by launching out. The earth is ours for the taking. With Germany to lead the way, the world will indeed "increase and multiply." All Lower Asia can be ours; ours, again, as much of Africa as we wish, without mentioning South America. And if that is not enough, we have only to stretch out our hands and take more.

There is no need to waste compassion upon those who would go under. Such little countries as Holland, Belgium, and Switzerland could ask for nothing better than to belong to the great German Empire.

This was the kind of teaching that drove Germany into the present great upheaval.

Rewarding Him.

"They met in the street.

"Do you remember me?"

"Can't say that I do."

"Well, just ten years ago to-night I asked you for a match at this corner. You gave it to me. I went home, lit the match, accidentally burned the house down, and got $1,000 insurance. I am glad of an opportunity to reward you—"

"With—?"

"—with another match."

A good man who goes wrong is in reality a bad man who has just been found out.

RATS INFEST PETROGRAD.

Great Horde of Vicious Rodents Surprises Residents of City.

A migration of rats, estimated at 50,000, surprised the residents of Petrograd. The Customs House district and the grain markets of Petrograd are infested with innumerable rats, often of large size and great boldness.

They go to water usually in the still hours of the night in serried ranks. Watchmen who see them get out of their way, as they attack isolated men when in numbers. There are traditions that persons who have tried to interfere with these armies of rats have been overcome and killed and eaten.

The last migration was by day and the route led across the Nevsky prospect. Thousands were cut to pieces by the electric street cars, and bands of boys and men killed many others. This daylight migration was no doubt caused by the emptying of the grain bins at the grain market. Supplies have been distributed recently directly from the railway cars to the dealers and larger bakers.

Nothing pleases some people more than to hear disagreeable things about people they do not like.

Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal Pancakes a Digestible Delicacy.

and unlike ordinary pancakes are a really valuable food. Because of their granular character they will not disorder digestion or ferment. They may be safely fed to a babe. Roman Meal also makes most delicious porridge, gems, muffins, steam puddings, bread, etc. All may be eaten hot without fear or distress. All nourish better than meat and positively relieve constipation or money refunded. At your grocers', 10 and 25 cents a package.

GERMAN RECORD TABULATED

London Newspaper Lists Teuton Achievements in War.

The results of the war, so far, are summarized by the "Westminster Gazette" under the headings, "What the Germans Have Succeeded in Achieving" and "What the Germans Have Failed to Achieve." The first items are as follows:

1. Conquest of Belgium, including Antwerp and Zeebrugge.
2. Occupation of the northern provinces of France, including Lille.
3. Occupation of Russian Poland and the effective holding up of the Russian armies.
4. Destruction of Serbia and the establishment, with the help of Bulgaria of a through route to Constantinople.
5. Check to the British attempt to pierce the Dardanelles.

The enumeration of what the Germans have failed to achieve is as follows:

1. Failed to crush the French armies.
2. Failed to crush the Russian armies.
3. Failure to even wound Great Britain.
4. Paris and Calais remain untaken.
5. Petrograd and Moscow are intact.
6. England's sea power unshaken; German submarine war dies down.
7. Failed to save her colonies.
8. Failed to stem the sure attrition of German strength in men and material.

Natural Enough.

Indignant Customer—Barber, why did you drop that steaming towel on my face?

Barber—Because it was too hot to hold, sir.

A GOOD CHANGE.

A Change of Food Works Wonders.

Wrong food and drink cause a lot of trouble in this world. To change is first aid when a person is ill, particularly from stomach and nervous troubles. As an illustration: A lady was brought around to health again by leaving off coffee (Tea is just as injurious because it contains caffeine, the drug found in coffee) and some articles of food that did not agree with her.

She says:

"For a number of years I suffered with stomach and bowel trouble which kept getting worse until I was ill most of the time. About four years ago I left off coffee and began using Postum. My stomach and bowels improved right along, but I was so reduced in flesh and so nervous that the least thing would overcome me.

"Then I changed my food and began using Grape-Nuts in addition to Postum. I lived on these two principally for about a month. Day by day I gained in flesh and strength until the nervous trouble had disappeared. I feel that I owe my health to Postum and Grape-Nuts.

"Husband was troubled, for a long time, with occasional cramps, and slept badly. Finally I prevailed upon him to leave off coffee and take Postum. After he tried Postum for a few days he found that he could sleep and that his cramps disappeared. He never went back to coffee." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Postum comes in two forms:

Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

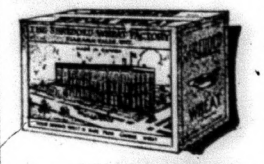
Instant Postum—a soluble powder—dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water, and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both kinds are equally delicious and cost about the same per cup.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.

A Million Mothers behind the purest, cleanest, most nutritious of all cereal foods—Shredded Wheat. They have tested it and found it best for youngsters, best for grown-ups—a food to work on, to play on, to think on. Contains the life of the wheat in a digestible form—puts gimp and ginger into the jaded body. Delicious for breakfast with milk or cream or for any meal. Made in Canada.



Germans at Wood.

German scientists who have investigated the wood of trees for use as human food to eke out the supply of ordinary breadstuffs report that wood contains large quantities of sugar, starch, and oil, and small quantities of albumen, particularly in the winter months. The food elements are found principally in the twigs and sapwood of the tree. The hardwoods contain the most starch, while the soft woods contain little starch but considerable oil. Pine and spruce contain too much resin to be used as food, while oak and willow contain too much tannin. The wood must be finely ground and mixed with the usual breadstuffs in order that the digestive organs can utilize it.

Ever Tried It?

Auntie—Well, Tommy, what have you learnt in school to-day?

Tommy—How to whisper without moving the lips.

Why to Avoid Accepting Favors.

"Be careful of asking favors of people, my boy."

"Why?"

"Because once a man does a favor for you you are in his debt for life."

Presence of Mind.

"Just look at that diamond tiara," she gushed. "Isn't that dear?"

"Very," said her husband, as he glanced at the tag.

And then he called her attention to some solid tin coffee pots at 48 cents.

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids. Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free ask Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

How Pat Felt.

After the battle of Mons an officer congratulated an Irishman on his conspicuous bravery under fire. "Well, Pat," he said, "how did you feel during the engagement?" "Feel, your honor!" answered Pat, "I felt as if ivery hair on me head was a band of music, and they were all playin' 'Home, Sweet Home.'"

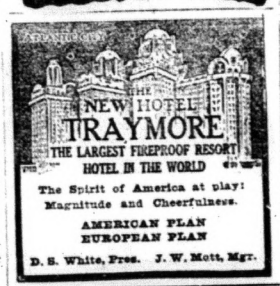
HAVE YOU ECZEMA?

Would you like to end that terrible itching, that burning pain; to heal those horrid sores?

You have tried all sorts of fatty ointments, lotions and powders. Put them aside now and give Nature a chance as represented by Zam-Buk.

Zam-Buk is made from herbal essences; is a natural healer. Is not something you have to send to the end of the world for, and pay a heavy price! Every druggist will sell you Zam-Buk and for 50c. only. Just give it a fair trial and incidently give yourself ease by the quickest route. See name on box:—

ZAM-BUK



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The salesman that works every day and night during the year. Send for catalog "W"

M. J. ST. CLAIR CO., Ltd.
87 Toronto Arcade, Toronto

JAPAN LEADS FISHING WORLD

Annual Value of Water Products is Placed at 30 Millions.

Reports just compiled show that Japan is the leading fishing nation of the world in the number of people who make their living from this work. It is estimated that one person in twenty in the entire empire is more or less of a fisherman. Fish appear in some form on the table of every Japanese family daily, if not at every meal. The annual value of water products is more than 30 million dollars. Half a million boats are engaged in fishing, of which 18,000 are more than thirty feet long. Almost a million men are professional fishermen and 1½ million more give part of their time to fishing and the rest to farming and other pursuits.

It Is In Many Cases.

"William," said the teacher during the lesson in physiology, "what is the use of the external ear?"

William considered for a moment. "I think," he said, "it is mostly used to catch dirt."

When the Grave Yawned for Him

Sandy Goulette Took Dodd's Kidney Pills for Bright's Disease.

Now He Can De His Days Work As Well As He Could Ten Years Ago—Offers Proof Of His Statement.

Old Fort Bay, Labradore, Que.—Feb. 14th, (Special.)—Cured of Bright's Disease when the grave yawned before him, Sandy Goulette, an old settler here, wants all the world to know that he owes his life to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I was swollen out of shape from head to foot. I was so short of breath I could hardly speak," Mr. Goulette states. "The doctor could do nothing for me. The minister gave me the holy sacrament and a good old priest came and told me that I could not live much longer.

"I was sick all winter and in the spring. I telegraphed two hundred miles for two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills. I took three pills the night they came and I got relief before morning. I took Dodd's Kidney Pills and they cured me.

"If anyone doubts this statement they can write me and I will give them names of people who know me and who will vouch for me. I am able to do my day's work as well now as I could ten years ago."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are no cure-all. They simply cure the Kidneys.

Absolutely Honest.

"Is your maid trustworthy?"

"Trustworthy? Why, I even give her the key to the bread box!"

Fairville, Sept. 30, 1902.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—We wish to inform you that we consider your MINARD'S LINIMENT a very superior article, and we use it as a sure relief for sore throat and chest. When I tell you I would not be without it if the price was one dollar a bottle, I mean it.

Yours truly,
CHAS. F. TILTON

No Reason Whatever.

One man said to another—"But, on your income, are you justified in marrying?" "Not at all," the other admitted. "The girl has no money, I understand?" "Not any." "And they tell me she's got rather extravagant ideas?" "That's the truth." "Then, my dear fellow, what reason have you for taking this very serious step?" "Reason? No reason whatever. I'm in love."

Misunderstood.

Young Man (dining with his girl)—Waitress, may we have a spoon here?

Waitress—Why, yes, sir; go ahead, if you don't mind people around.

Some People are Heartless

"Why did you give your neighbor's boy a violin? The boy hasn't the slightest idea of how to play on one."

"I know he hasn't, but I don't like his father."

The pessimist believes that the milk in the cocoanut is watered.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

Worth Trying.

Mrs. Grimes—"How in the world do you get rid of your stale bread? I have to throw lots of mine away."

Mrs. Smarte—"There's no need for you to do that. Why not do as I do? I just hide it away from the children."

Mrs. Grimes—"Hide it away from the children? What then?"

Mrs. Smarte—"Then the children find it and eat up every morsel of it."

General Bosaboom, the Dutch minister of war, has resigned. No man with that name should ever resign anything.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Had no Experience.

Mrs. Stubbins—Do you like codfish balls, Mr. Fox?

The New Lodger—I don't know, Mrs. Stubbins. I never attempted any.

SPEND THE WINTER CALIFORNIA

Round trip Winter Tourist tickets on sale daily to California via variable direct and scenic routes. Four fast modern trains leave Chicago daily from the most modern railway terminal in the world. Overland Limited (Extra Fare) leaves 7:00 P.M. Los Angeles Limited—direct to Southern California—leaves 10:00 P.M., San Francisco Limited leaves 10:45 P.M., California Mail leaves 10:45 P.M. Let us help you plan an attractive trip. Booklets giving full particulars mailed on application to H. H. Bennett, G.A., Chicago & North Western Ry., 46 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

The right path is often the left. gotten by themselves.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

A POPULAR CONTEST.

Would you like to enter a contest where a small part of your time is devoted to a system of correspondence which would add very materially to your present income. Write for full particulars to Bull and Company, Manufacturers, Dept. D., 240 Confederation Life Bldg., Toronto, Ont.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FARMS — ALL SIZES — STOCK, Grain, Dairy or Fruit. When you want to buy, write H. W. Dawson, Brampton, Ont.

RAW FURS WANTED

SKUNK, raccoons, muskrats, all kinds fancy prices. Address Stillman Henshaw, Deep Brook, Annapolis Co., N. S.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in Good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

BOOK ON
DOG DISEASES
And How to Feed
Mailed free to any address by the Author
H. CLAY GLOVER, V. S.
118 West 31st Street, New York
America's Pioneer Dog Remedies

LEARN MUSIC AT HOME!

Lessons Free. New Method—Learn To Play By Note—Piano, Organ, Violin, Banjo, Mandolin, Cornet, Harp, 'Cello or to sing. Special Limited Offer of free weekly lessons. You pay only for music and postage, which is small. No extras. Beginners or advanced pupils. Everything illustrated, plain, simple, systematic. Free lectures each course. 16 years' success. Start at once. Write for Free Booklet To-day—Now. U.S. SCHOOL OF MUSIC, Box 252, 225 Fifth Ave. New York City

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

puts new life in your harness. Keeps it from drying up and cracking. Makes it soft, pliable and strong. Contains no animal or vegetable fats to become rancid. It makes harness last longer.

Dealers Everywhere

The Imperial Oil Company Limited

BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

BERMUDA

The Ideal Winter Resort

Beautiful Drives, Saddle Riding, Golf, Tennis, Yachting, Fishing and Sea Bathing. Present Garrison of the Ottawa (58th) Regiment.

—THE—
Princess Hotel

is open from DECEMBER to MAY

Situated on the Harbor of Hamilton. Accommodates 400.

Rates: $25 per week and upward.

HOWE & TWOROGER, Managers

HAMILTON, BERMUDA

Bermuda is reached by the steamers of the Quebec S.S. Co., 34 Broadway, New York.

The Ritchie Co., Ltd.

Take Great Pleasure in

Announcing the Opening

of Their

Dressmaking Rooms

For the Spring Season 1916

Under the Management of

Miss Murphy

Formerly of Murray-Kay's, Toronto

WE have been very fortunate in securing the services of such a high-class Dressmaker as Miss Murphy for the coming season.

Miss Murphy comes to us with the highest references and we have no hesitation in recommending her to our customers and friends in Madoc as a thorough up-to-date practical Dressmaker, having had charge of one of the best departments in Toronto for five years, that of Murray-Kay's. She is now in her department showing the new sketches and plates of new spring styles.

Miss Murphy also has a thorough knowledge of Ladies' Tailoring, and in order that you may become better acquainted with her we make this very tempting offer for one week only.

SPRING SUITS

Tailored to Order for $30.00

With your choice of any Cloth Suiting in stock up to $2 yd.

Come in now and select the cloth you like from our new spring materials or if you cannot come personally a post card will bring you samples by return mail. Then come in at leisure and select your style with Miss Murphy. The suit will be made to your order complete and warranted satisfactory in every way. Price $30 complete.

Write for Copy of New Spring Style Book.

The Ritchie Co., Ltd.

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

Bicycles for Sale!!

Secure your Bicycle for the coming season.

As Cycling is becoming more popular and is one of the best health-producing exercises, I have secured the Agency for the well-known high-grade

HYSLOP BICYCLE

a strictly made-in-Canada article and I am in a position to serve your needs as never before. Following is list of Bicycles and Prices:

Hyslop Special with New Departure Coaster Brake	$45.00
Hyslop Leader with Lester Coaster Brake	40.00
Hyslop Roadster with Lester Coaster Brake	30.00
Hyslop Auto-Bike with Sturmey-Archer Tricoaster	50.00
Hyslop Motor-Bike with New Departure Coaster Brake	50.00
Hyslop Boy's Model with Lester Coaster Brake	30.00
Hyslop Ladies' Model with Lester Coaster Brake	42.50
Hyslop Girl's Model with Lester Coaster Brake	32.50

No small part of the present large and growing demand for Bicycles may be traced to the sturdy dependability and handsome appearance of the various high-grade Hyslop models, which for over 27 years have SET THE PACE for other makers. To own a Hyslop Bicycle is to possess the best.

E. E. LANCASTER - MADOC

GEO. SILLS

MADOC

Painter and Decorator

Winter is here and now is the time to have your house Painted and Papered. We will supply Paper.

Be sure and get our Prices.

Terms reasonable. 12-1yr

WANTED CREAM

We have again advanced our prices for good quality Cream. We could use yours. It will be worth your while to write us.

TORONTO CREAMERY CO, Ltd.
13 Church st. Toronto

GIRLS WANTED

To learn operating at the Whitewear Factory.

Brown & Robinson, Ltd.

Rates of Clubbing Offers

THE NORTH HASTINGS REVIEW will be sent for one year, to any address in Canada, to new, or paid-in-advance subscribers, at the following rates:—

WEEKLIES	
Weekly Mail and Empire	$2.00
Weekly Witness	1.90
Weekly Sun	1.90
Family Herald and Weekly Star	2.00
Canadian Farm	2.00
Farm and Dairy	1.90
Canadian Countryman	1.50
Scientific American	4.00
DAILIES	
Toronto News, with picture of Borden Cabinet	$2.80
Toronto Star	2.80
Mail and Empire	3.75
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Whytock Bros.

BUTCHERS

DEALERS IN

Groceries and Provisions

MADOC - - ONTARIO

War News to the Farmers

If the European war continues on
It may be for years, it may not be long;
There may be some who will suffer much
But the farmers will have gained so much,
Their wheat and oats will soar up high,
Their cattle will be hard to buy.
The price that will be paid for stuff
Will sure make all the farmers snuff;
The price of land will go up high,
And just right now is the time to buy.

100 Acres, 1½ miles from Acton, a thriving Town of 2000 People

Farm all workable. Light clay loam soil, easily worked and just fall enough to make good drainage. Farm slopes to the south and east. Electric railway for Toronto passes through corner of farm not doing the slightest harm. Very comfortable roughcast house, 8 rooms; large bank barn 60x56, good, stabling, water in stables; also two other frame barns, silo and windmill, 2 acres orchard. The barn is full of oat straw which will go with farm. School ½ mile, rural mail and telephone. This farm has a desirable location, situated on good stone road and is suitable for dairy, stock or mixed farming and is a BARGAIN at $6500. $2000 down and balance on a mortgage at 5%. Possession to house and building given at once.

100 Acres, Georgetown 1 mile, Overlooks Glen Williams Village, Georgetown has Population of 2000, Glen Williams 1000.

Handy farm for milk business, close to Georgetown station where 14 passenger trains pass through for Toronto daily, good shipping facilities. 70 acres workable, balance pasture land, most of which can be worked. Farm is an old homestead with large brick house, 11 rooms, in a beautiful situation overlooking Glen Williams village. Splendid orchard of 5 acres, 5 acres of fall wheat, 8 acres lucerne clover, soil light clay loam, plenty of water. Frame barn 40x56, cow stable 40x36 with very comfortable stabling, also another shed 75x24, water in stables, silo. Rural mail and telephone, possession to suit purchaser. Price $7000, $2000 down and balance on a mortgage at 5%.

140 acres, 4 miles from Village of Erin, Village of 1000 People

140 acres workable, balance bush and pasture, soil loam, land undulating with good drainage. This farm is especially adapted for dairy business. Large brick house, 11 rooms, good cellar, furnace, soft and hard water in the house, beautiful verandа around two sides of house. Good bank barn 72x56 with good stabling, cement floors, water in stables, pig-pen 30x25, water in pig-pen. Drivingshed, henhouse, good windmill and well, never failing spring creek within 100 feet of barn. Fall ploughing is all done, 7 acres of fall wheat. Possession about middle of March or before. This is a first class farm and is going to be sold at once. Price $7500.

100 Acres, ½ mile below Town of Brampton, Town of 4000 People

This farm is situated on the centre road main stone road leading into Toronto, 93 acres workable, balance pasture, very comfortable frame house, 8 rooms, large bank barn with good stabling. There is a spring creek at each end of the farm. GRAND STOCK AND DAIRY FARM. School ½ mile, church 1 mile. This farm is situated in a first class locality. The house on the farm across the road is worth about $15000. Rural mail and telephone. Immediate possession. Price $10000, $2000 down and the balance on a mortgage at 5%.

150 Acres, 4 miles from Town of Acton

70 acres workable, balance bush and pasture, bush consists of birch, soft maple, elm, cedar, pine and some hardwood. The buildings are first class, very comfortable brick house, 10 rooms, water in house, large bank barn 60x72, good stabling. Farm suitable for stock raising and is one of the best farms in Nassagaweya township for growing wheat. There are 13 acres now in fall wheat. POSSESSION NOW. Price $6300. Good farm for any one who wants timber.

175 Acres, Stock and Grain and Dairy Farm

Acton and Erin five miles. This farm has been used as a stock farm for 40 years, never been rented. 130 acres workable, 30 acres hardwood bush, balance pasture, soil clay loam. Solid stone house, 10 rooms, good cellar, splendid bank barn 72x50, good stabling, water in barn. Nearest village 3 miles where there is blacksmith shop, school, 2 stores, etc. Rural mail. Price $8750, cash payment $1250, balance on a mortgage at 5½%. Immediate possession. Great chance for some one wanting a stock or grain farm. ACT QUICKLY.

Hit yourself with a brick and you will waken up that now is the time to get after some of these Bargains and own a Farm to the front.

Make your inspection now.

J. A. WILLOUGHBY,
Farms for Sale, Georgetown, Ont

Springbrook

Mrs. T. J. Thompson's Sunday School class held a box social last Monday evening in the I.O.F. hall, the proceeds of which are going to Red Cross work.

Springbrook Hockey Club will soon begin to think they are some players, having played against Menie, Hoard's Station, Frankford, Stirling and Marmora and only lost one game.

Miss Lillian McGuire is visiting her cousin, Miss Pauline Welch, for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. A. Murray has sold her place to Mrs. David Linn and bought Dr. Totton's drug store, which she is having fitted up for a dwelling.

Lagrippe has not yet lost its grip, Mr. T. C. McConnell is laid up with it at present.

Mr. E. A. Rupert, who lives in Aberdeen, Wash., is here on a visit to his parents.

THE JOY OF BEING ALIVE AND WELL

Restored To Health By "Fruit-a-tives"
The Famous Fruit Medicine

MDE. ROCHON

Rochon, P.Q. March 2nd, 1915.

"I have received the most wonderful benefit from taking 'Fruit-a-tives'. I suffered for years from *Rheumatism* and change of life, and I took every remedy obtainable, without any good results. I heard of 'Fruit-a-tives' and gave it a trial and it was the *only medicine that really did me good*. Now I am entirely well; the Rheumatism has disappeared and the terrible pains in my body are all gone. I am exceedingly *grateful to 'Fruit-a-tives'* for such relief, and I hope that others who suffer from such distressing diseases will try 'Fruit-a-tives' and get well".

MADAME ISAIE ROCHON.

The marvellous work that 'Fruit-a-tives' is doing, in overcoming disease and healing the sick, is winning the admiration of thousands and thousands.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

SWISS DIVORCE CASES.

The Court Always Tries to Settle Them by Reconciliation.

In one important respect the Swiss surpass other nations in the management of their divorce cases, says an English correspondent.

In every town there is a kind of official paper known as the Feuille d'Avis, in which one may read daily the following announcement:

"M. and Mme. X., who are in instance of divorce, are requested to appear privately before the judge, alone or with their lawyers, in order to come to a reconciliation if possible."

Before the beginning of every divorce case in Switzerland this notice is published and sent out to the interested parties, leaving the couple, of course, free to attend before the judge or not, as they wish. Often the couple meet.

Although there are no statistics published on the subject, I am told by a leading lawyer in Geneva whose specialty is divorce cases that at least 30 per cent of divorce cases—"much to my loss, unfortunately," the lawyer added, with a smile—are settled by the paternal advice of the judge at these meetings out of court.

In fact, Swiss lawyers will not definitely take up a divorce case until it has passed through the reconciliation process.

If one of the couple does not attend the rendezvous this means that the affair is to be fought out, but in any case Swiss divorces are not expensive.

What "Garbler" Once Meant.

"Garble," "garbled," "garbler," are words which nowadays convey quite a different meaning from that which was formerly accepted. "Garble" originally signified simply "to select for a purpose." At one time there was an officer, termed "the garbler of spices," whose duty it was to visit the shops and examine the spices, ordering the destruction of all impure goods. His duties were similar to those of the inspector of the modern health department, who forbids the sale of decayed vegetables or tainted meat. The word comes from a root meaning "to sift." The impurities sifted out have in the course of generations corrupted the term till a "garbled report" is no longer a report wherefrom all uncertainty has been removed, but one that is full of misrepresentation and made misleading with deliberate intent.

Outlawry in Scotland.

The unusual sentence of outlawry recently pronounced by the Scottish courts is a relic of the days before extradition existed. For it was the usual punishment of those who wilfully avoided the execution of legal process and was inflicted upon the criminal who fled the country and could not be brought back. In the old days to be outlawed—in the case of women they called it waived—meant that one could be knocked on the head by any passerby, and outlaws in fact were said to be caput lupinum—that is, they had a wolf's head and could be treated as a wild beast.—London Mail.

Witches and Fairies.

Belief in witchcraft, still an article of the popular creed in Essex and may be elsewhere in England, is not the only survival of the kind. In the south of Ireland are still to be found people who believe in fairies. The writer knew an Irishwoman, one of thousands of her class, who would not travel a country road after dark for fear of them, though what "they" would do deponent sayeth not.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Tudor & Cashel Council

Town Hall, Millbridge, Feb. 14th.

Council met pursuant to adjournment, all members present.

Minutes of former meeting read and confirmed.

The following communications were received and read: C. H. Fullerton, Supt. Col. Roads, B. Mallory, Co. Treas. Hospital for Sick Children, Mulholland & Co., F. S. Spence, Sec. Ont. Mun. Assoc., C.N.R., J. W. McCullough, M. Vandervoort, W. J. Gage National Sanitarium Assoc.

Coun. Ray gave notice that he will in the afternoon session introduce by-laws to appoint an assessor and township officers for the year 1916.

On motion of Ray and Smith that the by-laws to appoint an assessor and township officers for 1916 be now read a first time.—C'd.

On motion of Sprackett and Smith that the Council now resolve into a committee of the whole on by-laws, Norman in the chair.—C'd.

Committee of the whole on by-laws rose and reported second reading of by-laws to appoint an assessor and township officers for 1916. Said report received and adopted.

Council resumed.

On motion of Sprackett and Smith that the by-laws to appoint an assessor and township officers for 1916 be now read a third time and passed, signed, sealed and numbered by-laws No. 4 and 5 of 1916.—C'd.

Overseers of Highways—Div. 5 E. Tapp, 6 W. Blackburn, 7 John Howe, 8 A. Gunter, 10 John Armstrong, 11 M. Hogan, 13 P. Laffan, 14 W. Blackburn, 15 N. J. Hinchliffe, 16 A. Gunter, 17 John Birrell, 18 Wm. Gunter, 19 J. Hinchliffe, 20 W. Henley, 21 J. Dafoe, 22 Wm. Blackburn, w ½ 23 John Dafoe, 25 John Loveless, 26 Ezra Lockwood, 27 Geo. Broad, 28 J. L. Smith, 29 and 30 Ben Potter, 31 M. Haggerty, e ½ 32 M. Faul, w ½ 32 Wm. Fitzgibbons, 33 A. Gunter, 36 E. Ray, 37 John Loveless, 38 Albert Rose, 39 Wm. Gunter, 40 Harve Gunter.

Fenceviewers—No. 1, Wm. Blackburn, David Davidson, Arthur Moran; No. 2, John L. Smith, John Wilson, J. Haggerty; No. 3, Daniel Lummiss, Wm. Landon, Thomas Birrell.

Poundkeepers—J. Palmer, W. Landon, John Wilson, Arthur Franks, W. Brinklow, P. Laffan, T. Ricketts.

Road Surveyors—Jas. Haggerty, A. Gunter, John Donaldson, F. Smith.

Constables—John Loveless, David Gunter, George Dafoe.

Valuators of sheep killed by dogs—Arthur Franks, Wm. Landon, R. J. Hinchliffe, John Loveless.

Board of Health—W. J. Gardiner, M.A.O., Judson A. Gunter, Reeve, Chairman, Thos. Birrell, John Donaldson, Sanitary Inspector, Wm. Glennie, Secretary.

Edward Tapp, Assessor; Arthur J. Franks, Collector.

Auditors presented their report for 1915, said report received and adopted.

On motion of Norman and Sprackett that this Council concur in the petition to the Ontario Legislature asking them to establish a labor bureau and that the reeve and clerk be authorized to sign and forward said petition.—C'd.

On motion of Ray and Sprackett that the collector's time be extended until the next meeting of Council.—C'd.

On motion of Smith and Ray that the following accounts be paid: C. E. Gunter, auditing, $12; J. E. Greaves, auditing, $12; B. Mallory, county rates, including war tax, $533.55; W. Glennie, reg. births, marriages, deaths, 1915, $6.60, attending auditors, $2; Hospital for Sick Children $10.—C'd.

On motion of Sprackett and Norman that the Reeve and Clerk be and hereby are instructed and authorized to add a detailed statement to Col. By-law No. 12 of 1915 of the roads mentioned in said by-law and the amounts proposed to be expended on each road mentioned.—C'd.

On motion of Norman and Sprackett that whereas the stones in vicinity of the road at rear of Grants No. 20 and 21 have been used in fills on road across swamps, and whereas it is desirable to cover said swamp with crushed stones, and whereas in order to do so stones will have to be hauled at least one-half mile further than usually drawn in order to prevent drawing them on wagon after crushed, therefore David Gunter be given 50 cents per yard for delivering and banking stones in vicinity of said roads on sleighs or when road is frozen.—C'd.

On motion of Reeve Gunter and Coun. Sprackett that this Council give a grant of $60 to the Belgian Relief Fund at Ottawa.—C'd.

On motion of Sprackett and Smith that the Council adjourn till the 17th of April, 1916, to meet at the Town Hall, Millbridge, at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m.—C'd.

WM. GLENNIE,
Tp. Clerk.

The Corbyville distillery is one of the distilleries which is reported on good authority the government is planning to take over for the purpose of manufacturing spirits for explosive munitions. The British Government has requested the Canadian government to augment the supply of spirits. Acetone is the explosive made from alcohol and is needed in cordite. There is likely 20,000,000 gallons of spirits in reserve in distilleries in Canada. This would not be touched by any action of the government. The taking over of the plants, the use of future produce and the use of the buildings for shell manufacture is the plan outlined.

New Advertisements.

Advertisements under this head, one inch space, 50c. first insertion, 25c. each subsequent insertion. 75c. per month after first month

For Sale, a Snap

Brick veneered house, 8 rooms and wash kitchen, heated with hot water, hard and soft water in kitchen, electric light, good garden and outhouses. For terms apply

W. T. ELLIOT,
Box 102, Madoc

4-tf

Tenders

Tenders received up to March 15th for erection of school, Coe Hill. For plans and specifications see

ALBERT BLACKBURN,
Coe Hill

8-2

G. FRASER, D. D. S., L. D. S.

Graduate of Toronto University, Licentiate of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.

Plates, Crowns and Bridges a specialty.

MIKEL, STEWART & BAALIM

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

Offices: Belleville, Madoc and Tweed

W. C. MIKEL, K.C. D. E. K. STEWART
FRANK BAALIM.

DR. HARRISON

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC.

Graduate of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario.

Special attention given to diseases of Women and Children.

Office—Opposite Methodist Church

DR. EAGLESON

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, AND ACCOUCHEUR

Graduate of Trinity Medical College, Post Graduate of Moorefield's Eye Hospital London, Eng., and Central London Nose and Throat Hospital.

Special attention given to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat and fitting of Eye Glasses.

Phone 32.

DENIS GILLEN

NOTARY PUBLIC

Conveyancing, Fire Insurance.
Money to loan on farm property.
No commission, no valuation fee.
Office—One door south of Masonic Hall
MADOC — ONT.

String Instruments Wind Instruments

WM. SCRUTTON

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

Of All Kinds.

Sheet Music of Every Description.

MADOC — ONT.

Veterinary Surgeon

MADOC

J. WARING, V.S.

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto; twenty-three years' experience as a practitioner.

Charges moderate. Terms—30 days.

Special attention to Veterinary Dentistry.

Office—Elgin street, near Whytock's store. Phone No. 34.

T. W. HAMILTON

LICENSED AUCTIONEER FOR COUNTY OF HASTINGS

Terms—Moderate.

Telephone messages promptly attended to. 14-1yr

MADOC — — ONT.

J. ARCHER & SON

ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS

All kinds of Building and Construction Work.

Plans and Estimates Furnished.

DELORO — — ONT.

HENRY WALLACE

Licensed Auctioneer

County of Hastings.

Terms Moderate. Satisfaction guaranteed

Special attention given to Sales of Farm Stock and Implements.

Phone 88R21, Stirling, at my expense.

Post Office Address - Ivanhoe.

Madoc Lodge, No. 179, I.O.O.F.

Meets in Oddfellow's Hall, Wilson Block, every Monday evening at the hour of 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren will always be cordially welcomed.

W. A. REID, Rec.-Sec. R. OLSON, Noble Grand
C. I. ROSS, Fin.-Sec.

Oakdale Rebekah Lodge, No. 134, meets First and Third Friday at 8 o'clock in the Oddfellow's Hall.

WILLIAM CROSS, LL. B.

BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR
NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER

Appraiser at Madoc for The Canada Permanent and Western Canada Mortgage Corporation

Money to loan at 5 per cent. on good farm security. No commission. No valuation fee

Office—Wood Block, Madoc.

WM. HOCKING

Organist and Choirmaster, St. Peter's Church, Madoc.

Teacher of Organ, Pianoforte, Singing, Harmony.

Pianoforte and Organ Tuner, Authorized by Heintzman Co. Toronto. 1

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North Hastings Review.

Patriotic Banquet and Band Concert Friday Evening, March 17th, 1916

$1.00 a Year in Advance. "PARTY IS THE MADNESS OF MANY FOR THE GAIN OF A FEW" $1.50 if Not so Paid

39TH YEAR—No. 10 **Madoc, Hastings County, Ontario, Thursday, March 9, 1916** POSTAGE PREPAID

EVENTS OF THE WAR IN BRIEF

Although it seemed last week as if the German assault on the Verdun position had been checked, fighting has, nevertheless, been going on in that section without intermission ever since. The Germans do not appear, however, to have made any further real progress in this quarter as a result of the greatest effort of the war, and it is apparently reasonably certain they will be unable to do so. The losses on both sides, particularly among the Germans, have been appalling. The proportion of dead to wounded is also unusually large, because thousands of those with merely disabling wounds, perished of cold. It is not improbable that the total loss of life in the Verdun fighting will amount to 200,000 men.

What is seemingly the last despairing attempt on the German western front is being accompanied by what looks like a rapid crumbling to pieces of the Turkish defence in Asia Minor Everywhere the Turkish armies are melting like snow before the Russian advance and it is not improbable early spring will find the whole of Asiatic Turkey dominated by British and Russian armies, while other Russian armies, aided by Roumanian troops, will be smashing at Germany's eastern door.

A

Military Banquet

Will be given in

The Armouries

To the Madoc Platoon of the 155th C.E.F., on

FRIDAY

ST. PATRICK'S DAY

March 17th, 1916

From 5.30 to 8 p.m.

Under the auspices of

Madoc Women's Patriotic League

By kind permission of Lt. Col. Adams and the officers of the 155th Battalion, C.E.F., the new Regimental Band with their Soloists will give a full musical programme after the banquet and a rare treat is assured.

Remember!

Banquet and Concert

Admission - 35 cts.

Soldiers in Uniform Free

Mrs. J. Whytock, Pres. Mrs. Dr. Harper, Treas.

Mrs. W. Cross, Sec.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D. D.C.L., President
JOHN AIRD, General Manager. H. V. F. JONES, Ass't General Manager

CAPITAL, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, $13,500,000

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS

Interest at the current rate is allowed on all deposits of $1 and upwards. Careful attention is given to every account. Small accounts are welcomed. Accounts may be opened and operated by mail.

Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons, withdrawals to be made by any one of them or by the survivor. S50

Madoc Brunch - - A. V. SNIDER, MANAGER

Village Council Meet

The regular meeting of the Village Council was held on Monday evening, March 6th. Reeve Tufts and Councillors Dafoe, Atkins, Hart and Whytock were present.

On motion of Atkins and Dafoe the following accounts were ordered to be paid:

W. H. Kelly, inspecting	$19 00
M.W. Connor & Son, elec. lights	2 40
N. H. Review, printing	13 00
Seymour P. & E. Co., local	1 80

Communications from the Sick Children's Hospital, Messrs. Brooks and Hill, and from the collector's bond were ordered to be received and filed.

On motion of Dafoe and Hart the following accounts were ordered to be paid:

James Whytock, coal	$13 20
Auditors	25 15
W. H. Atkins and team	6 12
J. Gunyou, work	43
R. O'Riordan, work	3 82
Municipal World	1 10
N. H. Review: Printing	34 30
D. Brown, wood	5 00

Council adjourned to first Monday in April.

Address and Presentation

On Monday evening, February 14th, about seventy-five friends and neighbours gathered to spend a social evening with Mr. and Mrs. Reid, Queensboro, before their departure for Bayside. Mr. Chas. Thompson read the following address:—

TO MR. AND MRS. REID AND FAMILY, QUEENSBORO:

We, your friends and neighbours, regret to learn of your intending departure from our neighborhood. Through the many years wherein you have resided among us, we have found you to be a loyal friend, always so ready to help us on any and every occasion where assistance was required.

We are sure that our community has been enriched by your industry and example during these many years in various ways.

Whatever measure has been advocated for the improvement of conditions in our township or regulations for the advancement of our community it has received your unstinted support and keenest interest. Your interest has not only been in our social welfare but also in the welfare of our church which has benefitted by your financial and personal support. For many years our associations with you has been of the most cordial character and we feel that we cannot let you go away without an expression of our esteem and goodwill. Therefore we ask you to kindly accept these presents as a practical token of our appreciation and with best wishes for your success and happiness in your new home.

Signed on behalf of your neighbours and friends,

CHAS. THOMPSON,
GEORGE LOVE,
GEORGE KEENE,
THOS. WALKER,
HERB. BAILEY.

Mr. and Mrs. Reid were presented with two beautiful rockers, Miss Irene with a morocco handbag, Miss Victoria with a silver framed mirror, Master Samuel a gentleman's tie-case. Mr. Reid replied on behalf of his wife and family.

Several of the neighbours gave short addresses expressing the high esteem that they were held in the neighbourhood.

Detlor

February 27th.

A real live butterfly was seen happily flying around about three weeks ago in Mr. A. Stoughton's house at Bessemer. As yet no report has been heard of any robins having been seen, though one was heard singing one morning.

Mrs. S. Kingyens spent a week or so visiting friends and relatives in and around Egan Creek.

Mrs. A. Lloyd and children, of Hillier, spent a couple of weeks visiting her mother, Mrs. M. Smith, and other relatives and friends of Egan Creek vicinity.

Miss E. Smith left last week for Toronto to attend the millinery openings having worked for two seasons at Campbellford.

Mr. James Easton, of Highview, Sask., spent a week-end visit with friends of Egan Creek vicinity, visited Mr. H. Bradshaw's camp, and passed on to Hartsmere to visit a number of Mrs. Easton's relatives. Mr. Easton starts for his home the first of March. He is well pleased with the West and thinks it the ideal place for the farmer especially. He certainly is one of the progressive farmers of the West and one gets much more returns for labor where he is than he ever could realize in North Hastings, where he spent the early part of his life in L'Amable vicinity.

Miss A. Bradshaw has been confined to the house for about three weeks with a serious attack of lagrippe, much the nature of pneumonia.

Miss M. Post spent the week-end at her home in Belleville.

Mr. Will Smith's family, along with many others, were all afflicted with the epidemic, lagrippe, during the past two or three weeks.

Hymeneal

A very pretty wedding took place at the Homelands, Madoc township, on Wednesday, March 1st, when Almira Mabel, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Broad and sister of Sergt. R. N. Broad, who is at present at the front somewhere in Belgium, was married to Mr. Jas. S. A. West, of Coleville, Sask. The ceremony took place at eleven-thirty and was conducted by Rev. W. R. Merrick, Queensboro. The day was perfect. The sun shone in all its brilliancy in a cloudless sky.

The bride entered the drawing-room on the arm of her father while the sweet strains of the wedding march was played by Miss Olive Allan. The bride looked exceedingly beautiful, attired in a gown of white satin with swansdown, all-over silk lace and pearl trimmings. She also wore a handsome veil and carried a shower bouquet of pink and white roses and ferns. During the ceremony the bride and groom stood under a beautifully decorated arch, which had been erected for the occasion, with background of foliage plants tastefully arranged.

After the nuptial knot was tied and congratulations given the guests retired to the dining-room where a sumptuous wedding breakfast had been spread on daintily decorated tables. After doing full justice to the bountiful spread the customary toasts were proposed and heartily responded to.

Mr. and Mrs. West left amid showers of rice and hearty congratulations on the afternoon train for Belleville and other points.

The bride's travelling attire was a a King's blue serge suit, military style, and white silk blouse with sailor hat of black and white silk.

They were the recipients of numerous and valuable pre ents, including a beautiful organ, the gift of her parents, and suit-case, the gift of the groom to the bride.

The parties were well known and very highly respected in the neighborhood, the bride being associated with the Methodist church at Hazzards and was for a number of years organist there. We are sorry to lose them from our midst but wish them a happy, properous life, and may God's richest blessing go with them to their new home in the West.

Madoc Public School

The following is the Honor Roll for February:

DIVISION I

Sr. IV—J Caskey, T Rupert, M Tong, L Cooney, V Nickle, E Jenkins.

Jr. IV—J Blair, E Cross, V Taylor, H Tumelty, J Christie.

R. A. A. MCCONNELL.

DIVISION II

Sr. III—E Rupert, R Burnside, J Foote, M Yong, R Harris, G McTavish, C Rodgers.

Jr. III—A Rodgers, M Foote and E Vince equal, V Keene, V McGhee, K Phillips, C Clark, W Forestal and P Sandford 4 all equal, A Ashley.

Note.—In the January report Archie Ashley's name should have appeared fourth but was omitted owing to a mistake.

N. FEENEY.

DIVISION III

Jr. III—A Tucker, M Heyworth, C Minns, E Cooney, M O'Connell, M Cooney, G McCoy.

Sr. II—P Crawford, H Caskey, R Taylor, C Weese, M Clarke, G Vince, J MacTavish.

I. M. BREAKELL.

DIVISION IV

Sr. I A—J O'Connell, D Campbell, V Robson, A Mumby, J McKenzie.

Jr. II—L Forestell, M Smith, C Mitts, M Langman, M Miller.

R. BLACK.

DIVISION II

1st Cl. A.—A McKenzie, R McBain, L Reid, L Sandford, C Pine.

Primer, Cl. B.—N Clark, W Clark, M McDonald, M Comerford, M Robertson.

Cl. C.—H Taylor, C McCarthy, A Love, E Sexsmith, J Gillen.

Cl. D.—J MacBeth and P Mumby equal, D Minns, L Miller, M Tufts, L Monahan.

T. THOMPSON.

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Tungsten Lamp, the same as is used on

Toronto Street Cars

We also have Carbon Lamps

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Electrician - - Madoc

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The Ford Runabout Price $480

A fine harvest—of pleasures and profits is reaped by the man who drives a Ford. For the trip to town—for a run to the neighbors—for a hurry-up drive anywhere business or pleasure demands—there's no other car which will go so well at anywhere near the cost.

The Ford Touring Car is $530; the Coupelet $730; the Sedan $890; the Town Car $780. All prices are f.o.b. Ford, Ontario. All cars completely equipped, including electric headlights. Equipment does not include speedometer. Cars on sale at FRANK SMITH'S MADOC.

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C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

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If you are thinking of building during the year now is the time to see about it. We are pleased to show our goods and quote prices.

THE HOUSTON CO., Ltd.,

TWEED, ONT.

Madoc Sash & Door Factory

If you are thinking of building this spring be sure and get our estimates. We always carry a good stock of lumber of all description.

JOHN ROBERTSON

THE CABLEMAN

AN EXCITING PRESENT-DAY ROMANCE

BY WEATHERBY CHESNEY

CHAPTER II.

Two hours later Scarborough set out for the Chinelas, to play chess with Mr. Page as he had promised. As he walked he again thought of those two words in the cable message which had passed through his hands. Lovers are fanciful. Was it possible that they were not code words at all, but that the reference was to a real danger that was coming near to the girl whom he loved? Scarborough framed the question in his mind, and then laughed out loud at the absurdity of it. There could be no connection between Elsa Page and Val B. Montague, with his troupe of quarrelsome and probably tenth-rate stars. Of course the message was only code!

But when he was shown into the drawing-room of the Chinelas, and Elsa Page came forward to greet him, he saw at once, with the quickness to apprehension which love gives, that she was in trouble.

"I would have sent to tell you not to come," she said; "but I had no messenger."

"Is anything wrong?"

"Father's gout is very painful tonight, and he doesn't feel equal to chess. He asked me to make his excuses for him."

"I'm sorry," said Scarborough. "But there's something more, isn't there?"

"Something more?"

"You are in trouble? Something has happened?"

Elsa looked at him for a moment without speaking, and a hint of distress showed itself in her eyes; but she shook her head.

"No," she said steadily. "Nothing has happened."

Scarborough watched her as she took up a piece of fancy-work and fingered it almlessly, and he knew that she was not speaking the truth. Yesterday when he had left her she had been happy and natural, and tonight he had meant to ask her to be his wife. But to-night she was different. There was a constraint in her manner, there had been almost a coldness in her greeting, and he no longer felt his yesterday's confidence in the answer which she would give him, if he said the words he had come to say. Between to-night and yesterday something had happened, though she denied it. And that something had spoiled the understanding which had been between them.

He came a little nearer to her.

"Elsa," he said gently.

She gave him a hurried look, almost he thought, of fear; and then she covered her face with her hands.

She was not crying, but a shiver shook her, and then left her calm. She took her hands from her face, and raised her eyes to his with a grave look of questioning.

She was not one of those women whom men, at first meeting, called handsome. Amongst a group of other girls, she might conceivably have been overlooked or unnoticed; and yet she was, in her own dainty way, beautiful. There was no luxury of coloring, but the delicately-modelled features were perfect; her figure was slight, but the curves of it were exquisitely proportioned. She had the daintiness of carved ivory. Hers was not the kind of beauty which compels instant attention; but it was the kind which wears well. In old age she would still be beautiful, when the merely handsome, or the merely pretty, would have faded to the merely commonplace.

"Elsa," said Scarborough again.

"I have not given you the right to call me that," she said.

"I came to-night to ask you to give me the right."

She covered her face again.

"Don't, don't!" she cried.

He came closer to her, drew her hands away from her face and took one of them in his.

"Elsa, I love you."

"Don't," she cried again.

"What's the use of saying 'don't,' when I do?" he asked, smiling; for she had not drawn her hand away.

"I mean, don't say it!"

"Not when it is the truth? Elsa, will you be my wife?"

The hand was drawn away now, slowly; but there was no hint of yielding in the voice, when she answered:

"No, Horace."

He let her hands fall, and stood for a moment without speaking. He did not plead with her. He knew that she was not one of the sort who say 'no,' because they want to be persuaded to say 'yes.' And even had there been the least likelihood that pleading would make her change her mind, Horace Scarborough would not have pleaded. He was not of the kind who plead.

"You call me by my Christian name," he said presently. "You have never done that before. Why do you do it now?"

"May I not? You called me Elsa."

"I was asking for the right to do so always. You will not give me the right."

"I will—Horace," she said slowly.

He made as though he would go to her again, but checked himself. He did not understand her, but her refusal of his offer had been definite. She must explain.

She came and put a hand upon his shoulder, looking up into his eyes.

"I will not have you for my husband," she said, "but I want you for my friend. So I want to be allowed to call you Horace, and I want you to call me Elsa. Other people call me Miss Page; but I should like to feel that to you I am Elsa—only Elsa—do you understand?"

"Yes, I understand!" he said bitterly. "You are giving me one of the privileges of a lover, and refusing all others. I understand all but your motive. If you were a flirt, I could understand that too; but you are not. You are not the girl who offers an inch, and means an ell to be taken. Why do you offer me the inch.

She shivered slightly, for the resentment in his voice hurt her. After a brief pause, she said:

"Suppose it is because I hate to near the name Miss Page on your lips! Suppose that every time I hear it I feel a rush of shame. Won't you spare me that? Wouldn't you be willing to take my inch?"

"Though I am never to have the ell?"

"Though probably—you are never to have the ell."

"Elsa," he cried, almost fiercely, "you say things which I find it hard to understand. You refuse me, and then qualify your refusal with a 'probably'; you say that you feel a rush of shame when I call you by your father's name, and you ask to be only Elsa to me. What does it all mean?"

"It means, Horace, that I want a friend," she answered simply.

"Are you in any trouble?" He thought of the cablegram, and added —"or danger?"

"I am in trouble. I don't think I am in danger."

He came to her and took her hand again.

"Forgive me," he said gently. "I'm a brute to bully you. I will ask no more questions. Tell me as much or as little as you like, but let me help you if I can."

A look of relief passed across her face, but immediately afterwards it vanished, and she shrank back from him. For a brief moment she seemed to struggle with herself. Then she looked into his eyes.

"On my conditions?" she asked gravely.

"On your conditions," he answered.

She rose and went to the window. The night was dark, and she could see nothing, and the cold mist rolled in and made her shiver again. She turned suddenly to the young man.

"Will you take me to-morrow to see the circus which has come to Ponta Delgada?" she asked.

Scarborough thought again of the cablegram, and he feared for her—feared for the danger which she could not tell him of, but which seemed, in spite of her denial, to threaten vaguely but ominously.

"Why do you want to go?" he asked.

"You said you would ask no more questions," she reminded him. "I cannot tell you my reason."

"I beg your pardon. I forgot. Yes, I will take you. I have already booked two seats."

"Thank you," she said, and then added simply: "I must go back to father now. He is waiting for me."

Scarborough accepted the dismissal. She went with him to the door, and stood watching him as he rode away. She has said that she must return to her father, but instead she stood looking out into the night, and a great longing came upon her to call this young man back to her side, and bid him tell his love again. For she loved him. But for one thing, she, too, might have avowed her love, and not been ashamed. But there was something which he did not know of, a secret in her life, which made that impossible; and her heart cried out with a great bitterness against the fate which denied her thus the right to love.

Two years ago she had been a happy and careless child; then the cloud came suddenly, and darkened everything. She had come out to the islands with her father who was, so the world said, a fugitive from English justice. But she believed then that the world was wrong.

She had landed in San Miguel, burning with a generous indignation at the injustice of men and full of enthusiasm for the fight which she and her father would win together. The cloud which had come over the brightness of her young life was black, but she believed that it would soon be dissipated. The truth would be known and meanwhile exile in her father's company was no real hardship to a girl of seventeen.

But two years had passed, and the cloud showed no signs of lifting. Moreover, her father, so far as she knew, had made no effort to escape from under its shadow, had been content to live in the gloom, and seemed to have lost all longing for the light of day and truth.

He had sunk, with seeming content, into the role of confirmed invalid, nursing his gout and spending his days in profitless study of the philosophy of Herbert Spencer—profitless, and even criminal; for meanwhile he did nothing to remove the stain which lay upon his name.

It was this—the mental apathy which disguised itself in fruitless intellectual labor—which Elsa did not understand. It was this which almost, in spite of the loyalty of her love, caused her to doubt. The facts, as she had been told them, were these:

The firm of stockbrokers in which her father was the junior partner had failed, and failed disastrously, for its operations had not been honest. Its bankruptcy was fraudulent, and a criminal prosecution followed. The junior partner was out of the country at the time, touring in Portugal with his daughter. An attempt was made to secure his return by extradition, but the proceedings broke down upon a legal technicality. He waited in Lisbon until the clamor of the courts at home was over, and then changed his name, and went quietly to the Azores with his daughter. He posed, so long as there was need for posing, as the innocent victim of an unscrupulous partner. He never denied that the bankruptcy was fraudulent, but he asserted that his hands were clean of the fraud. That the active management had been out of his hands, and in those of his senior partner, for the last two months before the crash, was a point which told strongly in his favor. Many people therefore, whose commercial standing made their opinion of value, believed him, and considered him to be what he said he was, an innocent victim.

There were some, however, who declared that the truth was exactly the opposite.

Elsa had known all this, and had waited, at first patiently, but latterly with a growing impatience, for the time when her father should have all the necessary proofs in his hands, and should return to face his accusers, and vindicate his innocence. That he no longer seemed anxious to do so was a thing which she could not understand. But lately the conviction had been slowly forcing itself upon her that he never meant to go back; and for that weakness she almost began to scorn him.

She was thinking of these things now, as she stood at the door of her father's house in the Azores and looked out into the darkness of the night —a darkness no blacker than the despair that filled her. She stretched out her hands, and cried aloud:

"Horace, I love you! And even when you tell me of your love, I have to lie to you, and play a part!"

A great sob shook her. She turned, and went slowly to her room. Her father wanted her, and was waiting; but she could not go to him to-night.

(To be continued.)

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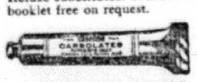

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO. (Consolidated)

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SOLDIERS SING IN TRENCHES

The British Are Undisturbed By Mine Explosions.

A correspondent at British Headquarters in France writes: Some curious structures of concrete, like pepper castors in shape, have been built in places along the enemy front. They naturally get the attention they deserve. At one spot our men noticed a cupola had been constructed, or rather a turtle back, not very apparent. One of our howitzers was asked to try his weight at the object, and put over some shells with excellent aim. One went through the target, throwing up indistinguishable rubbish. When the smoke and dust cleared the turtle back was seen to be smashed, showing twisted iron girders within and a mass of wire, which looked like uncoiled springs, evidently the reinforcement of the concrete.

Possibly the nervousness of the Germans also accounts for their industry in mining towards whatever salient gives us some vantage. These mines are peculiarly horrible, for one never knows now, when interested in a corner of a fire trench, whether or not there is a volcano underfoot. The unconcern of our men, who cannot always be sure that such an unpleasant development of trench warfare has reached them, is astonishing.

Recetly a colonel informed me with a grim smile that when, many hours after the German mine had exploded, his working party got at a few of his men who were imprisoned, the fellows were grinning when hauled out, and then began to sing amusing nonsense. Singing, indeed, is common in our fire trench.

The Welshmen not to be worried by any thought of hidden dynamite, make Eisteddfodau of their spells in the front line. The Germans are welcome to what they can make of men who, in winter trench warfare—and the second year of it—sing in a way which attracts the pleased attention of listeners who are musical.

And these mines are generally less successful than one could possibly guess. Our communique gave news of no fewer than five that had been sprung recently on quite a short front near the qarries north of Loos. The Germans must have hoped for great results from five mines not far apart and simultaneously fired on one night. Actually we had few casualties, and the Germans never had a chance of occupying the craters.

QUEEN WATCHED BY BEDSIDE

Consort of Italy's King Enabled Sick Soldier to Sleep.

The story of a complete tranformation into a Red Cross hospital of the historic and richly appointed Quirinal Palace in Rome, the winter residence of the Royal family, is told by Ambassador Thomas Nelson Page in the leading article in "The American Red Cross Magazine." Describing a tour of the hospital, with Queen Elena as guide, the ambassador writes:

"In a few minutes we were being shown everything under the personal guidance of her, who, had she not been the Queen of Italy, might, from her perfect knowledge of every detail and the simplicity with which she conducted us, have been imagined only a courteous and accomplished hospital matron, trained all her life to attend to precisely the duties of that position. It was hard to tell which was the more interesting reflection—that the Queen should be so simple, natural and perfectly informed as to every detail of the hospital, or that this perfectly informed, simple, natural mistress of a hospital was the Queen of Italy.

"One of the badly wounded, we heard, had asked the Queen the night they came to sit beside him, as he thought he could sleep and his fever would go down if she would stay with him. So she sat by his bed until late in the night when he had fallen to sleep."

Let us take care how we speak of those who have fallen on life's field. Help them up—not heap scorn upon them. We did not see the conflict; we do not know the scars.

Pat came along while Mike was painting a fence in tremendous haste. "What are ye wurrkin' so fast for?" he inquired. "Shure," said Mike, "I'm trying to get through paintin' the fence before my paint gives out."

Only Fine, Flavoury Teas

are used to produce the famous

"SALADA"

blends. Every leaf is fresh, fragrant full of its natural deliciousness. Sold in sealed packets only. B 107

PRACTICAL FARMING

Social Conditions on the Farm.

During the year 1915, the Commission of Conservation conducted an agricultural survey on 400 farms in Ontario. The survey included 100 farms in each of the Counties of Dundas, Waterloo, Northumberland and Carleton. Various phases of farm life were investigated, and some interesting conditions presented.

Social conditions, and other incentives to keep the young people on the farms are to a great extent neglected, as may be seen from the following report of the survey.

Ten per cent. of the farmers visited have had boys leave and go to the city. Seven per cent. have sons married who are farming. Nineteen per cent. stated that they were following some form of book-keeping, but only one man was following a complete method. Sixty-seven per cent. take agricultural papers, seventeen per cent. take story magazines, and seventy-seven per cent. take a daily paper.

In 53 per cent. of the families visited there were young people over 14 years of age while 31 per cent. had a horse and buggy or an automobile for the young people. Sixty-one per cent. of the farmers attended some kind of community event or events during the past year, chiefly church socials and picnics.

Here it may be stated that the rural churches have a great opportunity to develop the social side of their activities, to reach more of the young people in the country and interest them in clean amusements, sports and recreations. The local fairs also are prominent among the community events attended by the farmer. In Dundas and Carleton counties no organized clubs for games were met with, while in Waterloo, 13 reported a football club, and in Northumberland, six reported baseball clubs. Only one of the 400 farmers visited mentioned attending a literary society. Twenty-five per cent. of the homes had no musical instrument of any kind; 39 per cent. had pianos.—F.C.N. in Conservation.

Systematic Farming.

Poor health drove Morris H. Crockett from the city to a little five-acre fruit and poultry farm in California. Previous to his removal to the country, Mr. Crockett had been a successful business man.

For the first three years he lost money. He had fancy and utility poultry, early and late apples, Logan berries, strawberries and rhubarb. Just why he was losing money, he did not know. The fourth year he decided to apply to his business of farming the same principles that he had applied to the city business of which he had been manager. This involved a bookkeeping system, and during all of that year he kept accurate accounts for every department of his little farm. At the end of the year he did away with fancy poultry, plowed up his rhubarb and strawberries, and specialized on early apples and utility poultry. These his books revealed, were the money makers. Since then, Mr. Crockett has done well. His accounts showed him how. Without them, he would long ere now have lost his farm.

There is room for similar systematic business accounting on every farm. The average farm of Canada is a mixed farm, with many sources of income. On almost every farm, we believe, one or more branches are being run at an actual loss and the income would be increased by its elimination. Other branches are particularly profitable, and these should be enlarged. The only way to know which branches to eliminate and which to enlarge, however, is to keep books. There is no better time to start than the present.—Farm and Dairy.

Growing Potatoes Without Potash.

Potato growers in past years, at least those who have made use of commercial fertilizers, have always favored a fertilizer with a large proportion of available potash. The closing off of the German supply of potash has rendered this fertilizing constituent extremely expensive and potato growers are now face to face with the proposition of growing potatoes with nitrogen and phosphorous only. In this connection, an experiment conducted at the Maine Experimental station will be of interest. Chas. D. Woods sums up the results of the experiments as follows:

"Throughout the growing season the vines on both the no potash plots were a distinctly brighter green and had a thriftier look than on the adjoining plots. The difference was so marked that it attracted much attention from visitors at the farm. Although some slight irregularities occurred in the yield from the different plots, the average figures show fairly consistent increases with the increase in potash. The plots without potash yielded 110 barrels, or 302 bushels of merchantable potatoes. The plots with two and five per cent. potash gave practically the same yields of 116 barrels, or 320 bushels per acre. The eight per cent. potash plots averaged to yield 120 barrels, or 331 bushels per acre. This is an increase of 10 barrels from the eight per cent. plots over the no potash plots. This amount is undoubtedly large enough to be significant, and to indicate that the potash increases the yield of potatoes in Aroostook county. On the other hand, 110 barrels (302 bushels) per acre is a good yield—considerably above the average, and nearly double the average in the county in 1915. So far as the results of this one year are concerned, they indicate that a profitable yield of potatoes can be obtained on Aroostook soil without the addition of potash for at least one year."

What is true of these soils applies in no less degree to our soils in Canada. There are few soils indeed in which there are not thousands of pounds of potash in the first few inches. This potash can be rendered available by incorporating humus into the soil and through cultivation, conserving the moisture.

FOR

Indigestion

and

Biliousness

Indigestion, biliousness, headaches, flatulence, pains after eating, constipation, are all common symptoms of stomach and liver troubles. And the more you neglect them the more you suffer. Take Mother Seigel's Syrup if your stomach, liver, or bowels are slightly deranged or

MOTHER

SEIGEL'S

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have lost tone. Mother Seigel's Syrup is made from the curative extracts of certain roots, barks, and leaves, which have a remarkable tonic and strengthening effect on all the organs of digestion. The distressing symptoms of indigestion or liver troubles soon disappear under its beneficial action. Buy a bottle to-day, but be sure you get the genuine Mother Seigel's Syrup. There are many imitations, but not one that gives the same health benefits. 1015

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"Wormy," that's what's the matter of 'em. Stomach and intestinal forms. Nearly as bad as distemper. Cost you too much to feed 'em. Look bad—are bad. Don't physic 'em to death. Spohn's Compound will remove the worms, improve the appetite, and tone 'em up all round, and don't "physic." Acts on glands and blood. Full directions with each bottle, and sold by all druggists.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

Rheumatism!

How is rheumatism recognized? Some have said—

Rheumatism is a dull pain.
Rheumatism is a sharp pain,
Rheumatism is sore muscles.
Rheumatism is stiff joints.
Rheumatism is a shifting pain.

All have declared—*Rheumatism is Pain.*

Sloan's Liniment applied:—
The blood begins to flow freely—the body's warmth is renewed—the congestion disappears—the pain is gone.

Sloan's Liniment

KILLS PAIN (GUARANTEED)

Rheumatism and allied pains yield to the penetrating qualities of this warming liniment.

About the House

Useful Hints and General Information for the Busy Housewife

Some Toothsome Cakes.

There are many delicious cakes which shut-ins may try, and a good plan is to keep your recipes all together, bind them into a book, paste them up, or something of the kind, so that when you want to make a certain kind of cake the directions will be right at hand. The following recipe is a particularly good one, for a plain, everyday economical cake:

Perk Cake.—One pound of fat salt pork free from lean or rind; chop so fine as to be almost like lard, pour upon it one-half pint of boiling water, add two cups of dark brown sugar, one of New Orleans molasses, one teaspoon of soda, stirred into the molasses, one pound of raisins, one pound of dates, chopped, one-fourth of a pound of citron, shaved fine. Stir in enough sifted flour to make it the consistency of common cake batter; season cloves, allspice and nutmeg. Bake in a moderate oven.

French Creole Cake.—Required, 1 pound of sifted white pulverized sugar, the grated peel of a lemon, a tablespoon of orange flower water, a dozen eggs, ½ pound of sifted flour, ½ pound of mashed rice (dried), 1 tablespoonful of baking powder, 4 ounces of sweet almonds and 1 ounce of bitter almonds. Beat the whites of the eggs to a stiff froth, after having blanched and peeled the almonds and pounded them to a fine powder in a mortar. Beat the yolks of the eggs very light, gradually adding the rice, which has been well mashed. Mix the almonds thoroughly with the flour, then add these gradually to the sugar, beating vigorously. Add the grated zest of the lemon with the essence and finally add the whites of the eggs and mix lightly and quickly. Butter a paper and line the bottom and sides of the pan, and bake the cake in a moderate oven for an hour.

Honey Cake.—A teacupful of honey, a teacupful sugar, ½ teaspoonful melted butter, a pint of flour, 2 eggs, 1 teaspoonful of baking powder and a teaspoonful of carraway seeds. Take the teacupful of sugar and the teacupful of honey and mix them together. Add the half teaspoonful of melted butter and the yolks of 2 well-beaten eggs. Sift a teaspoonful of baking powder into a pint of flour and add. Beat all together until very light and add the whites of the eggs beaten to a stiff froth. Finally add the carraway seeds. Bake in a moderate oven from half to three-quarters of an hour.

Orange Cake.—Four ripe oranges, a pound of pulverized sugar, a pound of butter, 14 ounces of flour, 10 eggs and a teaspoonful of baking powder. Wash the oranges, then dry and roll them under your hand on a board until very soft. Grate the zest of the orange and then cut up the fruit in fine pieces, and squeeze through a strainer until all the juice is extracted. Wash the butter till you extract all the salt, and then beat it to a cream. Add the sugar and beat thoroughly. Then add the orange meats and the juice, and beat till very light. Add the yolks of the eggs, well beaten, and again beat the mixture till light. Then by degrees add the flour, adding alternately the whites of the eggs beaten to a stiff froth. Beat the whole for half an hour, and then bake in a moderate oven for 45 minutes, and when you ice your cake, if you do so, add orange juice to the icing.

For Young Housekeepers.

Your larder is never well stocked unless it contains lettuce, watercress or celery. Keep them dry and cold until ready to use. Always crisp them on the ice, after they have been freshened, cleaned and drained.

A pot of deep fat for frying is invaluable. Render out in a hot oven all the cuttings from meats and fowl, and after straining through a fine sieve, pour into a pot kept for this purpose. After frying each time, draw the fat, so it is ready for use the next time.

If a member of the family is inclined to have indigestion, aim to give him his potatoes baked, in which there is no excess of starch. Starch in too large quantities causes the most ills of this sort. Serve one starchy vegetable and one green one, always at dinner, for a proper combination.

Cornstarch puddings should not accompany a rich or heavy meal. A fruit dessert is more appropriate, and is, moreover, more tempting. Desserts should be planned early in the day and never left until the last minute.

To stew apples, pare and quarter them, add a small quantity of hot water, stew until tender, but do not add the sugar until nearly done, else it will take longer to cook. Greening apples are among the best cookers.

Cheap cuts of meat require longer and slower cooking than the more expensive kinds. These can be made just as delicious, however, and are on the whole more nutritious. A pot roast is the most satisfactory way to cook cheap meat. Brown it first in a little suet, then let it simmer for two or more hours. Season while cooking, and make a gravy with carrots and peas in it.

Pulled bread can be made at home and served with soup. It is pretty to the eye and very wholesome. Take a loaf of bread, cut off the crusts with a sharp knife, then use these as they are at once. Pull the loaf of bread into pieces about five inches long and two inches thick. Place in a sheet-iron pan in a moderate oven for 10 or 15 minutes until a rich, golden brown, then serve. These will be fresh for several days, if kept near the stove.

Vary your breakfast by using different kinds of cereals. Fruits such as bananas and prunes may accompany the dry cereals. There are as many as a dozen kinds of hot cereals from which to choose. Cornmeal mush makes a welcome change. The life of cereal is the cream that is served with it.

Soup stock can always be on hand in cool weather. She is a poor housekeeper who invariably uses canned soup. Order your butcher to save all the cuttings and bones from your meat. Wash them well, chop well, then put them into a pot, covering with cold water, and add two or three teaspoons of salt. When they begin to boil, skim carefully, then boil rapidly for several hours. Drain through a colander and set the stock aside until cool; skim all the grease off the top and have stock ready to make up into many kinds of soup.

Useful Hints.

The nutritious part of the potato lies close to the skin; therefore if it is pared it should be done sparingly.

Prunes and apples are both delicious baked for hours in the oven instead of prepared in the ordinary way.

Things that are set in a band should be hung from the hem, and not from the band on wash day.

A tray with supports at each end is the greatest comfort to an invalid who has to eat her meals in bed.

Earth worms in flower pots can be destroyed by mixing a little pulverized tobacco with the earth in each pot.

If hard-boiled eggs are plunged into cold water as soon as they are taken from the fire there will be no dark ring around the yolk.

THE SUNDAY LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON.

MARCH 5.

Death of Stephen—Acts 7. 1 to 8. 3; Golden Text: Rev. 2: 10.

Verse 54. These things—The biting summary which closes Stephen's survey of the national history. They had received divine messages throughout their annals, and had always neglected the message and persecuted the messenger. Stephen is applying afresh the parable of the wicked husbandmen. But for them "the most unkindest cut of all" was in his declaration that they had "not kept" the law of which they were so proud. Like Paul (Gal. 3. 19), Stephen holds the usual Jewish view that the law was delivered by angels; later reflection on the awful holiness of God tended to explain the naive theophanies of earlier records as appearances of angels. Cut—Literally, "were being sawn asunder in their hearts, and were gushing," etc.; the verbs describe their emotions through the part of the speech summarized in verses 51 53. Heart is a little misleading to us, for it includes more than our word implies. Stephen never touched their heart, in our sense; he roused every passion, stung pride and bigotry to fury, till all around the assembly could be heard the physical signs of a wild-beast rage.

55. Being—A stronger verb is used which reminds us that this is no new influx of "Holy Spirit" bringing the beautific vision. It had been with him in full measure all through. Jesus—The human name is very significant. Here only is he standing at the right hand; he has risen from his throne to welcome his first martyr.

56. Opened—Not the usual word in this connection, but stronger. In days when the sky was conceived as a series of concentric transparent spheres, material and solid, it was natural to picture them "cloven" (Mark 1: 10) to reveal the spiritual realities behind. The Son of man—the favorite title for himself on the lips of Jesus, but only here used by another. There has been acute controversy as to its primary implication; but the best view seems to be that which links it with Dan. 7. 13. By calling himself "Son of man," Jesus was claiming to be the Fulfiller of the apocalyptic vision. We remember that he sealed his own doom at the trial by quoting that very verse (Mark 14. 62). It will be found that nearly always in the Gospels the recognition of this allusion adds obviously to the force of the saying.

57. The sting of Stephen's ecstatic was in its recalling so vividly the declaration of Jesus just referred to; although they had crucified him—he was on the right hand of Power after all! They stopped their ears against a hateful fact that was making its appeal. What was Saul of Tarsus thinking of when he joined (or led) the uproar? Let the ought of Acts. 26. 9 point toward the answer.

58. Cast him out—For in their frenzy of wrath they were careful to keep all the parts of the law that did not matter. Compare Heb. 13. 11, 12. Witnesses—Who had to take the responsibility of casting the first stone—which in a normal execution would be intended to produce insensibility or death. See Deut. 17. 7. So when Jesus bade the sinless cast the first stone at the adulteress, such a person would by his life be a silent witness against a sinner. Laid down their garments—The outer garment: any hot work was done "in shirt sleeves," as we should say. The tense of the verb stoned suggests that the cruel work was prolonged. Young man—Presumably under thirty. How he "kept the garments of them that slew" Stephen, he recalls himself in Acts 22. 20. It is obvious that he was of commanding position, as is shown also by his being intrusted with the special mission of Acts 9. 2. Deissmann's thesis (in his fascinating monograph Saint Paul),that he was an artisan, is based on facts easily explained otherwise and seems quite untenable. His father had Roman citizenship (Acts 22. 28), and sent him to study under the greatest of rabbis (Acts 22. 3); that he cut him off when he became a Christian was to be expected, and Paul then had to keep himself. Every Jew had to learn a trade. Saul—A natural name for a Benjamite. For use among Gentiles he had the similar-sounding name Paullus. Compare Silas—Silvanus, Symeon—Simon, Menahem—Menander, Eliakim—Alcimus, etc.

59. Calling upon—The object of the verb is contained in the address, Lord Jesus. Note how naturally at this early period the Man of Calvary becomes the recipient of prayer, and the same prayer that Jesus offered to the Father (Luke 23. 46).

60. The dying prayer goes back directly to Luke 6. 28. It is not likely that Stephen had ever heard how the Lord had fulfilled his own command. Three evangelists pass over his prayer for the executioners and others responsible for his death, and (as the margin in Luke 23. 24 hints) the saying was not known in the church till after our Gospels were written. Probably the centurion told the story years after; only he and his four men heard them spoken. Lay not—Litterally, weigh not, a figure from weighing money that represents a debt. Compare Matt. 26. 15, where the same verb is used. For sin as a debt to God compare the Lord's prayer. Fell asleep—The verb gives us our word cemetary (that is, a dormitory, sleeping place). It had long been in use for Sleep's "brother death"; but when we read the typical words of the Roman Catullu's lovely poem—"For us, when once our brief day has set, ther abides one unending night when we must sleep"—we feel that the idea has with Christ come into a new world.

8. 1. Consenting—And Paul himself tells us (Rom. 1. 32) that approval of an evil deed is even worse than the doing of it: there is an element of hot blood eliminated which may dilute the guilt. Except the apostles—The reason is not very clear. Was it that they, like James the Lord's brother, observed Jewish piety so faithfully that they were overlooked? It is hardly likely. We may suppose that they felt their duty bound them to Jerusalem till a clear monition came, and that they succeeded in hiding till the storm quieted down.

2. Devout—Proselytes, not Jewish-born. They naturally felt peculiar devotion to the memory of the Hellenist martyr.

3. Laid waste—Paul's own word (Gal. 1. 23); literally, sacked, appropriate to Huns sacking a town, is repeated in Acts 9. 21.

English Girls are Doing Men's Work.

Photo shows English girls taking man's place at the beet sugar mills, where they are grinding up sugar beets, the first process in making sugar. All over the Empire women are seen doing the work formerly done by the men who are now at the front.

National Righteousness

Humanity Marches Slowly But Surely on to the Light of Better Days

"And the times of this ignorance God winked at."—Acts xvii., 30.

When we take sides we assume that most of the wisdom is on our side and most of the ignorance is on the other. And we are treating the other side with scant courtesy and for destroying opposition whenever possible. That has been the working principle of men and nations. Suppose God had worked on that principle in dealing with His creation? Suppose that every time He met with opposition He hurled thunderbolts? Suppose that whenever a creature failed to cooperate with the Creator He simply destroyed the creature? Would it not have been better for the race, however much harder it would have been on the individual?

Not a Stern Mechanism.

It all depends upon what is the goal of creation. If it is a highly efficient machine that is to result from all the processes of creation then to eliminate friction and to destroy opposition are commendable. If is is humanity that matters, then whatever tends to make humanity humane becomes the only moral purpose of creation. And it would seem that God's goal is not a stern mechanism but a generous hearted humanity, as evidenced by the statement that instead of destroying ignorant opposers of His will He closed His eyes in tolerant compassion. God knows that men who fight in ignorance against their own good, fight as eagerly on the side of human betterment when they are enlightened. Therefore, He does not destroy but waits till men who have caught inspiration from being able to understand His will. Prophets, poets, saints and seers are the real captains of the great army of humanity as it marches slowly, painfully, but surely on to the light of better days.

God Gives Us Leaders.

Such captains will arise presently above the fighters in Europe. God gives us leaders and then waits for us to follow in their way. It is a way of infinitely tender compassion this way of righteousness, in which one sees that the evils of the world are the result not of wilfulness but of ignorance, and sees also that an orderly society will emerge whenever men learn the gentle art of living together.

To contribute to this end is the privilege of all whose religion rests upon the brotherhood of man and the fatherhood of a compassionate God.—Rev. Addison Moore, D.D.

The Fashions

The Spring Bride.

The wedding gown of to-day has lost some of its dignity with its train, but it has gained a youthful charm which is to be preferred. In the wedding frock of to-day, there is much of the quaint charm and sweetness of grandmother's gown; smocking, puffing, quilling, shirring and numberless other handmade trimmings are used in its garniture, and it is fashioned of the sheerest, most airy of fabrics and laces.

Attractive Use of Lace and Chiffon.

Laces, chiffons, and nets were never daintier or more fairy-like than they are this season. It is to be a season of laces and transparent fabrics. Laces as graceful as the web of the spider, or the glinting, shimmering wing of the butterfly, vie for favor with the more substantial, Spanish and thread-run patterns; the sheerest of silk crepes and the crispest of organdies are modish for frocks. Paper-like taffetas are often used in the gowns of the bride's attendants and then, again, they are of organdy, in the palest of tints, trimmed with bands of taffeta. This combination of taffeta and organdy will be a noticeable feature of all imported frocks this summer; it is an unusually attractive notion.

The Formal Wedding Gown.

For the demure little bride who wishes to tread the beaten path of custom, for reasons sentimental or otherwise, there are gorgeously brocaded satins with a touch of silver in the motif. A court train lends formal dignity to such a gown even though the frock itself is considerably short-

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The Short Bridal Gown

er than would have been dreamed of in mother's or grandmother's time. The smallest of pages or flower girls are often a detail of such a wedding, lending a novel, pretty note. There are softer satins, too, which may be used for the formal or informal frock equally well.

Simple Veil Arrangements.

Quite the most important part of the frock for June, October, February, or any other bride, is the veil. It is often a simple length of tulle, draped over the hair and caught with a wreath or cluster of orange blossoms or white clematis; then again it is a cap or rouche, but always there is the cluster of dainty, waxy blossoms, so absolutely necessary to the true wedding spirit. The veil offers the best way of introducing the bit of rare old lace without which the wedding gown

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Frock for Bride's Attendant.

is incomplete, if such a bit is to be found in the family treasure chest. If there is none, the bride must be content to bring in her "something old" in a bit of brocade, cleverly introduced on bodice or girdle; a piece of antique jewelry, also will serve to keep the spell.

The Bride's Boquet.

The bride's boquet may be a stiff formal little bunch of white rosebuds, with its quaint, stiff little paper manchette, or the graceful shower bouquet with drooping lily cups and ribbons. One of our exclusive florists always furnished his bride with a bouquet in shower effect of lillies of the valley, white orchids and pure white ribbons; lillies of the valley and white rosebuds are equally effective and much less expensive. The serious bride may carry a flower-decked prayer-book, if she prefers, instead of a bouquet.

Children as Attendants.

Small attendants, flower girls and tiny pages, are becoming more and more a feature of fashionable weddings. It is a pretty English custom, one that often saves much thought and planning. These small attendants are picturesque adjuncts to the ceremany, and whether they wear picture hats, small bonnets, or no head covering at all is a matter of no consequence; all three are correct and perhaps the prettiest and simplest thing of all, is to have the wee, curly head decked with a wreath of fresh flowers to correspond with those in her basket. Sometimes the small girl's dress is a quaint replica of the bride's own gown, and then again it is a Kate Greenaway frock, dainty and quaint to a degree.

Patterns can be obtained at your local McCall dealer, or from The McCall Company, Department "W," 70 Bond St., Toronto, Ont.

HEALTH

To Prevent Gall-Stones.

Of course the primary cause of gall-stones is inflammation of the lining of the bile ducts in the liver or the lining of the gall-sac. This inflammation is probably always produced by infection, the typhoid bacillus and its first cousin, the colon bacilus, being notorious factors of such inflammation. Often indeed, living typhoid bacilli are demonstrated in the centre of a gall-stone 10 or 15 years after the attack of typhoid fever.

Stones form in this way: A clump of germs irritates the mucous lining and causes the secretion of excessive mucus, which adheres to the clump of germs, forming a foreign body in the gal sac or the ducts. Cholesterin, a crystalline substance of the bile, is deposited upon the nidus in concentric layers. So the stone grows, sometimes to the size of sand grains, bird-shot or peas, sometimes as big as chestnuts, sometimes one large stone filling the gall-sac, perhaps as large as a pigeon's egg.

Certainly moderation in eating—eating only enough to maintain a normal weight for one's height, age and sex, or less than enough to maintain an excessive weight (most gall-stone victims are over-weight) is a preventive measure in persons inclined to gall-sac trouble.

Less meat, or meat broths and more vegetables, cereals and fresh fruit.

One with gall-sac trouble should keep the bowels regular, not by physic, but by diet, exercise and, habit.

Salines, either in the form of natural spring waters or the various saline cathartics of the druggist, are good for occasional use, not to regulate the bowels, but to reduce engorgement of the portal (liver) area. Sufficient should be taken, preferably early in the morning, to produce a few watery evacuations.

But abstemious habits of eating, free water drinking, and open air walking are the three best-known preventative remedies against gall-stones.

Sound Advice.

When you reach the sixties, take care, and you'll reach the seventies. Increase your care and you will glide happily into the eighties.

At the age of sixty at the latest, you must form fresh habits, for great changes then take place in the body. There is a loss of weight; the bones become fragile; no fresh blood-cells are formed, and the tissues waste away. There is, too, a great decrease of digestive power. You must eat less, because the worn human machine is not capable of consuming so much fuel. Food is the body's fuel. You must greatly decrease your consumption of meat, and let milk in the form of puddings, soup, etc., form a large part of your diet.

Moderation must be your motto. You must eat slowly, and masticate your food thoroughly. If you are toothless, it is worth ten years of your life to renew them artificially. Go to the dentist. Touch nothing which is hard to digest, and avoid pastry and all spiced dishes. Keep placid; never get excited or angry. Sleep eleven hours, and take an afternoon nap. Seek the fresh air; take unfatiguing exercise, but 'ware draughts.

The above are the golden rules which guarantee a good old age.

Bob—"That boy of yours is a fine, tall lad, Jack, you should be proud of him." Jack—"I ain't though." Bob—"No! How's that?" Jack—"Why, he is eight inches taller than I am, and his mother insists on cutting his trousers down to fit me."

For the next thirty days we expect all our customers to march right in and inspect our new Spring Stock. Come early and get first choice.

We have on exhibition one special Wardrobe Trunk, price **$20.00.**

We still have a number of Ladies' Boots and Shoes, at **$1.00** per pair. Sizes 2½ to 3½.

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	P.M.	P.M.
Leave		
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West Huntingdon	1 00	† 08
Ivanhoe	1 16	† 24
Crookston	1 25	† 30
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THE

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A. H. WATSON, Proprietor

MADOC, MARCH 9, 1916

The origin of the present war, according to diplomatic's documents, was due to, 1st, to the demographic, economic and ethnic conditions which for some time have been multiplying among the peoples of Europe; 2nd, the precarious state of the Austro-Hungarian Empire; 3rd, the development of the Balkan peoples, and, lastly and principally, to the clearer self-consciousness to which certain nationalities were awakening.

But causes cannot act by themselves. Their effect is only through the will of man. When war breaks out it is because some State or States wishes war and that State must bear the responsibity. The condition of European affairs has been, for the last ten years, very serious, but men desirous of peace have succeeded in averting war. If now war has taken place it is because men who were in favor of peace have changed their opinion. The question arises as to which nation wished for war and what was the reason for preferring it.

To fix the responsibility for the present crisis there must be an examination of the several collections of diplomatic documents emanating from the different governments. There are five collections of this kind; the Russian book, known as the Orange Book (O.B.), the French Book or Yellow Book (Y.B.), the Belgian Book or Grey Book (G.B.), the German Book or White Book (W.B.), and the book published by the British Government under the title Correspondence respecting the European Crisis (B.Cor.). According to the German book Russia is responsible for the war and this allegation has been widely circulated.

On the 28th of June, 1914, at Serajevo the Archduke Francis Ferdinand, heir to the throne of Austria-Hungary, and his wife, the Duchess of Hohenberg, were assassinated. This double crime was the starting point of the war.

Austria believed that this was the work of conspirators protesting against the annexation of Bosnia and Herzegoeria and intended to prepare the way for the reunion of these provinces with Servia. The Austrian government took it for granted that the Serajevo assassinations had been planned in Belgrade and demanded that the Servian government should take such steps that no State could submit to without sacrificing its entire independence. The very tone of the note seemed intended to offend Servia and to make submission more difficult. To make known her reply to Austria's demands Servia was given 48 hours. There was no time given for the diplomatists of the Triple Entente to intervene between the two adversaries.

War was desired by Austria and this moment was considered favorable. As we shall be obliged to accept the struggle one day, let us provoke it at once.

Now war with Servia was the open door to a European war. There was an opinion that it was necessary to act before Russia had completed great improvements in her army and her railways, and before France had brought her military organization to perfection.

The Austrian ultimatum was known to Germany. It is known to be a fact that the German Ambassador knew the text of the Austrian ultimatum to Servia before it was despatched, and telegraphed it to the German Emperor. It is also known that a measure preparatory to mobilisation which consists in informing men and officers in the reserve to hold themselves ready in case of a speedy call to arms had been issued July 21, 1914. At this date Servia had not yet received Austria's ultimatum and it was only made kuown to the Powers on the 24th.

In the German White Book the official writer states that "The Imperial and Royal Government made known to us its view of the Serajevo outrage and asked our opinion. From the bottom of our heart we were able to tell our ally that we agreed entirely with him in his way of viewing the situation, and to assure him that any action that he should consider necessary to put an end to the movement directed in Servia against the existence of the monarchy would have our approbation." Public opinion in Berlin was as much inclined to war as was public opinion in Vienna. All the newspapers welcome with the greatest sympathy the energetic tone adopted by Austria, even those who recognize the impossibility of Servia's accepting the terms demanded.

A person of importance in Germany told M. Canibon confidentially that it was feared here that Servia might accept the entire Austrian note. Germany herself had from the beginning a clearer consciousness of the risks to which she was exposing Europe; whereas in Austria it seems to have been thought that Russia would not take up arms in the interests of Servia. On the 28th of July, in a confidential note, the German Chancellor warned the Confederate Governments that if Russia intervened in favor of Servia, a European war would be the result.

From this moment Germany, although not directly interested in the question, comes to the front, and her attitude is distinctly uncompromising and even threatening. She refused Russia the right of intervention. She stated that any intervention by another Power would have incalculable consequences by bringing the Alliances into play. This was equivalent to refusing to Russia the right of intervention. Now everyone knew very well that it was morally and politically impossible for Russia to stand completely aside. The great Russia, the natural and traditional protector of Slav communities, could not leave little Servia defenceless. Besides Russia herself had vital interests at stake; for Servia, once vanquished, would become an Austrian vassal, and that would mean the equilibrium of the Balkans upset for the profit of Austria. The question as put by Germany might be expressed thus: either the weakening of Russia's prestige and her humiliation, or war.

Sir E. Grey, speaking of the ultimatum, says: "I have never before seen one State address to another independent State a document of so formidable a character. Even Italy, though she was the ally of Austria and Germany, made it known that she would probably not have approved of the Austrian note, had it been communicated to her before its publication, and she declined all responsibility in the course taken by Austria. Under these conditions, had Russia really wished for war as Germany has since accused her of doing, she had only to let events follow their course. On the contrary, M. Sazonoff immediately announced that he was resolved to try every means to stop the conflict. He acted as he spoke and not only France but England and Italy joined him in his efforts.

(To be continued)

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High School "At Home"

The Literary Society of the Madoc High School held their annual "At Home" in the Armouries on Friday evening, March 3rd. Between three hundred and fifty and four hundred people took this opportunity of showing their interest in the High School. After the promenade cards had been filled the Chairman of the School Board, Mr. A. Kincaid, gave a very interesting address, which was appreciated by all. Two very interesting numbers on the program were the drills by the girls of the Thurd and Second Forms. These drills are part of the regular school work. The Third Form drill is taught by Miss Hanna and the Second Form drill by Miss Gillard. The pupils of the school also contributed two choruses, "I love you, Canada," and "Do Your Bit." Dr. MacTavish gave an interesting and instructive address on "What the Present Day Secondary Education owes to Hannah Moore." Everyone enjoyed the promenading, which was participated in by young and old alike. About eleven o'clock refreshments were served, which concluded the evening's program. Altogether it was a very successful affair.

The Scotch minister rose and cleared his throat but remained silent, while the congregation awaited the sermon in puzzled expectancy. At last he spoke:

"There's a laddie awa' there in the gallery a kissin' a lassie," he said "When he's done ah'll begin."

Attention

I beg to inform the people of Madoc and vicinity that I have taken over the business lately owned by Mr. W. N. Donaldson, and am prepared to do cleaning and pressing, repairing, dyeing, dry cleaning and the remodeling of garments for ladies and gentlemen. A trial order solicited.

9-4 MISS BAKER.

WOMAN 81 YEARS OLD

Made Strong By Vinol

Greenville, S. C.,—"I want others to know of the great benefit I have derived from Vinol. I am 81 years old and Vinol has given me strength, a healthy appetite and overcame nervousness. It is the best tonic reconstructor I ever used." —Mrs. M. A. HUTCHISON.

Vinol is a delicious cod liver and iron tonic without oil, guaranteed to overcome run down, weak, devitalized conditions and for chronic coughs and colds.

J. Will Vince, Druggist. Madoc.

Homeseekers Excursions

Every Tuesday, March to October "All Rail"

Every Wednesday During Season Navigation "Great Lakes Route"

Somewhere out on the prairies where last year Canada's Greatest Wheat Crop was produced there is a home waiting for you. The

CANADIAN PACIFIC

will take you there, give you all the information about the best places, and help you to success.

Particulars from any Canadian Pacific Ticket Agent, or write W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

Serial MOVING PICTURE

Biggest ever filmed, staring Lottie Sexsmith, with an all star cast playing all the large cities in Canada and United States. These pictures are secured for the

MADOC PICTURE SHOW

at a great cost but nothing is too good for the people of Madoc. The Managers of the Masonic Hall Picture Show will spare no expense to give the public a good picture.

See the Serial of "Diamond's from the Sky"

Wed'day Night, Masonic Hall

Other Pictures Every Night.

PRICES: 5C. & 10C.

BROOKS & HILL

Managers

Some of the Leading Features

in the Policies of

The Policy Holders Mutual Life Ins. Co.

of Canada.

Head Office - - Temple Building, Toronto

No Other Policy Nearly So Good

1 Premium rate from 10 to 25 per cent. lower than any other company in Canada for the same class of Policy.
2 Our Guaranteed Loan or Surrender Values are as good as the best.
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4 Every policyholder has the privilege of a thorough medical examination every year at the Company's expense.
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6 This is a strong mutual Company, with all the security of full Government Reserve, one vote in the management of your Company with every $1,000 of insurance.
7 Premiums may be paid yearly, half-yearly, quarterly or even monthly, at your convenience, without consulting the Company.
8 Free insurance for face value of Policy, for a specific term of years after the third year in force, if you are sick or are unable to pay premium, etc., etc.

A. H. Watson, Madoc, Local Agent

SMOKERS, ATTENTION!

You will find our stock of

Case Pipes, Cigars and Tobaccos

The Best we have ever had. Now is the time to buy.

See Our Cigars and Pipes.

VANDERVOORT'S BARBER SHOP

Vandervoort Bros

General Merchants

Dealers in Flour and Feed, all kinds of Provisions, Pork and Beef, Butter and Eggs and Beef Hides.

All kinds of Farm Produce bought and sold.

Mail orders filled on short notice

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Phone 60r2, Eldorado Ontario

Saturday Specials AT HARRIS' STORE

Fish

SALMON	3 cans	25c
(6 only to a customer)		
SARDINES	6 boxes	25c
(6 only to a customer)		
HALIBUT	per lb.	12½c
SALMON	the best	12½c
HERRINGS	frozen	5c
HERRINGS	in brine	5c

WORKING BOOTS - $2.25
Extra good values

WORKING BOOTS - $1.90
Full stock—Buff—bought before the great advance.

PROSPECTOR'S BOOTS - $4.65
In Black or Tan, regular $6.00 goods, 11 inches high.

DRESS BOOTS - $2.75
In Black or Tan, full stock. Cannot be had elsewhere for less than $4.00.

GRANULATED SUGAR The Best - - - per brl. $7.00

Sugar is $7.14 by the carload today.
We offer you the benefit of early buying.

BEN. E. HARRIS

BIG BOOT SALE

100 pairs Men's and Boy's Boots go on sale Thursday morning at BIG REDUCTIONS to make room for New Spring Goods.

Men's Fine Boots, regular $2.75 for - - $2.20
Men's Fine Boots, regular $3.50 for - - $2.75
Men's Fine Boots, regular $4.00 for - - $3.20
Men's Fine Boots, regular $4.50 and $5.00 for - $3.75

MEN'S WORK BOOTS, REGULAR PRICE $2.75, ON SALE FOR - - **$2.35**

MEN'S WORK BOOTS, REGULAR PRICE $3.50, ON SALE FOR - - **$2.75**

Sale Only to Last 10 Days

STRICTLY CASH

GEORGE WEST

Vinol

FOR SALE ONLY AT

Vince's Popular Drug Store, Madoc

How Can YOU Cheer

For the Boys When They Come Home

If You Sit on The Fence And Let Them

Fight Your Battles

For You

Join the 155th Battalion

Lieut.Col. M. K. Adams, Commanding.

Apply to

Capt. W. S. Harper, Medical Officer, or Lieut. E. S. Webb, Armoury, Madoc.

GOD SAVE THE KING

CREAM

We want yours, winter and summer.

We pay express and furnish cans. Profitable Prices promptly paid

References : The Molson's Bank, Belleville.
Our Satisfied Patrons Everywhere.

Write us.

BELLEVILLE CREAMERY, L'td.

Belleville, Ont.

9-3m

Attention Customers !

Did you ever stop to consider that you can save money by buying your Clocks, Watches and Jewelry from me.

Engraving done free on all goods bought from this store.

Watch and Clock repairing done promptly and satisfaction guaranteed.

Thos. Tucker,

Jeweler and Optician.

Automolite SKATES

"It's something for a boy to own skates made of hard Automobile steel—Light, bright, keen-edged, and guaranteed not to break.

Ounces Lighter—Tons Stronger.

Tube Model Automobile		$5.00
Model "D"	"	$6.00
" "C"	"	$5.00
" "B"	"	$4.00
" "A"	"	$3.00
Ladies' "Auto"	-	$2.50
Cycle "25"	- -	$2.00
Ladies' "Cycle"	-	$2.00
Ladies' "Pleasure"	-	$1.50
"Artic Special"	-	$1.50
"Yukon"	- -	$1.50

M.W. Connor & Son

VIRGINIA FARMER

Restored To Health By Vinol

Atlee, Va. — I was weak, run-down, no appetite, my blood was poor, I could not sleep nights and was rapidly losing flesh, but I am a farmer and had to work. Medicines had failed to help me until I took Vinol. After taking three bottles my appetite is fine, I sleep well, my blood is good and I am well again." —ORLANDO W. BORKEY.

Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron tonic without oil, is guaranteed to overcome weak, run-down conditions, chronic coughs, colds and bronchitis.

J. Will Vince, Druggist, Madoc.

To the Public

We Sell Parisian Sage, and we Know the Guarantee is Genuine

PARISIAN SAGE, the quick-acting hair restorer, is guaranteed—

To stop falling hair,
To cure dandruff,
To cure itching of the scalp,
To put life into faded hair,
To make harsh hair soft and luxuriant,
To make hair grow, or money back.

It is the most delightful hair dressing made, and is a great favorite with ladies who desire beautiful and luxuriant hair. Large bottle only 50 cents.

Rierdon's Red Cross Drug Store

Announcement

Queensboro Patriotic League have secured

A Treat for You

Come to Queensboro Thursday night

March the 16th

and hear Col. Adams and Lieut. Sanford tell their experience on the battlefields of France. Lieut. Webb and other soldiers will be present.

Patriotic Music and Recitations, etc.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, program at 8.

Be sure and come and help the Women's Patriotic League.

9-2 MRS. T. H. SQUIRE, Secty.

A surgeon in Belgium says if it were possible to bring home to the people of Britain one-hundredth part of what he saw with his own eyes, stringent laws would have to be passed to stop men and women from enlisting, no man who deserved the name of man, and no woman who deserved to be the mother of a child would rest day or night till the earth had been freed from the fiends who have ravaged Belgium and made the name of German vile.

HOME NEWS GOSSIP CHAT

Miss Kathleen White, of Peterboro, spent the week-end in town with friends.

—Several Barrels splendid Apples at Harris' Corner Store.

Mr. and Mrs. Wise, of Cloyne, have been the guests of the former's sister, Mrs. P. A. Wickware.

—Nice Sweet Cider at Harris' Store.

Mrs. Barrowmon and little daughters, Chalmers and Agnes, of Toronto, are guests of the former's sister, Mrs. E. Remion.

—Missionary Entertainment at Hazzard's Corners on Tuesday, March 14. Suitable program. You can't be patriotic unless you are missionary. 10-1

A good supply of Institute yarn at M.W. Connor & Son's hardware store. The soldiers need socks and knitters are wanted.

—Royalite Oil, 20c gal. delivered to any part of town. G. A. Rollins.

The Bazaar given by the W.M.S. of the Methodist church on Saturday last was a decided success. The proceeds amounted to $65.16.

—Flower Pots, 5c, 7c, 8c and 10c. at G. A. Rollins'.

Mrs. R. P. Wellman, of Latta, is a guest at the home of her father, Mr. Geo. Huffman. Mr. Wellman spent Sunday in town.

—Fresh Pork Sausage, Wednesday and Saturday, at Harris' Store.

Ted Hill is now in the Canadian Hospital in France with nervous shock as a consequence of five months campaigning in the trenches.

—The March meeting of the Women's Institute will be held on Friday, 10th inst., at the home of Mrs. Chas. Whytock. A good attendance is requested.

The Ayrshire Breeders of this district are holding a friendly meeting in the Department of Agriculture Rooms at Stirling on Saturday forenoon, Mar. 11th, to which all are cordially invited.

—Get photographed at Ludbrook Studio.

The Methodist Church Epworth League drove in force to Beulah Church on Tuesday, and spent a most enjoyable evening in games and songs. The visitors furnished the program.

—I am prepared to do custom sawing at Downey's Rapids Mills. Parties from a distance can take their lumber home. Bring along your logs. WM. STORRING. 10-3

Bancroft Times :—Mr. W. S. Ludbrook left yesterday to take over his new business at Madoc, and The Times extends best wishes for his success. Mrs. Ludbrook and children will remain here for about a month.

—Grape Fruit 5c. each, Valencia Oranges 18c. per dozen at Harris' Corner Store.

—A very large crowd is expected at the March 17th Supper and the M. W. P.L. will be most grateful for contributions of cold meat, pie, cake, etc. Let us give the boys of the 155th a rattling good supper. 10-2

—The Ludbrook Shoe Store and Studio, formerly owned by Leslie Morrice, has been re-opened. In order to introduce the new management we are offering real bargains of 25% from original price to our future customers whom we will be pleased to meet personally. We will greatly appreciate your patronage and grant to you a perfect fitting shoe and satisfaction in every line or money refunded. We extend a welcome to the many past customers of this business and desire your future patronage. Call and see us now.

Madoc Women's Patriotic League

The Women of the Madoc Women's Patriotic League will be glad to know that the short month of February has been their banner month in knitting and the largest number of socks were knit in that month since the Society was formed. These were shipped on March 6th with 63 from Queensboro Patriotic League. Full shipment consisted of 63 pairs of socks, 54 helpless socks, 126 bandages, value $89.80, from Queensboro Patriotic League, and 111 pairs socks, 22 surgical shirts, 2 pair bed socks, 33 bandages, value $113, from Madoc Women's Patriotic League.

Successful Entertainment

The three-act comedy, entitled "Ferguson of Troy," presented in the Masonic Hall by Queensboro Dramatic Club, under the auspices of the Madoc Chapter of the Daughters of the Empire, drew a large attendance. Although the house was not full, the attendance was very gratifying to the promoters as the weather was about the roughest we have experienced this season. The production created much amusement, the audience being frequently convulsed with laughter. The proceeds are to be used for Patriotic purposes. This is the third play produced by the Queensboro Society and the second one staged in Madoc. In common with the preceding plays that on Monday night showed conscientious preparation and the Queensboro people are to be congratulated on their achievements.

In the Military Circle

155th Battalion, C.E.F.

The following recruits have joined the local detachment the past week : C. A. Woods, A. R. Campbell, I. Osborne, R. Alexander, R. Brady.

Pte. C. R. Watson has been transferred from the 80th Battalion to the 155th Battalion and is now attached to the local detachment.

Pte. C. Deline has been transferred from Madoc to "A" Co., Belleville.

Ptes. A. W. Paget and G. Holland left on Tuesday to join the Machine Gun Section of the 155th.

Pte. C. Donaldson has been transferred to Battalion Headquarters where he will be employed in the pay office.

Lieut. Webb spent the week-end in Toronto where he purchased instruments for the Bugle Band which is being organized in connection with the Madoc detachment.

Sgts. G. Bassett, L. Bassett, H. Pitts and C. Gunn have returned from the School of Instruction, Kingston.

Tuesday evening in the Armouries the Citizens' Baseball Team presented Lieut. Webb with a purse of $21 to be applied to the Bugle Band of the Company.

Two matches were pulled off at the Armouries Tuesday evening. The Farmers' Team defeated the Soldiers by a score of 12 to 10, and the High School defeated the Business Men by a score of 24 to 17.

Near Fatality at Picture Theatre

The accident in the Masonic Hall on Saturday night, although not resulting in injuries to any of the patrons of the Picture Show, was a narrow escape for many and serves as a warning to the public of the dangers that threaten the frequenters of such places when the management neglects taking proper precautions for the safety of their patrons and carries on their business in direct violation of the regulations governing such places of entertainment. The accident was the result of the use of a transformer too small, which, overcharged, burned itself out. The Reeve, when interviewed, stated that he had examined this transformer and that it appeared to be 1000-watt type, capable of carrying a maximum load of 2000 watts for a limited length of time. The Reeve also stated that the charts at the substation showed that the motion picture machine was consuming a little over 5000 watts—or that the transformer was carrying five times its normal load. This was gross negligence on the part of the management who thus endangered the lives of two or three hundred citizens, many of them children under fifteen years of age. Surely, Mr. Hill, who claims to be competent to operate this business, knew that an accident sooner or later was inevitable. Many children, unaccompanied by adults, were present although The Theatres and Cinematographs Act states : "A child under the age of fifteen, unaccompanied by an adult, shall not be permitted to attend an exhibition by cinematograph, moving picture machine or other similar apparatus for admission to which a fee is charged." When the electric current failed as a result of the burning out of the transformer the theatre was in darkness and the audience were forced to find exit without any lights whatsoever to guide them. Section 28 of the Act reads : "All exits shall be marked with the word "Exit" in letters not less than six inches long lighted by a red light on a different system from that for the main lighting of the building." The lighting of the exits is on the village electric system, which is also used for the rest of the building. Section 32 of the same Act reads : "All halls, aisles, passageways, emergency exits, stairways or proaches shall be kept free and unobstructed. * * * When chairs are used either they must be battened together and fastened to the floor or in such a manner as to prevent them from being upset." One, at least, of these exits was blocked by chairs, no aisle being left at all. The main aisle was partly blocked where chairs had been moved out into it. Chairs are used and are not fastened together, to the floor or in any manner whatsoever and may be freely moved about. When the rush for the door began chairs were overturned and pushed here and there entirely blocking all aisles, thus hindering the escape of a large number of the spectators. Notwithstanding the fact that there is a rumor to the effect that the theatre had been inspected by two inspectors we consider that it is the duty of the Chief of Police or the person who assumes the duties of that officer to see that the frequenters of these places are protected and the interests of the town safeguarded ; otherwise, in case of an accident such as might easily have occurred last Saturday night an action or actions for damages might be brought against the village.

MARRIED

TUFTS—IRWIN. — Mr. Harford Tufts and Miss Kathleen Isabel Irwin were united in the holy bonds of wedlock Wednesday, March 1, at the home of Mrs. James Irwin Rimington.

—BUTTER PAPER Vegetable Parchment, in sizes for rolls or pound printr. THE REVIEW Office.

After An Illness

you should take a tonic which will give you new blood, new energy, one which will rebuild your body tissues. You need

NYAL'S NUTRITIVE HYPOPHOSPHITES

Will strengthen your nervous system, give new life to weakened tissues and will make bodies weakened by protracted illness strong in a short space of time. Exceptionally good in cases of overwork of any kind or as a tonic and builder for tired and run-down women.

A Large Bottle, Price $1.00

RIERDON'S Red Cross Drug Store

PHONE 73

Successor to T. G. Whitfield.

Up-to-Date Machine Shop

Having one of the most complete and up-to-date Machine Shops in Hastings County, I am now prepared to do machine work of all description, such as repairing Sawing Machines, Gasoline Engines, Threshing Outfits, Threading Bolts, Pipes, etc., and in fact anything that needs expert workmanship and aup-to-the-minute machinery.

Give Us A Call And Be Convinced

We also cater to the Autoists and have a full line of Auto Accessories on hand. Our Bowser Gasoline Tank is always ready to supply your wants.

AGENCY FOR THE McLAUGHLIN MOTOR CAR

P. H. NAYLER

Machine Shop and Garage Phone 88 Opposite Blue's Hotel, Madoc

Don't Take Chances When You Go Picture Hunting

There is only one genuine Kodak Film, and that is

EASTMAN N. C. FILM

The trade mark "Kodak" on the spool end identifies the genuine.

We carry a full line of Kodaks and supplies.

Geo. F. Maybee

Jeweler and Optician

I Have a Full Line of

Fruits

Apples

Pineapples

Cranberries

Oranges

Lemons

Figs

Dates

Evaporated Apples

Prunes, etc.

A. McBAIN

McINTOSH BROS

GREAT

WHITEWEAR SALE

TO-DAY and FOLLOWING DAYS

This is a Whitewear Sale that will be to your interest to attend. You can save one-third on your Whitewear Wants by purchasing now.

Nightgown

Reg. 75c Gowns, sale price 50c
$1 to $1.25 Gowns, sale price 75c
$1.50 to $1.75 Gowns, price 97c

Underskirts

Priced exceedingly low.
$1 to $1.25 Underskirts, for 75c
$1.50 Underskirts, sale price 97c

Corset Covers

We are showing extremely good values. Prices from 15c to 97c.

Ladies' Fine Drawers

$1 to $1.25 Drawers, trimmed with deep frill embroidery 69c
Children's Drawers, extra good quality, sale price, per pair 15c

The New Materials

They are now in and on display. Especially would we mention the New Summer Dress Goods. Your inspection is invited.

Auction Sale

A Public Auction Sale will be held on the premises of John McCaffrey, lot 7, concession 9, Madoc township, on Tuesday, March 14th, selling 15 Grade Durham Cows, weighing 1400 and under, and one span of matched black Mares, ages 9 and 10 years. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock. 9-2

—New stock of Wedding Stationery and Wedding Cake Boxes just arrived. Prices reasonable. Review Office.

W. G. SILLS

MADOC

SOLE AGENT FOR

Heintzman Pianos

New Scale Williams Pianos and Edison Phonographs.

Will Sell

Sheet Music.

REPLACES PARTS OF FACES DESTROYED BY WOUNDS IN WAR

Mouths, Jaws and Even Eyelids Made to Move Naturally by British Sculptor

A despatch from London says: Derwent Wood, the distinguished British sculptor, who enlisted as a private in the army medical corps at the beginning of the war, is now turning his talent to a unique use. All his leisure time is at present employed in replacing the parts of men's faces destroyed by wounds in battle. These include mouths, jaws and even eyelids, all of which he has made to move naturally.

He has just finished remaking a nose for a soldier whose nose was blown away below the bridge. His addition, which he prepared of electrically treated metal, is so perfect that where it is joined is absolutely imperceptibe, and the patient has regained his sense of smell.

Wood is now giving up most of his time to this work, and is able to treat ten cases daily. Surgeons who never thought that a sculptor's art could be adapted to this work are now absolutely amazed at the remarkable results Wood has obtained.

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Feb. 29.—Manitoba wheat—New crop, No. 1 Northern, $1.20⅛; No. 2, do., $1.18; No. 3, do., $1.15½, in store, Fort William.

Manitoba oats—No. 2, C.W., 42⅞c; No. 3, do., 40⅞c; extra No. 1 feed 40⅞c; No. 1 feed, 39⅝c., in store, Fort william.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, 82¼c, track Toronto.

Canadian corn—Feed 74 to 75c, track, Toronto.

Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 43 to 44c; commercial, 42 to 43c, according to freight outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, car lot, $1.08 to $1.10; wheat slightly sprouted and tough, according to sample, $1.03 to $1.05; wheat sprouted, smutty and tough, according to sample, 98 to $1.02; feed wheat, 85 to 90c, according to freights outside.

Peas—No. 2, $1.70; according to sample, $1.25 to $1.50, according to freights outside.

Barley—Malting, 64 to 66c; feed, 57 to 60c, according to freight outside.

Buckwheat—74 to 75c, according to freights outside.

Rye—No. 1 commercial, 90 to 91c; rejected, according to sample, 83 to 85c, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, $7; second patents, $6.50; strong bakers, in jute bags, 6.30, Toronto.

Ontario flour—Winter, according to sample, $4.60 to $4.70, track, Toronto; $4.60 to $4.70, bulk, seaboard, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights—Bran, per ton, $25; shorts, per ton, $26; middlings, per ton, $27; good feed flour, per bag, $1.75 to $1.85.

Country Produce.

Butter—Fresh dairy, 27 to 30; inferior, 23 to 25c; creamery prints, 34 to 36c; solids, 32 to 31c.

Eggs—Storage, 25 to 26c per doz; selects, 27 to 28c; new-laid, 30 to 31c, case lots.

Honey—Price, in 10 to 60-lb. tins, 12½ to 13c. Comb—No. 1, $2.75 to $3; No. 2, $2.25 to $2.40.

Beans—$4.20 to $4.40.

Poultry—Spring chickens, 17 to 20c; fowls, 15 to 16c; ducks, 17 to 20c; geese, 15 to 19c; turkeys, 23 to 27c.

Cheese—Large, 19c; twins, 19¼c.

Potatoes—Car lots of Ontario quoted at $1.70 to $1.75, and New Brunswicks at $1.80 to $1.90 per bag, on track.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Feb. 29.—Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 86 to 87c. Oats—Canadian western, No. 2 53½c; do., No. 3, 51½c; No. 2 local white, 48½c; No. 3 do., 47½c; No. 4 do., 46½c. Barley—Man. feed, 62 to 63c; malting, 76 to 78c. Buckwheat—No. 2, 80 to 82c. Flour—Man. Spring wheat patents, firsts, $7.10; seconds, $6.60; strong bakers', $6.40; straight rollers, $5.90 to $6.00; straight rollers, bags, $2.80 to $2.90. Roller oats, barrels, $5.35; do., bags, 90 lbs, $2.55 to $2.60. Bran, $23.50 to $24.00. Shorts, $26. Middlings, $28 to $30. Mouillie, $31 to $33. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, $20 to $20.50. Cheese—Finest westerns, 18¾ to 19c; finest easterns, 18¼ to 18½c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 33⅝ to 34½c; seconds, 31½ to 32½c. Eggs—Fresh, 30 to 32c; selected, 26 to 27c; No. 1 stock, 24 to 25c; No. 2 stock, 21 to 22c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, $1.80 to $1.85.

Winnipeg Grain.

Winnipeg, Feb. 29.—Cash: No. 1 Northern, $1.20; No. 2 Northern, $1.75½; No. 3 Northern, $1.15; No. 4, $1.11¼; No. 5, $1.03¾; No. 6, 97¾c; feed, 91¾c. Oats—No. 2 C.W., 42⅝c, No. 3 C.W., 40⅝c; extra No. 1 feed, 40⅝c; No. 1 feed, 38⅞c; No. 2 feed, 37⅝c. Barley—No. 3, 65c; No. 4, 59c; feed, 54c: Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., $2.06¾; No. 2 C.W., $2.03¾.

United States Markets.

Minneapolis, Feb. 29.—Wheat—May, $1.21⅝ to $1.21½; July, $1.20¾ to $1.20⅞; No. 1 hard, $1.26½; No. 1 Northern, $1.22 to $1.24½; No. 2 Northern, $1.18½ to $1.22½. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 76 to 77c. Oats—No. 3, white, 43½ to 43¾c. Flour—Fancy patents 20c lower, $6.70; first clears 20c lower, $5.00; other grades unchanged. Shipments, 64,357 barrels. Bran, $19.00 to $21.00.

Duluth, Feb. 29.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.23⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.21⅞ to $1.23⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.18⅞ to $1.20⅞. Linseed, $2.31; May, $2.33; July, $2.33.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, Feb 29.—Choice heavy steers, $7.65 to $7.75; Butcher steers, choice $7.25 to $7.50; do., good, $7.00 to $7.20; do., medium, $6.60 to $7.10; do., common, $5.50 to $5.60; Heifers, good to choice, $7.25 to $7.50; do., medium, $6.50 to $6.75; Butcher cows, choice, $6.50 to $6.85; do., good, $5.75 to $6.75; Butcher bulls, choice, $6.00 to $7.00; do., good bulls, $5.50 to $6.00; do., medium, $5.00 to $5.50; do., rough bologna, $4.40 to $4.50; Feeders, 900 to 1,000 lbs, $6.40 to $6.80; do., bulls, $4.50 to $5.50; Stockers, 700 to 800 lbs. $6.00 to $6.50; do., med., 650 to 750 lbs., $5.75 to $6.00; do., light, 500 to 650 lbs., $5.00 to $5.50; Canners, $3.50 to $4.25; Cutters, $4.25 to $4.50; Milkers, choice, each $60.00 to $85.00; Springers, $60.00 to $85.00; Calves, veal, choice, $9.00 to $11.00; do., medium, $7.00 to $8.00; do., common $5.50 to $6.00; Lambs, yearlings, $7.00 to $8.00; Culled lambs, $7.00 to $7.25; Spring lambs, $10.00 to $12.50; Ewes, light, $7.50 to $9.00; Sheep, heavy, and bucks, $6.50 to $8.00; Hogs, fed and watered, $9.75; do., f.o.b. $9.40; do., weighed at plant, $10.15.

Montreal, Feb. 29.—Butcher steers, best, $7 to $7.50; good, $6.50 to $7; fair, $6 to $6.50; medium, $5.75 to $6; butcher bulls, best $5.75 to $6.25; medium, $5.25 to $5.75; canners, $4 to $5; butcher cows, best, $6.25; good $6; fair, $5.75; rough, $4.25 to $5.30; canners, $3 to $3.50. Sheep, 5c to 7; lambs, 8c to 9½. Hogs, selects, $10 to $10.50; roughs and mixed lots, $9.25 to $9.50; common, $9; cows, $7.50. to $7.75. Calves, milk-fed, 8c to 9½c; grass-fed, 4½c to 5½c.

FOE BANKS IN TROUBLE.

Financial Pinch is Affecting Some Big German Institutions.

A despatch from the London Daily Express correspondent in Geneva says: "A banker who has just returned here after spending several months in Germany tells me that the principal banks in the chief towns on the Rhine, and also in Munich and Dresden, are in serious financial difficulties and some big crashes may be expected within the next three months. The losses involved will be at least £180,000,000," the banker added, "and if the war continued another nine months Germany would be ruined financially."

Germany Loses Thirty Zepps.

A despatch rom Copenhagen to the Exchange Telegram Company, London, asserts that Germany has lost thirty Zeppelins since the war began, and that she now has sixty.

BRITISH MINISTERS' SALARIES TO BE PARTLY PAID IN BONDS

Premier Asquith Declines to Move That Members Receive No Salaries

A despatch from London says: In response to strong agitation by the newspapers to set the country an example of economy, preferably by accepting reductions in their salaries, it is announced that the Ministers have agreed for the future to accept one-quarter of their salaries in the form of five per cent. Exchequer bonds. It is considered extremely probable that the whole body of the civil servants will be invited to accept a portion of their salaries in a similar form of Exchequer or war loan bonds.

In reply to an interrogation in the House of Commons, Premier Asquith declined to move that the members of Parliament should receive no salaries.

A Plucky Russian Nurse.

One of the party of Russian nurses who reached England recently on their way home to Russia from Nish, Serbia, where they had been nursing in the Serbian hospitals. They had many narrow escapes and it took them seventy-five days to get to London from Serbia.

OVER 90,000 CHEQUES MADE OUT

More Than a Third of Soldiers Assign Part of Their Pay.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The monthly payments of assigned pay or separation allowances to relatives or dependents of the men under arms now aggregate more than $2,000,000. More than 90,000 cheques are made out each month by the branch dealing with this part of the work. Over one-third of the soldiers who have enlisted are now giving part of their pay to friends or dependents at home, and about one-quarter of the total force, representing approximately the married men, are on the list for separation allowance. It is interesting to note that the proportion of the men who are assigning their pay is considerably larger among the recruits of the past few months than was the case with the men who went overseas at first. This is accounted for on the ground that a considerably larger proportion of the later recruits are Canadian-born, and have dependents or relatives in Canada. With the first and second contingents a large percentage was composed of unmarried men who were born in Great Britain and who had no family ties or dependents in this country.

GREAT BRITAIN ADMIRES FRENCH GALLANTRY.

Lord Mayor of London Sends Country's Recognition to President.

A despatch from London says: The Lord Mayor of London on Wednesday presented to the French Ambassador for conveyance to President Poincare an album containing an illuminated address and the seals of more than 450 municipalities in the United Kingdom. The address offered the respect and gratitude of the signatories to the French nation, sympathy for France in her sufferings and profound admiration of the gallantry of the French troops.

LORD DERBY IN CHARGE OF AIR SERVICE BOARD.

A despatch from London says: Lord Derby's acceptance of the chairmanship of a joint naval and military board of control of the British air service was announced in the House of Commons on Thursday afternoon by Premier Asquith. The position is not a salaried one.

TRADE OF DOMINION TAKES A BIG JUMP.

Ten Months Show an Increase of Nearly $300,000,000.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The total trade of Canada for the ten months ending with January was $989,359,000, compared with $714,465,000 in the same ten months of the preceding year. Imports totalled $394,094,000 and exports $595,265,000.

ESSEN BANK QUITS; KRUPP WORKERS LOSE.

A despatch from Zurich says: The Rheinische Bank at Essen has liquidated, according to reports received here. Hundreds of workmen in the Krupp Works have lost their savings.

DASH FROM KIEL EXPECTED ANY DAY

London Naval Expert Looks for an Early Battle in the North Sea.

A London cable to the New York Tribune says: "A high naval authority told the Tribune correspondent of a belief widely held in Admiralty circles that the German fleet may make a dash for the open sea at any time now, giving as a reason for this not only the pressure of political opinion in Germany, but the innumerable recent reports all pointing to the preparation of a combined German naval, aerial and military offensive, with the object of forcing peace and impressing neutrals. Vice-Admiral Reinhardt Scheer has been appointed commander of the German battle fleet in succession to Admiral von Pohl, who, after holding the position for a year, is retiring on account of ill-health."

GREATEST WAR BRAIN BRED SINCE NELSON.

London Papers Demand that Fisher Resume Naval Command.

A despatch from London says: The British Weekly, which recently suggested Lord Northcliffe as Air Defence Minister, now cries for Lord "Jacky" Fisher to resume the naval command, "lacking whom," says the Weekly, "England will lack the greatest war brain she has bred since Nelson. The greatest war ever waged has produced very few war brains. Only one man has beaten the Germans in brain power, and that man is Lord Fisher."

ECONOMY CAMPAIGN STARTS IN BRITAIN.

A despatch from London says: The National Organizing Committee on War Savings on Wednesday issued an appeal to all employers of domestic servants in large houses to drastically reduce their staffs and close part of their houses. The committee also urged that simpler meals be served, and that garden luxuries, especially from hot-houses, be sacrificed in order to save money and release domestic labor for more useful purposes.

BERLIN OFFERS PRIZES FOR NEW NAME OF CITY.

A despatch from Berlin, Ont., says: Canadians will have an opportunity of offering suggestions for the new name of this city. A public subscription is being raised, and liberal prizes will be offered for first, second and third choices. Suggestions will have to be accompanied by reasons why the name should be chosen, and the competition will be Dominion-wide. The judges will be named by the City Council.

WILL NOT USE NATIVES IN AFRICAN CAMPAIGN.

A despatch from London says: A suggestion was made in the House of Commons on Thursday that African natives of Zululand and Basutoland be permitted to volunteer for the campaign against German East Africa. This plan was rejected by Harold J. Tennant, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for War, who said he considered the enlistment of natives as undesirable and impracticable.

Airmen Bombard Station at Metz.

A despatch from Paris says: A squadron of French aeroplanes on Wednesday bombarded a railway station on the outskirts of Metz and a gas tank. A great fire was observed, the War Office reports. The announcement follows: "One of our airship squadrons bombarded with 45 projectiles, some of which were of large calibre, the Metz railway station at Sablon (on the southern outskirts of Metz), and a gas tank, in the region of which a great fire was observed."

An English Fighting Lord Rescued From the Sea.

Colonel Lord Montague of Beaulieu who is slowly recovering from the injuries and shock caused when the Persia was torpedoed and sunk by an enemy submarine, in the Mediterranean, has arrived back in England. He was in the water for 32 hours when picked up by a British steamer.

It's good for little girls, too

Everybody—young and old—loves the rich, delicious flavor of

EDWARDSBURG "Crown Brand" CORN SYRUP

It is a daily treat—the perfect sweet. Just what the children should have on Bread—costs far less than butter or preserves. Delicious with Hot Biscuits, and Batter Cakes. Gives a new delight to Baked Apples, Blanc-Mange and Puddings. Makes the best Candy you ever tasted.

"LILY WHITE" is a pure white Corn Syrup, not as pronounced in flavor as "Crown Brand". *Your Grocer has both Brands, in 2, 5, 10 and 20 pound tins—or can easily get them for you.*

The Canada Starch Co. Limited, Montreal

CANNOT TAKE ALBANIAN POSITIONS

Italians Have so Fortified Them as to Make Them Stand Any Attack.

A despatch from Rome says: The commander of the Italian troops at Avlona, in Albania, has declared that his positions are now so fortified as to be ready to stand any attack, and he is even able to take the offensive if necessary. His second in command has undertaken to instruct the Albanian troops according to the Italian system of warfare.

TURKS DESPISE GERMANS.

A Mahometan Is Disgusted at Their Cruelty.

"I resent imphatically the constant imputation that the Turks and the Germans are alike. We are above the Germans—the civilized world ought to recognize this fact—and our culture is superior to the German kultur," writes Hadji Avnoullah Mahdi Bey in "The New Armenia," published in New York. He calls the article "The Jenebet (Polluter) Germans." He continues:

"People call us the tools of the Germans, but it is the Germans who are our tools. We needed a powerful European ally for the triumph of our Moslem religion, and Germany was anxious to serve our purpose. They have served us in every capacity—they have furnished us with money ammunition, aeroplanes, submarines, battleships—but, nevertheless, we despise them.

"Another mark of inferiority of the Germans to us is manifested in their cruelty towar theird co-religionists. As long as the Germans are presumably Christians they have no right to murder the children of the Belgians and the French, to dishonor their women, or to bombard their cathedrals. No Mahometan would ever dishonor a Mohametan woman or intentionally destroy a mosque. Our Koran enjoins us to wage eternal war against giaours who say that God is Christ. But Germany has no right to act as though she were Mahometan.

"We must keep our alliance with Germany until our aims are attained. Accompany the devil until you have crossed the bridge! When this war is over and Islam triumphs, woe to the jenebet Germans! Then Germany will appreciate the meaning of the prayer that every pious Moslem has to repeat daily:

"'Oh, Allah! destroy the giaours, Thine enemies, the enemies of true religion. Oh, Allah! make their children orphans and defile their abodes; cause their feet to slip; give them and their women, their children and relatives, their brothers and their friends, their possessions and their race, as booty to the Moslems!'"

SITUATION CRITICAL IN TURK CAPITAL

London, Feb. 24.—An Athens despatch to The Morning Post says: "News from Constantinople represents the situation there as the most critical since the news of the fall of Erzerum has leaked out. The always latent dissatisfaction of the people with their Young Turk rulers is now assuming hourly more threatening proportions, both in the capital and the provinces, especially at Smyrna, where the populace is in almost open revolt. The popular anger is augmented by the great dearth of necessaries, due to the blockade and the stoppage of trade and industry. The leaders of the disaffection are Osman Pasha, Abdi Pasha and Suwat Pasha. Startling developments, it is asserted, may be confidently expected very shortly."

GREAT HEROISM OF ITALIAN AIRMAN

Wounded in Head and Blinded by Blood He Brings Dead Comrades Down.

A despatch from Rome says: Details now made public concerning the recent Italian air raid on Laibach reveal the heroism of Capt. Salomone, pilot of one of the Italian aeroplanes. On his return journey Capt. Salomone's machine was attacked by five Austrian Fokkers. He was severely wounded in the head and temporarily blinded by blood, while two other officers aboard the aeroplane, one of whom was Lieut.-Col. Barbieri, were killed outright. Despite the difficulty of steering, the bodies of his dead comrades having fallen over the levers Salomone refused to surrender. He succeeded in returning, and landed at Talmanova. Salomone is now recovering in a hospital. A medal has been awarded to him for valor.

YARNS MADE FROM PAPER PULP

Factory Spins Threads for Gas Mantles or Ships' Cables.

London has, no doubt, added many new industries to its list since the war began, but few, perhaps, of greater importance and fascinating interest than that of paper spinning and weaving.

I have had the opportunity of seeing some wonderful things in the way of yarns and textiles manufactured from paper pulp, and also of seeing a demonstration plant at work spinning threads of paper into twine fine enough for gas mantles and strong enough to hold a ship, writes a London correspondent.

This wonderland is to be found in Southwark and at the works of the Textilite Engineering Company, which is now supplying British-made machinery, made according to its patents, for the manufacture of every kind of thing imaginable which formerly was made of hemp and jute and flax.

"The things you see around you," said Mr. George Seaton Mills, the managing director of the company, "are new, and yet they are not new. What I mean is that the people of China in the days of Confucius, probably twisted a strip of paper in the fingers absent-mindedly and found it had remarkable tensile strength, but what we have done is to make that idea into a practical proposition.

"The Germans, with the faculty for imitation, have spun paper for years, but they never could spin it fast enough to make it pay. We now have found means of spinning the paper four or five times faster than the Germans and of producing the goods 4 per cent. cheaper.

"Mr. Mills then showed me around the works and demonstrated all the processes, from the raw material, which in this case is a reel of fine Canadian wood pulp to the highly finished fancy wall coverings in pattern and color.

"The paper is first cut into strips, according to the width of yarn or rope strand required, then twisted on frames very similar to those used in cotton or woolen manufacture, and, afterward, by means of spools of weft and warp, the material is transferred to looms which will weave anything, plain or fancy, ribbed or patterned."

A woman sniffs every time she thinks of her daughter-in-law's method of rearing babies.

School Teacher—"Why is a certain part of the church called the altar?" Willie—"Because it is where people change their names."

Brown—"They say Green has been wandering in his mind lately." Black—"Well, he's safe enough; he can't go far."

THE ACUTE PAIN FROM NEURALGIA

Permanently Cured Through the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

A clever medical writer has said that "Neuralgia is a cry from the nerves for better blood." In other words, neuralgia is not a disease—it is only a symptom, but a very painful one. Neuralgia is the surest sign that your blood is weak, watery and impure, and that your nerves are literally starving. Bad blood is the one cause—rich, red blood the only cure. This gives you the real reason why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure neuralgia. They are the only medicine that contains in correct proportions the elements needd to make rich, red blood. This new, rich blood reaches the root of the trouble, soothes the jangled nerves, drives away the nagging, stabbing pain, and braces up your health in other ways as well. In proof of these statements Mrs. A. T. Oulton, Little Shemogue, N.B., says:—"A few years ago my mother was an intense sufferer from neuralgia, which was located in her face, head and shoulders. The pain, especially in her head, was intense. She doctored for some time without getting relief and there seemed to be no ceasing of the pain whatever. Instead it seemed to be extending and her whole nervous system became affected. Finally she decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After taking them for a while the pain in her head became less severe, and of course this was a great relief to her. Under the continued use of the Pills she felt herself growing better and stronger each day until she was no longer a sufferer and was completely cured, and has felt no symptoms of the trouble since."

You can get Dr. Williams Pink Pills from any medicine dealer, or by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

GROWS LIKE FISH NET.

Remarkable Tree Which Is to Be Found in Cuba.

A singular tree in Cuba is called the yaguey tree. It begins to grow at the top of another tree. The seed is carried by a bird or wafted by the wind, and, falling into some moist, branching part, takes root and speedily begins to grow.

It sends a kind of thin stringlike root down the body of the tree, which is soon followed by others. In course of time these rootings strike the ground, and growth immediately commences upward.

New rootings continue to be formed, and get strength until the one tree grows as a net round the other. The outside one surrounds and presses the inner, strangling its life and augmenting its own power. At length the tree within is killed, and the parasite that has taken possession becomes itself a tree.

A Careful Witness.

"Be careful, sir—be v-e-r-y careful!—and remember that you are on oath!" ominously said the pin-feathery young attorney, whose brow bulged like the back of a snapping turtle, addressing a witness. "Now tell us, sir, was every pane of glass in the west window broken when you passed the house."

"They were, on the outside," was the cautious reply. "I didn't enter the house to see whether they were also broken on the inside."

Many a man would starve if he had nothing to live on but his reputation.

Greatest Results

often come from simplest means.

For instance—one's daily food plays a big part in deciding for success or failure.

To bring out the best mental and physical forces sound nourishment is imperative.

Grape-Nuts

—A FOOD

made of whole wheat and malted barley, supplies in splendid proportion all the rich nourishment of the grains, including the valuable mineral elements, lacking in many foods, but most necessary for vigor and activity of brain and body.

"There's a Reason"

for

GRAPE-NUTS

Made in Canada

Sold by Grocers.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

FEAR PEACE MORE THAN WAR.

Germans Expect to be "Victorious" But Not to "Conquer."

The following statement has been communicated to the London Daily Express by a neutral. Its importance lies in the fact that the writer has been in the position during the entire duration of the war to visit all parts of Germany, and has been in constant personal contact with the heads of the military, political, and commercial parties of the country:

The great crisis for Germany will come after the war. The working men will return home from the trenches, and will find the country denuded of raw materials. The Government will have to send out into the world to get new supplies, and nobody knows how the stuff is to be paid for, or what will happen. The test will be far severer than anything that has occurred during the war.

The German people believe they are going to have a victorious peace, but not a conqueror's peace—the difference being left to the imagination.

Germany is feeling the economic crisis very much, but the people are fatalistic, and are saying it is God's will. There certainly is no present evidence of an impending collapse, and the war can be continued by the Kaiser for a year longer. After 1916, nobody knows.

The people are not thinking about the financial situation after the war. It has not yet struck their imagination.

Concerning terms of peace, I do not think the Government has made up its mind that it must have an indemnity. There is a willingness to evacuate Belgium, except Liege. Poland must be separated from Russia.

The Germans are now, in reality, governing Austria and Hungary, but are doing so very tactfully, and are not disturbing Austrian pride.

Nobody among the higher German officials expects a quick end to the war.

Scots Wha Hae.

Scots, Wha hae wi' Wallace bled,
Scots, wham Bruce has aften led;
Welcome to your gory bed,
Or to victory!
Now's the day, and now's the hour;
See the front O' battle lour;
See approach proud Edward's power—
Chains and slavery!
Wha will be a traitor knave?
Wha can fill a coward's grave?
Wha sae base as be a slave?
Let him turn and flee!
Wha for Scotland's King and law,
Freedom's sword will strongly draw,
Freeman stand, or Freeman fa',
Let him follow me!
By oppression's woes and pains,
By your sons in servile chains!
We will drain our dearest veins,
But they shall be free!
Lay the proud usurpers low!
Tyrants fall in every foe!
Liberty's in every blow!—
Let us do or die!

KEEP LITTLE ONES WELL IN WINTER

Winter is a dangerous season for the little ones. The days are so changeable—one bright; the next cold and stormy, that the mother is afraid to take the chilren out for the fresh air and exercise they need so much. In consequence they are often cooped up in overheated, badly ventilated rooms and are soon seized with colds or grippe. What is needed to keep the little ones well is Baby's Own Tablets. They will regulate the stomach and bowels and drive out colds and by their use the baby will be able to get over the winter season in perfect safety. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

NURSES GIVE THEIR LIVES.

Mortality Among French Red Cross Workers is Heavy.

More than 66,000 women in the French Red Cross volunteer are now equipping 1,500 hospitals with an aggregate of 118,000 beds. The Red Cross flag flies over 288 buildings in Paris alone.

Mortality among the Red Cross nurses has been remarkably heavy. Twenty-two members of the Society for Aid to the Wounded Soldiers have given their lives, some of them killed under shell fire, others carried off by contagious diseases. The nurses of this society have received sixty-three epidemic medals, sixty war crosses and one cross of the Legion of Honor.

Many women of the Red Cross give attention to men at the front who have no one to remember them at home. One member, Mme. Richelot, the wife of Dr. L. G. Richelot, is godmother to 900 soldiers.

Regarding the state of mind of wounded soldiers now in the hospitals after sixteen months of war, Mme. Perouse, president of the Union des Femmes de France, says: "They are much more anxious to return to the front than were the wounded in the hospitals last year at this time."

In a false quarrel there is no true valor.—Shakespeare.

There's something in this world beside money." "Yes," says the cynic, "there's the poorhouse."

Two heads are better than one—especially if the other fellow is guessing tails.

Lazy Livers Come from Lazy Living—sometimes from food follies that tax the overworked digestive organs. Get back to Nature by eating Shredded Wheat. It puts you on your feet when everything else fails. It supplies the muscular energy and mental alertness that put you in fine fettle for the day's work. Delicious for breakfast with milk or cream, or for luncheon with fruits. Made in Canada.

Management of a Farm Flock.

Last year I kept about 50 Rhode Island Red hens and found them very satisfactory. I have tried raising different breeds of hens, but find I like the R. I. Reds the best. They are profitable laying hens, and are also suitable for table use, writes Andrew Gaddes in Farm and Dairy.

In the spring we set our hens in a house separate from the henhouse, where they have plenty of food and fresh water, also lime and dust to roll in. These hens do not get outside until the chicks are out. When the chickens come out they are removed to a long coop which has slats on the front. This coop is divided up and will hold several hens. The chicks are able to run about outside, but the mothers cannot get out. When they are about a week old the hens are also let out. To my very young chickens I feed a mash made of bran and moulie, but as they get older I give them wheat. I always soak the wheat in water so it will not kill the chickens by swelling in their crops. The chickens are allowed to run about all summer. I feed them only twice a day after they get a good size.

I sell and kill off all my male chickens. In September I select the best pullets,—the ones I intend keeping, and then have these shut up in a box stall by themselves. I feed these pullets very heavily, giving them all they can eat. Their food consists of boiled potatoes, mashed and mixed with moulie. I also give them mixed grain at times. The reason why I do this is because I find when pullets are treated this way in the fall they lay steadily all winter. If the pullets were allowed to run with the old hens during this heavy feeding the old hens would become too fat.

In the winter I feed my hens corn on the cob,—this corn is warmed in a pan in the oven, which they get in the morning. At noon they get a mash of boiled potato skins, crumbs and bran, and at night they get mixed grain.

The can of water in the house hangs from the ceiling by a chain. I also hang a cabbage or some other vegetable from the ceiling for the hens to peck at. A piece of meat boiled and hung on a cord in this way is excellent food for the hens. My hens get a piece of meat every other day during the winter. I find that a piece of cow's liver or lights boiled and hung up makes excellent food. I always feed my hens and chickens sulphur once a week. I find that the sulphur is a preventative of lice.

It is not good to have too many hens in the one house. I have a scratch-house in connection with my hen house, in which the hens are allowed to scratch. In this scratch-house the hens have dust and gravel to roll in, also a self-feeder grit box on the wall.

I always keep my hen house whitewashed inside and out, and I think this is also a preventative of lice.

TO SAVE EYES

Is the Object of This Free Prescription—Try It If Your Eyes Give You Trouble.

Thousands of people suffer from eye troubles because they do not know what to do. They know some good home remedy for every other minor ailment, but none for their eye troubles. They neglect their eyes, because the trouble is not sufficient to drive them to an eye specialist, who would, anyway, charge them a heavy fee. As a last resort they go to an optician or to the five and ten cent store, and oftentimes get glasses that they do not need, or which, after being used a few months, do their eyes more injury than good.

Here is a simple prescription that every one should use: 5 grains Bon-Opto, 2 ounces water. Use three or four times a day to bathe the eyes. This prescription and the simple Bon-Opto eye-tem keeps the eyes clean, sharpens the vision and quickly overcomes inflammation and irritation; weak, watery, overworked, tired eyes and other similar troubles are greatly benefited and oftentimes cured by its use. Many reports show that wearers of glasses have discarded them after a few weeks' use.

It is not a cure for the eyes, and contains no [illegible] which would injure the most sensitive eyes of an infant or the aged. Try it, and know for once what real eye comfort is. If your own druggist cannot fill this prescription, send $1 to the Valmas Drug Co., Toronto, for a complete Bon-Opto Home Treatment outfit—tablets and all.

HEALTHY IN TRENCHES

French Soldiers, Official Figures Show, Are Escaping Disease.

Life in the trenches is healthier for the French soldiers now than in barracks in peace, as shown by figures issued by the army medical department.

Cases of measles, scarletina, mumps, diphtheria and cerebo-spinal meningitis were more numerous in the army in 1911 than in 1915. These diseases, togther with typhoid and dysentery, averaged 7.11 per thousand men in 1911, as compared with 6.02 per thousand men last year.

Typhoid cases last year numbered 4.4 per thousand men, as compared with 1.88 in 1911. Dysentary attacked only 18 out of 100,000 men, as compared with 11 in 100,000 before the war. The mortality was 12 for each 100 cases of typhoid in 1911; in the field the mortality was 2.55 per cent. owing to improved methods of treatment.

Ottawa Girl's Message of Hope

TELLS TIRED WOMEN OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Miss Logan Tells How They Relieved Her of Pains and Aches So Many Run-down Women Know.

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 21st. (Special).—"I am glad to say I have found Dodd's Kidney Pills have done me a wonderful lot of good." So says Miss Gladys E. M. Logan, of 264 Queen Stree, this city.

"I suffered from drowsiness and sharp pains across my back. My sleep was broken and unrefreshing. I had headaches and was subject to neuralgia and rheumatism. I was depressed and low-spirited and troubled with palpitation of the heart.

"I was always tired and nervous and very sensitive and there was hollows under my eyes.

"For two years I was in this worn-out condition, often having to lay off for a day or two. I was attended by doctors and wasted money on useless medicines, but I only found relief when I used Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Miss Logan's statement is a message of hope to thousands of women in Canada. They are suffering just as she suffered. She wants them to know they can find relief in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Effective.

"What is your favorite poem?" asked the literary young woman.

"'The Boy Stood on the Burning Deck,'" answered the commonplace young man. "I used to recite it every time father and mother had company."

"And did you recite it with effect?"

"Father thought the effect was pretty good. He said he honestly believed it kept us from having so much company."

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Cold Winds and Dust quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggists' 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free write Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago

A Full Description.

At a function of noted and learned men the umbrellas of the guests got mixed. The darky porter was having considerable trouble in finding the umbrella belonging to the professor in mathematics in a leading university. Selecting one umbrella out of the armful that the porter had submitted to him, the professor said—"Now, that is like my umbrella, though the cross section of the handle of my umbrella is more of an ellipse than a parabola; its extreme end points towards the perpendicular, and forms a section of the major axis." "Ya-as, sir," replied the ported. "Ah'll see ef Ah can find it fo' yo', sah."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Clairvoyance.

Doctor—My dear madam, your husband's distressing symptoms are entirely due to a poor circulation.

Lady—How true, doctor! He is a newspaper proprietor.

Making a man tell you that he loves you is something like teaching a cat to jump through a hoop; you don't expect him to do it gracefully, but the astonishing thing is that he does it at all.

Female Help Wanted...

in large hosiery, underwear and sweater factories. Vacancies in all departments, with openings for experienced or inexperienced help. Highest wages and moderate priced board. Apply, immediately.

Penmans Limited, Paris, Ont.

PRISONERS ARE CONTENT.

Those at Bischofswerda Have Plenty of Amusement.

Reporting a visit to the Bischofswerda (Germany) prisoners' camp, where several Canadian officers are interned, the American representative says that two Canadian orderlies have been brought to the camp, bringing the total number of British officers' servants to seven, a fair proportion in view of the fact that there are only thirty-nine British officers, including Canadians, prisoners. There was some dissatisfaction on the part of the officers as to the amount of fatigue work which their servants were called upon to perform, but as ten more non-British orderlies had just come, the commandant thought this would soon be rectified.

The senior British and Canadian officers, majors, share a good-sized room, and generally the British and Canadian officers room by themselves, with one or two officers of other nationalities where there are accommodations for ten to a dozen persons.

About a month ago, owing to the unsuccessful attempt to escape, concealed in a box, which has been made by an officer prisoner, certain privileges, such as football, a daily bath, the use of wine and beer and the unrestricted receipt of letters and parcels, had been suspended for a few days, but all had now been restored. Some time ago the practice was introduced of permitting officer prisoners to take walks in the neighboring country in company with German officers, and on their parole on each occasion.

An Interesting Character.

"There goes Professor Dobbins, the famous ethnologist."

"An interesting character, no doubt."

"Yes, indeed. Why, he knows more about the races than any other man in this country."

"Fancy that! And he doesn't look as if he had been on a track in his life!"

The Best Breakfast Possible

Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal porridge properly made in a double boiler, and not stirred after first making it. Read directions on package. Better make night before for early breakfast, in double boiler, and warm in the morning while dressing, by allowing to sit in boiling water. Thus it's delicious and very nutritious. It prevents constipation, however cooked. Ask your doctor. At grocers', 10 and 25 cents.

Casting Their Shadows Before.

Young Mother—What business will baby take to, do you suppose?

Young Father—The feed line apparently.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

What He Did.

Pat had returned on seven days' leave from the firing line, and was relating his experiences round the fire one night. "The enemy was creeping up in their thousands, and Oi was simply itching to get at them." "And what did you do?" asked his father. "Oh, Oi just scratched myself," replied Pat.

Masonville, June 27,'13.
Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.
Yarmouth, N. S.

Gentlemen, — It affords me great pleasure and must be gratifying to you to know that after using 36 bottles of your Liniment on a case of paralysis which my father was afflicted with, I was able to restore him to normal condition. Hoping other sufferers may be benefitted by the use of your Liniment, I am

Sincerely yours,
GEO. H. HOLMES.

He Knew It.

"Do you believe that there is really something which can invariably tell when a man is lying."

"I know it."

"Ah, perhaps you have seen one of the instruments?"

"Seen one? I married one."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Wife—"Mrs. Blank is very extravagant in dress. Her husband told her she was carrying too much sail, whatever that means." Hub—"He probably put it that way because he has to raise the wind."

"What are you so furious about, wife?" "Mrs. Smith just called me an old cat!" "Why, you're not so old!"

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Changed the Subject.

"Could you lend me a dollar, old man?"

"Certainly! I could do lots of things I have no intention of doing. Nice day, isn't it?"

SEED POTATOES

SEED POTATOES, IRISH COBblers, Deleware, Carman. Order at once. Supply limited. Write for quotations. H. W. Dawson, Brampton.

AGENTS WANTED

$2 PER DAY, SALARY AND COMmission for lady representative in her home district. Work pleasant, educative, experience unnecessary. Nichols Limited, Publishers, Toronto.

RAW FURS WANTED

SKUNK, raccoons, muskrats, all kinds fancy prices. Address Stillman Henshaw, Deep Brook, Annapolis Co., N. S.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

BOOK ON DOG DISEASES And How to Feed

Mailed free to any address by the Author

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies

H. CLAY GLOVER, V. S. 118 West 31st Street, New York

Before placing your order for seeds, see our 1916 Golden Jubilee Catalogue it is free.

Govt. Stan. Bus.
No. 1 Red Clover $17.00
No. 1 Alsyke 13.00
No. 1 Timothy 6.65
Allow 30c for each cotton bag

We pay railway freight in Ontario and Quebec over $25.00

GEO. KEITH & SONS 124 KING ST. E. SEEDS TORONTO

THICK, SWOLLEN GLANDS

that make a horse Wheeze, Roar, have Thick Wind or Choke-down, can be reduced with

ABSORBINE

also other Bunches or Swellings. No blister, no hair gone, and horse kept at work. Economical—only a few drops required at an application. $2 per bottle delivered. Book 3 M free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Cysts, Wens, Painful, Swollen Veins and Ulcers. $1 and $2 a bottle at dealers or delivered. Book "Evidence" free. W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 516 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can. Absorbine and Absorbine, Jr., are made in Canada.

BERMUDA

The Ideal Winter Resort

Beautiful Drives, Saddle Riding, Golf, Tennis, Yachting, Fishing and Sea Bathing. Present Garrison of the Ottawa (38th) Regiment.

—THE—

Princess Hotel

is open from DECEMBER to MAY

Situated on the Harbor of Hamilton. Accommodates 400. Rates: $25 per week and upward.

HOWE & TWOROGER, Managers

HAMILTON, - BERMUDA

Bermuda is reached by the steamers of the Quebec S. S. Co., 32 Broadway, New York.

Do You Consider Wear and Tear

On your harness when you figure your profits for the year? Ordinarily that's a big item but you can make it negligible by using

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

Keeps the leather soft and prevents cracking. Adds years to harness life.

Dealers Everywhere

The Imperial Oil Company Limited

BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

Ritchies Belleville

Announcing Our

FORMAL SPRING OPENING

Of New Spring Styles

TUESDAY, MARCH 14th

And Following Days

Everything is in readiness for this important occasion. Our buyers have returned from New York where they had a most successful eight day buying trip. The results of which will be seen Opening Days. Our importations from the Old Land are all here and these, combined with our large showing of "Made-in-Canada" goods, makes this Spring Opening Display the finest we ever attempted—Featuring

MILLINERY, COATS, SUITS, DRESSES, BLOUSES, WHITEWEAR, CORSETS, HOSIERY GLOVES, NECKWEAR DRESS GOODS, WASH GOODS, SILKS, LINENS, RUGS, DRAPERIES, MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHING

Of course we know that many of our friends and customers from Madoc and vicinity will not be able to come in personally—nevertheless we extend a hearty invitation to all.

To those who cannot be here personally we want to send a copy of our "Spring Style Book," so send in your name.

Write for Samples of the New Yard Goods.

The Ritchie Co., Ltd.

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

Bicycles for Sale!!

Secure your Bicycle for the coming season.

As Cycling is becoming more popular and is one of the best health-producing exercises, I have secured the Agency for the well-known high-grade

HYSLOP BICYCLE

a strictly made-in-Canada article and I am in a position to serve your needs as never before. Following is list of Bicycles and Prices:

Hyslop Special with New Departure Coaster Brake	**$45.00**
Hyslop Leader with Lester Coaster Brake	**40.00**
Hyslop Roadster with Lester Coaster Brake	**30.00**
Hyslop Auto-Bike with Sturmey-Archer Tricoaster	**50.00**
Hyslop Motor-Bike with New Departure Coaster Brake	**50.00**
Hyslop Boy's Model with Lester Coaster Brake	**30.00**
Hyslop Ladies' Model with Lester Coaster Brake	**42.50**
Hyslop Girl's Model with Lester Coaster Brake	**32.50**

No small part of the present large and growing demand for Bicycles may be traced to the sturdy dependability and handsome appearance of the various high-grade Hyslop models, which for over 27 years have SET THE PACE for other makers. To own a Hyslop Bicycle is to possess the best.

E. E. LANCASTER - MADOC

GEO. SILLS

MADOC

Painter and Decorator

Winter is here and now is the time to have your house Painted and Papered. We will supply Paper.

Be sure and get our Prices.
Terms reasonable. 12-1yr

WANTED CREAM

We have again advanced our prices for good quality Cream. We could use yours. It will be worth your while to write us.

TORONTO CREAMERY CO. Ltd.
13 Church st. Toronto

GIRLS WANTED

To learn operating at the Whitewear Factory.

Brown & Robinson, Ltd.

The Undesirable Suitor

By EUNICE BLAKE

Bertha Henderson's father was in a quandary concerning his daughter's choice of a husband. There were two suitors for her hand, the one, Arnold Deane, a staid chap, not at all brilliant, but of latent force of character; the other, Algernon Page, a man especially adapted to pleasing a young girl, but with nothing to recommend him to any one of mature judgment. Mr. Henderson, realizing the danger of embittering his daughter's life and that opposition in such cases is often adding fuel to the fire, said nothing to her on the subject except to approve of Deane and express a lack of confidence in Page. But he took occasion to tell the former that he hoped he would win.

One day Mr. Henderson told his daughter that the son of an old friend of his he had not seen for years had called at his office and he had invited the young man to dinner. When he appeared in dinner costume it struck Bertha that he was not up to his clothes—in other words, he had not that refinement she would expect in the son of a friend of her father.

Henry Southwick—that was the young man's name—was about thirty years old and, despite his lack of refinement, had a way of ingratiating himself into one's confidence. Bertha, however, was too refined herself to overlook his failing. Still, he seemed to have her father's approval and came often to the house, where he met the suitors and soon seemed to be hand in glove with both of them, though he appeared to court Page.

One afternoon, while Page was with Bertha, Southwick came in, saluted both with that brusque manner of his which was especially objectionable to the young lady and asked if Mr. Henderson had come in. Bertha replied that he had not. Southwick seemed a bit perplexed, then, calling Bertha into an adjoining room, said in a low voice:

"I am in a hurry and can't wait for your father, so I must ask you to call his attention to something I shall leave for him. Since it is of value I will explain. Many years ago when my governor was down on his luck Mr. Henderson lent him $200. I have received a check from the old man for three hundred, one hundred of it for me. I have cashed the check and have brought two hundred of the amount with me."

Southwick took a roll of bills from his pocket and was about to hand them to Bertha when he suddenly paused, seemed lost in thought, then continued:

"I am sure this payment of an old score will be a pleasure to your father, not on account of the money, but because it will show that his friend is honorable. I wish we might put it where your father will come upon it unexpectedly, with my old man's letter concerning it."

"Papa does his writing at home on that desk over there. You might put it in the drawer where he keeps his stationery."

"The very thing!" exclaimed Southwick, and, going to the desk, he opened a side drawer, put the money with the letter in it and, turning to Bertha, looked very much delighted with his scheme for surprise. Then he hurried away. He had no sooner gone than Mrs. Henderson called out from above:

"Bertha, come up here, quick!"

Bertha ran upstairs and found her mother gasping for breath. But she was not pale and gave no other sign of ailing except to put her hand on her heart. She dropped on a bed and appeared to be very much frightened. Bertha asked what was the matter, whether she should send for a doctor and many other questions. After awhile her mother seemed easier, but Bertha, not being willing to leave her, called a maid and sent her downstairs to Mr. Page with a request that he should excuse her on account of a sudden indisposition of her mother. Soon after the delivery of the message Page took his departure.

When Mr. Henderson returned his wife's condition had put all thought of the money left for him in his desk out of Bertha's mind. He did not use the desk that evening nor the next morning, when he went to business, leaving Mrs. Henderson quite recovered.

After his departure Bertha went to the desk to assure herself that the money was there. She did not like leaving it in an exposed position. What was her consternation to find it gone!

She hardly knew what to do. The theft—if it was a theft—should be reported at once and investigated. She ran upstairs and told her mother of the leaving of the money and its disappearance. Mrs. Henderson, instead of looking troubled, seemed to be pleased. She advised Bertha to wait till her father came home in the evening, then to tell him the story.

Nothing was done in the matter, and a week passed. Then Bertha was informed that Mr. Page had stolen the money. Southwick was a detective and had left marked bills in the drawer to trap the thief, having been introduced by Mr. Henderson for the purpose.

Mrs. Henderson was in the secret and had feigned illness to draw her daughter from Page in order that he might have a chance to steal the money.

All that was desired in exposing Page's real character to his daughter having been accomplished by the detective's ruse, Mr. Henderson declined to prosecute the thief and kept the matter quiet.

Bertha married Arnold Deane.

Rates of Clubbing Offers

THE NORTH HASTINGS REVIEW will be sent for one year, to any address in Canada, to new, or paid-in-advance subscribers, at the following rates:—

WEEKLIES

Weekly Mail and Empire	$2.00
Weekly Witness	1.90
Weekly Sun	1.90
Family Herald and Weekly Star	2.00
Canadian Farm	2.00
Farm and Dairy	1.90
Canadian Countryman	1.50
Scientific American	4.60

DAILIES

Toronto News, with picture of Borden Cabinet	$2.80
Toronto Star	2.80
Mail and Empire	3.75
The Globe	3.75
The World	3.60

The prices do not apply to subscriptions to the United States.

Whytock Bros.

BUTCHERS

DEALERS IN

Groceries and . . Provisions

MADOC — — ONTARIO

Ivanhoe

We are pleased to have good sleighing again.

Mrs. Dan McKinnon and children are spending a few days in Hamilton on their way home to Halkirk, Alta.

We are sorry to hear Adam Reid is so seriously ill.

The King's Messenger Class of St. Thomas church, Rawdon, intend holding their annual meeting at the home of Miss Tanner on Tuesday, March 14.

Mrs. McKinnon has returned to her home in Mississippi.

Miss A. Dawson spent the week-end with friends in Peterboro.

Miss M. Murray, of Springbrook, is spending a few days at the Glenwood.

The guests at the Glenwood on Sunday were: Mr. Nicholas and Miss A. Stout and Mr. G. Yank, of Minto, and Miss Keene and Mr. Blake Ketcheson, of Harold.

Coe Hill

Lieut. Turnbull spent Sunday at Belleville two weeks ago.

Miss Mollie McBeth is visiting at Madoc.

Thos. Hardinge and Wm. Bullied, who have been training for Sergeants at Belleville, spent a few days at their homes recently.

Edward Gunter and Will Jackson, of the 80th Battalion training at Belleville, visited their homes here.

Pte. Dick Bullied visited around Cobourg and other points.

Harold Johnson is in our midst again.

Messrs Chas. Rollins and Wm. Nugent spent a few days at Toronto recently.

The stork has again passed through the village leaving a baby girl at R. N. Gunter's.

Mrs. Snider and Miss Millie Hanthorne are nursing a case of pneumonia at Lasswade.

Miss Myrtle Keating, of Toronto, visited at Mr. Taylor's.

Misses Annie and Lizzie Spurr spent a few days recently visiting around Bancroft.

Mrs. W. B. Gunter visited her daughter, Miss Goldie, of the Trenton High School, during the past two weeks.

Death has again come into our midst and called to his reward Mr. Jim Sheaddy, the barber, of this village, who died on Monday evening last from accidental poisoning. The funeral took place on Wednesday and the service was from the Anglican church, where an impressive service was preached by Rev. Mr. Bulteel from the text "A tale to be told." Left to mourn his loss are his wife and three children to which sympathy is extended.

Mrs. Albert Blackburn visited her sister at Millbridge the past week.

Mr. Johnston, the teacher, spent Sunday last with Musclow friends.

One of the old landmarks of the early days of Coe Hill was burned down on front street last week. The building was tenanted by Mr. Frank Woodley and family who had a narrow escape to get out. Nothing was saved and his loss is about $300.

Letters of Acknowledgment

MRS. T. L. NICKLE,
Madoc.
January 26th, 1916.

I am quite well. I have received your letter dated December 15th, 1915.

W. J. WILKINSON.

MRS. T. L. NICKLE,
Sect. Women's Institute, Madoc.

I want to thank you for the kindness bestowed upon me by the Institute by presenting me with the five dollar gold piece and the lovely socks, and they are most acceptable indeed. It is needless for me to say how useful the gold will be for I will be in a new land where there will be many fine places to be seen, while outside of money socks will be most precious to a soldier as there is nothing that makes our marches more easy than good socks. Thanking you for your kindness, I remain,

Sincerely yours,
DRIVER G. H. HARDEN.

Belleville, Feb. 19, 1916.

MRS. T. L. NICKLE,
Madoc.

DEAR MADAM,—

I am writing to you as Secretary of the Madoc Branch of the Women's Institute to express to you my sincere thanks for the gold sovereign and two pairs of socks given to me a short time ago by the Institute. Wishing your Society every success, I remain,

Yours respectfully,
PTE. W. S. GORDON.
80th Batt., Belleville.

Belleville, February 20, 1916.

MRS. CHAS. WHYTOCK,
Women's Institute, Madoc.

DEAR MADAM,—

Please convey to the Madoc Women's Institute my sincere thanks and appreciation for your very kind gift.

As a souvenir of Madoc I prize it very much, and I can assure you that, if necessary, it will be used for a purpose not unworthy of your Society's splendid work. I am,

Yours truly,
R. E. BURNSIDE.

Kingston, Ont., Mar. 1st, 1916.

DEAR MADAM,—

Permit me to express to you the thanks of Queen's Medical Faculty for your donation of ten dollars ($10) for February maintenance of Madoc Women's Institute cots in Queen's Stationary Hospital for Overseas service.

Yours very truly,
A. R. B. WILLIAMSON, J.G.,
Treasurer.

"And why do you spurn this child of my brain?" asked the disappointed author as he received his manuscript back. "Because," replied the editor coldly, "certain familiar passages it contains led me to suspect that it is an adopted child."

VIOLENT ATTACKS OF DYSPEPSIA

Suffered Tortures Until She Tried "Fruit-a-tives"

ST. JEAN DE MATHA, Jan. 27th, 1914.

"After suffering for a long time with *Dyspepsia*, I have been made well by "Fruit-a-tives." I suffered so much that at last I would not dare to eat for I was afraid of dying. Five years ago, I received samples of "Fruit-a-tives" and after taking them I felt relief. Then I sent for three boxes and I kept improving until I was well. I quickly regained my lost weight—and now I eat, sleep and digest well—in a word, *I am fully recovered*, thanks to 'Fruit-a-tives.'

MME. CHARBONNEAU.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Horse Sense.

In "Tod Sloane," by himself, the once famous jockey says that a horse exceeds even a dog in intelligence and that if a thoroughbred were small enough to run about a house like a dog and have the same chances instead of being so much alone surprising results would follow. "Cussedness" in horses, he thinks, may be caused by too much inbreeding, bringing about an extraordinary temperament. The best jockey, says Sloane, is the boy with a nervous temperament. "He is quick and alert to take in a situation and becomes a human ferret, finding out things for himself."

Difficult.

The adjutant was lecturing to the subalterns of the battalion.

"In the field," he said, "it is now the duty of an officer to make himself look as much like a man as possible."

Everybody laughed.

"That is, I mean," he explained, "as much like a soldier as possible."—London Mirror.

Helpful Hint.

Designing Widow — Speaking of conundrums, can you tell me why the letter "d" is like the marriage service? Slowboy—I'm no good at conundrums. Why? Widow—Because "we" can't be "wed" without it.

His Illustration.

"Papa, what is faith?"

"Well, my boy, they say your baby brother sleeps, but I've never seen him do it. Yet if I believe he does—that's faith."

His Indifference.

"This is fine growing weather!" triumphantly stated honest Farmer Jolly.

"What is that to me?" snarled J. Fuller Gloom, the vile and venomous pessimist. "I've got my growth."

It Can't Be Done.

A boy reaches far across the table and helps himself to butter.

Father—What did you do that for? Haven't you a tongue?

Son—Yes, sir, but my tongue isn't as long as my arm.

Old Reapers.

Contrary to the common belief, reaping machines are not a modern invention. They were used nearly 2,000 years ago. Pliny, the Roman historian, tells of some he saw at work in the first century of our era.

Corrected.

New Maid—Please, ma'am, when I bring the dinner in should I say "Dinner's ready" or "Dinner's served?" Mistress—Well, if it's like it was yesterday you'd better say "Dinner is spoiled."

Backward Boys.

Give the boy who is backward at school or in his studies a fair chance. Isaac Newton when at school was a notorious dunce and nearly always found himself at the bottom of the class.

Naturally.

"A fellow doesn't have to be rich to enjoy life."

"No, he doesn't have to be, but the chances are that he prefers to be."

New Advertisements.

Advertisements under this head, one inch space,—50c. first insertion, 25c. each subsequent insertion 75c. per month after first month

For Sale, a Snap

Brick veneered house, 8 rooms and wash kitchen, heated with hot water, hard and soft water in kitchen electric light, good garden and outhouses. For terms apply

W. T. ELLIOT,
Box 102, Madoc

4-tf

This Week's Toronto Markets

Hogs, fed and watered	$10.00
Cattle	8.50
Lambs	13.50
Barley	68c
Wheat	$1.02
Oats	41c
Butter	27½c
Eggs	27c
Cheese, large	19c
Turkeys	lb. 20c
Chickens	lb. 17c
Old fowl	lb. 17c
Geese	lb. 11c
Ducks	lb. 14c
Dressed poultry 2c to 3c above these prices.	

G. FRASER, D. D. S., L. D. S.
Graduate of Toronto University, Licentiate of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
Plates, Crowns and Bridges a specialty.

MIKEL, STEWART & BAALIM
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.
Offices: Belleville, Madoc and Tweed
W. C. MIKEL, K.C. D. E. K. STEWART
FRANK BAALIM.

DR. HARRISON
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC.
Graduate of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario.
Special attention given to diseases of Women and Children.
Office—Opposite Methodist Church.

DR. EAGLESON
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, AND ACCOUCHEUR
Graduate of Trinity Medical College, Post Graduate of Moorefield's Eye Hospital London, Eng., and Central London Nose and Throat Hospital.
Special attention given to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat and fitting of Eye Glasses.
Phone 32.

DENIS GILLEN
NOTARY PUBLIC
Conveyancing, Fire Insurance.
Money to loan on farm property.
No commission, no valuation fee.
Office—One door south of Masonic Hall
MADOC — ONT.

String Instruments Wind Instruments
WM. SCRUTTON
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
Of All Kinds.
Sheet Music of Every Description.
MADOC — ONT.

Veterinary Surgeon
MADOC
J. WARING, V.S.
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto; twenty-three years' experience as a practitioner.
Charges moderate. Terms—30 days.
Special attention to Veterinary Dentistry.
Office—Elgin street, near Whytock's store. Phone No. 34.

T. W. HAMILTON
LICENSED AUCTIONEER FOR COUNTY OF HASTINGS
Terms—Moderate.
Telephone messages promptly attended to. 44-1yr
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J. ARCHER & SON
ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS
All kinds of Building and Construction Work.
Plans and Estimates Furnished.
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HENRY WALLACE
Licensed Auctioneer
County of Hastings.
Terms Moderate. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Special attention given to Sales of Farm Stock and Implements.
Phone 88R21, Stirling, at my expense.
Post Office Address - Ivanhoe

Madoc Lodge, No. 179, I.O.O.F.
Meets in Oddfellow's Hall, Wilson Block, every Monday evening at the hour of 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren will always be cordially welcomed.
W. A. REID, Rec.-Sec. B. OLSON, Noble Grand
C. I. ROSS, Fin. Sec.
Oakdale Rebekah Lodge, No. 134, meets First and Third Friday at 8 o'clock in the Oddfellow's Hall.

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39TH YEAR—No. 11 **Madoc, Hastings County, Ontario, Thursday, March 16, 1916** POSTAGE PREPAID

Hymeneal

A very pretty but quiet wedding was solemnized at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. James Irwin, when her daughter, Catherine Isabella, was united in holy matrimony to Harford Daniel Tufts, Lodgeroom Corners. To the strains of the wedding march played by Mrs. W. J. Irwin, the bride followed the groom to the parlor leaning on the arm of his brother, J. M. Irwin, and took their places under an arch of evergreen. The ceremony was performed by Rev. G. L. Monahan in the presence of a number of intimate friends. After a hearty shaking of hands and congratulations the bridal party proceeded to the dining-room where a dainty repast was served, after which Mr. and Mrs. Tufts took the afternoon train for points west. On their return they will reside near Lodgeroom Corners where the groom is a farmer. Their host of friends join in wishing them a long and happy wedded life.

Cooper

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Diamond have returned from a three weeks' visit in Belleville, Prince Edward and Sidney

The Edith Cavell Red Cross Society purpose holding an open meeting in McCoy's church on Thursday evening.

We are glad to learn that Miss Atha Hannah is on the convalescent list.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Laffin, of Gravelburg, renewed acquaintances in town on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Summerville, of Lang, Sask., are visiting friends here.

A number of young people from the vicinity attended the conversat on Friday at Madoc.

Mr. P. Laffin had the misfortune to lose a valuable horse last week.

Mrs. N. Genereaux is visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. Payette.

Mrs. J. Lucas and family have returned to their home in Elgin after spending a few weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Rollins.

Mrs. C. Hay has returned to Anson after spending a week with her uncle, R. R. Hannah.

Mr. Joseph Hayton has purchased a new driver.

The following is the school report of S. S. No. 6, Madoc :

Sr. IV—F Ferguson, F Allen, J Thompson, H Wyatt, H Ross, C Allen, M Bacon.

Jr. IV—W Ferguson, C Bailey, L Trotter, A Parks, H Bailey.

Sr. III—E Ferguson, M Thompson, J Trotter, M Ferguson.

Jr. III—C Wyatt, D Rollins, J Trotter, J Ferguson, R Genereaux.

Sr. II—G Thompson, E Parks, E Trotter, H Cassidy, M Quinlin, D Johnson, G McCoy.

Jr. II—C Bacon, M Payette, E Whiteman, G Hagerman.

I—H Whiteman, Y Wyatt, M Quinlin.

A Cl.—E Payette, G Bacon, L Bailey, Lucy Bailey.

B Cl.—R Trotter, G Whiteman.

C Cl.—M Ferguson, M Whiteman, M Payette.

John E. Clement, Teacher.

In the Churches

Patriotic services will be conducted by Rev. Geo. Scott in the Anglican churches at Queensboro and Bannockburn next Sunday, March 19th, Queensboro at 3 o'clock p.m., and Bannockburn at 7.30. A large attendance at both services will be much appreciated.

Letter from Prisoner of War

The following letter is from George Holland, 10th Battalion, C.E.F., who was taken prisoner by the Germans in a bayonet charge at St. Julien on April 24th, 1915, to his brother, Will Holland, of Kingston, formerly of Huntingdon township :

CELLELAGER

DEAR BROTHER,—

I am well and getting along as good as could be expected. I received your letter a few days ago.

Will, you wonder why I do not write often. Well, I will tell you, it's because I am too careless. Carrie complains of the same thing.

The Red Cross Society have sent me clothes for the winter and had five dollars a month kept out of my wages and sent to the Red Cross Society for food-stuffs, so you see I am all right.

I do not think the war can last more than seven or eight years at the most.

Ward Holland wrote me a short time ago.

Well, this is a poor picture of me and I did not want to send it, but you may appreciate it. Anyhow, according to the other boys' idea, it had to be a mixed picture, and I fell in for having mine with my coat off.

Wishing you and Mrs. Holland and the little girl the best of good health and a happy New Year, I will close.

My address is changed. Write soon.

G. HOLLAND,
Cellelager, Germany.

The picture was taken in the yard from a snap-shot.

Presentation

A large number of friends and acquaintances of Private George Holland gathered on Wednesday evening to present him with a wrist-watch prior to his leaving for Belleville where he will train in the Machine Gun Section of the 155th Battalion. Mr. David Johnston made the presentation and the following address was read by Miss Mary MacBeath :

TO PRIVATE HOLLAND,—

Your many friends and acquaintances have assembled here this evening and are presenting you with this wrist-watch as a very small token of the esteem in which you are held among us. When you donned the king's uniform you did a great and noble act. No man or no hero can make a grander and more noble sacrifice than to lay down his life for his King and country. When our great empire is waging such a just war in the due course of time you too will have to take your place at the front. While though far away you will still be near, for our wishes and prayers will be that you will be long spared to do your part in the defence of our beloved King and this great empire of liberty and justice to which we all belong and to avenge the cruel treatment of our enemies. After this war is over, the greatest that has occurred either in ancient or modern history, we hope to have you in our midst again, knowing that you have done your part for your King and country.

Signed on behalf of your many friends and acquaintances.

DAVID JOHNSTON.
WILL MACBEATH.

Private Holland, in replying, thanked his friends and said he would always keep it as a remembrance and hoped to bring it safely back again.

All joined in singing "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow," and the remainder of the evening was spent in dancing.

German Attack on Verdun

At Verdun, a thousand years ago, the final separation between the French and German elements of Charlemagne's Empire was marked in what some historians call the first treaty of Modern Europe. Verdun has twice in previous wars between Germans and French been taken by Brandenburg troops, and on February 22nd the crack Brandenburg regiments of the Kaiser's armies were sent forward to attack the key position of the great fortress which has defied the German Crown Prince for nearly two years and blocked the German road to Paris. Here it is then that after reiterated predictions of her utter collapse—tomorrow, Germany is attacking with a mighty demonstration of her power,—today.

The drive against Verdun began on February 21st. Artillery bombardments of unprecedented magnitude directed upon the points already chosen for attack were followed by infantry charges. When the ground permitted the Germans advanced in mass, only to be met by devastating artillery,—mitrailleuse,—and rifle fire. Brandenburg troops distinguished themselves by the taking of Fort Douaumont, but at a frightful sacrifice. The total forces attacking Verdun are variously estimated at from 300,000 to 400,000 men. The German losses have been appalling.

Both the German and French armies have suffered terribly, although the French casualties have been lessened by judicial withdrawals,—the German losses increased by reason of their advance against an invisible force, supported by all the engines of destruction known to man, over ground honey-combed with mines. The losses of the Germans in this attack to date are probably 200,000 or more. The Crown Prince's forces have slowly but steadily advanced for the past three weeks but at a cost of 25,000 casualties for every 1,000 yards gained. A terrible slaughter.

But in spite of this tremendous sacrifice the German drive on Verdun seems doomed to failure. For twenty-two days over ten thousand cannon have been hammering away at the greatest fortifications the world has ever seen, and as yet but the outer defenses have been taken Verdun is no longer the fortress it was before the war but is a vast fortified ridge of immense defensive power, situated along the Meuse river and blocking the German advance on Paris. If East Verdun should fall before the Teutonic onslaught, and sacrifices of hundreds of thousands of men, the Meuse would still have to be crossed with still greater losses. This undertaking would require months of unabated struggle that would so shake the morals of the attacking forces that they in all liklihood would be unable to advance further against the great French reserves which have not as yet entered the struggle

Before the Germans can take Verdun and force the Meuse it will be summer and the "coming back" of Russia will have to be met. The general situation is favourable to the Entente Powers although a successful conclusion is not yet in sight.

Gilmour

March 6th.

Miss May Dafoe visited Mrs. George Dafoe on Sunday.

Mr. J. M. Tufts spent Saturday in Madoc with his parents.

Miss E. Cameron, of The Ridge, spent Saturday and Sunday the guest of Mrs. A. Harvey.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Dafoe visited her mother, Mrs. S. Neil, of Steenburg, on Sunday.

Mrs. P. Mainprize and Mrs. R. Dafoe spent Friday in Gunter.

Mrs. J. B. Ricketts is visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. Ricketts.

Miss Martha Dafoe is very sick with lagrippe.

Miss Ella Baker, who has been sick for some time, is much better.

Mr. Wm. Baker is home on the sick list this past week.

Master Tommy Dafoe visited Master Lee Houston, of Gunter, on Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. George Dafoe visited Miss S. Neil, of Steenburg, on Friday.

Quite a crowd attended the oyster supper and dance on Friday night held in the Gill & Fortune boarding-house.

Massey-Harris Delivery

The Massey-Harris annual delivery took place on Thursday of last week. In accordance with past custom the Company presented dinner tickets to their customers and friends. About ninety took dinner at Mr. Blue's. Mr. McKee, of Toronto, and Mr. Lochead, General Agent, assisted Mr. T. Christie, Local Agent. This was the largest delivery in many [illegible] 50 teams took part. [illegible] second delivery [illegible]. In comparison [illegible] is output was [illegible] purchase of [illegible] of a successful past [illegible] profitable present [illegible]

Seymour Power Interests Sell to Government

The Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines, made the important announcement last Friday night that the entire business and assets of the Electrical Power Company (Seymour concern) had been purchased by the Provincial Government. The purchase price is $8,350,000, to be paid in Ontario 4 per cent. bonds. This purchase includes all the subsidiary companies of which there are twenty-two. The negotiations between the Government and the Power Interests has taken many months and it is believed that the price paid is far below that asked by the Seymour people.

Hon. Mr. Ferguson stated that it had been the purpose of the Government for same time to serve central and eastern Ontario with cheap power and this purchase will place the Government in a position to utilize the entire water power of the Trent system for the production of electrical energy for the people at cost. The Provincial Government now has control of all water powers in Central Ontario with the exception of undeveloped power on the Trent, concerning which there are negotiations between the Province and the Dominion Government. These powers the Province expects to obtain.

"The position is this," the Minister declared, "that all the electric energy to be served throughout Cental Ontario will be taken from a Government owned plant and will be distributed at cost."

School Reports

S. S. No. 5, Tudor

V—L Henderson.
Sr. III—M Henderson.
Sr. III—M Landon, M Dalton.
Sr. II—H Henderson.
Jr. II—M Birrell.
I—W Birrell.
Prim.—M Henderson, D Birrell.
P. E. B. Hepburn, Teacher.

S. S. 2 and 5, Huntingdon

The following is the report for January and February. Average 35, enrolment 46.

Sr. III—C Rutter, G Vandewater, R Salisbury, L Ketcheson.
Jr. III—T Clare and H Welsh equal, H Flinn, B Ketcheson, E Foster.
Sr. II—S Ketcheson, B Salisbury, M Salisbury, M Holgate, W Collins, H Harrison, M Spence.
Jr. II—A Salisbury, E Welsh, T Emerson, H Clare, D Foster, J Robinson, O Ketcheson.
Sr. I A—J Salisbury, J Vandewater, W Emerson, E Salisbury, H Morton, M Collins, A Emerson, J Spence, L Post, F Foster, L Brickman.
Sr. I B—A Robinson, B Post, N Welsh.
Jr. I A—R Ketcheson, H Vandewater, S Foster.
Jr. I B—C Morton, M Salisbury, A Foster, M Vandewater, F Spence.
Jr. I C—P Collins, H Woods, K Brickman.

S. Howard Connor, Principal.

Military Banquet

As has been previously announced a military banquet will be given to the Madoc Platoon of the 155th, C.E.F., on St. Patrick's Day. After the banquet the new Regimental Band with their soloists will give a full musical program, and, judging from the press reports of the Band's previous performances, a rare musical treat is in store for its patrons. The object of the entertainment is to raise money for the Regimental Fund of the 155th Battalion. The 155th is Hastings county's own battalion and to further its interests so as to increase its efficiency is a privilege which every citizen ought to take advantage of. Go to the banquet if you can. Your presence will encourage both officers and men and will help recruiting. If you cannot attend buy a ticket : it will help to swell the funds.

When you use Carbon Lamps you get this much light for One Dollar

When you use Dalite Tungsten Lamps you get this much light for One Dollar

See the difference?

JOHN BURKITT
Madoc

"MADE IN CANADA"

The Ford Runabout Price $480

A fine harvest—of pleasures and profits is reaped by the man who drives a Ford. For the trip to town—for a run to the neighbors—for a hurry-up drive anywhere business or pleasure demands—there's no other car which will go so well at anywhere near the cost.

The Ford Touring Car is $530; the Coupelet $730; the Sedan $890; the Town Car $780. All prices are f.o.b. Ford, Ontario. All cars completely equipped, including electric headlights. Equipment does not include speedometer. Cars on sale at FRANK SMITH'S, MADOC.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

THE DOMINION BANK

SIR EDMUND B. OSLER, M.P., PRESIDENT. W. D. MATTHEWS, VICE-PRESIDENT.
C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

Capital Paid up . . . $6,000,000.00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits . 7,300,000.00

A Savings Department

Is conducted at every Branch of the Bank where deposits of $1.00 and upwards are received and interest at current rates added.

It is a safe and convenient depository for your money.

MADOC BRANCH: G. P. LYND, Manager.

Hardwood Flooring

We are overstocked with Hardwood Flooring No. 2 (all kiln-dried, tongue and grooved and bundled) and will sell it at **$20.00** per thousand. A reduction of $4.00 per thousand feet.

If you are thinking of building during the year now is the time to see about it. We are pleased to show our goods and quote prices.

THE HOUSTON CO., Ltd.,
TWEED, ONT.

AUCTION SALE
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
Saturday, March 18th, 1916
At 1.30 O'clock Sharp, on the premises of
W. J. REED, MADOC
TERMS: CASH
E. C. TUFTS, Auctioneer.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President
JOHN AIRD, General Manager. H. V. F. JONES, Ass't General Manager

CAPITAL, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, $13,500,000

FARMERS' BUSINESS

The Canadian Bank of Commerce extends to Farmers every facility for the transaction of their banking business, including the discount and collection of sales-notes. Blank sales notes are supplied free of charge on application. S34

Madoc Branch A. Y. SNIDER, MANAGER

Madoc Sash & Door Factory

If you are thinking of building this spring be sure and get our estimates. We always carry a good stock of lumber of all description.

JOHN ROBERTSON

About the House

Useful Hints and General Information for the Busy Housewife

Simple Facts About Cocoa.

Cocoa which is really a corruption of the word "cacao," has become a permanent food supply. Not every one knows that the cocoa of powdery, familiar form is a residue from the manufacture of chocolate. Both cocoa and chocolate are taken from the seed found in a pod in a most ... shaped gourd-like pod which grows on the bark and trunk of the cocoa tree. These ... pods are cut from the bark and the bean taken out. The beans are then treated to various processes ... drying ... process of ... material is fu... When this ground material is allowed to solidify at a proper temperature it forms the bitter chocolate of commerce which we generally use for icings and candy.

But in making cocoa a great deal of the oil is separated from the ground portion, and we thus have a dry substance or powder which we call cocoa. Thus cocoa is far less rich in fat than chocolate, although it has the familiar chocolate flavor. It contains a property similar to the stimulating theobromine of tea and coffee, but its nutritive value is very high—an average bean containing 49 per cent. of oil, 18 per cent. of protein, 10 per cent. of starch and other carbohydrates.

Various Forms.

In 1910 more than 115,000,000 pounds of cocoa beans were used in the United States. Besides the familiar powdered cocoa, there is the so-called "cocoa nibs," which is merely the cracked cocoa bean. This is often recommended, especially for children, because it gives the nutriment of the cocoa bean without any oil or sweetening. There is also the cocoa shell, which is the shell separated from the cracked bean. This naturally does not contain nutriment, only the cocoa flavor. Both the nibs and the shell can be made into very palatable beverage by boiling for a short period and serving like tea or coffee.

Although the directions for different makes of cocoa may vary, there is one general rule to be followed in making cocoa to which milk is added and that is, not to boil the milk. Boiling the milk makes the beverage far less digestible ... milk and cocoa ... oughly. The better way is to dissolve the sugar, cocoa and water together and allow this to boil to a syrup, then add the milk and bring to a scald, but do not boil.

A Healthy Winter Beverage.

All cocoa is much improved by being beaten with an egg-beater for several minutes before serving. Almost most varieties are improved by the addition of a pinch of salt and a few drops of vanilla extract before serving. ... a winter beverage, cocoa takes the foremost place. The child coming home hungry from school, the grown person chilled from an evening outdoors, the diet of a growing child will all be improved by the use of good cocoa, properly made. If the digestion is rather weak or if the child is under five years of age, it would be better to use the drink of ... which contain less oil.

A by-product of cocoa, is cocoa butter, which is the solid fat extracted ... the ... butter is ... extensively in making confectionery like chocolate creams—or for ... preparations—or wherever a vegetable oil is desirable.

Tested Recipes.

... Country Style—Place one slice of ham, cut one-third-inch ... in baking pan. Cover with milk ... two cupfuls. Bake slowly, ... frequently and turning once ... until ham is tender, has absorbed most of the milk and is ... top. This will take about ... hour.

Spanish Steak—Select piece of round of sirloin steak cut about two inches thick, and brown in little dripping or bacon fat ... one can tomatoes, two sliced or chopped onions, two green or red peppers chopped small (with seeds and white fibers removed). Cover closely and ... two hours. Season with pepper, salt and serve. Do not add ...

... of cabbage, cut in two and ... cook in cold water. ... minutes' boiling, drain ... cook for twenty minutes. ... Have ready two beaten ... with four table... ... over cabbage and set in ... to cook for twenty minutes until well browned over the ...

Sauce ... and lemon-colored ... cup powdered sugar ... cup powdered sugar with ... corn starch and one-... spoon salt and pour on ... one-half cup scalded milk ... double boiler three minutes ... constantly until mixture ... vanilla, grated rind of ... one tablespoon ...

lemon juice, and then add one egg white beaten stiff.

Fig Pudding—Run three ounces of beef suet and one-half pound figs separately three times through meat chopper and work thoroughly with the hands afterward. Have ready two and one-third cups stale breadcrumbs which have been soaked in one-half cup with milk thirty minutes, two well-beaten eggs, one cup sugar and three-fourth teaspoon salt. Combine mixture. Butter individual molds, garnish bottom of each with four strips of figs radiating from center. Fill molds two-thirds full, place on trivet in kettle containing boiling water and let steam one and one-half hours. Water should reach two-thirds of way up side of molds. If steamed in one large mold time required is three hours.

Fig Paste—Chop 1 pound figs coarsely and reduce to a pulp by boiling in 1 pint of water. When soft pass the whole through a fine sieve; add to it 3 pounds powdered sugar; mix well and evaporate the whole over boiling water until the paste becomes quite stiff. While evaporating process is going on make a mold that will hold it by removing the nails from the sides of a wooden box, tying the parts minus the bottom together with string. Stand this on the marble slab or dish and pour the warm fig mass into it, letting it remain until cold; then remove the strings and open the frame, leaving the paste in a square mass. Now with a sharp, thin knife, cut the mass into small pieces and roll them round and thin into fine sugar. They may be packed in boxes, using plenty of fine confectioners' sugar between the pieces.

Household Hints.

Cook the cauliflower entire; the leaves and stem which surround it are delicious served with it.

The clothes wringer will last twice as long if the pressure screw at the top is loosened after using.

A daily bath, into which a little bicarbonate of soda is put, will allay the burning of the feet.

Try to induce children to eat each at least one apple a day. It will keep their systems in good condition.

The end of the rib roast can be ... boiled ... with cabbage it will make a good lunch dish.

To insure the creamy sauce being smooth always rub the butter and flour together until smooth and add to the hot milk.

When a window is difficult to raise, pour melted lard between the frame and the casing and put a little also on the cord.

Do not allow moths to breed in your house. It can be prevented by eliminating the garments that have had them in and by keeping a watchful eye on all closets and chests.

Don'ts For Parents.

Don't always be saying "Don't!" It is better to take a little more trouble to prevent trouble than always to be devising pains and penalties.

Don't forget that your child must always be doing something.

Don't fail to find new outlets for their super-abundant energy.

Don't ... thinking that they are doing wrong.

Don't make a habit of distrusting your boys. Distrust is often the cause of deceit.

Don't forget the potent power of suggestion. Keep on telling the child he is bad or wicked, and he will become so.

Don't treat all children alike. Don't forget that each child has an individuality, each one keyed up to a certain pitch.

When a child exhibits an irritating trait, just pause and reflect about the law of heredity before chastising him. Don't forget the bairn's origin.

Don't forget a child needs persuasion. An ounce of encouragement is worth a ton of birchsticks.

HAS ANTI-ZEPPELIN BULLET

Englishman's Device Breaks Into Sparks When Fired

After many months experimenting, J. A. Samabrook of Ellesmere Port has invented a bullet which travels at a tremendous velocity and emits a trail of sparks which, he asserts, will pass through a Zeppelin like a comet through space and instantly blew it up.

... composition ... special preparation which ignites with its passage through the air.

The bullet can be fired from an ordinary rifle, and is easily adaptable to aircraft and machine guns.

Hottest Place on Earth

Muscat, the capital of Oman, on the Persian Gulf is called the "hottest place on earth" by a writer in ... ancient capital the thermometer registered 125 degrees Fahrenheit. To escape the midday heat the inhabitants resort to underground shelters called "serdabs," sunken windows of ... centre of the date trade, Muscat is in ... communication with America ...

THE SUNDAY LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, MARCH 12.

Heroes and Martyrs of Faith—Heb. 11. 1 to 12. 2. Golden Text: Heb. 12. 1, 2.

Verse 1. Assurance—Of various renderings of this somewhat doubtful word which occurs in Heb. 1. 3 as "substance"—the best seems to be suggested by a legal use found in papyri. The docket of papers in a public office, bearing on the possession of land, was called by this word, which answered etymologically to the Late in substantia, the papers "substantiated" a claim. Faith accordingly is the "title-deeds" of our promised possession. Throughout this chapter we find it describing the spiritual faculty which enables its possessor to treat the unseen and still future good as a present reality, when guaranteed by God's promise. This is quite distinct from Paul's use of "faith" as trust, or James's as creed. Conviction—"Test" (margin). The Greek is elenchos, which became a technical term for the method of Socrates, who exposed sham knowledge of cross-examination. Faith is accordingly the faculty which can sift things unseen, and select those which are real. The chapter is to show how the men and women of the canonized past—immensely different in character and spiritual achievement—exhibited this faculty of verifying promises truly from God, and when verified acting upon them as realized assets.

32. Gideon, the noblest of the judges, illustrates verse 1 peculiarly. Before the "test" of faith had put the divine leading beyond question he was timid and hesitant as a captain should be who is to risk lives on a forlorn hope. Once assured he can treat his contemptible little army as an already victorious host. Barak is an example of the same kind of faith on a smaller scale. Samson, whom we must not endow with Miltonic grandeur, tells us how faith could work in a man of one talent; he really believed that his strength lay in the hair that symbolized his Nazirite vow, and put forth that strength to the ruin of the foe. Jephthah, a mere robber captain, accepted victory as assured by the terrible price he offered, and never dreamed of withholding the price when the victory was won. Of David, enough to say that intense belief in the reality of God's promise is the one characteristic that redeemed a man of many grave faults, albeit of obvious and unlimited lovableness. He and Samuel and the prophets are a new and higher class, as the structure of the original suggests. Samuel is especially the founder of the prophetic order, whose whole function arose from the possession of faith.

33. Subdued dynasties, like Elijah or Samuel as kingmakers. Wrought—The integrity of Samuel's administration (1 Sam. 12. 4), and the picture of David's just reign (2 Sam. 8. 15) will illustrate. Obtained—Probably David again is in mind. See 2 Sam 7. 11, etc. Stopped—David's youthful exploit might be referred to, but the next clause shows that the writer has passed on to the book of Daniel.

34. Escaped, like Elisha at Dothan. From weakness, like Samson for his last exploit. War—The Old Testament abounds ... thought classicaly expressed in Psa. 18. The story of the Maccabees rises above all, almost unique in history, as a true "holy war." The problems started by the teaching of Jesus had not yet emerged, and faith could work upon the battlefield without misgiving. Aliens—Philistines especially; Jonathan and his armor-bearer are in mind.

35. Women—the widow of Zarephath and the Shunammite are thought of. Others—The allusion is probably to the fine story in 2 Maccabees of the woman who saw her seven sons martyred for the faith of Israel; the woman's point of view is accordingly prominent here also. A better resurrection—Expressly alluded to more than once in that story. It will be remembered that in the days of Elijah and Elisha the hereafter was still dark, and nothing better than a return to this life could be dreamed of. Not till the gospel came did men fully know, but such glimpses as Dan. 12. 3 were caught by the latest seers of the Old Testament.

36. Others—A different word in the Greek; the thought is apparently turning to new fields of illustration. The supreme prophet, Jeremiah, supplies this verse with comment from every part of his tragedy.

37. Stoned—Zechariah, son of Jehoiada, is the special example (see 2 Chron. 24. 20-22; Matt. 23. 25). Our Lord's allusions to the stoning of prophets may well take in other instances. Sawn—Such was in Jewish story the martyrdom of Isaiah. Tempted—It is hard to escape the impression of an anticlimax. A very slight change in the Greek will give ... phrase. Sword—From Elijah's words 1 Kings 19. 10. Compare also Jer. 26. 23. Sheepskins—The nearest parallel would be the skin worn by Elijah, adopted by later times as a ... for these wolves in sheep's clothing. ...

word recurs in Heb. 13. 3 and Heb. 11. 25.

38. No worthy—For it is at bottom the subconsciousness of this unworthiness which prompts the world to be cruellest to men and women far above its own standard.

39. Witness borne—The word of verse 2, repeated at the end as a thesis that is now proved. Received not ... only imperfect religions place their golden age in the past.

40. The thought that we never can be fully blest till we are all blessed together inspires Paul's magnificent picture of the destiny of creation in Rom. 8. "Thou wouldst not be saved alone"—Matthew Arnold's address to his great father—has the widest possible application.

12. 1. Witnesses—Not spectators. The word is attached closely to the keyword of the last chapter. The great names there have received witness from inspiration that they may stand on the roll of examples to mankind. In their turn they witness of the power of that faculty by which they did their deeds. Lay aside—The figure of the footrace in this verse is a link with Paul, whose perpetual use of it is characteristic of his lively sympathy with everything that was healthy in other people. The weight is hardly superfluous fat, of which a modern athlete would think; it is rather clothing, which a Greek gymnast (as the word itself implies) put away altogether. The sin is similarly pictured as a graceful robe which "closely clings to us" (margin). Patience—Rather, endurance, which should be substituted everywhere except in places like James 5. 7, 8, where a word describing "long-mindedness" occurs. It is important to keep the close connection with endured in verse 2.

2, 3. Auther and perfecter—For faith is "begun, continued, and ended" in him whose earthly life was the supreme example of it, and his living Spirit the one power that can produce it in us. Hence the human name Jesus, for we are to realize the Unseen as he did in the days of his flesh. The lesson of Calvary here is that the joy of our Lord, in the present reality of redeemed humanity, a new heaven, and a new earth, empowered him to endure the most appalling torture man's fiendishness ever devised, and to treat as nothing the scorn and contempt with which men regarded the sufferer. Every example of faith recounted in the last chapter is only a broken light of him. Note that the supreme agony of the cross was the "gainsaying of sinners against themselves" so margin, beyond all question the right reading—the knowledge that men for whom he died would not let him save them. So if he despised shame it was not through proud indifference to men's thoughts of him. It was for their sakes that he cared, not for his own.

BURDEN OF THE WAR.

Britain Can Finance a Debt of Twenty-five Billion Dollars.

Even if Britain should end the war with a debt of £5,000,000,000 (approximately $25,000,000,000) the burden would not be crushing according to Lord Inchcape, the English financier and statesman.

Such a load, said his lordship at a National Provincial Bank of England stockholders' meeting over which he presided recently, would mean an annual charge of only £300,000,000 (about $1,500,000,000) reckoning 5 per cent. interest with a 1 per cent. sinking fund.

To this his lordship added an estimated £100,000,000 ($500,000,000) annually in pensions. Before the war, he remarked the country's annual expenditures were £200,000,000 ($1,000,000,000) making the total:

Interest and sinking fund	£300,000,000
Estimated pensions	100,000,000
Fixed chargest on pre-war basis	200,000,000
	£600,000,000

Present English taxation, continued Lord Inchcape, is bringing in nearly £400,000,000 ($2,000,000,000) annually. He explained that this would mean another £200,000,000 ($1,000,000,000) would have to be provided every year and expressed the opinion that this could be done either by additional taxes or by a reduction in extravagant expenditures not only private but public."

His Lordship appeared to think a $25,000,000,000 debt a possibility but about the maximum.

Tired of It.

The men about whom London Answers tells the following story were the roughest, rawest lot of recruits the sergeant had ever had to tackle. ... worked hard at them for three hours, and at last thought they were getting ... decided to test them.

"Right turn!" he barked. Then before they had got fairly under way he gave the order: "Left turn!"

One burly yokel slowly left the ranks and made off toward the barrack room.

"Here, you!" yelled the sergeant ... "where are you off to?"

... What ... your father ... him ...

THE FAILURE OF AN ALLIANCE

All Can Walk and Talk With God, if Their Hands are Only Pure and Unblemished

"When ye spread forth your hands, I will hide mine eyes from you: yea, when ye make many prayers, I will not hear; your hands are full of blood."—Isaiah, i., 15.

Prayer is the highest exercise of the religious life. It is the conversation of the believing heart with its Maker. It is a talking with God and, therefore, the engaging in a divine-human alliance for righteousness. This large purpose, unrealizable by man alone, is easily accomplished by God and man together. Prayer is the bond which unites Creator and creature into an intimate fellowship of action. If religion consists of walking with God, it must also be a talking with God, for friends do not walk together in silence.

Prayer is an empowering alliance. It is a drawing on the stored up resources of the Almighty, a supplementing of human deficiency by divine sufficiency.

Do You Crave Holiness?

Holiness is of the Lord, to be had of Him only for the asking. It can never be developed of your own powers. Or do you desire success? You possess talents and personal gifts of character. God's power directs these talents so that they may be realized in the highest forms of efficiency and utility.

A true alliance is never one sided; it is always reciprocal. Each ally performs his portion of the compact. Otherwise the association fails. Charging God with the failures and losses which are of our own making is one of the commonest and yet one of the most unworthy of our mental processes. Our prayers appear to be unanswered; there is a sting of bitterness in that oft repeated complaint. The alliance promised well, but some one had failed at the crucial moment. God never fails; a failing God would be no God at all. Perhaps we have failed. "When ye spread forth your hands, I will hide mine eyes from you." Why? "Those hands are soiled, dirty, contaminated, stained." Their disreputableness automatically breaks the binding power of the alliance.

The True and Helpful Alliance.

The most devastating of sins is selfishness. The compelling power of prayer is its selfiessness. Why pray for creature comforts only? Jesus never prayed for a roof to cover Him nor for soft beds and good meals. His prayers were for spiritual gifts; their clear object not Himself but others—"I pray that they shall be with me where I am and that they shall know my glory." "Forgive us our trespasses as we forgive those that trespass against us." An unforgiving heart need never expect to have its cry heard. Such a cry is like a shout for help in mid-ocean, with no ship nearer than a thousand miles. Why do we persist in carrying around our grudges, our hates and our enmities and then wondering why the Lord seems deaf?

The true and helpful alliance is habitual; it is not merely a last resort when all else seems to spell defeat. Its united strength prevents trouble where its isolated weakness would otherwise tempt the troubler. The complete indwelling of God with man will dissuade the evildoer and save men from themselves. The way is open. "Who shall ascend into the hill of the Lord? or who shall stand in his holy place? He that hath clean hands and a pure heart."—Rev. Charles J. Smith.

The Fashions

FUR STILL IN EVIDENCE.

For taffeta and the printed silks which are now so high in Fashion's favor, for the crisp organdies and daintily figured voiles and crepes, there is no more practical or effective trimming than cording, smocking or shirring.

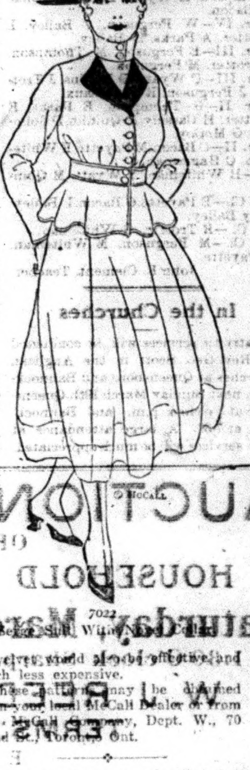
Many of our dance frocks for summer will be of organdy or net; an unusually pretty imported frock of net, shown recently in one of our exclusive shops, made with an extremely full skirt, gathered at the waist, equally wide top and bottom; the skirt was hung over a crinoline hip stiffening, and the entire dress was trimmed effectively with quaint, pleated ruffles. Another effective summer evening gown displayed at the same time was of white Georgette crepe beaded with opaque white beads. The bodice was cut in bolero effect, and the skirt was a charming contrast to the full skirt of the net dress, being pleated to fall straight and narrow-looking from waist to ankles. A narrow beaded girdle encircled the waist and caught up a straight panel in the back, to carry out the bolero effect.

Fur Trimmed Costumes.

The velvet suit, combined with faille or broadcloth, is a general favorite, and fur is still its trimming. The notion of combining cloth and silk or velvet is a practical and effective one; often, as in our illustration, the lower section of skirt is of broadcloth. This will show a bit of wear near the end of the season, and such an addition will freshen it and make it serve the season out.

The second suit illustrated is fashioned of dark blue gabardine. It is a simple, youthful model which could easily be made at home. The high collar with turned-back revers, which may also be closed if preferred, is a new touch which is becoming and smart.

One of the most effective suits is of dark blue velvet, with a knee-deep flounce, and chin collar, and muff cuffs of moleskin. A broadcloth or faille costume with flounce, cuffs and collar of velvet would be quite effective and much less expensive.



7022

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall Dealer or from The McCall Company, Dept. W., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Ont.

Any coward can get married, but it may take a hero to stay married.

Woman's Health Needs Constant Care

Work and Worry Leaves Her a Victim of Many Distressing Ailments.

Every woman's health is peculiarly dependent upon the condition of her blood. How many women suffer with headache, pain in the back, poor appetite, weak digestion, a constant feeling of weariness, palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath, pallor and nervousness. If you have any of these symptoms you should begin today to build up your blood with Dr. Williams Pink Pills. Under their use the nervous energy of the body is restored as the blood becomes red and pure and the entire system is strengthened to meet every demand upon it. They nourish every part of the body, giving brightness to the eye and color to the cheeks and lips. Mrs. Jas. S. Francis, Oakwood, Ont., says: "I should have written long ago to tell what Dr. Williams Pink Pills did for me, but I suppose it is better late than never. In June, 1913, I had to go to an hospital for an operation for female weakness. I was in the hospital for a month, before I was able to get home. Three weeks after this I started for a trip to the Pacific coast, in the hope that my health would further improve. On the way I stopped to visit a sister in Southern Alberta, and on arriving at her home (after a 35 mile drive) I was completely done out. I found my sister ill, her baby having been born the week before. As there was no one to help, I had to take care of the child and do the household work, and in the three weeks that passed before my sister took charge I was completely worn out, and again nearly ill. However, I started on my westward trip, and decided to stop off at Banff, Alta. I remained a week, but it did not seem to help me, and I resumed my journey. On the train I took sick, and could not eat, as food made my condition was pitiable. Finally the porter wired ahead to North Bend for a doctor to see me. The doctor wanted me to leave the train and go to a hospital, but I determined to continue my journey to Vancouver. The medicine the doctor gave me did not help me, and I was getting worse all the time. And then a young man who had the opposite berth asked me if I would try Dr. Williams Pink Pills and gave me a box he had. I used these and the porter got me two more boxes, and by the time I reached my journey's end I was feeling some better. I stayed two months on the coast, and continued taking Dr. Williams Pink Pills all that time. I had gained in weight and appearance, and when I started for home I felt better than I had done for years. Now I always keep Dr. Williams Pink Pills in the house, and both my husband and my young daughter have been benefited by their use. I bless the day that young man on the train gave me his box of pills, otherwise I might never have tried them, and would have still been an invalid."

You can get Dr. Williams Pink Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

FOES OWN MUCH IN BRITAIN.

Germans' Holdings Officially Estimated at $515,000,000.

As the war proceeds the demand for the confiscation of German and Austrian owned property in Britain on the ground that it is much greater than British owned property in those countries grows in insistence.

So far the Government has declined to take up the matter, but members of Parliament have at last obtained from Mr. Runciman, President of the Board of Trade, official details of the subject. Mr. Runciman estimates the value of property in Germany belonging to British subjects as approximately $320,000,000, while the property in this country owned by Germans is put at $515,000,000.

The public trustee is registrar of enemy [illegible] in Britain and is custodian of money due to enemy subjects in dividends and interest. In his report he gives the following figures:

Property held on behalf of
Britain's enemies $270,000,000
Enemy capital in business, etc. 8,000,000
Enemy capital in companies 145,000,000

Mr. Runciman's statement shows that the extent of German property in Britain was evidently not fully known when the public trustee drew up his report, for Mr. Runciman's figures are more than $100,000,000 in excess of the public trustee's.

GUARD THE BABY AGAINST COLDS

The [illegible] Baby against colds [illegible] Baby's Own Tablets [illegible] are a mild laxative [illegible] little ones stomach [illegible] regularly. It is [illegible] that where the [illegible] are in good order [illegible] not exist; that the [illegible] ones will be good [illegible] thrive and be happy [illegible] The Tablets are [illegible] dealers or by mail at [illegible] The Williams [illegible] Co., Brockville, Ont.

WORLD'S WOOL STORES ARE SHORT

INCREASED DEMAND THROUGH THE WAR

Sir George Paish, British Economist, States Supply Conditions

In the latest issue of the London Statist, Sir George said that the "wool requirements of the world today are fully on top of supplies, and no one need be surprised if the war continues another 12 months, to see a still more pronounced shortage of raw material."

"The latest trade report continued, "mills are very busy, tremendous numbers are running day and night, country by country the position was never so large in great Britain or in America; while hungry machines are met with in Europe outside the war areas, both in the Netherlands and Scandinavia in particular being very keen to buy everything of a manufacturing nature."

Many Sheep Depastured

"The writer has been led to take in hand this subject because of a question raised the other day as to the number of sheep being depastured in the countries of Europe at present engaged in the struggle, and on turning to the latest sheep returns, we find that the following are the numbers of sheep in the countries named:

	Sheep.
United Kingdom	28,500,000
Russia	45,500,000
France	17,000,000
Italy	11,000,000
Turkey	6,500,000
Austria-Hungary	13,000,000
Bulgaria	4,000,000
Germany	5,500,000
Servia	1,000,000
Montenegro	400,000

"Great Britain has had at her command a large part of the supplies of Australia, New Zealand and South Africa, it only being toward the end of last year that the embargo was lifted and America, Italy and continental countries were allowed to help themselves to wool supplies.

"The requirements of the armies at present confronting each other are colossal, and as months pass these wants grow bigger. It can be safely said the wool supplies of such countries as Germany, France, Austria and Serbia can be ignored altogether, because the weight grown in these countries would be no more than sufficient to supply their own armies with one suit of clothes. Hence we say that the nations at war must look for their supplies in the outside world, there being only South America outside the control of the British War Office.

Available Supplies

"Our chief supplies naturally come from Australasia, South Africa and South America, and in the table below, the production of the British Isles, being of 28,000,000 sheep, cannot be ignored. The following is a fairly reliable estimate of the quantity of wool being grown annually in the countries named:

	Pounds.
Australasia	767,041,214
South Africa	174,650,000
Argentina	248,976,200
Urguay	14,760,000
Punta Arenas, Falkland Islands	62,000,000
British Isles	120,000,000
Total	1,397,431,114

"Practically speaking, a British soldier is consuming 12 pounds of pure wool in his complete outfit, and the statement is justified that the French, Belgian and German soldiers use the same amount. It is estimated that one-third of the soldier's outfit is composed of shoddy.

"Roughly estimated, the whole of the armies of Europe are absorbing something like 10 pounds per head. A man on the firing line and in the trenches will easily get through three suits per year, if not more; it means that a soldier consumes anywhere from 30 to 36 pounds of clean wool per annum. If we multiply 36 by 15,000,000 it gives us 540,000,000 pounds of clean wool which will be required.

"The reader can thus see that there is not a very large quantity of wool left from the sources already named to supply the requirements of the whole to the civilian population of the outside world; consequently, stocks of raw material have been pretty well cleared out, and those of the great new clips of Australasia, South Africa and South America."

AUSTRIA'S OLDER SOLDIERS

Men Over 50 Make Better Soldiers Than Younger Men.

The calling to the colors of men between the ages of 50 and 60, has caused the discussion in the Austro-Hungarian press of what the older men have done in this war.

The view had been generally held that the man at 50 had passed into old age, but the war is said to have proved that this position is untenable. It is admitted that in trades and occupations requiring physical dexterity, the man over 50 is apt to be a failure, though the well-preserved worker of that age is generally still capable of great endurance.

The experience in the army is that men up to 50 are more reliable than men up to 50. In addition to being as yet far from "physically set," that is, entirely beyond the growing stage, the [illegible] their endurance and physical vigor generally by incorrect eating. Older men are not in the habit of doing this, it is asserted. But the young men sin also in other respects. Often they [illegible] and [illegible] when they should be [illegible] older men [illegible]

to it that their feet are always dry and warm, the younger soldiers overlook this habitually.

With the officers, the older soldier is the favorite. Not only does he give less trouble to the sanitary department, but his riper mind understands more readily the purposes and necessity of military discipline. An Austrian colonel with whom this subject was discussed said that older troops needed little application of discipline, because their natural conduct as grown men was discipline in itself. He had seen no difference in the fighting qualities of young and older troops, he said, but he himself would always prefer to lead men over the age of 35.

Of very young troops, the colonel had a poor opinion. In trench warfare their value was not high. Constant reiteration of commands and orders was the lot of the officer who commanded "young bloods," while the officer in charge of older troops could count on having orders carried out as soon as they were given. The old men, too, fought with more "sense" said the colonel. They did not shout so much, but dealt out heavier blows. Excepting bone fractures and very serious internal wounds, the old soldier gives no more trouble than the young one to the medical service. Authorities are of the opinion that the smaller percentage of sick among the older troops counterbalances wholly what little surgical difficulty they give.

Were a Boon to a Paisley Man

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED PAIN IN HIS BACK.

Mr. Jas. A. Bryce Tells Why He Recommends Dodd's Kidney Pills to All Who Suffer from Kidney Disease.

Paisley, Ont., Feby. 28th (Special). —"I can highly recommend Dodds Kidney Pills to anyone suffering from pain in the back," says Mr. Jas. Bryce, well known and highly respected in this neighborhood. "I had been troubled with a pain in my back for about a year. [illegible] Reading the self-examination page in Dodd's Almanac led me to believe that my trouble came from my kidneys so I sent and got a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills. Before they were done I was feeling as well as ever.

"Dodd's Kidney Pills were certainly a great boon to me."

Dodd's Kidney Pills act directly on the kidneys. By putting them in condition to do their proper work they accomplish the cures so regularly reported. Healthy kidneys make pure blood and the man or woman who has pure blood coursing through their veins can laugh at nine-tenths of the ills of life.

FOOD COST ABROAD SOARS.

Britain, Berlin and Vienna Report a Large Increase in Prices.

According to statistics published by the British Board of Trade, the retail prices of food in the United Kingdom advanced on the average of about 1½ per cent. in January. Flour and bread increased in price about 6 per cent.

Taking the nation as a whole and making allowance for the relative importance of various articles in the working-class household expenditure, the average increase in retail prices of food since the beginning of the war has been 47 per cent.

The Board of Trade states that Berlin the general level of prices of certain more important articles of food was 83.4 per cent. above that of July, 1914.

In Vienna, it is declared, the general level of food prices was 113.8 per cent. higher than that of July, 1914.

MURINE, Murine is prescribed by our Physicians, as used for many years in their private practice, now offered to the Public and sold by Your Druggist. Try Murine's Refresh, Clean and Strengthen Eyes at night—Sure to Hold Color. Weak, Watery Eyes. Murine will restore healthy tone to Eyes Red, Sore, Inflamed Eyes made Sore by Overwork and Eye Strain.

Some Unprincipled Physicians use and recommend Murine while others perhaps jealous of its Success, talk and rush into print in opposition to those who's Eyes need [illegible] know why, as they [illegible] Prescription Book Murine. Just Send your Druggist 50c and you have a Complete Pkg. Eye Book—Murine—Dropper—and Cork Screw ready for use. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes for E..e Troubles—No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. Write for Book of the Eye Free.

Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago

Wild Extravagance.

Mr. Pester—Have you spent the whole day shopping.

Mrs. Pester—Not the whole day. I still have the change out of an hour.

Judge—"You are charged with assault and battery. What have you to say?" Prisoner—"Not a word yer honner. It was sayin' too much got me into this scrape."

Gossipy Wife—"When my husband married me he said he would lay down the law." Second G. W.—"So did mine, but now I can't even get him to lay down the stair carpet."

[illegible] that young man proposed yet, Gladys?" Daughter (blushing)—"Yes. How did you come to suspect, daddie?" Father—"Oh, he comes around here as if he owned the place."

Off to School, Full of Vim and Pep—Don't cram their little "tummies" with greasy meats, starchy potatoes or other indigestible foods. One or two Shredded Wheat Biscuits with hot milk make a warm, nourishing meal that supplies all the material needed for their growing bodies. The perfect food to study on, to grow on, to play on. The crispness of the shreds encourages thorough chewing, which develops sound teeth and healthy gums. Being ready-cooked, it is so easy to prepare a warm, nourishing meal with Shredded Wheat in a few moments—no kitchen worry or work.

Made in Canada.

AN AMUSING WAR STORY.

How a Soldier Saved His Scalp for the Enemy.

A special correspondent of the New York Sun who is serving in the French Foreign Legion tells amusingly how he escaped obeying an order from headquarters; no doubt he was the only man in the army who did so.

"I must tell you of one thing I 'put over' on my superiors yesterday. An order was issued that all the men must have their hair clipped close—by machine. I went over to the bureau to see the captain about being exempted.

"'What do you want?' asked the sergeant major.

"I explained, but he declared it was impossible. 'No excuse. Here! Look! I had to have my own curl, and he showed me his clipped head.

"'That's all right for you,' I answered, 'but not for me. It's contrary to my religion to cut off all my hair.'

"'But Americans have no religion.'

"'Ah, but I am an Indian—an American Indian'—and so I am, in a way.

"'What Indian?' asked the adjutant, and before the sergeant-major could explain, he, too, burst out excitedly, 'Not cut your hair! Look!

"'But why?' the adjutant demanded.

"So I explained that the theory was that it was only fair to leave the enemy a scalp as a trophy, in case you could not get his. I was taken round to the barber, and he was strictly ordered to leave my hair alone. And when the inspection was held later by the lieutenant, the adjutant stopped in front of me and explained the whole story to the lieutenant, who seemed deeply interested in the fact that an American Indian had come over to fight for France."

Female Help Wanted...

in large hosiery, underwear and sweater factories. Vacancies in all departments, with openings for experienced or inexperienced help. Highest wages and moderate prices board. Apply, immediately

Penmans Limited, Paris, Ont.

BOOK ON DOG DISEASES And How to Feed

Mailed free to any address by the Author.

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies

H. CLAY GLOVER, V. S. 118 West 31st Street, New York

LEARN MUSIC AT HOME! [illegible] Method—Lessons Free—Learn To Play by Notes—Piano, Organ, Violin, Cornet, Banjo, Guitar, Mandolin, Clarionet, Flute, Piccolo, Trombone, Harp, Cello, Ukulele, Hawaiian Steel Guitar, Harmony and Composition, Voice and Speech Culture, Automatic Finger Control, Sight Reading, Ear Training, Dance Music, Etc. Special Limited Offer. Only a few lessons to a place. Write at once for Booklet and Particulars. No obligation. U. S. SCHOOL OF MUSIC, Box 252, 225 Fifth Ave. New York City.

Notice to Stallion Owners

The inspection of stallions under the Ontario Stallion Enrolment Act will commence March 23rd, 1915. All applications for enrolment and inspection, accompanied by the proper fee, must be in the Secretary's office, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, by March 15th. In case of applications received after March 15th, inspection will only be made at increased expense to owners. Address all communications to W. W. Wade, Secretary, Ontario Stallion Enrolment Board, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

Use Any Household Recipe

with Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal, and bake anything from it. If you like, eat hot from the oven. It won't ferment. It makes most delicious baking, prevents indigestion, is very nutritious, relieves constipation or money back. That's what leading physicians say. Serve it like a porridge, pancakes, and gems, but carefully follow directions on package for best results. For instance, never use less than a fast cook the night before in a double boiler without stirring and warm in the morning, by omitting in boiling water adding [illegible] Sold by grocers, 10c and 25c per pkg.

Made by the Roman Meal Co., Toronto.

$5,000,000 in Cheese.

A $5,000,000 contract has been placed in New Zealand by Great Britain for cheese for the army. This is a fifth of the cheese product of the island.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

What Is He Now.

The recruiting sergeant with a shrewd sense of humor has been everywhere. These men have oftentimes needed all their wits. Said one such to a promising recruit: "Why don't you join the Army? You would adorn the King's uniform. It's a fine profession is the Army, and promotion for all who ask for it! Look at the number of lieutenants! And there's Lord Kitchener, a Field-Marshal, and at head of the War Office. Why, Lord Kitchener was only your age once, and see what he is now!"

NOTICE TO STALLION OWNERS.

The inspection of stallions under the Ontario Stallion Enrolment Act will commence March 23rd, 1916. Stallion owners will notice that horses inspected in the Fall of 1914 do not require to be inspected at this time but all other horses inspected previous to the Fall of 1914, which were not then eight years old, must be inspected in order to be enrolled for 1916. Application should be made at once to the Secretary of the Ontario Stallion Enrolment Board, R. W. Wade, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

Use Any Household Recipe

with Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal, and bake anything from it. If you like, eat hot from the oven. It won't ferment. It makes most delicious baking, prevents indigestion, is very nutritious, relieves constipation or money back. That's what leading physicians say. Serve it like a porridge, pancakes, and gems, but carefully follow directions on package for best results. For instance, never use less than a fast cook the night before in a double boiler without stirring and warm in the morning, by omitting in boiling water adding [illegible] Sold by grocers, 10c and 25c per pkg.

Made by the Roman Meal Co., Toronto.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen—My daughter, 13 yrs. old, was thrown from a sleigh and injured her elbow so badly it remained stiff and very painful for three years. Four bottles of MINARD'S LINIMENT completely cured her and she has not been troubled for two years.

Yours truly,

J. B. LIVESQUE

St. Joseph, P. Q., 18th Aug., 1909.

A Slight Mistake.

Mrs. De Troop (who is short-sighted)—"Good morning, Mrs. Simkins. Your husband must be very fond of gardening. I saw him the first thing this morning down in the bottom of the garden. And how well he looks, to be sure!" Mrs. Simkins turned her back and slammed the door in her neighbor's face. The latter agnast, went to tell her daughter. "And you told her the thing in the onion patch was her husband?" "Of course, I did." "Well, that's not her husband; that's a scare-crow!"

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

The modern child can be relied upon to put his parents in their place. Without the following genuine extract from a recent essay at Home—"The important person at home is mother. Another important person is father. He helps to keep us.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

The best yeast in the world. Makes perfect bread.

MADE IN CANADA

Unnecessary Exertion.

Pullman Porter—Next stop is yo' station sah. Shall I brush yo' off now?

Morton Morose—No; it is not necessary. When the train stops I'll step off.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff

Ling—"I believe a man should be master of his own house. There can only be one head in a family, and I mean to be it." Wing—"That's a very good ide indeed! Have you spoken to your wife about it?"

SEED POTATOES

SEED POTATOES. IRISH COBblers, Delaware, Carman. Order at once. Supply limited. Write for quotations. H. W. Dawson, Brampton.

AGENTS WANTED

LADY OR GENTLEMAN WANTED in every town. Attractive proposition. Big money. Write Jarvis, 344 A Runnymede Road, Toronto.

$2 PER DAY SALARY AND COMmission to salesman who has representative in her home district. Work pleasant, educative, experience unnecessary. Nichols Limited, Publishers, Toronto.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in good Ontario towns. The most successful advertising of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

LOAN WANTED

TEN YEAR LOAN DESIRED ON ONE of the best equipped Western Stock Ranches in Southern Alberta. Willing to give mortgage back for $30,000 at 8 per cent. interest until the first year, after that one-tenth of principal. M. Huff, Alberta Block, Lethbridge, Alta.

FARMS FOR SALE

FOR SALE—IMPROVED FARMING SECTION, 320 acres, 4 miles north of Raymore, Saskatchewan. Clay loam. Well located, $22 per acre, part cash, balance half crop payments. Or $20 all cash. J. R. Booth, Jr., Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.

FARMS WANTED

WANTED, FARM, ABOUT HALF improved or relinquishment of 160 acres or more in Ontario. Must be bargain. State price, location. Address Box 64, Port William, Ont.

HELP WANTED

WOOLEN MILL HELP, CARDERS, spinners and weavers. We will pay inexperienced help while learning weaving. Good wages paid in all these departments, and steady work for months to come. For further particulars, apply to the Slingsby Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Brantford, Ont.

MACHINERY

ENGINES, MARINE AND STATIONary, new and second-hand bargains, Ref. Bd. Commerce. Motor Co., Hamilton, Can.

FOR SALE

PEDIGREED NEWFOUNDLAND puppies for sale. Also few Persian kittens. R. A. Gillespie, Abbotsford, Quebec.

MISCELLANEOUS

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Sullivan Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

Go To BERMUDA

40 Hours from Frost to Flowers

Restful Ease of Summer Loveliness

S.S. BERMUDIAN sails from New York March 2 and 11.

S.S. EVANGELINE sails from New York March 7 and 14.

Write for illustrated booklet and rates.

Wm. H. PATERSON, Gen. Agent, New York

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Or any other agent.

BERMUDA

The Ideal Winter Resort

Beautiful Drives, Saddle Riding, Golf, Tennis, Yachting, Fishing and Sea Bathing. Present Organization of the Ottawa (1340) Regiment.

—WILL REOPEN—

Princess Hotel

is open from DECEMBER 15 to MAY

Situated on the Harbour of Hamilton. Accommodation 400. Rates, $25 per week and upwards.

HOWE & TWOROGER, Managers

HAMILTON, BERMUDA

Bermuda is reached via the steamers of the Quebec S.S. Co., 32 Broadway, New York.

Meet me at Kincaid's and get measured for YOUR NEW SPRING SUIT

THE BUSY CORNER **A. KINCAID**

G. T. R. Trains

Daily except Sunday

	A.M.	P.M.
Leave		
Madoc	7 15	3 20
Moira Lake	7 25	3 40
Crookston	7 38	3 53
Ivanhoe	7 45	4 00
West Huntingdon	8 00	4 15
Madoc Junction	Arrive 8 10	4 35
Belleville	Arrive 9 15	5 00
	P.M.	P.M.
Leave		
Belleville	12 10	6 30
Madoc Junction	12 54	7 01
West Huntingdon	1 00	7 06
Ivanhoe	1 15	7 24
Crookston	1 25	7 30
Moira Lake	1 38	7 43
Madoc	Arrive 1 50	7 50

THE

North Hastings Review

IS PUBLISHED

THURSDAY MORNING

AT THE

REVIEW PRINTING OFFICE, MADOC, ONT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—One dollar and a half per year; one dollar per year, if paid in advance, or within thirty days. No paper will be stopped until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher. A post office notice is not sufficient unless a letter out to date has been made. Subscribers changing their address should immediately notify the publisher, giving old and new address. Subscribers outside the limits of the County will please remit in advance.

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Unbalanced advertisements of Estray Stock, Lost or Stolen Look, Found, or For Sale, Teachers Wanted, Situations Wanted, Help Wanted, To Let, Business Chances, and others of a like character, not exceeding 12 lines Nonpareil, inserted for 25 cents for first insertion and 25 cents for each week afterwards. Ads. of this class to be paid in advance.

Any matter of a personal nature, the object of which is to promote the pecuniary benefit of any individual or corporation will be considered an advertisement and charged as such.

Notices of Births, Deaths and Marriages will be charged at the rate of 25c. per insertion.

A. H. WATSON, Proprietor

MADOC, MARCH 16, 1916

(Continued from last week.)

Sir Edward Grey proposed that the great powers should together exercise a moderating influence and asked for the co-operation of Germany. The German Government replied it could not interfere in the conflict.

Henceforward negotiations became difficult. As the time limit granted by the ultimatum was very short, it was judged most urgent to obtain an extension. In this way there would be time to take counsel before an irreparable act had been committeed. France, England and Italy promised their co-operation but it was found to be impossible to get Germany's assistance.

All that could be done was to await the Servian reply to Austria. On the 25th of July Servia sent her reply which was a complete surrender. There were some articles of the ultimattum accepted with certain reservations, but in case the Austrain Government should not be satisfied with its reply, the Servian Government declared itself ready, as always, to accept a pacific understanding, either by referring this question to the decision of the International Tribunal of the Hague, or to the Great Powers. There can be no doubt that this unhoped-for submission was due to the action of Russia. In a communication sent to the Crown Prince of Servia by the Czar appears this statement. "As long as there is the least hope of avoiding bloodshed, all our efforts must be directed to that end."

Servia's acceptance of Austria's ultimatum seemed to have assured peace, but a few moments after receiving Servia's note, the Austrian minister broke off diplomatic relations. The news was greeted with enthusiasm in Vienna and in Berlin. He must therefore have received orders to break off in any case.

At this phase of the crisis, Germany took a singular step which deserves our attention. She stated that peace would be certain if Russia would refrain from all intervention. Germany's object seemed to be to tie Russia up so that Austria could have a free hand with Servia. All this time the Triple Entente, supported by Italy, were working hard in the interests of peace. Diplomatic relations were broken off but war was not declared, it was perhaps still possible to stop the conflict before the opening of hostilities.

England's position in this matter was clear. The war between Austria and Servia did not concern her, what she wanted was peace but she knew that Russia could not stand by and see Austria crush Servia and well knew that if Russia intervened that Germany would be drawn into the the war and this would threaten the peace of Europe. To preserve the peace of Europe Sir Edward Grey proposed that the four Great Powers not greatly concerned should intervene as mediators. To this France and Italy eagerly assented but Germany absolutely refused to have anything to do with it. The French Ambassador, M. Cambon, expostulated with M. Sazonoff, the German Ambassador, and urged upon him the importance of the association of England and France with Germany and Italy working for peace. Still the German Ambassador gave obscure answers until M. Cambon, irritated by these evasive replies, suddenly asked if Germany wanted war and when the latter assured him of his good intentions, the French Ambassador said you must then act up to them. When you read the Servian reply, I beg you in the name of humanity to weigh the terms with your conscience, and do not personally assume a portion of the responsibility for the catastrophe you are allowing to be prepared. To this appeal there was no response.

(To be continued)

"Quinte" Battalion Band

The band of the 155th "Quinte" Battalion, which is to give a concert in the Armouries Friday evening, has already secured an enviable reputation. Their latest success has been at Picton, where, says the Gazette: "It was an immense crowd that greeted the concert appearance of the 155th Battalion Band, C. E. F. The 155th has been singularly fortunate in securing so excellent a band, and it is doubtful if any event of the kind ever more visibly stirred the audience than this musical treat. * * * The majestic tone of the basses throughout the evening, the flute-like quality of the clarinets and the dazzling execution of the cornets and trombones all contributed to a wonderfully balanced, effective rendering of the several numbers. The National Anthem was a fitting close to an evening of music which has rarely been enjoyed in Picton, and the large audience who braved one of the worst storms of the season felt they were fully repaid by the brilliant work of the artists." This is but one account of the character of the entertainment given by this band. Reports from Tweed and other towns where this concert has been given are equally enthusiastic. The advance sale of tickets gives promise of a record crowd at the Armouries Friday evening when Madocers will hear this band for the first time.

For Sale or to Rent

Fine Farm in Township of Madoc, 125 acres, 60 to 70 acres under cultivation, good sugar bush, balance pasture, good house and large barn, well watered. Apply to

D. E. K. STEWART, Barrister, Madoc, Ont.

11-3p

The Electric Lamp Situation

Before the war started a number of importers made a business of bringing into the country large quantities of lamps of Austrian and Dutch manufacture. These firms carried enormous stocks of these goods and were able to sell lamps for several months after their supply was cut off. When they were sold out the domestic manufacturers were required to furnish lamps formerly furnished by these importers. For this reason the local dealers have experienced great difficulty in obtaining lamps, especially those for 220 volts, which have to be made to order.

(Tune—When the Roll is called up yonder I'll be there.)

When my King and Country call me,
and I'm wanted at the front,
When the shrapnel shells are bursting
in the air,
When the foe in fury charges and
we're sent to bear the brunt,
And the roll is called for service, I'll
be there.

Chorus:
When the roll is called for service,
I'll be there.

When the Kaiser's lines are broken and
his armies out of France,
When the Belgian desolation we repair,
When the final muster's ordered, and
the bugle sounds advance,
May the God of battles help me to be
there.

When the Allies march through Russia, with the foe in full retreat,
That our hearts be kept from hatred
is our prayer.
When the right of might is ended in a
crushing last defeat,
And the Roll is called in Berlin, I'll
be there.

When for me Last Post is sounded
and I cross the silent ford,
I've a Pilot who of minefields will beware.
When Reveille sounds in Heaven, and
the armies of the Lord,
Sing the Hallelujah Chorus, I'll be
there.

R. M. Phillips & Son

Agents for

Tudhope Buggies

And

Farm Machinery

of all descriptions

We have horses for sale, also a number of mares in foal.

Call and see us. You will find our prices right.

Attention

I beg to inform the people of Madoc and vicinity that I have taken over the business lately owned by Mr. W. N. Donaldson, and am prepared to do cleaning and pressing, repairing, dyeing, dry cleaning and the remodeling of garments for ladies and gentlemen. A trial order solicited.

9-4 MISS BAKER.

HARD CHRONIC COUGH

Made Well by Delicious Vinol

Crestline, Ohio. — "I contracted a hard, chronic cough, and was weak, nervous and run down. I have a small family of three, and it was hard for me to do my work. I took different medicines without benefit. Finally I heard about Vinol, and it has restored me to health and strength, my cough is all gone and I feel fine."—Mrs. H. H. CARLISLE.

We guarantee Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron tonic without oil, for chronic coughs and colds, and for all weak, nervous, run-down conditions.

J. Will Vince, Druggist, Madoc.

FIFTH WHEELS.

They Are of Many Varieties, and Some of Them Are Human.

I am what is known as a fifth wheel—a useless piece of paraphernalia carried along as necessary impedimenta on other people's journeys.

There are lots of fifth wheels in the world. Some are old and rusty and out of repair, and down in their inmost hubs they long to roll off into the gutter and lie there quiet and undisturbed. These are the old people, silver haired, self effacing, who go upstairs to bed early when guests are invited for dinner.

Some are emergency fifth wheels, such as are carried on motorcars, always ready to take their place on the road if one of the regular wheels breaks down and needs to be sent away for repairs. These are the middle aged unmarried aunts and cousins—stanch, reliable—who are sent for to take care of the children while mother runs over to Europe for a holiday.

And some are fifth wheels like myself—neither old nor self effacing, neither middle aged nor useful, but simply expensive to keep painted and very hungry for the road. It may be only a matter of time, however, when I shall be middle aged and useful and later old and self effacing; when I shall stay and take care of the children and go upstairs early when young people are having a party.—Olive Higgins Prouty in American Magazine.

A Profitable Patient.

M. Latour, referring to the death of M. Cherest while still young, mentions a singular patient who contributed to his income 14,666 francs per annum. This patient, a well known person in the mercantile world, had a terrible fear of dying and besought Cherest to pay him a visit while in bed every morning at 9 o'clock, his fee being 40 francs per visit. Cherest consented, and for several years paid his daily visits, always receiving his 40 franc piece. During the last years of his life this patient, a very old man, became really ill and exacted two visits a day, then three, and then four, always paying his 40 francs for each.—Medical Times and Gazette.

Children.

What are children? Flowers! They are flowers of the invisible world, indestructible, each with a multitude of angels and evil spirits underneath its leaves, toiling and wrestling for dominion over it. Blossoms! They are the blossoms of another world whose fruitage is angels and archangels. Or dewdrops! They are dewdrops that have their source not in the chambers of the earth nor among the vapors of the sky, which the next breath of wind or the next flash of sunshine may dry up forever, but among the everlasting fountains and inexhaustible reservoirs of mercy and love.

Quickness of Mind.

Quickness is among the least of the mind's properties and belongs to her in almost her lowest state. Nay, it doth not abandon her when she is driven from her home, when she is wandering and insane. The mad often retain it, the liar has it, the cheat has it, education does not give it, and reflection takes away from it.—Landor.

Your Faults.

However good you may be you have faults; however dull you may be you can find out what some of them are, and however slight they may be you had better make some—not too painful, but patient—efforts to get rid of them.—Ruskin.

Already Done.

Pa—But, young man, do you think you can make my girl happy? Suitor—Do I? Say, I wish you could 'a' seen her when I proposed.

Competent.

Old Lady—Officer, could you see me across the street? Officer 666—Sure, I've got as good eyesight as any man on the force.

The power of applying attention to a single subject is the sure mark of a superior genius.—Chesterfield.

Homeseekers Excursions

Every Tuesday, March to October
"All Rail"

Every Wednesday During Season Navigation
"Great Lakes Route"

Somewhere out on the prairies where last year Canada's Greatest Wheat Crop was produced there is a home waiting for you. The

CANADIAN PACIFIC

will take you there, give you all the information about the best places, and help you to success.

Particulars from any Canadian Pacific Ticket Agent, or write W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

Some of the Leading Features

in the Policies of

The Policy Holders Mutual Life Ins. Co.

of Canada.

Head Office - - Temple Building, Toronto

No Other Policy Nearly So Good

1 Premium rate from 10 to 25 per cent. lower than any other company in Canada for the same class of Policy.
2 Our Guaranteed Loan or Surrender Values are as good as the best.
3 Our Policies participate in the profits of the Company: all dividends are paid to you in cash, yearly, after the third year.
4 Every policyholder has the privilege of a thorough medical examination every year at the Company's expense.
5 Total abstainers are insured in a class by themselves, and will receive the larger profits their good habits insure.
6 This is a strong mutual Company, with all the security of a full Government Reserve, one vote in the management of your Company with every $1,000 of insurance.
7 Premiums may be paid yearly, half-yearly, quarterly or even monthly, at your convenience, without consulting the Company.
8 Freeinsurance for face value of Policy, for a specific term of years after the third year in force, if you are sick or are unable to pay premium, etc., etc.

A. H. Watson, Madoc, Local Agent

SMOKERS, ATTENTION!

You will find our stock of

Case Pipes, Cigars and Tobaccos

The Best we have ever had. Now is the time to buy.

See Our Cigars and Pipes.

VANDERVOORT'S BARBER SHOP

Vandervoort Bros

General Merchants

Dealers in Flour and Feed, all kinds of Provisions, Pork and Beef, Butter and Eggs and Beef Hides.

All kinds of Farm Produce bought and sold.

Mail orders filled on short notice

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Phone 60r2, Eldorado Ontario

You Will Like The Way Your Clothes Feel If You Get Them Here

We are especially anxious to have you buy a suit, hat, shirt or suit of underwear here—because we know that the big lot of satisfaction you get will bring you back here when you want something else in clothing.

It costs really less to dress right

Ordered Clothing a Specialty

GEORGE WEST

Vinol

FOR SALE ONLY AT

Vince's Popular Drug Store, Madoc

How Can YOU Cheer

For the Boys When They Come Home

If You Sit on The Fence And Let Them

Fight Your Battles

For You

Join the 155th Battalion

Lieut.Col. M. K. Adams, Commanding.

Apply to

Capt. W. S. Harper, Medical Officer, or Lieut. E. S. Webb, Armoury, Madoc.

GOD SAVE THE KING

CREAM

We want yours, winter and summer.

We pay express and furnish cans. Profitable Prices promptly paid

References: The Molson's Bank, Belleville. Our Satisfied Patrons Everywhere.

Write us.

BELLEVILLE CREAMERY, L'td.

Belleville, Ont.

9-3m

Attention Customers !

Did you ever stop to consider that you can save money by buying your Clocks, Watches and Jewelry from me.

Engraving done free on all goods bought from this store.

Watch and Clock repairing done promptly and satisfaction guaranteed.

Thos. Tucker,

Jeweler and Optician.

Automolite SKATES

It's something for a boy to own skates made of hard Automobile steel—Light, bright, keen-edged, and guaranteed not to break.

Ounces Lighter—Tons Stronger.

Tube Model Automobile		$5.00
Model "D"	"	$6.00
" "C"	"	$5.00
" "B"	"	$4.00
" "A"	"	$3.00
Ladies' "Auto"	-	$2.50
Cycle "25"	- -	$2.00
Ladies' "Cycle"	-	$2.00
Ladies' "Pleasure"	-	$1.50
"Artic Special"	-	$1.50
"Yukon"	- -	$1.50

M.W. Connor & Son

BAD STOMACH TROUBLE

Yields to Delicious Vinol

Shreveport, La.—"I had a bad stomach trouble for years and became so weak I could hardly walk or do any work. My appetite was poor, my food would not digest, I bloated and was very weak and nervous. I tried many remedies without help. I saw Vinol advertised and tried it, and now my stomach trouble is completely cured and I am well."—E. L. MARSHALL.

Vinol is guaranteed to tone up the red, over-taxed and weakened nerves of the stomach and create strength.

J. Will Vince, Druggist, Madoc.

—Flower Pots, 5c, 7c, 8c and 10c. G. A. Rollins'.

—I am prepared to do custom sawing at Downey's Rapids Mills. Parties from a distance can take their lumber home. Bring along your logs. 10-3
WM. STORRING.

Major-General Hughes is going south for a rest, after which he leaves for England and France, where he will spend the next two or three months. During his absence Hon. A. E. Kemp will be Acting Minister of Militia.

BUTTER PAPER Vegetable Parchment in sizes for rolls or pound [illegible] THE REVIEW Office.

HOME NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. John Osborne spent the week end in Peterboro.

—Case 220 volt 8 c.p. Carbon Lamps arrived. John Burkitt. 11-1p

Mr. Basil Wickham left on Monday for Belleville, where he has secured a position in the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Master Stirling Guy Storring, of Glen Lewis, left on the 7th inst. for Oshawa, where he has secured a good position in the munition factory.

—All Rebekahs are requested to be present at their regular meeting, Friday, March 17th, to welcome their President, Mrs. Catherine Campbell.

Mrs. Jarvis, of this village, was in Belleville attending the funeral of her uncle, Mr. Ayer, an employee of the Trenton Electric Company, who met his death by coming in contact with a live wire.

—Royalite Oil, 20c gal. delivered to any part of town. G. A. Rollins.

Mrs. Holland, wife of W. W. Holland, of Kingston, formerly of Huntingdon, aged 26 years, died at Kingston on February 18th, from rapid consumption, and was buried at Wolfe Island. She leaves one daughter two years old.

Private Jackson, of Picton, who is a member of the 80th Battalion, met with a painful accident this week. He was engaged in a friendly tussle with a fellow soldier when he fell, breaking his right leg.—Intelligencer. Pte. Jackson is well known around Madoc having been formerly employed at Mr. Danford's.

—Boots and Shoes, Suite Cases, Club Bags and Trunks, Cameras, Films, Amateur Supplies at standard prices. Portraits enlarged in crayon, water color, sepia, and India ink, Sterescopes and assorted views. Mail orders given prompt attention. A trial order is solicited. The Ludbrook Shoe Store.

On Monday night the management of the Picture Show gave their entertainment under the auspices of the Institute, who received the entire proceeds other than the actual expenses. The attendance was large, the proceeds amounting to $25, which will be used for Patriotic purposes. In order to show in some measure their appreciation of the efforts being made in their behalf by the Institute, the members of the 155th paraded to the theatre in a body.

In the Military Circle

155th Battalion, C.E.F.

Orderly Sergeant for the week—Sergeant Pitts.

On Tuesday the Platoon was on a route march past the lake. The boys now march to the beat of the drum.

Bandsmen W. Sills, of the 80th Batt., C.E.F., was home for a few days this week.

The 59th Battalion has not yet left for Overseas and the date of their departure is as uncertain as ever.

The following recruits have joined the Madoc detachment this week:—Ptes. P. Rylott, C. Ault, Wm. Cleave, W. Marsh.

Two shipments of clothing were received from the Quarter Master the past week and most of the men of the local detachment are now fully outfitted.

Another donation has been received for the Bugle Band. The Women's Institute donated the sum of $25.

The buglers and drummers have commenced practice on the fine new instruments which arrived last week. They were on exhibition in Mr. West's window for a few days and attracted considerable attention.

The number of the recruits secured at Madoc has now increased until the services of a second officer is secured. On Tuesday Lieut. Patterson reported for duty with the Madoc Platoon.

Nearly all the men absent on sick leave have now reported back and a large squad is drilling daily.

On Tuesday evening the soldiers defeated the High School in a very sharp game of ball by the score of 12-7.

Wednesday was pay day.

Madoc Women's Institute

The March meeting of the Madoc Women's Institute was held on Friday, 10th inst., at the home of Mrs. C. Whytock. After the usual opening exercises a letter was read from Major Jones in Belgium acknowledging the receipt of a bale of socks. After discussion it was decided to forward the heavy socks on hand to the boys in the trenches, and a committee was formed of Mesdames Watson, Harrison and Connor to attend to shipping these at once. Mrs. E. West and Mrs. W. Brooks were appointed to purchase more yarn, 50 lbs., if possible. Several accounts were handed in and ordered to be paid. It was decided that we donate $25 to the Bugle Band of the Madoc Platoon of the 155th Battalion, the President and Secretary to present this at once. Messrs. Hill & Brooks, having consented to donate the proceeds of one evening of the Moving Picture Show to the Women's Institute, it was decided to make Monday, the 13th, Institute evening with the ladies in charge. The question of an Easter entertainment was brought up and after much discussion it was decided to hold a social evening and dance at the Armouries on Easter Monday, April 24th. The next meeting will be Friday, April 14th, at the Armouries.—Secretary.

Surrogate Court

Probate of the last will and testament of Lawrence Foley, late of the township of Huntingdon, granted to Johanna Foley, executrix. W. Cross, solicitor for executrix.

Probate of the last will and testament of Sarah Ann Lidster, late of the township of Rawdon, widow, granted to Emma Bateman, executrix. Wm. Cross, solicitor for executrix.

Probate of the last will and testament of William Thomas, late of the township of Madoc, yeoman, granted to George Wesley Thomas and Simeon Fox, executors. Wm. Cross, solicitor for executors.

—New stock of Wedding Stationery and Wedding Cake Boxes just arrived. Prices r[illegible]. Review Office.

News Notes About Town

(By Our Own Reporter)

Mr. John Burkitt, our popular electrician, has installed an electric fire alarm system in the Public School. A test was made by Principal McConnell and the school children were all out of the building fifty-five seconds after the alarm was sounded.

Mr. S. Wellington has a number of men working a mining property near Moira lake, this side of the railroad bridge. A fine deposit of fluorspar was found on it. He is also working a property on the Rogers farm back of the Fair grounds.

Mr. Miley Smith, of the Madoc Machine and Garage Works, has left on a month's visit with friends in Ypsilanti, Mich., and other points in the United States.

Mr. Richard Olson, trainman on the G.T.R., has been confined to his home with grippe.

Miss M. Waddel is visiting friends in Belleville.

Mrs. W. H. O'Flynn is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. J. Jeffrey, this week in Toronto.

Mrs. H. Johnson, who has been very ill, is greatly improved now.

The snow-storm on Friday morning last delayed and tied up traffic. The C.P.R. trains were running about 35 minutes late. The Queensboro and Cooper stages did not get in at all.

Mr. Claude Hayes, of the Seymour Power Co., has been transferred to Belleville. Mr. and Mrs. Hayes made many friends since coming to Madoc and will be greatly missed. Mr. W. R. Jenkinson, of Port Hope, takes Mr. Hayes' place and will move in the house lately vacated by Mr. Hayes.

Miss Annie Dawson, of Ivanhoe, spent the week-end the guest of Mrs. Whytock.

Mrs. P. McFarlane, who has been visiting relatives in Bancroft, returned home Friday.

Mass will be celebrated on Friday morning at nine thirty in the Sacred Heart Church in honor of St. Patrick patron saint of Ireland.

The Arch Diocese of Kingston collected over $20,000 for the Russian Polands A collection was taken up in the Catholic church in this village for this purpose some Sundays ago. Archbishop Spratt, of Kingston, received a letter of acknowledgment from the Russian Archbishop thanking him on behalf of the priests and people for their very liberal donation.

Mr. Frank Baalim, of Mikel, Stewart & Baalim's law office, Tweed, is on the sick list at his home here.

Mr. W. A. Reid, of Connor & Son's Hardware, has been confined to his home with lagrippe.

Messrs. Jim Huff, Harold Vanallen and Robert Belshaw, of Stirling, spent Sunday in town.

Mr. Howard Kelly is putting a new hardwood floor in the hall of Blue's hotel.

Mr. Sam Herity, Moira, is spending a few days the guest of Dr. Harrison.

Mr. James Smith, a highly respected resident of Foxboro, died very suddenly on Sunday morning. Mr. H. Smith and family, of town, are relatives and Mr. E. Smith, who was employed in the Madoc Garage and Machine Works last summer, is a son of the deceased.

Mr. Harry Blaind, of Griffin's Theatre staff, Belleville, who has been been employed in Brooks & Hill's picture show, left for his home on Wednesday.

One of our local boys started in business for himself this week. Mr. Cleveland Moon took over Mr. A. D. Weir's shoe store, and we hear another local business is being taken over by a Madoc boy.

Mr. Geo. West is having his store treated to a fresh coat of paint inside, a good sign of spring.

Letter of Condolence

Madoc, March 11, 1916.

MRS. LAWRENCE FOLEY,
Madoc, Ont.

DEAR MRS. FOLEY,—

On behalf of the Madoc Cheese Board we wish to extend to you our heartfelt sympathy for your bereavement in the loss of your husband.

During the years we did business together on the Cheese Board we always found him fair and honorable, always willing to help in anything that was for the advancement of our mutual cause and we feel that his death is a distinct loss to our Board. We are,

Yours sincerely,

A. NICHOLSON,
CHAS. THOMPSON.

SOME GOOD ADVICE

If you have dandruff, get rid of it by killing the germs.

If your hair is falling out, stop it.

There is one sure cure that will remedy these misfortunes and aid you to remain young.

PARISIAN SAGE, the great hair restorer, is guaranteed to permanently remove dandruff in two weeks, or we will give you your money back.

PARISIAN SAGE stops falling hair—it prevents the hair from fading.

It is the best beautifier for ladies' hair, as it makes harsh, lifeless hair fluffy, soft and beautiful.

PARISIAN SAGE is rigidly guaranteed. 50 cents a large bottle.

Rierdon's Red Cross Drug Store

Your Complexion

March winds will steal it away if you do not safeguard it.

The softer, fairer and more delicate your shin, the more quickly they will make it rough and red.

Remember the finest complexion can be ruined through neglect, and a complexion that is naturally unattractive can be made soft, white and beautiful by care and attention.

You can depend on

Nyals Face Cream

to guard your complexion from weather wear

25c Jars

RIERDON'S Red Cross Drug Store

PHONE 73.

Successor to T. G. Whitfield.

Up-to-Date Machine Shop

Having one of the most complete and up-to-date Machine Shops in Hastings County, I am now prepared to do machine work of all description, such as repairing Sawing Machines, Gasoline Engines, Threshing Outfits, Threading Bolts, Pipes, etc., and in fact anything that needs expert workmanship and up-to-the-minute machinery.

Give Us A Call And Be Convinced

We also cater to the Autoists and have a full line of Auto Accessories on hand. Our Bowser Gasoline Tank is always ready to supply your wants.

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Machine Shop and Garage Phone 88 Opposite Blue's Hotel, Madoc

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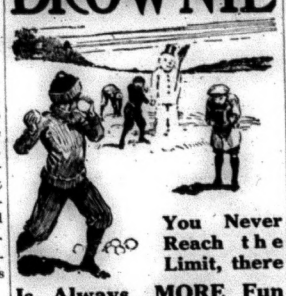

You Never Reach the Limit, there Is Always MORE Fun With a Brownie

A source of constant delight to the children—and the grown-ups as well.

Made by Kodak workmen and subjected to thorough Kodak tests.

Price $1.25 to $12.00

Geo. F. Maybee

Jeweler and Optician

I Have a Full Line of

Fruits

Apples

Pineapples

Cranberries

Oranges

Lemons

Figs

Dates

Evaporated Apples

Prunes, etc.

A. McBAIN

McINTOSH BROS

Shopping this week will not be completely rounded unless it includes an inspection of McIntosh Bros. Store. Here are assembled all the latest fashion fancies in Ginghams, Prints, Dress Goods, Dress Silks, Silk Waists, Underskirts, Whitewear, etc., including everything that is new and in good taste in apparel for Women, Misses and Children.

Silks, Silks, Silks

In endless variety including all the new weaves and colorings. This is a most extensive line and bought before the advance in price, which means you can effect an enormous saving by buying your silks here.

per yard 35c to $1.45

Khaki Note Paper 25c

Papeteries, consisting of 25 sheets of good quality linen note paper with envelopes to match.

Special Price - 25c

Khaki Handkerchiefs, 3 for 25c

Soldiers mercerized Handkerchiefs, good size, good quality.

Price, 3 for - 25c

McINTOSH BROS.

Messrs. S. Bush, F. Taylor, P. Tummon, T. H. Thompson, W. E. Tummon, Jas. Rhodes, G. Love, J. Smith are attending Grand Orange Lodge Ontario East at Brockville.

James A. Moore, Reeve of Elzevir, and Chas. Thompson, Deputy Reeve of Madoc township, are in Toronto this week with a deputation interviewing the Deputy Minister of Highways for the purpose of re-adjusting the County Roads mileage system.

W. G. SILLS

MADOC

SOLE AGENT FOR

Heintzman Pianos

New Scale Williams Pianos and Edison Phonographs.

Will Sell

Sheet Music.

FIRE NOTICE

RENNIE'S SEEDS

We desire to advise our customers that although we have suffered a very large loss in Sunday's (Feby. 20th) fire, we have sufficient stocks stored at our warehouse at Long Branch and other warehouses in the city, to enable us to fill orders complete and to take care of the coming season's trade. We commenced shipping Monday, 21st, at noon and orders will be handled in our usual prompt manner.

RENNIE'S SEEDS

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, CANADA

All our branches have been supplied with their season's requirements.

THE CABLEMAN

AN EXCITING PRESENT-DAY ROMANCE

BY WEATHERBY CHESNEY

CHAPTER III.

"You quite understand, my dear," said Mr. Page, signing to his daughter to shift the cushions, so that his left foot should rest more easily, "You are to bring me a careful description of every member of this circus troupe. You are a keen observer, and it is essential that you should make the best use of your talent now. It won't be an easy task, because you will have to penetrate the paint and tinsel and describe the human being underneath."

"How am I to do that?" asked Elsa, and added, as she gave a caressing pat to the cushion which supported her father's gouty foot; "Is that more comfortable?"

"Yes, thank you, dear. How are you to do it? Why, observe them when they are performing. Speak to some of them, if you can. The members of a travelling circus are not generally exclusive, and in a foreign country particularly they will welcome advances made by those who speak their own language."

"But I can't go and begin a casual conversation!" she objected. "Even in a foreign country, people would think that queer."

"You can't," said her father, "but young Scarborough can. Tell him you are interested in the people, that you think their life romantic, and that you would like to get a little closer. He's not the man I take him for if he doesn't manage somehow to gratify your wish."

Mr. Page laughed, and his daughter flushed slightly.

"I will do my best," she said.

"Yes, my dear, I know you will, for your father's sake," said Mr. Page. "I leave the method to your own woman's wit, and to circumstances, which your woman's wit will tell you how to turn to profit. If, however, an introduction to Mr. Val B. Montague, the manager of the troupe, is one of the circumstances, I should suggest that you give yourself the trouble to be charming to him. He is probably a cad."

"Then why am I to be charming to him?" demanded Elsa.

Mr. Page smiled.

"Because, my dear, if he is a cad—and his name suggests that he can hardly be anything else—he will be all the more impressed by your condescension and will probably offer to show you over his schooner. If he doesn't—"

"If he doesn't," Elsa broke in quickly, "I am to give him a hint that I want to be asked, and to continue the process of being charming until he takes the hint. Are those my instructions?"

There was a note of scorn in her voice, and her father was amused. He laughed loudly, and then winced with a sharp indrawing of the breath. A shooting pain in his gouty foot had cut his merriment short with a gasp. His daughter stood before him waiting for her answer, but the sight of that spasm of pain cooled her anger at the laugh.

"I want to know exactly what I am to do. Are those my instructions?" she asked again, but in a gentler tone.

"The spirit of them, yes. But don't hint; ask straight out. Or, get Scarborough to ask, and let him suggest it his request."

"I will ask myself," said Elsa quickly.

Mr. Page shot a glance at her, moving his eyes only, not his head. He made a habit of economy in movement; and besides, as Elsa was not looking at him at the moment, by not moving his head he concealed the fact that he was observing her.

"You don't like your errand?" he asked.

"No."

"And I don't like sending you upon it. The part of the spy is always an unpleasant one to play; but unfortunately it is sometimes necessary. You understand that it is necessary here?"

"I believe you when you say it is. But I don't understand."

Mr. Page hesitated. Then he held out a white, rather large, but beautifully shaped hand to her. She came to his side.

"Little girl," he said, "we have been through hard times together, you and I; but though the world has been against us, we have been happy, between us. You have trusted me. Is that trust beginning to fail you?"

"Not, father."

"Then why [illegible] you are reluctant now? Your task is an unpleasant one, I admit, but I have never known you shrink from a task because it was unpleasant. I would spare you the unpleasantness if I could, but—" he pointed to his left foot, swathed in bandages, and resting on a pile of cushions. "Someone must go to Ponta Delagada, to see this circus," he said, "and I can't."

She knelt down beside him, and stroked the big white hand which he held out to her.

"Of course I will go," she said. "Mr. Scarborough will be here in ten minutes. He and I are going to ride over on our bicycles. Of course I will go."

"But reluctantly! You do it reluctantly!"

"Yes."

"Why?"

For a moment she did not answer. Part of her reluctance came from the fact that she was going in Scarborough's company. That would have been a pleasure to her a day or two ago; but now, when the part of the spy had to be played, there was pain to her in having to make use of him for such a purpose. Besides, though she did not yet admit the fact to herself, her trust in her father, absolute hitherto, was beginning to be subject to qualifications.

"Father," she said at length, "how much longer is all this going on? When are we going to return to England and be known by our own name again?"

"When we can do so with perfect safety," said Mr. Page. "You can't imagine that I enjoy living in hiding, and that I have willingly separated myself from your mother all this time!"

"What is my mother doing? She never writes to me."

"And rarely to me," said her father. "Letters are not safe. But she is working for us, you may be sure, watching over the safety of her husband and daughter, and waiting anxiously for the day when we can return to her. It was she who sent us the cablegram."

"Danger—circus," said Elsa. "Father, what is the danger?"

"I don't know. When you return from Ponta Delgada I hope that you will give me the information that will enable me to answer your question. My dear, as you know, I have enemies."

"You mean the people who fastened the accusation of fraud upon you?"

Mr. Page winced. He always winced when the word fraud was used in connection with himself. "Yes," he said, "those, and others. When I know which of my enemies is a member of Val B. Montague's circus troupe I shall know what the danger is for which I must be ready. I think that is the meaning of your mother's cable, but I wish she had taken the risk of being a little more explicit. Ah someone has jumped off a bicycle at the front door! An invalid's ears grow sharp, and I hear the crunch of gravel."

"It's Mr. Scarborough," said Elsa from the window.

"Then, my dear, I don't delay you. You know what your work is—do it as thoroughly as you can. Our safety may depend on the accuracy with which you remember a mole on an arm or a scar on a forehead!"

Elsa thought involuntarily of the complete answer which her father always told her he had to all the charges against him.

"Our safety!" she cried. "How can it be threatened if—"

"Little girl," said Mr. Page quickly, "it can be, and is, or your mother would not have sent that message. Now, there is one thing more. Do your work thoroughly, but don't delay unnecessarily afterwards. If I should not be here when you return—"

She turned to him with a sharp cry: "Father! why do you say that?"

He was a prisoner in his chair, chained by the leg in the grip of his foe, the gout. How was it possible that he should not be here when she returned. Unless he meant—heavens! was the danger something which threatened not liberty only, but life?

Mr. Page smiled at her alarm.

"I don't mean that I shall be dead, my dear," he said. "I do not expect to move from this chair, or at any rate from this room, till your return. But we must prepare for everything—even for things which, at first sight, appear to be impossible. And so I say again, if I am not here when you return, look in my desk, and in the second small drawer on the left you will find a paper which will tell you what to do next. Hadn't you better go now? Young men—even the most devoted, don't like to be kept waiting."

Acting upon a sudden impulse, Elsa bent down, and kissed her father. The action was the more remarkable because she was not a girl who was given to showing her feelings in this way. Then she ran quickly from the room.

Mr. Page rested back in his chair with a smile. The caress had surprised him, and, curiously enough, it made him uncomfortable.

"I believe my little girl is beginning to suspect me at last," he muttered.

He waited till the sounds on the gravel below told him that the pair had mounted, and were off. Then, as though he had forgotten all about his gouty foot, he rose and went to the window. He used no stick, and he did not even limp; the gout, like many other things in his life, was a lie.

He watched the two bicyclists till a turn in the road hid them. Then he turned from the window with a sigh.

"That young man is a good sort, I believe," he said; "but I wonder whether he would cry off, or stick to her, if he heard the truth about her father?"

Then, a moment afterwards, with something like a moan, he added:

"And when she knows the whole truth—my God! will she stick to me?"

The malefactor had one virtue at least. He loved his daughter with a love that was ready to sacrifice all for her. For her sake he was about to undertake a task in which he had little hope that he would succeed; little hope, indeed, that when she returned he would be alive to welcome her.

CHAPTER IV.

In spite of the trouble which she felt to be hanging over her, Elsa enjoyed her ride to Ponta Delgada. The country through which they were riding was beautiful, the air fresh and exhilarating, the road was good, and she was riding with the man she loved. Moreover, though she had refused him last she knew that he loved her, and she thought that he was not one of those who love and then forget. He would ask her again some day; there was plenty of time; for she was only nineteen, and he was twenty-four, or perhaps twenty-five, certainly not more. Perhaps the clouds would blow over, and next time she would say "yes" to his question, and feel no shame in saying it.

At nineteen it is not easy to remain depressed for long, if health is good, if the day is fine, and if one is riding in the company of the man one loves.

Long before she reached Ponta Delgada, Elsa had let the Atlantic breeze blow away her cares for the present. She did not talk much; she had the healthy English girl's delight in physical exertion, and she devoted all her energy to setting a pace. It was not until the white buildings of Ponta Delgada, picked out with edgings of black stone like a funeral card, appeared in the distance before her, that her mind returned to the errand on which she had been sent. As she entered the beginning of the long street of mean houses which forms the approach to Ponta Delgada on the north, she slackened her pace, and allowed Scarborough to lead. Her mood of exaltation was over. She went slower and slower, and Scarborough thought it was because she was nervous in the traffic.

"Would you prefer to walk the last bit?" he asked.

She dismounted at once, and Scarborough took her machine and pushed it for her.

"Tired?" he asked.

"No," she said; "only hot; and I think rather cross. Talk; please. Her mind clamored for distraction; for something to engross her thoughts in the present; to take them away from her disappointment in the past and her fears for the future. Scarborough obediently talked; but after the first few sentences she did not hear what he said, or heard it vaguely, and answered without interest, mechanically, when his pauses seemed to demand an answer. Her brain was busy with speculation. What was the danger which threatened her father?

(To be continued.)

Stones Take Place of Copper Clock Weights

The shortage of copper throughout the German Empire is marked to such a degree, that not only have the copper cooking utensils (the pride of the thrifty German hous frau), been converted into food for rifle and gun, but even the ancient clocks with heavy pendulums of coper have been made to add to the war contributions. The picture shows some quaint old clocks in the Black Forest. The copper weights of the pendulums have been removed and stones have been substituted for them.

Pedigreed Seed and Plants Best

Pedigreed stock has long been recognized as the most valuable, and much stress has been laid on breeding "stock from parents of known qualities." Select breeding of seed and plants will produce like results, if the work is consistently followed. In every orchard, small fruit plantation and vegetable or flower crop there are many plants that produce but little, while there are others that are heavy yielders. The percentage of non-producers is far greater than the unobservant person realizes. Still such plants are there only too conspicuously if one takes the trouble to observe them.

The time is rapidly coming when all nursery stock and seed stock will be propagated from known parentage. The plants and seeds will be as finely bred as the finest animals. There are a few nurserymen who realize this, and they are offering pedigreed plants and seeds, but the great majority of nurserymen and seedsmen are too busy making sales to bother with such matters. Those who purchase stock for Spring planting should not fail to locate these progressive dealers and place a portion of their orders with them, not alone to show confidence in well-bred stock, but to insure productive plantings.

Value of Roots in the Ration.

The great value of roots for milk cows, even in combination with corn ensilage, was demonstrated at Macdonald College, Quebec. When one-fourth the ensilage ration was replaced by roots, the cows gained in milk yield five per cent. When one-half the ensilage ration was replaced by roots, the gain in milk was eight per cent.; but when 75 per cent. of the ensilage ration was replaced by roots the milk yield fell off three per cent. All of which goes to show the great value of roots in the milk ration, and that the dairyman who provides his cows with both roots and ensilage is doing the very best.

At the Macdonald College, situated near Montreal, they can grow 20 to 26 tons of roots per acre, while the yield of corn is 12 to 15 tons. As they have found by years of experience in feeding, that roots are slightly more valuable, ton for ton, than ensilage, and as they can grow more than twice the weight of roots per acre than corn, the College authorities strongly urge the growing of roots, not instead of corn, but in preference to corn, or better still, in combination with corn ensilage.—Far and Dairy.

To Cheap.

The Doctor—Madam, you must take more exercise. I should advise walking every day.

Mrs. Newyrich—Walking? My dear doctor, you must be acquainted to attending poor people.

As a rule the man who only half tries fails absolutely.

Rich Yet Delicate—
Clean and Full of Aroma.

"SALADA"

B109

is blended from selected hill-grown teas, famed for their fine flavoury qualities. Imitated yet never equalled.

PRACTICAL FARMING

How to Protect Milk.

D. B. Etters, of the dairy department of the Pennsylvania State College, in out-lining some of the essentials for the production of clean milk, emphasizes the necessity of feeding palatable and nutritious feeds which are free from mold or decay or any other defects which might injure the health of the cow or impair the quality of the milk. [illegible] roots and plants, such as rape, cabbage, turnips and other feeds with strong odors. These should be offered after milking, and the portions not eaten removed from the stable at least three hours before milking. Cows that are allowed to graze in fields several hours before milking time.

Many objections have been raised in the past to the feeding of silage, but these complaints are diminishing each year. Silage does not impart unpalatable flavors to milk, as many contended. The presence of such in the milk may be due to poor grade of silage, improper feeding or the absorption of the odor from the stable air. A reasonable amount of a good quality of silage should be removed before the next milking so that the stable air will not impart the odor to the milk.

The cows should have access to a clean supply of salt, and as much fresh, pure water as she will drink should be provided. Under ordinary conditions a cow will drink three times as much water as she gives milk; i. e., if she gives 30 pounds of milk, she will require 90 pounds of water per day. Water is essential, not only for milk production, but also for food digestion. In cold weather the chill should be removed from water offered to the cows.

The "Starter" in Butter-making.

In spite of dairymen's conventions and free literature on the subject of butter-making, the term "starter" or even the "ripening" of cream is entirely new to many makers of dairy butter.

To understand exactly what a starter is it is necessary to know something of the action of bacteria in milk, the production of flavors, and the formation of lactic acid. It is the lactic acid bacteria that causes sweet, fresh cream to assume a sour, acid taste, which is commonly associated with ripened cream. Butter churned from this ripened cream is preferred by the majority of people to that which is churned from sweet cream.

The flavor of butter depends almost entirely on the presence of the right kind of fermentation or bacteria in the cream; therefore, the scientists have developed a "starter" composed of a growth of the right kind of acid-producing bacteria, with which to ripen cream. If such a starter is used instead of allowing the cream to ripen naturally, there is a reasonable certainty of a desirable flavor in the butter.

A pure culture starter can be obtained from a dairy supply house or institution. The most important point is to make sure that it is really pure culture, of lactic-acid producing bacteria, and no other.

A good milk starter when ready for use should be softly coagulated, not too firm, and when stirred should appear smooth and even; not shiny, curdy or watery.

In ordinary farm butter-making the cream is separated from the milk as soon as possible after milking. It is then cooled to 65 degrees and a pure culture starter added at the rate of 5 to 10 per cent.

The best flavored butter is that produced when a small proportion of starter is used and when the cream is allowed to ripen as slowly as it would under natural conditions.

The use of a starter produces uniformity in flavor of butter produced from one churning and another. The general standard of quality of the butter is higher and its keeping qualities are improved, while the trouble often experienced in bringing cream to a state fit for churning is largely overcome.

Nothing for An Answer.

Teacher—Wait a moment, Tommy. What do you understand by the word deficit?

Tommy—It's what you've got when you haven't got as much as if you just hadn't nothin'.

Sense of Companionship.

"He is never alone who is accompanied by noble thoughts."

"Or, by a bank book calling for a substantial amount."

Vaseline
Trade Mark
Camphorated Cream

For chapped hands and lips and all irritations of the skin.

All the virtues of "Vaseline" Camphor Ice, in the form of a cream.

For sale at chemists and general stores everywhere. In clean, handy tin tubes. Refuse Substitutes.

Booklet mailed free on request

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO. (Consolidated)
1880 Chabot Ave. Montreal

THREE VITAL QUESTIONS
Are you full of energy, vital force, and general good health? Do you know that good digestion is the foundation of good health? Pains and oppression in stomach and chest after eating, with constipation, headache dizziness, are sure signs of indigestion. Mother Seigel's Syrup, the great herbal remedy and tonic, will cure you.

AFTER MEALS TAKE MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP. AND BANISH STOMACH TROUBLES

At all Druggists, or direct on receipt of price, 50c. and $1.00. The large bottle contains three times as much as the smaller size. A. J. WHITE & CO., LIMITED, Craig Street West, Montreal.

Watch Your Colts

For Coughs, Colds and Distemper, and at the first symptom of Pink Eye, Influenza, give small doses of this wonderful remedy, now the most used in existence.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

Sold by druggist, harness dealer, or delivered.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO.
Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

GREAT DEJECTION IN BERLIN OVER THE VERDUN FAILURE

10,000 Women March Through Unter den Linden Crying "Peace."

A despatch from London says: Despatches from Basle quote the Swiss newspapers as commenting that the slump on the Frankfort Bourse, following a week of great buoyancy, reflects the financial opinion of Germany regarding the situation at Verdun. The Rotterdam correspondent of the London Daily Mail telegraphs.

The German newspapers have ceased to be jubilant over the campaign against Verdun. The Koelnische of March 1, under the caption, "The Drama of Verdun," was content to give optimistic extracts from the French papers. The Frankfurter Zeitung also confines itself to replying to articles in the French and British press, thereby preparing its readers for failure. Practically all the German papers while declaring that the French are hiding their fear under optimistic reports, print consoling accounts from their own correspondents in neutral countries purporting to show the "excellent effect" of the German offensive. The latter papers ignore Verdun and turn their attention to conscription in Great Britain and the German war loan.

The Copenhagen correspondent of the Daily Mail says: The reports reaching Berlin of great losses at Verdun, notwithstanding the attempts of the newspapers to be cheerful, have caused general dejection, especially among women. On the night of Feb. 29 ten thousand women marched through Unter den Linden crying "Bread" and "Peace." The police dispersed the manifestants.

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Mar. 7.—Manitoba wheat, new crop—No. 1 Northern, $1.08⅞; No. 2, $1.06; No. 3, $1.04, in store Fort William.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 39¾c; No. 3 C.W., 37¾c; extra No. 1 feed, 37¾c; No. 1 feed, 36c, in store Fort William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, 79c, on track Toronto.

Canadian corn—Feed, 71 to 73c, on track, Toronto.

Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 40 to 41c; commercial, 39 to 40c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2, Winter, per car lot, 97 to 99c; slightly sprouted and tough, according to sample, 93 to 95c; sprouted, smutty and tough, according to sample, 90 to 92c; feed wheat, 83 to 85c, according to freights outside.

Peas—No. 2, $1.50, according to sample, $1 to $1.25, according to freights outside.

Barley—Malting barley, 61 to 63c; feed barley, 53 to 58c, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—70 to 71c, according to freights outside.

Rye—No. 1 commercial, 87 to 88c; rejected, according to sample, 82 to 85c, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, $6.80; second patents, in jute bags, $6.30; strong bakers', in jute bags, $6.10, Toronto.

Ontario flour—Winter, according to sample, $4.30 to $4.40, on track Toronto; $4.25 to $4.30, bulk seaboard, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—car lots, delivered Montreal freights—Bran, per ton, $25; shorts, per ton, $26; middlings, per ton, $27; good feed flour, per bag, $1.60 to $1.70.

Country Produce.

Butter—Fresh dairy, 27 to 30c; inferior, 23 to 25c; creamery prints, 34 to 36c; solids, 32 to 34c.

Eggs—Storage, 23 to 24c per doz.; selects, 26 to 27c; new-laid, 29 to 30c, case lots.

Honey—Prices, in 10 to 60-lb. tins, 12½ to 13c. Combs—No. 1, $2.75 to $3; No. 2, $2.25 to $2.40.

Beans—$4.20 to $4.40.

Poultry—Chickens, 19 to 20c; fowls, 15 to 16c; ducks, 17 to 20c; geese, 17 to 20c; turkeys, 23 to 27c.

Cheese—Large, 19c; twins, 19¼c.

Potatoes—Car lots of Ontarios quoted at $1.70 to $1.75, and New Brunswicks at $1.80 to $1.90 per bag, on track.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Mar. 7.—Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 82 to 83c. Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 48 to 48½c; do., No. 3 46 to 46½c; extra No. 1 feed, 46 to 46½c; No. 2 local white, 46½c; No. 3 local white, 45½c; No. 4 local white, 44½c. Barley—Manitoba feed, 66c; malting, 76 to 78c. Buckwheat—No. 2, 80 to 82c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, $6.90; do. seconds, $6.40; strong bakers', $6.20; Winter patents, choice, $6.50; straight rollers, $5.90 to $6; do., in bags, $2.75 to $2.85. Rolled oats—Barrels, $5.25; bag of 90 lbs., $2.50. Millfeed—Bran, $23.50 to $24; shorts, $26; middlings, $28 to $30; mouillie, $31 to $33. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, $20 to $20.50.

Cheese—Finest westerns, 18¾ to 19c; do., easterns, 18¼ to 18½c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 33¾ to 34¼c; seconds, 31½ to 32½c. Eggs—Fresh, 32; selected, 26 to 27c; No. 1 stock, 24 to 25c; No. 2, do., 21 to 22c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, $1.80.

Winnipeg Grain.

Winnipeg, Mar. 7.—Cash prices:—No. 1 Northern, $1.08⅜; No. 2, do., $1.05½; No. 3, do., $1.03½; No. 4, 99¾c; No. 5, 91⅜c. Oats—No. 2 C.W., 39¼c; No. 3, do., 37¼c; extra No. 1 feed, 37¼c; No. 1 feed, 35½c; No. 2 do., 34¼c. Barley—No. 2, 60c; No. 4, 55c; feed, 50c. Flax—No. 1 N.-W.C., $2.04; No. 2 C.W., $2.01.

United States Markets.

Minneapolis, March 7.—Wheat—May, $1.10⅝; July, $1.10⅝; No. 1 hard, $1.14⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.11⅞ to $1.13⅞; No. 2, do., $1.07⅞ to $1.10⅞. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 75 to 76c. Oats—No. 3 white, 39¾ to 40c. Flour—Fancy patents 15c higher, quoted at $6.40; first clears 15c higher, quoted at $4.80; other grades unchanged; shipments, 68,895 barrels. Bran—$18 to $19.

Duluth, March 7.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.12⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.10⅞ to $1.12⅞; No. 2, do., $1.07⅞ to $1.09⅞. Linseed—Cash, $2.20; May, $2.29; July, $2.29.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, Mar. 7.—Choice heavy steers, $7.75 to $8.10; butcher steers, choice, $7.25 to $7.75; do., good, $7 to $7.25; do., medium, $6.90 to $7; do., common, $5.75 to $6.25; heifers, good to choice, $7.25 to $7.50; do., medium, $6.50 to $6.75; butcher cows, choice, $6.50 to $6.65; do., good, $5.75 to $6.50; butcher bulls, choice, $6 to $7; do., good bulls, $5.50 to $6; do., medium, $5 to $5.50; do., rough bologna, $4.40 to $4.50; feeders, 900 to 1,000 lbs., $6.40 to $6.80; do., bulls, $4.50 to $5.50; stockers, 700 to 800 lbs., $6 to $6.50; do., medium, 650 to 750 lbs., $5.75 to $6; do., light, 500 to 650 lbs., $5 to $5.50; canners, $3.50 to $4.25; cutters, $4.25 to $4.50; milkers, choice, each, $60 to $85; springers, $60 to $85; calves, veal, choice, $9 to $11; do., medium, $7 to $8; do., common, $5.50 to $6; lambs, yearlings, $7 to $8; culled lambs, $7 to $7.25; spring lambs, $10 to $13; ewes, light, $7.50 to $9; sheep, heavy, and bucks, $6.50 to $8; hogs, fed and watered, $9.50; do., f.o.b., $9.15; do., weighed at plant, $9.90.

Montreal, Mar. 7.—Butcher steers, best, $7 to $7.50; good, $6.50 to $7; fair, $6 to $6.50; medium, $5.75 to $6; butcher bulls, best, $5.75 to $6.25; medium, $5.25 to $5.75; canners, $4; butcher cows, best, $6.25; good, $6; fair, $5.75; rough, $4.25 to $5.50; canners, $3 to $3.50. Sheep, 5 to 7c; lambs, 8 to 9½c. Hogs, selects, $10 to $10.75; roughs and mixed lots, $9.25 to $9.90; common, $9; sows, $7.50 to $7.75. Calves, milk fed, 8 to 9½c; grass fed, 4½ to 5½c.

GOVERNMENT WILL BUY NO MORE HORSES.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Government does not intend purchasing any more horses for military purposes in Canada during the summer. This was stated in the House on Thursday in reply to an Opposition [illegible] ,700 on hand in the various divisional areas.

CANADA CAN EASILY PROVIDE FULLY 1,000,000 RECRUITS

[illegible] Cent. of Males From 19 to 40 Will Remain After 500,000 Have Been Raised

A despatch from Ottawa says: Sir [illegible] for Two Mountains, in the House [illegible] the [illegible] population from 20 to 29 years, inclusive, 756,349; from 30 to 39 years, inclusive, 568,214.

According to these statistics [illegible] said [illegible] per cent. of the male population from 19 to 40 years of age would remain in the country after [illegible] 500,000 [illegible] category.

THE FRENCH "CURFEW."

The bell of a village church is put to a new use by the French soldiers. In case of an attack by poison gas, the sentry tolls it and gives the alarm to his comrades to don the respirators.

A NATION IN FLIGHT.

Pathetic Scenes When the Serbian People Fled.

A correspondent of the London Times who was in Serbia when the unhappy nation fled before the advancing armies of Germany, Austria and Bulgaria, writes vividly of the scenes that he saw along the road that leads from Kraljevo back into the Montenegrin mountains.

Before we left Kraljevo I went out into the streets. Every gutter was lined with bullock carts filled with refugees. I had to step over exhausted Serbians lying fast asleep on the pavements. Sir Ralph Paget at last procured us ten springless carts. We were a party of thirteen, and six others were to accompany us as far as Rashka.

We groaned out of Kraljevo; our light carts were too heavily laden, and only downhill could we exceed a walking pace. We plunged into a regiment of boys, children, rather, from fourteen to seventeen years of age—hundreds. They looked white and tired. As we were moving through them, one came alongside my wagon. He said he had had no bread to eat for three days. I searched my pockets and found two biscuits, which I gave him. He did not eat them, but stumbled on, looking at them; and members of the party at the extreme tail of our convoy said that they saw this boy dragging along with the biscuits still uneaten, one in each hand.

The whole road was a living snake with heads for scales; it coiled across the plain, zigzagged up the mountain, and writhed down again into the valley. It was a strange sight, that valley, with the slow, muddy river flowing down and the human stream flowing up; floating logs disturbed the even current of the river; motor cars, lurching frantically in the deep mud, ploughed through the human flood. There were bullock carts, too.

There was not room in the carriages for the whole party; so some of us camped on water-proof sheets on a small shoulder of earth jutting from the road. It was pitch dark. We could see nothing except the dim figures of the ever-passing crowds.

We reached Tutin quite exhausted—the horses could not have moved a step farther. We had by now become hopeless brigands, and all along the road from Kraljevo had been forced to loot the haystacks to get fodder at all. Once only did the owner object, and our corporal said:

"We are the State. This is war; it is of no use for you to preach."

There was no bread, but the mayor kindly allowed us to sleep in his office. We rested the next day while the police scoured the district for horses. Eventually they got us five miserable specimens.

We reached Rojai in the dark and received a warm welcome from the authorities, who promised to do everything in their power for us, and we slept on the floor of the cafe.

We got twenty eggs the next day, a great rarity, and while we were not looking the professor ate four of them! That day we were guarded by four policemen; we slept in an Albanian cottage that well earned its pseudonym of the "flea pit," but where the owners would ask no payment.

KNITTING FOR SOLDIERS AT AGE OF EIGHTY-FIVE

A despatch from Brantford says: Although 85 years of age, Mrs. John Eyle, of Darling Street, mother of two boys now at the front, has knitted 108 pairs of socks for soldiers and made 5 quilts for Belgians, and she is still working.

MAJOR-GENERAL GORRINGE WOUNDED AT THE FRONT

A despatch from London says: Major-Gen. George Gorringe is mentioned in a casualty list just made public here as having been wounded in the fighting in Mesopotamia.

Mrs. Williams—"Eliza, those ban-[illegible] always [illegible] at Mrs. Simpson's to-day and her stair [illegible] as [illegible] has [illegible]

BROTHER JONATHAN.

By Charles Alexander Richmond.

Dr. Richmond is well known as the President of Union College, at Schenectady, New York. The following verses, written in the vein of James Russell Lowell's "Bigelow Papers," were read by Dr. Richmond with telling effect at the recent dinner of the Real Estate Board of New York City.—The Editors of The New York Outlook.

I.

Brother Jonathan sat by the kitchen fire,
Nursin' his foot on his knee.
It's a turrible fight they're havin' out there,
But they can't git over to me."
And Jonathan jingled the coins in his han'
An' thanked the good God for the sea.

II.

"They'll be wantin' my cattle and hogs and corn
An' powder and guns mebbe,
But they'll pay on the nail! cash down, by gum!
For all they git from me."
An' he smiled kinder slow and jingled the coins,
"It's good for business," sez 'ee.

III.

"They're killin' 'em off like flies they say,
They can't blaim it onto me.
It ain't my war, Yet I do feel bad
For them poor Belgiums," sez 'ee.
And he took a few dollars out of his jeans
And sent it across the sea.

IV.

Then he heard they'd drowned a thousand men,
And some from Amerikee.
So he said right out, "If you do that ag'in
You'll git me mad," sez 'ee.
An' he kep 'on jinglin' the coins in his han'
An' thankin' God for the sea.

V.

They did it ag'in and then ag'in,
"You quit that now," sez 'ee.
"I'll give you fellers a piece o' my mind
If I git hol' o' ye."
An' he winks one eye with his tongue in his cheek,
"I'm to proud to fight," sez 'ee.

VI.

Then they got in plottin' and blowin' up things,
An' he sez: "You let me be.
I won't stand these furrin' tricks o' yourn
In this here lan' o' the free."
And it got old Jonathan all het up,
An' he took his foot from his knee.

VII.

An' he got to thinkin' and thinkin' hard,
Worryin' how it would be.
An' wonderin' what in Sam Hill he'd do
If some pesky enemy
With all them dreadnoughts and submarines
Come a-rippin' across the sea.

VIII.

An' he thought of the army he wished he had:
An' he reckoned up his navy.
"I guess I've set here long enough,
I'll have to get busy," sez 'ee.
But the last I saw he was a-settin' there yit
An' strokin' his long goatee.

IX.

It ain't no time to be settin' round,
I kin tell ye—no sirree.
He better be gittin' up out o' that cheer
An' git outdoors and see,
An' do his chores an' fix things up
The way they ought to be.
He might be helpin' them cousins o' his
To fight for liberty,
An' he might git in a few licks his-[illegible]

Patient—"You believe in mustard plasters, don't you, doctor?" Doctor—"Rather! I always order them for patients who call me out in the middle of the night when there's nothing the matter with them."

BRITISH DRIVE BACK ENEMY AND TAKE MANY PRISONERS

Lost Trenches at the Bluff of the Ypres-Comines Canal Recaptured.

A despatch from London says: The British have won an important victory in Flanders. Not only have the half-mile of trenches lost a fortnight ago been recaptured, but a salient of the German line was also seized and consolidated, a counter-attack launched some hours later proving futile. Nearly 200 prisoners were taken by the British, including four officers.

The official statement reads: "We captured the trenches at the bluff of the Ypres-Comines Canal, which were lost Feb. 14, and also captured a small salient in the German line. A counter-attack launched by the enemy some hours later was repulsed. German mine galleries in the captured trenches were destroyed. We have taken 180 prisoners, including four officers. There has been much artillery activity on both sides from Vierstraat to Boesinghe."

The capture of 800 yards of British positions southeast of Ypres, after heavy artillery bombardment, was claimed in the German official statement of Feb. 15.

GERMAN ASSUMPTION MERE DESIRE TO KILL

Sir Edward Grey Points Out That Teutons Are Wholly Unjustified.

A despatch from London says: Sir Edward Grey, Secretary for Foreign Affairs, authorizes for publication the following statement: "The assumption apparently made by the German Government that all British merchant ships are armed is entirely incorrect. Practically all British merchant ships employed in trade between the United States of America and the United Kingdom have hitherto been unarmed.

The claim, therefore, made by the German Government to sink all British merchant ships at sight because of their armament is one which cannot possibly be justified. This is clearly proved by the statement issued on Tuesday night giving a list of British and neutral unarmed merchant ships which have been torpedoed by German submarines without warning."

LOANS TO FARMERS.

Commons Banking Committe Reports Favorably on Bill.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Banking and Commerce Committee of the House of Commons on Wednesday morning reported on Sir Thomas White's bill extending to the banks the power to loan money to farmers on the security of live stock, and continuing to force the existing powers of the banks in reference to loans on the security of grain. The bill now goes back to the House for the formal third reading. The discussion in committee was of a technical character.

AUSTRALIA TO SETTLE SOLDIERS ON THE LAND

A despatch from Sydney, N.S.W., says: The New South Wales Government has aproved a comprehensive scheme for settling returned soldiers on the land. Steps already have been taken to survey suitable crown lands and proposals have been made to make advances to each settler up to £500 sterling, for improvements and the purchase of stock and farming implements.

ITALY WILL DEFY GERMANY'S MENACE

A despatch from Rome says: The Italian Ambassador at Washington, Count Macchi, has been instructed to notify the American Government that, notwithstanding the German and Austrian decrees regarding the sinking of armed merchantmen, Italian merchantmen will continue to carry armament. The Ambassador also has been instructed to say that Italian merchantmen will use their artillery only for defensive purposes.

RETURNED SOLDIERS IN CIVIL SERVICE

A despatch from Ottawa says: Some 279 returned soldiers have so far been given employment in the various branches of the civil service during the last fiscal year. Of these 260 have been employed in the Militia Department and 19 in other departments.

GERMANY THREATENS THE PORTUGUESE

A despatch from London says: Germany has sent an ultimatum to Portugal demanding the restoration within 48 hours of the German ships recently seized by that country, according to a despatch from Madrid to Reuter's Telegram Co.

GRAIN FROM ROUMANIA EN ROUTE TO GERMANY

A despatch from Copenhagen says: The transport of grain from Roumania to Austria and Germany has commenced, according to a Berlin despatch. Seven thousand freight cars were sent to Roumania from Austria and Germany, of which six thousand are already loaded. The total purchase aggregated 50,000 carloads.

MAID UNDER ARREST FOR "DOPING" COFFEE.

A despatch from Quebec says: Muriel Goudreau, of this city, 18 years of age, a maid at Mr. Romeo Fecuy's here, was arrested on Thursday charged with attempting to poison the whole family by doping the coffee with tincture of iodine. She pleads not guilty.

FROM OLD SCOTLAND

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER BANKS AND BRAES.

What Is Going On in the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

Another contingent of Greenock Howitzers have been put under orders for the front recently.

Greenock Corporation have under consideration the question of the employment of disabled soldiers.

The vital statistics for the parish of Culter, Aberdeenshire, during the past 12 months show 67 births, 9 marriages and 50 deaths.

The sum of $35,036 is the total amount raised by sales of gifts in Dowell's Rooms, Edinburgh, in aid of the Scottish Branch of the Red Cross Society.

Owing to the war, the scarcity of pithead laborers has been so much felt at Prestongrange colliery that it has been found necessary to employ women for the work.

At a meeting of Irvine and District Water Board it was stated that good progress has been made with the work of providing a new water supply for the camps at Gailes.

At a meeting of the District Committee of the Forfarshire County Council, it was stated that a case of enteric fever had been notified as having occurred in the parish.

At a meeting of the Galashiels branch of the Independent Labor Party, resolutions opposing conscription were sent to the Prime Minister, and the local Members of Parliament.

The Cleaning and Lighting Committee of Edinburgh Town Council at their last meeting, decided to recommend increases in the wages of a number of the employes under the committee.

In the village of Fettercairn every eligible unmarried man is with the Army and Navy, or attested or registered under the Derby scheme. There are only two or three married men still to come in.

In many parts of the Highlands there have been remarkable floodings. The rainfall was the heaviest in recollection, and the glens have been cut off from communication with the low lands.

The roof of the Sunday School building, Dunkeld, used for many years by the Cathedral Church and erected by the late Duchess-Dowager of Atholl, recently fell in with a crash. Fortunately no one was injured.

At a special meeting of Dunoon Town Council it was decided to intimate to the employes in the Health and Roads Department who are on strike, that the Council could not grant their demand for an increase in wages.

THOUGHTS FOR THE DAY.

In general, pride is at the bottom of all great mistakes.—Ruskin.

The more powerful an obstacle the more glory we have in overcoming it.—Moliere.

The power of concentration is one of the most valuable of intellectual attainments.—Mann.

He that wants money, means and content is without three good friends.—Shakespeare.

Let us work the time that is appointed us, and after that we shall rest in peace.—Cromwell.

It is all a question of proportion in war time. The shoe is bound to pinch.—M'Kinnon Wood.

Fortitude is the marshall of thought, the armor of the will, and the fort of reason.—Lord Bacon.

War expenditure must necessarily be wasteful, but there is a degree beyond which it need not go.—Lord Rosebery.

It is not by diplomatic acts but by mutual feelings of sympathy, friendship and confidence, and by community of interests, that true and lasting alliances are made.—Sir George Buchanan.

[illegible] of [illegible] in which he seems to write one story and lives another, and his [illegible] hour is when he compares the [illegible] as it is with what he vowed to [illegible] it.—J. M. Barrie.

Better to be alone in [illegible] and utterly friendless, than [illegible] sham friends and no sympathy [illegible]

Mr. Dairyman :

Have You Enlisted ?

In the great army of successful dairy farmers and dairy breeders whose regiment is the ever increasingly popular and profitable "Black and White"—and whose munition factories are the homes of our great Holstein herds? This is a part of the great army that produced over $23,000,000 in milk and butter in Ontario last year—over $15,000,000 in Eastern Ontario.

Never before has so grand an opportunity been presented to you to join the army of progressive dairymen this year at our

Great Annual Sale at

BELLEVILLE, ON MARCH 30th, 1916

You will have 80 chances to select—yes and to select from the record-producing strains that have made our district famous—from families bred right here in the home-land.

With the Prices of Dairy Products where they are, ask Yourself Honestly Whether You Can Afford to Keep Ordinary Cows

Come and be one of us on March 30. As a buyer or visitor we welcome you. The same comfort—the same generous and honest treatment we extend to you in this our 6th Annual Offering of Holsteins.

The Belleville Breeders' Holstein Club

A Catalogue will come by writing the Secretary or the Sales Manager

BEN. R. LEAVENS, Pres., Bloomfield — F. R. MALLORY, Sec., Frankford — JAS. A. CASKEY, Sales Man., Madoc

Who Was the Bridesmaid?

By SARAH BAXTER

"I say, Jim," said Billy Otter to his friend, James Andrews, "I wish you'd help me out in a matter that's liable to give me serious trouble."

"What is it, Billy?"

"Well, you know I have been attentive to Stella Monroe."

"Most confoundedly attentive," replied Jim.

"I've often thought that you were a bit sweet on Stella. I have lately swapped girls and am engaged to Marian Truesdale. Stella has become jealous and declares that I have asked her to marry me. If I don't she says she will make a big fuss. Now, I don't believe she cares a rap for me. She's like a dog in the manger—if she can't get me she doesn't wish any one else to have me. I want you to play spoons to her and draw her off."

"Well, now, I like that. You propose to use me to pull your chestnuts out of the fire. Not much. You fellows who don't think anything of being sweet on two or three girls at the same time must take your medicine when the time comes. Sorry I can't help you out."

Billy sighed and turned away. He therefore did not see an amused look on his friend's face. Jim had also been attentive to Miss Monroe when Billy had met her and, not knowing of his friend's devotion, Billy made the same love to her that he did to every girl who gave him half a chance. The lady knew his lovemaking propensity and permitted him to practice it on her.

Not long after the above conversation Jim went to Billy and, with a very serious countenance, said to him:

"Billy, as your friend I feel in duty bound to tell you that Stella Monroe is getting ready to bring suit against you for breach of promise of marriage."

"Where did you hear that?" asked Billy, paling.

"Her lawyer is a particular friend of mine."

Billy looked very much broken up.

"What are you going to do—fight it?"

"I don't know what to do," replied Billy. "If I go back on Marian there'll be a monkey and parrot time."

There was a long silence, after which Jim said:

"Neither of these girls wants your money. They simply want to punish you for playing them both at the same time. I think that if you settle on one the other will let you alone."

"If I settle on either it will be Stella."

At this Jim looked serious. "You have antagonized Stella to such an extent that I doubt if she would have you now. Besides, I understand that she has gone too far with her proposed suit to back out—that is, so long as she doesn't strike any one else in striking you. Better tie up with Marian."

Billy said he would consider the matter, and his friend left him. The same evening Billy went to see Marian. It was always the last girl he was with who enchained him. He told Marian how he was situated and suggested that the only way he could be saved from a breach of promise suit was for her to marry him. Since she wanted him very much she was only too glad to save him in that particular way.

A few days later Jim hurried into Billy's room before Billy was out of bed and announced that service was to be made on him that morning in the breach of promise suit. Billy started up wildly.

"What in thunder am I to do?" he asked.

"The only way out of it that I can see is for you to be married at once and jump the town."

After some talk Billy called up Miss Truesdale on the phone, told her how he was situated and asked her if she would put into practice the scheme proposed. Marian said it was very sudden, but to save him from a big scandal and no end of worry she would do it for him. It was arranged that he was to go at once to a neighboring town, where she was to join him the same evening. Jim agreed to be at the place to act as best man and said he would try to scare up a bridesmaid. The details having been settled, Billy threw a few things in a suit case and started for the train.

Jim reached the rendezvous at 6 o'clock in the evening. Marian at 8. The College inn was the house where all the party were to unite. Jim had promised to go on ahead with the bridesmaid—if he could get one—and be at the inn with a clergyman at 9. At ten minutes to 9 he sent up his card, which was handed to the couple in parlor C. Jim was shown up with a lady, and when the two entered the parlor she threw off a thick veil, displaying the features of Stella Monroe.

Billy looked as if the floor was about to open and swallow him up. Jim burst into immoderate laughter. When this had subsided, pointing to Stella he said:

"We two have been engaged for more than a year. My fiancee was determined that you should not treat Miss Truesdale as you were disposed to treat her and asked me to help her see that you fulfilled your proposal."

At this juncture a clergyman stepped into the room, and with Jim for best man and Stella for bridesmaid Billy was put where he would do no further damage to feminine hearts. To show his friends Jim and Stella that he had no hard feelings toward them he and his wife attended [illegible] wedding.

TOOK THE ADVICE OF HIS FRIEND

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A friend advised me to try 'Fruit-a-tives' and from the outset, they did me good. After I had started the second box, I felt I was getting well and I persevered in the treatment. I can truthfully say that 'Fruit-a-tives' is the only medicine that helped me.

LOUIS LABRIE.

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50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Forestalled.

One day Jones was rambling along the boulevard when he was hailed by his friend Smith. While talking Jones noticed that Smith continually rubbed the palm of his hand.

"What in the world is the matter with your hand?" he finally demanded. "You have been rubbing and scratching it ever since we stopped here."

"The palm itches like blazes," answered Smith. "They say that it is a sure sign that you are about to get some money."

"Um!" thoughtfully returned Jones as a great light suddenly dawned upon him. "Here is where you get wise to the fact that there is nothing in signs. I haven't a dollar to spare."

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MADOC — — ONT.

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Glad to know you have used it. Tell your friends how it stopped your hair and greatly promoted its growth.

Ask Your Doctor. Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

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MARION & MARION

364 University St., Montreal

New Advertisements.

Advertisements under this head, one inch space, 50c. first insertion, 25c. each subsequent insertion. 75c. per month after first month.

Administratrix' Sale

of Farm Stock and Chattels

The undersigned Administratrix of the estate of Wm. H. Conley will offer for sale by Public Auction on the premises known as the east two-thirds of lot No. 4, in the 10th concession of the Township of Madoc, on

Tuesday, 21st day of March, 1916

at the hour of one o'clock p.m., the following chattel property:

4 horses, 13 cows, 3 yearling calves, 50 hens, brood sow due to farrow about April 1st, Bain wagon, set Bain sleighs, top buggy, open buggy, cutter, buggy pole, Massey-Harris binder 5 ft cut, Brantford mower 5 ft cut, horserake nearly new, Massey-Harris seed-drill 11 hoe, Sylvester cultivator, Massey-Harris disc harrow, finishing harrow, No. 7 Percival plow, No. 12 Percival plow, 2 sets double harness, 2 sets single harness, set light double harness, 2 robes, root-cutter, about 1000 feet elm plank, Chatham fanning-mill with all sieves in good shape, cream separator, set scales, cap. 2000 lbs., double wagonbox, hayrack, about 50 sap buckets, cooler, 3 milk cans, 6 tons hay, quantity of straw, bout 500 bushel oats, forks, chains and many other articles.

Terms of Sale—Under $10 cash, over $10 eight months' credit by furnishing approved joint notes, interest at 6% per annum.

Dated at Madoc this 9th day of March, 1916.

ELIZABETH CONLEY, Administratrix by her Solicitor, William Cross.

A. Wilson, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.—The Administratrix will be prepared to rent the above premises for the term of one year. Apply to her upon the premises. 11-1

Meeting at Armouries

A meeting of the Local Branch of the Investigation Committee will be held in the Armouries at 8 p.m. Friday, 24th inst. Any person wishing to make application to share in the benefits of the Patriotic Fund are requested to do so before that date.

GEO. H. GILLESPIE, Chairman of Committee

11-1

GEO. SILLS

MADOC

Painter and Decorator

Winter is here and now is the time to have your house Painted and Papered. We will supply Paper.

Be sure and get our Prices. Terms reasonable. 12-1yr

WANTED CREAM

We have again advanced our prices for good quality Cream. We could use yours. It will be worth your while to write us.

TORONTO CREAMERY CO. Ltd. 13 Church st. Toronto

GIRLS WANTED

To learn operating at the White-wear Factory.

Brown & Robinson, Ltd.

Whytock Bros.

BUTCHERS

DEALERS IN

[illegible] and [illegible]

. . Provisions

MADOC — — ONTARIO

Humor and Philosophy

By DUNCAN H. SMITH

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

THE party telephone line is a great sweetener of the monotony of life. If only some genius would do away with the telltale little click happiness would be complete.

It requires brains as well as industry to make success and, added to these, unnumbered failures.

Some persons are so dense that they couldn't play a good hand in the game of life if they had the best cards in the deck.

The man who is afraid he will do too much work is apt to find himself with none to do when a pinch comes.

Many a woman would be supremely happy if she could only be as independent as her servant girl.

When a woman fails to laugh at her husband's jokes he deplores her failing sense of humor.

The best way to get a story into quick circulation is by telling it to a married woman.

The man who gets a sprained wrist cranking up for a charming widow believes he suffers in a good cause.

The "cricket on the hearth" as a sentiment doesn't appeal to the man who has stubbed his toe, skinned his knee and lost his temper trying to kill the cricket because his wife says it will cut the carpet.

Skeptical.

"Why won't Wilson's wife believe what he says?"

"She has no faith."

"Can't she cultivate it?"

"No. He says she is such an inveterate bargain hunter that she won't have a thing that she doesn't buy marked down from the bargain counter."

Poor Fellow.

"He has to eat his words."

"Yes, and his digestion isn't good."

Couldn't.

"He will never bring his father's gray hairs in sorrow to the grave."

"Do you think so?"

"I know it."

"I am so glad to hear you say so. But he is a pretty bad boy."

"That may be, but the old man is bald as a goose egg."

Fixed.

Contentment toward him seemed to flow,
Peace that no man could rob,
Nor will you wonder when you know
His wife had got a job.

Good Reason.

"You say he never quarrels with his wife?"

"No."

"Not ever?"

"Not ever."

COMPETITION IN SAVING.

A Challenge a Wife Accepted and a Contest In Economy.

The following is an account of what competition did toward encouraging a bank account:

"I am on a newspaper. I have always made a salary in excess of simple living requirements, but I was a free spender and did not save.

"A baby came, and I felt an added responsibility. I was afraid—actually frightened—for the first time in my life. Then I gave the matter of saving some thought, but I could not decide upon any course of action.

"At the office one day a business discussion made me see that what I needed in my home was competition.

"That night on my arrival home I said to my wife that I would, beginning the next Saturday, give her half of my salary and I would keep the other half, and we each take an equal share of the household expenses.

"At the end of the first month I left my bank book on the library table. I wanted to surprise her. That evening she handed it to me and said she thought I was doing fine. Looking at her closely, I saw that she realized she was challenged. She did not speak, however, of any intention she might have had in mind.

"A month later I found her bank book on the library table identically as I had left mine. She had beaten me, for her savings showed $10.50 more than my own for the corresponding month and $15 in excess of my deposits for the first month.

"We are now in a race. We both have the saving habit. We have enough to buy a home if we should join funds."

Cooking Your Goose.

The phrase "I'll cook your goose for you" originated in this manner: Eric, king of Sweden, coming to a certain town, besieged it, but, having few soldiers, was obliged to desist. The inhabitants in derision hung out from the walls a goose on a pole. Later Eric returned with re-enforcements and in reply to the challenge of the heralds observed that he had come "to cook their goose for them" and proceeded to storm the town and make it hot for the inhabitants.

Railroad Building at Night.

Railroad construction in Africa at night is made possible, says a scientific journal, by the use of a freight car as a lighting plant. Projecting from a tower built at one end of the car is a light arm that extends far out over the track. At the extreme end of this arm two searchlights are placed, while other lamps are located at intervals along the arm. By means of this arrangement plenty of light can be shed upon the portion of the track that the arm overhangs, while beams of the searchlights can be cast ahead where the work of preparing the roadbed is under way. The lighting plant permits of work in the cool hours while the torrid sun is below the horizon.

Sending a Secret Message.

We are hearing much today about secret writing, but have not yet heard of anything to beat the simple cunning of one Histimus, a Greek, at the Persian court in the fifth century B. C., who wanted to send a private message to a friend at Miletus. He took a slave with bad eyes and, under pretense of curing him, shaved his head. The message was then written on his scalp, unknown even to him, the hair allowed to grow again and the slave sent off to Miletus with a letter all could read, saying how well he had been cured. And the friend, with whom the plan had been arranged, only needed shaving materials to uncover the secret message.—London Standard.

LOOK AT THE LABEL
This label shows to what date your paper is paid. Subscribers who wish to secure the $1.00 rate must pay for their paper in advance.

North Hastings Review.

$1.00 a Year in Advance. "PARTY IS THE MADNESS OF MANY FOR THE GAIN OF A FEW" $1.50 if Not so Paid

39TH YEAR—NO. 12 **Madoc, Hastings County, Ontario, Thursday, March 23, 1916** POSTAGE PREPAID

Memorial to the Dominion Government

The following Memorial to the Dominion Government passed by the Hamilton Recruiting League, March 7, 1916:

Whereas, this Dominion is engaged in a war involving the very existence of British institutions—a war that calls for the most rigid economy of men and means—a war that can be successfully concluded only by the fullest utilization of all our resources.

Whereas, under the present voluntary system there is great waste of the Nation's resources.

The Hamilton Recruiting League humbly begs the Government of Canada to appoint a Commission for the purpose of:

(a) Taking a census of all men in the Dominion from 18 years of age and upward, specifying those married and unmarried.

(b) Classifying the men according to their occupations or their fitness or preference for certain kinds of work.

(c) Classifying the industries with a view to the restriction or the ultimate elimination of such as are non-essential to the welfare of the country or are not economic factors.

(d) It being understood that the foregoing is urged with a view to the immediate application of some just and comprehensive system of draft whereby the men necessary to complete the Canadian Expeditionary Forces may be readily secured.

The Hamilton Recruiting League has been a very active agency in the enlistment of soldiers. It may fairly claim a share of the credit that is due to Hamilton for her splendid contribution to the forces of the Empire.

From its intimate knowledge of the workings of the voluntary system the League has reached the conclusion that for Canada to continue its present methods would be highly detrimental to the welfare of the country.

Canada has without doubt attracted to the colors a very superior class of men who are actuated by the noblest principles of patriotism and duty.

Many of these have left positions of great importance for which competent men cannot be found.

Almost every industry and family is suffering unnecessary loss through the present haphazard method of enlistment.

The first class of men who should be called upon for service are the unmarried fit men who could be released from their present occupations without serious loss to anyone.

Probably this class would suffice to complete the forces which Canada is pledged to supply.

The country could thus fulfil its obligations without serious loss of revenue or serious disturbance of its internal economy.

A system of wise selection should appeal strongly to every loyal member of the community. It is not contrary to the spirit of true liberty for which the Empire is fighting That liberty for which a man will not fight is not deserving of the name. No man is free from the duty of defending the State.

It is not suggested that the proposed System of Selection should be permanent. Extraordinary need justifies extraordinary measures.

It is hoped that all who are in sympathy with the above memorial will exert their utmost influence to further its objects.

Rates of Clubbing Offers

THE NORTH HASTINGS REVIEW will be sent for one year, to any address in Canada, new, or paid-in-advance subscriptions, at the following rates:—

WEEKLIES	
Weekly Mail and Empire	$2.00
Weekly Witness	1.90
Weekly Sun	1.90
Family Herald and Weekly Star	2.00
Canadian Farm	2.00
Farm and Dairy	1.90
Canadian Countryman	1.50
Scientific American	4.00
DAILIES	
Toronto News, with picture of Borden Cabinet	$2.80
Toronto Star	2.80
Mail and Empire	3.75
The Globe	3.75
The World	3.00

The prices do not apply to subscriptions to the United States.

German Attacks Against Verdun Still Fail

It is now over a month since press despatches noted the heavy concentration of Germany's forces in the neighborhood of Verdun. For over three weeks the attack has been waged with a determination equalled only by the stubbornness of the defenders. For three weeks the Crown Prince has recklessly sacrificed his troops in a degree unprecedented in history. For three weeks thousands of German guns have been pouring an inestimable number of shells against the forts defending Verdun. For three weeks attacks of infantry supported by all the co-operative powers known to war have been launched with methodical consistency against the defenders of the republic. On Wednesday of last week the famous Elite Corps of the guards were hurled against Douaumont and Vaux, the key positions of the great fortress, in five desperate attempts only to be thrown back without having even come into contact with the French infantry. It seems that Germany's desperate attempts to pierce the French lines have at last met with definite failure. The losses of the enemy would be a terrible price to pay for Verdun, but the defeat of their great attack spells complete victory for the Entente powers. 250,000 men are said to have been sacrificed in this latest offensive and the only gains appear to be the pushing back of the French outposts from one to two miles and the destruction of Fort Douaumont, one of the twenty forts defending Verdun. These enormous enemy losses show how successful is Joffre's campaign of attrition. German strategy calls for offensive fighting, but offensive fighting, which is unable to secure advances, is suicidal. The patience of the little soldiers of France is proving victorious over the automatom machine-trained Germans.

It may now be said with confidence, although as long as the German leaders cont nue to sacrifice men in thousands there is uncertainty, that Verdun, wrecked and ruined by the fury of the attack, deserted by the civilian population, will remain within the French lines. The failure of this elaborately prepared offensive will have results greater than the victory of the Marne. Neutral nations the world over will note that Prussian prowess has reached its eclipse. Bulgaria and Turkey are already viewing this turn of events with alarm, and separate peace with these nations is believed to be the next great allied victory. Greece and Roumania are daily growing more and more friendly disposed towards the allied powers. The seizure by Brazil of the German steamers interned there show South America's faith that Germany will never be able to exact recompense for this act of war. Press despatches from Germany give evidence of the people's alarm over the ultimate outcome and show a growing desire for peace. The defeat of the German offensive at Verdun may become one of the decisive events in the world's history.

Presentation to Srgt. Clifford A. Gunn

In order to show their appreciation of the action of C. A. Gunn in offering his services to his King and Country, a number of his friends and acquaintances met at his home and presented him with a wrist watch and the following address:

TO SERGEANT CLIFFORD A. GUNN,

We, your friends and neighbours, have assembled here to show our appreciation for the manner in which you have answered the call to duty, and also the high esteem in which you have always been held in our midst.

We ask of you to accept this wrist watch as a token, and, in wearing it, we hope that it will serve as a constant remembrance of the many friends you have left in Madoc and vicinity.

We wish you good luck in all your noble enterprises, and in keeping up your grand noble parentage to its standard.

Signed on behalf of your many friends and acquaintances.

RUSSELL PIGDEN.
OSCAR PIGDEN.

The Sergeant made a suitable reply in which he said that he hoped that his conduct would meet with their approval and that he would be able to live up to the high ideal expected of him.

Military Banquet and Concert Grand Success

St. Patrick's Day Entertainment Most Successful in History of Madoc

The dinner given by the Patriotic League and the concert by the 155th band last Friday evening drew an attendance of over eight hundred. This was the first visit of Lieut.-Col. Adams to the Madoc Platoon and this immense welcome amply testifies to the great popularity of the "Quinte" Battalion and to its commanding officer. This immense turnout also speaks highly of the character of the various concerts and dinners that the Madoc Women's Patriotic League have given during the past year. The reputation of the ladies, the enthusiastic advance notices of the band of the Battalion, and the desire of all classes of the citizens to do honour to the volunteers of this district and their commanding officer, united to fill the Armouries with the largest audience ever seen in Madoc.

The band arrived on the noon train and were met at the station by the local detachment and paraded through the streets to the Armouries. At half-past five the band opened an evening of rare enjoyment by playing the National Anthem. The guests immediately sat down to partake of the delicious repast which the ladies of the League had concocted to delight the palates of the immense crowd. The variety of meats and vegetables, salads, pies, cakes, jellies, etc., with which the tables were laden, delighted the appetites of soldiers and civilians alike and was in marked contrast to the press despatches of the "cakeless" week in the land of our enemies. Here was a happy Canadian gathering enjoying to the full the fruits of this earth, depressed only by the anxious thoughts for those of our soldiers who are fighting in the trenches of France and Flanders, that the greedy ambitions of a military nation, who wish to secure glory, wealth and power at the expense of the peaceful peoples of Belgium, Poland, France and Great Britain might not be fulfilled. It was indeed an augury of good omen that while we were thus enjoying ourselves our enemies were living on but the barest necessities. The people of Berlin were securing their bread, their meat and their potatoes by Government issue, no one being able to get more than the bare necessities of life, and during this very week in which we were feasting an appeal was being circulated throughout the whole German confederacy to abstain from the eating of cake for one week that the national supply of foodstuffs might be conserved. It is such schemes as these that are being used in Germany to lessen the consumption of foodstuffs, while we in Canada, with never a possibility of scarcity, are feasting our soldier boys.

At eight-thirty the tables had all been cleared away and chairs placed to accommodate the large audience which attended the band concert. Organized but a few weeks, the band of the 155th Battalion has already a name throughout the counties of Hastings and Prince Edward that will insure a full house where-ever and when-ever they may perform. The members of the "Quinte" Battalion Band are not strangers to Madoc, many of them being former members of the 15th Regiment Band of Belleville. The entire program of the band was of a very high order, every number being heartily applauded and encores called for. A fine selection of band numbers were interspersed with songs by the assisting soloists. Mrs. Allan, who also is not unknown to Madoc audiences, delighted her hearers by her delightful singing. When encored Mrs. Allen sang, "Why Can't a Girl be a Soldier." Bandsmen Burke was greatly appreciated in his two numbers, "We'll Never Let the Old Flag Fall" and "Good Luck to the Boys of the Allies" and encores. Srgt. Major Turner gave a number of comic recitations and impersonations which caused the entire audience to be almost convulsed with merriment. Bandsman Sword gave a delightful cornet solo. Miss Wallace was a very efficient accompanist and her clever performance added greatly to the charm of the evening's entertainment.

The most pleasing part of the evening's program was when Reeve Tufts in a short but appropriate address presented to Lieut.-Col. Adams on behalf of the local detachment the band instruments which have been secured by donations to the detachment and from the proceeds of the indoor baseball matches being played in the Armouries on Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week. On behalf of the Madoc Women's Patriotic League Mr. Tufts presented to Col. Adams a cheque for two hundred dollars for the "Quinte" Battalion. In accepting these donations and thanking the donors Col. Adams expressed his pride in Madoc, in the detachment that had been raised here, and his hearty appreciation of the work for the 155th Battalion that had been and was being done by the ladies and others of Madoc. He spoke of the efficiency of his officers and not least was Lieut. Webb. Col. Adams stated that he was greatly pleased with the way Madoc and district had responded to his call for recruits but that he needed still more men and hoped to get some of them from Madoc. He said that the strength of the Battalion was 900 men.

The rich strains of the National Anthem brought to a fitting close an evening of entertainment never before equalled in enjoyment or excelled in worthy purpose.

March 17th Notes

Will the few who were unable to get supper on March 17th or who were not served as the League might have wished remember:—

1st—The M.W.P.L. and the boys of the 155th had just 6½ hours to prepare the Armouries for the supper, not very long to arrange tables, (as these were arranged and decorated) to accommodate 197 people at once.

2nd—In 2¼ hours 620 people sat down to a most bountiful supper.

3rd—In 30 minutes or at 8.15 p.m. that large building was in perfect order and seated to the doors, everyone ready to enjoy the excellent program.

The officers of the M.W.P.L. wish to tender their thanks to all those who so willingly helped to accomplish this work and especially to the churches and to the Societies who so willingly loaned their dishes, tables, cutlery, etc. To the women of the village and country who contributed so bountifully to the supper, and to the boys of the Madoc Platoon who assisted so willingly and so courteously, without whose help this successful affair could not have been accomplished.

Total receipts $247.12.

School Report

The following is the result of the January and February examinations in the Cedar school, S. S. No. 4, Madoc township:

Sr. IV—R Palmer 72.

Jr. IV—B Hamilton 74, P Palmer 68, W Glover 62, M Hamilton 62.

Sr. III—F Harris 71, L Palmer 62, M Hamilton 61, E Hamilton 60.

Sr. II—M Keene 62.

Jr. II—G Palmer 66, A Love 65, H Keene 63, H Thompson 60.

Sr. I—A McCaw.

Jr. I—L Hamilton, J Thompson.

Recruits are being enlisted through out the Dominion for a Forester's Battalion 1500 strong to clear the forest lands of Great Britain for agricultural purposes.

Press despatches from neutral nations bordering Germany begin to show a desire for peace and increasing distrust of the Prussian Militarists.

Brazil has seized forty German steamers valued at $7,000,000 which were interned at the commencement of the war. It is also stated that it has been proven that German agents recently placed explosives on a British merchant vessel in Rio de Janiero. Brazil was a Portugese possession previous to 1822 and Germany declared war on that country for a similar seizure.

What's the Use

of buying new batteries for your Electric Bell every few months when a

Bell Ringing Transformer

that will

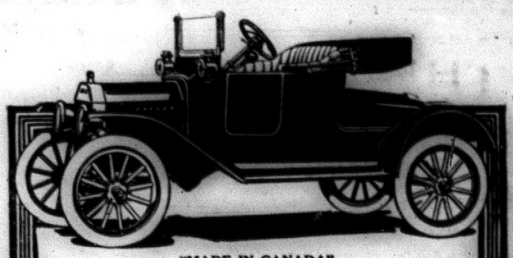
Never Wear Out

costs you very little more than one or two sets of batteries and does not take enough current to be

Worth Paying For?

That's something worth thinking about.

JOHN BURKITT
Electrician . . Madoc



"MADE IN CANADA"

The Ford Runabout Price $480

A fine harvest—of pleasures and profits is reaped by the man who drives a Ford. For the trip to town—for a run to the neighbors—for a hurry-up drive anywhere business or pleasure demands—there's no other car which will go so well at anywhere near the cost.

The Ford Touring Car is $530; the Coupelet $730; the Sedan $890; the Town Car $780. All prices are f.o.b. Ford, Ontario. All cars completely equipped, including electric headlights. Equipment does not include speedometer. Cars on sale at FRANK SMITH'S MADOC.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

THE DOMINION BANK

SIR EDMUND B. OSLER M.P., PRESIDENT. W. D. MATTHEWS, VICE-PRESIDENT.
C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

Trust Funds Should Be Deposited

In a Savings Account in The Dominion Bank. Such funds are safely protected, and earn interest at highest current rates.

When payments are made, particulars of each transaction may be noted on the cheque issued, which in turn becomes a receipt or voucher when cancelled by the bank.

MADOC BRANCH: G. P. LYND, Manager.

FARMERS

We have something good to offer you in the SILO business this year.

We are always glad to show our goods and can give you prices that are RIGHT on a silo that is permanent and lasting.

Order at once as the market on lumber is advancing and the iron parts of the silo are hard to get.

THE HOUSTON CO., Ltd.,
TWEED, ONT.

Madoc Sash & Door Factory

If you are thinking of building this spring be sure and get our estimates. We always carry a good stock of lumber of all description.

JOHN ROBERTSON

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D. D.C.L., President
H. V. F. JONES, Ass't General Manager
M. AIRD, General Manager.

CAPITAL, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, $13,500,000

BANKING BY MAIL

Accounts may be opened at every branch of The Canadian Bank of Commerce to be operated by mail, and will receive the same careful attention as is given to all other departments of the Bank's business. Money may be deposited or withdrawn in this way as satisfactorily as by a personal visit to the Bank. S63

Madoc Branch . . A. Y. SNIDER, MANAGER

This Advertisement

may induce you to try the first packet of

"SALADA"

but we rely absolutely on the inimitable flavour and quality to make you a permanent customer. We will even offer to give this first trial free if you will drop us a postal to Toronto. B113

THE CABLEMAN

AN EXCITING PRESENT-DAY ROMANCE

BY WEATHERBY CHESNEY

CHAPTER IV. (Cont'd).

A man bicycling along the street towards them, took his hat off, jumped off beside them, and held out his hand.

"Going to the circus?" he asked. He was Scott, the man with the novel, who had been sharing Scarborough's watch yesterday.

"Yes," said Elsa. "Are you?"

"Sorry, I can't. I have to get back to duty at the cable station. Montague has been showing me over the schooner—most interesting life the beggars lead, though I daresay it would pall a bit when the novelty wore off. By the way, Scarborough, one of them says he knows you."

"Oh? Which?" asked Scarborough, without interest.

"The man who does the fancy shooting. Says you and he went to the same crammer's, and were pilled for Sandhurst at the same exam."

"What's his name?" There was more interest in the question this time.

"He's Pampas Joe, the English Cowboy and Revolver King, on the programme. I didn't catch his real name. Darnley, or something of that sort."

"By Jove! I wonder of it's Phil Varney" cried Scarborough eagerly. For Philip Varney and he had been chums once.

"Yes, that's it, Varney," said Scott. "Hullo! what's Miss Page doing?"

They had ben standing in rront of a small general shop. Elsa had gone in and asked for writing paper in an envelope, and fastened it up. Then she rejoined the young men.

"Are you going back to Ribeira Grande at once, Mr. Scott?" she asked.

"Yes," he said, and looking at his watch, added: "Time I was starting, too. Can I do anything for you?"

"Have you time to leave this note at Chinelas? It's a message for father, which I forgot to give him before I started."

"Oh, yes, certainly. I shall have to hurry though, so good-bye."

"Good-bye, and thank you so much," said Elsa.

"See you to-night, Scarborough," said Scott, as he mounted. "Bring Pampas Joe back to supper with you."

"I will if he'll come," said Scarborough. "But he'll have to stay for the evening performance, won't he?"

"Isn't going to be one," said Scott. "There's been a row, and Val B. is tearing his hair about it. Pampas Joe will come right enough. By-bye for the present, old man. I'll see that your father has your note, Miss Page."

When Scott had gone, Scarborough turned to Elsa, saying:

"Phil Varney was my greatest chum a few years ago. Queer isn't it?"

"What?" asked Elsa laughing. "That he should have been your chum? or that, having been your chum, he should now be a circus man? or merely that you should meet him here?"

"Well, mostly the last," said Scarborough.

"Quite a romantic meeting!" cried Elsa. "Come, let's hurry to the circus, so that we shan't miss seeing your chum's feats!"

There was something in the words, and more in the tone, which made Scarborough glance at her sharply. Her languor of a few minutes ago was gone, and a feverish excitement seemer to have taken its place. There was a faint flush on the whiteness of her cheek. The porcelain was tinted with quick flowing blood, and her eyes were flashing. She was looking bewitchingly pretty.

But her excitement struck him as being somewhat feverish and unnatural. It has arisen too suddenly, and he had seen nothing to cause it. But then he remembered that he had not yet found out what it was that had made her ask him last night, as the first proof of the bond of friendship between them to take her to see the circus at Ponta Delgada.

"Do you know Phil Varney?" he asked, suddenly.

She turned to his quickly.

"Why do you ask that?" she demanded.

"I was endeavoring to account for the look in your eyes," said Scarborough, laughing. "Something has excited you."

"I don't know him."

"Then I'll introduce you. If Pampas Joe turns out to be, that is."

"Thank you. I would rather not."

Again her manner had changed. She spoke coldly, almost as though he had suggested something improper in proposing to introduce a circus-rider to her.

"He's a gentleman," said Scarborough.

"I doubt it."

Scarborough again looked at her sharply, and there was a flash of anger in his look. She had made the retort rudely, and he was not gifted with the meekness of temper which takes a snub lying down. Besides, both the snub and the rudeness were surely gratuitous, since she admitted that she did not know the man.

"As you please," he said. "But I have mentioned the fact that he was my chum!"

Here was the foundation on which to build a lovers' quarrel!—as flimsy and unsubstantial as the foundation of that amazing erection usually is; but adequate, woefully adequate! The architects both had hot tempers! The building shrewd every likelihood of advancing with the orthodox rapidity.

But Elsa's mood to-day was antagonistic to probabilities. Her excitement, whatever its cause might be, drove her in quick rushes from extreme to extreme. She was not consistent even in her burst of temper, for her mental vane veered round from stormy to dull in one quick swing, and her temper died at the first sign of the awakening of his.

Though in the wrong she did not attempt to justify herself; and this is an omission which in itself indicates, in a woman, a sweet reasonableness, which is neither normal or healthy.

"I am sorry, Horace," she said. "I didn't mean to be horrid. I suppose I was?"

Scarborough's reply was a laugh. He had not the mental adroitness to follow the suddenness of her changes of mood; and his temper, less easy to rouse than hers, was harder to calm. He was still inclined to be angry.

"I said that I did not know Mr. Varney," she went on; "and that is true. But I do know who he is, and though he is your chum, I won't be introduced to him."

"Do you know anything to his discredit?"

"N—no."

"That's a grudging 'no'," said Scarborough. "Does it mean 'yes'?"

"No."

"Then what's your reason? Is it because he's a circus man? He was educated to be 'an orficer and a gentlman'; and though he has come down in the world, and had to drop the officer, I don't think you would find that he has dropped the gentleman too. I didn't think you were a snob, Elsa."

Steady, steady, young man! She deserves it, perhaps; but your defence of your chum is making you brutal. And remember she is the girl you love and would marry!

"Shall we talk of something else?" said the girl quietly. And a minute later they passed in through the turnstiles of the circus-building.

Val B. Montague's American Circus Combination was advertised as a constellation of stars; but the brilliance of the individual stars was not very dazzling. Scarborough and Elsa sat through a conventional exhibition of flying trapeze work, which was not quite so daring as it looked; the wit of the Neapolitan clown who scored verbal victories (in French) over a heavy-faced, sullen-looking ringmaster (who answered in English, coast town Spanish, or Anglo-Saxon French impartially), was under the circumstances somewhat unintelligible; the Japanese juggler was clever, but rather belied his professional cognomen of the Marquis Qui-Quis, by swearing in unmistakable Cockney at a clumsy assistant who spoiled one of his best tricks; and the performing mule, for this occasion, refused to perform anything—possibly to prove, beyond all chances of doubt, that he really was a mule. On the whole, therefore, Scarborough voted the show a dull one, and wondered whether Elsa was enjoying it.

It seemed that she was. For she was leaning forward with her hands grasping the rail in front of her; her eyes followed each movement with a strained attention, and she did not hear Scarborough when he spoke to her.

Val B. Montague, a typical Yankee, in the frock coat and top hat of piccadilly, came into the ring and made a speech—employing for the purpose a wonderful language, whose basis was South American Spanish, with Portuguese inflections grafted on to it to suit the local requirements. But he was understood, and the gift of his announcement was that Mademoiselle Mona de la Mar—"the most talented, beautiful, daring, etc., etc."—would now have the honor of appearing before this most distinguished audience.

Val B. Montague retired, and Mademoiselle Mona cantered into the ring.

She was a pretty brunette, in an English hunting habit, and she rode as though she did it for pleasure. It was not circus trick-riding; there was no posturing on a wooden platform, strapped on to the back of a steady, clock-work-actioned hack; she sat down on her saddle, and made a big, bad-tempered hunter do what he didn't want to do. It was a straightforward exhibition of plucky riding by a daring horsewoman; and, except that for the last jump she took of the saddle and rode bare-backed, it might all have been done over a hunting country at home.

"Where," said Scarborough, "I expect she has done it. She rides magnificently; but she didn't learn in a circus-school."

"Do you think she is English, then?" asked Elsa.

"Certain. That was English riding, by an English girl, who has hunted English country. Looks like a lady, too."

Elsa nodded. She too, thought that Mona de la Mar was a lady—and more than that, she thought that her face seemed curiously familiar, though she could not remember where it was that she had seen that determined mouth, and those quick, rather roguish eyes before. For the next half hour she struggled in vain to find the missing link of memory, and then the last turn was announced—Pampas Joe, the English Cowboy and Revolver King.

"By Jove! it is old Phil!" exclaimed Scarborough, as a hort, somewhat thick set young Englishman strolled into the centre and began to shoot.

Elsa lay back in her seat and fanned herself with her programme. She, too, recognized, that good-humored, ugly face; and at the same moment she remebered where it was that she had seen Mona de la Mar before. She touched Scarborough on the arm.

"I am going now," she said. "But you want to speak to your friend."

Scarborough rose at once.

"I will see you home first," he said. "I'm not on duty to-night, so I'll ride back to see him this evening. Unless," he added, questioningly, "you have changed your mind, and will stay now till I bring him to be introduced to you?"

Elsa shook her head.

"No," she said, but you must stay. I shall easily get home before dark, and I would rather go alone."

He protested, but she insisted. And, as usual, she had her way.

She rod off alone, and ten minutes later Scarborough was shaking hands with his old chum, Phil Varney, alias Pampas Joe, in the circus green-room.

"Who'd have thought of meeting you here, old man?" said the Revolver King. "I saw you from the ring, and I saw who you were with. That was another surprise."

"You know Miss Page?" asked Scarborough, with astonishment.

"No. But I konw the girl who was with you."

"Yes, Miss Page."

"She calls herself that, does she?" said Phil Varney with a grin. "I knew her as Elsa Carrington, the daughter of the man who ruined my poor old governor."

(To be Continued.)

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It soon gives relief. Sold in clean, handy tin tubes at chemists and general stores everywhere.

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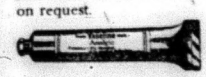

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO. (Consolidated)
1880 Chabot Ave. Montreal

On the Farm

"Get Rid of That Little Oat."

Smith and Jones were neighboring farmers in one of Ontario's banner oat-growing townships, who had entered their fields in the standing grain competition. A dozen others were contestants along with them, but by early harvest it was generally conceded that these two competitors were so far in the lead that the prizes were sure to be awarded their fields. Interest was keen, and finally it was agreed that Jones was to be the winner of first money, writes Mr. John Kyle in Canadian Farm.

Imagine the consternation when the judge gave the award to Smith! An indignation meeting was held, a letter expressive of the popular indignation sent off to the Department of Agriculture, declaring that that particular neighborhood was done with all similar competitions. The Department immediately sent a copy of this letter to the judge. The judge knew that he had done his simple duty. There was no doubt in his own mind that he had given a just decision, and he resolved to investigate.

Accordingly, he asked the farmers to have the fields threshed, at his expense, and to have the actual yield of grain and straw decide the matter. To the surprise of everyone except the judge, Smith's field was the winner by several bushels. Apologies were made and another letter mailed to the Department, making amends for the injustice done to an efficient public servant.

"But how did you detect the difference in the yields?" was the puzzled query put to the judge.

"Simplest thing in the world," he explained. "I noticed that in Jones' field that there were a number of heads that had few light kernels in them, but the rest of the head consisted of something that while it resembled grain was really chaff. There were scarcely any of these grains in the other field. It was the presence of these poor heads that made the difference. I have got into the way of looking for these heads."

And how do you account for them?" was the next question.

"These men will tell you. Mr. Jones when you cleaned your grain you got out all the weeds and all the light oats. But you didn't set your screen to get rid of the little oats. These little oats germinated all right, but they hadn't vitality enough to enable them to head out with every kernel well developed. These seeds failed at the very point where their strength would have counted most for filling your bins."

"On the other hand, Mr. Smith either hand-picked his grain or set his screens to get rid of those little seed oats."

There's a lesson in this for the farmer in all his seed selection. The corn grower who selects the best ears from his fields, breaks off a couple of inches from the ends of the cob and plants only the big kernels. A few hours devoted to careful seed selection before the rush of planting is in sight may easily increase the returns from the average field by ten per cent.

Good Grass Seed is Important.

Our clever crops are becoming more and more of an uncertainty. In the proper rotation of crops there is a place for them that is hard to fill with an efficient substitute. There is today scarcely a more ticklish problem before the farmer.

Clover crops are hard to grow, but they are hard to do without. Generally when a poor catch is the only result obtained, there is a tendency to lay the blame upon the land. Probmajority of cases. But in placing the blame there is another matter quite often overlooked, and a very important one at that. It is the matter of having and sowing only the best seed.

To-day our ablest authorities are generally convinced that the best seed to sow is seed that is acclimated to the locality, the climate, and the soil. Other things being equal, this is the seed that should give the best results. Other things being equal, seed that is grown from plants acclimated to a warmer climate than our own are apt to be the most uncertain. In such a year as the present one, when homegrown clover seed is scarce, there is some possibility that such seed may be offered for sale. It is a matter for which the farmer should be on the lookout.

Inferior seed, no matter where grown, is a poor investment. In grasses the seeds are small, and the amount of natural food available for the sprouting plant is not big. A shrunken seed possesses very little of this, and is apt to possess little vitality or vigor. Good, plump, well-developed seed is the best.

When buying grass or clover seeds, the farmer should take care to ascertain that the seed is free from weed seeds, especially the more troublesome kinds. If an analysis has not been obtained, then it is a good plan to submit a sample to the Seed Department at Ottawa, and ascertain its purity before sowing.—Canadian Countryman.

Grain Saved by Feeding Floors.

Those who have used feeding floors for their hogs have found them to be good grain savers, and concrete feeding floors are coming into favor.

Such a floor should be six inches thick, and, if not laid against the barnyard pavement, should have a curb extending from twelve to eighteen inches below the surface of the ground. This will prevent the hogs from rooting under the floor. The floor should slope slightly toward one corner in order to carry off rain or water used in washing. A rim around the outside edge will prevent grain from being pushed off into the mud.

For feeding floors concrete should be mixed in the proportion of one sack of Portland cement, two cubic feet of clean coarse sand, graded up to one fourth of an inch, and three cubic feet of hard durable gravel or broken stone from one fourth of an inch to one inch in diameter. Eleven sacks of cement will make enough concrete for 100 square feet of feeding floor.

The concrete should be thoroughly mixed and should contain enough water to make the mass quaky so that the concrete will flatten out of its own weight. It should be lightly tamped, however, then leveled off with a straight edge, and finished with a wooden float. The floor may be laid in slabs each six feet square, two-inch lumber being used for forms.

Feeding floors should be large enough to give each hog eighteen square feet of space.

Not to Blame.

Customer (indignantly)—That parrot you sold us hadn't been in the house a day before it began to swear dreadfully.

Dealer—You asked me for one that would be quick to learn, mum.

It is a long time since Peter Pindar wrote: "Care to our coffin adds a nail, no doubt, and every grin, so merry, draws one out."

FOR HEADACHES, BILIOUSNESS CONSTIPATION,

INDIGESTION

Nearly all our minor ailments, and many of the serious ones, too, are traceable to some disorder of the stomach, liver, and bowels. If you wish to avoid the miseries of indigestion, acidity, heartburn, flatulence, headaches, constipation, and a host of other distressing ailments, you must see to it that your stomach, liver and bowels are equal to the work they have to do. It is a simple matter to take 30 drops of Mother Seigel's Syrup daily, after meals, yet thousands of former sufferers have banished indigestion, biliousness, constipation, and all their distressing consequences in just this simple way. Profit by their experience. As a digestive tonic and stomachic remedy, Mother Seigel's Syrup is unsurpassed.

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INTERNATIONAL GROFAST CALF-MEAL

solves the problem for him. It is a scientific preparation which, mixed with skim-milk, takes the place of milk and supplies to the calf every food element that it needs. By its use the farmer is enabled to raise his calves and sell his cream or butter, and its cost is a trifle compared to the value of the whole milk that the calf would otherwise need.

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And all diseases of the horse affecting his throat speedily cured; colts and horses in same stable kept from having them by using Spohn's Distemper Compound, ½ to 6 doses often cure; one bottle guaranteed to cure one case. Safe for brood mares, baby colts, stallions, all ages and conditions. Most skillful scientific compound. Largest selling veterinary specific. Any druggist or delivered by manufacturers. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Goshen, Ind.

FOE TROOPS DRIVEN FURTHER BACK

French Forces Make More Progress in Corbeaux Woods.

A despatch from Paris says: Reassuring news is coming in from the battle front near Verdun. The struggle for the west bank of the Meuse continues, with the Germans repeatedly hurling massed formations against the French defences. The manner in which the assaults have been repulsed has strengthened the popular belief that the huge German offensive is doomed to fail. The hottest fighting has been taking place on the line between Douaumont and Vaux. At the latter point several fierce attempts have been made to carry the village, but all have been repulsed. The losses suffered by the Germans in the most recent fighting are stated as enormous, exceeding the toll taken by the mitrailleuses and the 75's of the French in the beginning of the battle. On the west side of the Meuse the Woods of Corbeaux have been the scene of repeated attacks. Thursday night the French are said to be in possession of the much-disputed bit of territory.

B.C. HAS LOST 100,000.

Population Reduced 25 Per Cent. Since the Outbreak of War.

A despatch from Victoria, B.C. says: The population of British Columbia, has been reduced neary twenty-five per cent. since the outbreak of the war, according to the annual report of the Provincial Board of Health. The secretary of the board places the decline at nearly one hundred thousand persons. Twenty-two thousand soldiers had gone to the front by the end of last year; the cessation of railway work caused an exodus of twenty thousand, and over fifty thousand left for other reasons. The births last year numbered nine hundred more than in the previous year.

GENERAL SMUTS WINS IN EAST AFRICA.

Seizes ,Crossigs of the Lumi River With Only Insignificant Loss.

A despatch from London says: The following official communication concerning the operations of the British in East Africa was made public on Thursday night: "Our troops under command of Lieut.-General Smuts have advanced against the German forces in the Kilimanjaro (northeastern boundary of German East Africa) area. On March 7 General Smuts seized the crossings of the Lumi River with an insignificant loss. Several counter-attacks by the enemy were successfully repulsed."

HEAVY DAMAGE IS DONE BY FLOODS IN ENGLAND.

A despatch from London says: Hundreds have been made homeless and thousands of acres of farm land in southwestern England have been inundated as a result of the overflow of rivers caused by continued heavy snowfalls. Reports from the provinces show that snow fell generally over England on Thursday night, and that the fall was especially heavy in the Midlands and north.

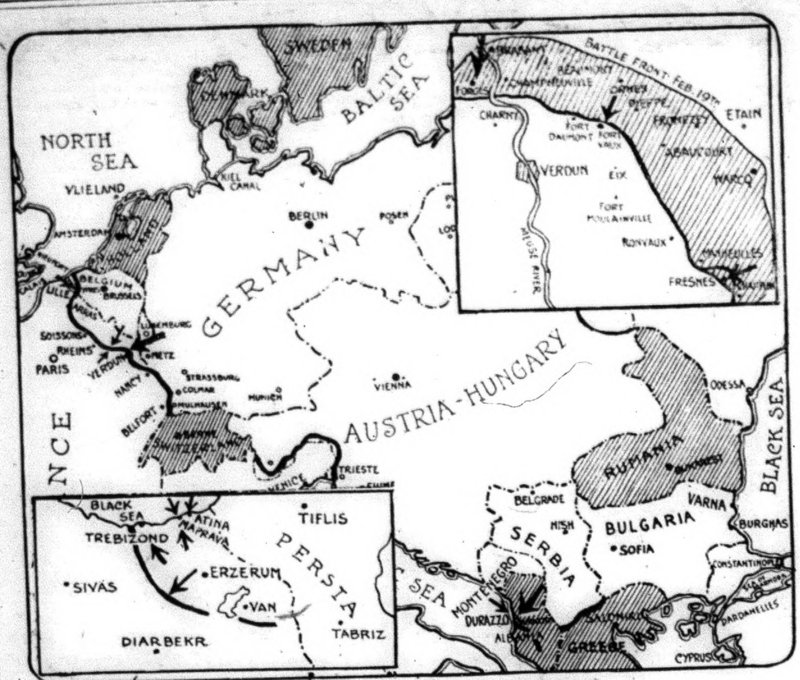
BRITISH MERCHANT TONNAGE INCREASED

A despatch from London says: The total British mercantile tonnage on register at the end of 1915 was 12,416, 408 tons, as compared with 12,119 891 at the end of 1913. This statement was made in the House of Commons on Thursday by Reginald McKenna, Chancellor of the Exchequer, in answer to a question on the subject.

ACTIVITY OF GERMAN NAVY.

A despatch from London says: The Rotterdam correspondent of the London Daily Mail telegraphs: The German navy is displaying an unwonted activity. Large forces of marines have left Hamburg and Bremen for Kiel. The Germans have built many submarines, each needing a crew of 45. There is difficulty in getting trained men owing to the numerous losses of submarines.

Energy has developed continents, created industries, built businesses, made the power of man—but only when controlled, guided, directed.



THE WEEK'S DEVELOPMENTS IN THE WAR.

The German attacks on the French lines around Verdun continue, but the great offensive against that fortress is referred to in Paris War Office statements as having failed. It is becoming more and more apparent that the enemy's plan has been entirely disconcerted by the Allies' defence. Perhaps no greater evidence of the German Staff's discomfiture and disappointment could be wanted than the fact that the German official communiques have contained many mis-statements of the true situation around Verdun.

Artillery actions and bombing attacks have been the only activities along the rest of the Western front except in the Champagne where the French, by a surprise attack, regained certain ground which had been conquered by the enemy a short time ago.

The Russian army, assisted by the Russian Black Sea fleet, has gained considerable ground. The fleet bombarded Trebizond and other points on the coast and is said to have landed men and taken possession of certain towns. The fleet is serving as an advanced right wing for the Russian army operating in Asia Minor.

The situation at Constantinople is reported to be extremely serious but any information comes in a roundabout way and must perhaps be taken with some reservation. It isvery apparent, however, that the Russian advance is not only cutting Turkey in two but must prove a real menace to Turkish power in Europe as well as in Asia.

The British Relief Expedition in Mesopotamia has advanced to within a few miles of Kut-el-Amara, where a British force exists beleagured. A junction may be expected, to be followed by an advance on Bagdad and co-operation with the Russian forces.

A German fleet during the past week left the Kiel Canal for a short cruise in the North Sea. A hasty retreat was made, however, before any engagement with British warships took place. It appears that during the recent Zeppelin raid on England several German cruisers left the canal intending to make a raid on the British coast. They discovered, however, that the preparations and watch of the British Fleet were greater than they had counted upon, with the result that the enemy warships were turned home.

A sensation in Great Britain was the attack on the policy of Mr. Balfour by Colonel Churchill, his predecessor as British Lord of the Admiralty. Mr. Balfour replied in as vigorous a speech as that of his critic.

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Mar. 14.—Manitoba wheat—New crop, No. 1 Northern, $1.09⅛; No. 2 Northern, $1.06⅝; No. 3 Northern, $1.04⅛, in store Fort William.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 39⅝c; No. 3 C.W., 37⅝c; extra No. 1 feed, 37⅝c; No. 1 feed, 36c, in store Fort William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, 76c, track Toronto.

Canadian corn—Feed, 68 to 70c, track Toronto.

Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 41 to 42c; commercial, 40 to 41c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2, Winter, per car lot, 98 to 99c; wheat, slightly sprouted and tough, according to sample, 95 to 97c; wheat, sprouted and smutty and tough, according to sample, 92 to 94c; feed wheat, 85 to 90c, according to freights outside.

Peas—No. 2, $1.60; peas, according to sample, $1 to $1.30, according to freights outside.

Barley—Malting, 62 to 64c; feed, 57 to 60c, according to freights outside.

Rye—No. 1, commercial, 85 to 86c; rejected, according to sample, 82 to 84c, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, $6.80; second patents, in jute bags, $6.30; strong bakers', in jute bags, $6.10, Toronto.

Ontario flour—Winter, according to sample, $4.30 to $4.40, track Toronto; $4.25 to $4.30, bulk seaboard, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots delivered Montreal freights—Bran, per ton, $24; middlings, per ton, $26; good feed flour, per bag, $1.60 to $1.70.

Country Produce.

Butter—Fresh to 16c; ducks, 17 to 20c; geese, 17 to 20c; turkeys, 23 to 27c.

Cheese—Large, 19c; twins, 19¼c.

Potatoes—Car lots of Ontario quoted at $1.70 to $1.75, and New Brunswicks at $1.80 to $1.90 per bag, on track.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Mar. 14.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 50 to 50½c; do., No. 3, 48 to 48½c; txtra No. 1 feed, 48 to 48½c; No. 2 local white, 47½c; No. 3, do., 46½c; No. 4 do., 45½c. Barley—Manitoba feed, 66c; malting, 76 to 78c. Buckwheat—No. 2, 80 to 82c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, $6.60; do., seconds, $6.10; strong bakers', $5.90; Winter patents, choice, $6.30; straight rollers, $5.70 to $5.80; do., in bags, $2.65 to $2.75. Rolled oats—Barrels, $5.05; bag of 90 lbs., $2.35. Millfeed—Bran, $23.50; shorts, $26; middlings, $28 to $30; mouillie, $31 to $33. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, $20 to $20.50. Cheese—Finest westerns, 18¾ to 19c; do., easterns, 18¼ to 18½c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 33½ to 34c; seconds, 31 to 32c. Eggs—Fresh, 32c; selected, 26 to 27c; No. 1 stock, 24 to 25c; No. 2, do., 21 to 22c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, $1.75.

Winnipeg Grain.

Winnipeg, Mar. 14.—Cash:—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.08⅝; No. 2, do., $1.05⅞; No. 3, do., $1.03⅞; No. 4, $1.00⅝; No. 5, 91⅜c; No. 6, 84¾c. Oats—No. 2 C.W., 39⅜c; No. 3, do., 37⅜c; extra No. 1 feed, 37⅜c; No. 1 feed, 35⅝c; No. 2 feed, 34⅝c. Barley—No. 3, 61c; No. 4, 56c; feed, 51c. Flax—No. 1 N.-W.C., $2.06; No. 2 C.W., $2.03.

United States Markets.

Minneapolis, Mar. 14.—Wheat—May, $1.11⅜ to $1.11¼; July, $1.10⅞; No. 1 hard, $1.16¾; No. 1 Northern, $1.11¾ to $1.15¼; No. 2 Northern, $1.08¼ to $1.12¼. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 74½ to 75½c. Oats—No. 3 white, 39½ to 40c. Flour unchanged; shipments, 60,565 barrels. Bran, $18 to $18.50.

Duluth, Mar. 14.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.13⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.11⅛ to $1.13⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.06⅝ to $1.10⅝. Linseed—Cash, May and July, $2.31.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, Mar. 14.—Choice heavy steers, $7.75 to $8.10; butcher steers, choice, $7.40 to $7.85; do., good, $7 to $7.75; do., medium, $6.90 to $7; do., common, $5.75 to $6.25; heifers, good to choice, $7.25 to $7.50; do., medium, $6.50 to $6.75, butcher cows, choice, $6.50 to $6.65; do., good, $5.75 to $6.50; butcher bulls, choice, $6 to $7; do., good bulls, $5.50 to $6; do., medium, $5 to $5.50; do., rough bologna, $4.40 to $4.50; feeders, 900 to 1,000 lbs., $6.40 to $6.80; do., bulls, $4.50 to $5.50; stockers, 700 to 800 lbs., $6 to $6.50; do., medium, 650 to 750 lbs., $5.75 to $6; do., light, 500 to 650 lbs., $5 to $5.50; canners, $3.50 to $4.25; cutters, $4.25 to $4.50; milkers, choice, each, $60 to $85; springers, $60 to $85; calves, veal, choice, $11 to $12.50; do., medium, $7 to $8; do., common, $5.50 to $6; lambs, yearlings, $7 to $8; culled lambs, $7 to $7.25; spring lambs, $10 to $13.50; ewes, light, $7.50 to $9; sheep, heavy and bucks, $6.50 to $8; hogs, fed and watered, $10.25; do., f.o.b., $9.90; do., weighed at plant, $10.65.

Montreal, Mar. 14.—Butchers' steers, best, $7 to $7.50; good, $6.50 to $7.50; good, $6.50 to $7; fair, $6 to $6.50; medium, $5.75 to $6; butchers' bulls, best, $5.75 to $6.25; medium, $5.25 to $5.75; canners, $4 to $5; butchers' cows, best, $6.25; good, $6; fair, $5.75; roughs, $4.25 to $5.50; canners, $3 to $3.50. Sheep, $5 to $7; lambs, $9 to $11. Hogs, selects, $10.25 to $10.75; roughs and mixed, $9.50 to $10.15; common, $9.25; cows, $7.60 to $7.85. Calves, milk-fed, $8 to [illegible]; grassfed, 4½ to 5½c.

ONLY 16 ARMENIANS LEFT ALIVE WHEN RUSSIANS TOOK ERZERUM

40,000 Driven Out a Few Days Before Czar's Troops Arrived and All Massacred by Kurds.

A despatch from London says: The Russians found only sixteen Armenians alive in Erzerum out of the usual Armenian population of 40,000 according to information received in Petrograd and forwarded by Reuter's correspondent in the Russian Capital. "The Turkish inhabitants of Erzerum," the correspondent adds, "stated that a few days before the capture of the fortress by the Russians all the Armenians in the town were driven out by the police in a westerly direction, where the Kurds, who had been forwarned, massacred all of them."

THERE IS ONLY ONE ROAD TO PEACE

VICTORY OVER ENEMY MUST COME FIRST.

Peace Cranks and Their Fallacious Doctrines Cannot Be Heeded.

Arnold White, in the London Daily Express says:—

Peace, by the avenues of mutual agreement, arbitration, neutralisation, woman's work, education, popular voice, commerce and disarmament, is out o sight. It is no longer practical politics to apply to scientific savages the golden rule of doing to others as we would that they should do to us. Pacificism is the raw material of a lost war.

The submission of disputed but vital international questions to courts of justice is now seen to be impracticable in dealing with piratical nations. In every world-war there have been peace cranks old and new who have believed what they wanted to believe—i.e., that war can be averted by words.

Sheep trying to convert wolves to vegetarianism may mean well. But the menu of the carnivores will include mutton, notwithstanding.

In Fox's Day.

The conscientious objector has been prominent in war time ever since George Fox, equipped in leather from head to foot, was haled before a justice of the peace. This fanatical and unselfish zealot founded the Society of Friends, which is a great political force in England to-day.

All Quakers are not pacifists. I have heard Joseph Chamberlain say more than once that there was no fighting man better than a fighting Quaker.

The original founder of the Society of Friends considered himself inspired. His body writhed. He screwed up his face. Holding his breath, he exhaled it with force. Inspiration became habitual to him, and he could scarcely deliver himself as an ordinary man. Hence the term Quaker.

Quakers were several times persecuted under Charles II., not on religious accounts, but for refusing to pay the tithes, for "thee-ing and thou-ing" the magistrates, and for refusing to take the oaths enacted by law.

The Quakers to-day control about a dozen seats in Parliament, and though there are probably not more than 20,000 male Quakers in the Kingdom, their political influence is largely in excess of their numbers.

During the Napoleonic struggle the Quakers were particularly unpopular. The Quakers suffered in London during the bread riots as the Jews suffered in Russia during the pogroms. During the struggle Pitt was over and over again harassed by those who demanded peace at any price—now Wilberforce, now Fox, now other less known men urged Pitt to negotiate for peace, while England's only hope of salvation lay in a vigorous continuance of the war.

A severe internal struggle has taken place recently in the Society of Friends. The Quaker community has been asked by members of its own body whether the attitude of the leaders towards the present war is based on the Bible or on the Quaker Book of Doctrines. In aggressive warfare for sordid gain, millions of ordinary citizes would vite with pacifist and Quaker. Now, the case is different.

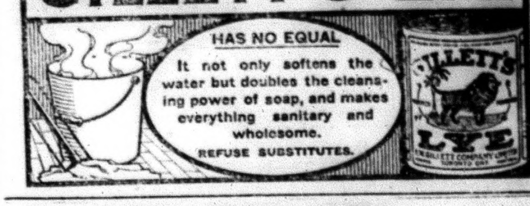
No Resistance.

All Quakers are not pacifists. The reason given by some spokesmen of the Quakers for accepting defence, both in their homes, from the constabulary and from foreign aggression by the navy and army, are undistinguishable from mental disease. In the Weekly Despatch of a recent date Mr. Grubb of the Society of Friends declares that he would neither kill his enemy nor assist him if his country were being overrun by hordes of savages. Three hundred young Qaukers have already joined the forces as active combatants. They have not been expelled from the society and while they are away no steps will be taken. At the end of the war those who live to return will be asked by those Quakers who live safely at home "to explain their position." To speak plainly, there is clearly a leaven of humbug in alleged conscientious objections.

The real harm done by the Quaker creed is that it enables many unworthier people to indulge their love of peace and their passion for safety by accepting the sacrifices of people whose gospel is not non-resistance, but resistance unto death. The Qauker umbrella shelters many a shirker.

The crosseyed man was watching the activity of Niagara. "What a big waste," he remarked to his friend. The very stout lady standing near by looked at him angrily. "Mind your own business."

GILLETT'S LYE



GEN. AYLMER ATTACKS TURKS 7 MILES FROM KUT-EL-AMARA

Inflicted Heavy Loss on Enemy, But Was Unable to Dislodge Him.

A despatch from London says: The War Office issued on Thursday night the following official statement on the campaign in Mesopotamia:

"Gen. Lake (commander of the British forces) reports that Gen. Aylmer (in command of the relieving forces) advanced on March 6, and, moving by the right bank of the Tigris, reached Essin, a position about 7 miles east of Kut-el-Amara. This position was attacked March 8, but Gen. Aylmer was unable to dislodge the enemy.

Gen. Aylmer states that the enemy suffered very severely, and, beyond strengthening his position, has shown no activity. Our casualties were not heavy, and in the majority of cases were very slight."

GERMANY AT WAR WITH PORTUGAL

Formal Declaration Made and Ambassador's Passports Received.

A despatch from Berlin says: Germany declared war on Portugal at 3.30 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon and handed his passports to the Portuguese Minister. Germany took this action because of the recent seizures of German ships in Portuguese ports, which the German Government declares "the gravest breach of neutrality and of special treaties. Germany is therefore obliged to give up its former forebearing attitude, which had been maintained on account of Portugal's awkward situation," says the official notification.

STATION AT METZ AGAIN BOMBARDED

A despatch from Paris says: One of the French bombing groups, composed of 16 aeroplanes, dropped 124 shells of all calibres on the Metz-Sablons station, where there were several trains, on Tuesday. The projectiles struck well, the official report says. A squadron of enemy aeroplanes gave chase to the French machines, which returned to their base with the exception of one which was obliged to make a landing owing to motor trouble.

CITIZENSHIP TAKEN FROM GERMAN-BORN

Cabinet of New South Wales Disfranchises Teutons During War.

A despatch from Sydney, N.S.W., says: The Cabinet has decided to disenfranchise all German-born electors for the duration of the war, following the arrest and internment of several hundred aliens who are considered of hostile disposition.

ANCHORED MINES LAID ALONG THE TRADE ROUTE TO HOLLAND

Threatened Blockade Already in Existence Between Thames and Galloper Lightship.

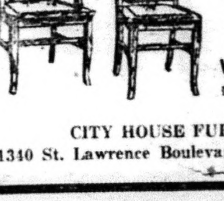
A despatch from London says: The blockade of England by mines, reported as threatened by Germany, is already in existence along the trade route to Holland, according to naval circles here. German submarines are reported to have been busy recently laying anchored mines between the mouth of the Thames and the Galloper Lightship. It is in this neighborhood that many disasters have occurred during the last month.

Passenger ships, until recently, have been quite successful in dodging floating mines by making their voyages in daylight, but no method is know of guarding against submerged anchored mines.

A Special From Our Catalog No. 16

Exactly as represented in illustration

DINING ROOM CHAIRS



Five small and one Armchair, in solid oak and solid leather. Regular $20.00 the set. Special price $12.98

We defy competition. Our prices are the lowest in the Dominion of Canada.

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It is full of House Furnishing Specials.

CITY HOUSE FURNISHING COMPANY
1340 St. Lawrence Boulevard, Montreal, Que.

Meet me at Kincaid's and get measured for YOUR NEW SPRING SUIT

THE BUSY CORNER **A. KINCAID**

G. T. R. Trains

Daily except Sunday

		A.M.	P.M.
Leave			
Madoc		7 15	3 20
Moira Lake		7 25	3 40
Crookston		7 38	3 53
Ivanhoe		7 45	4 00
West Huntingdon		8 00	4 15
Madoc Junction	Arrive	8 10	4 25
Belleville	Arrive	9 15	5 00
Leave		P.M.	P.M.
Belleville		12 10	6 30
Madoc Junction		12 54	7 01
West Huntingdon		1 00	7 08
Ivanhoe		1 16	7 24
Crookston		1 23	7 30
Moira Lake		1 38	7 41
Madoc	Arrive	1 50	7 50

MADOC, MARCH 23, 1916

(Continued from last week.)

The Russian Ambassador, M. Sazonoff said to the Austrian Ambassador that if he was seeking the protection of his country against the agitation of Servian Anarchists that his actions were legitimate, but that the step to which he had recourse was not legitimate. Take back your ultimatum, modify its form and I will guarantee the result. The German Government had declared several times that it favored this proposal, but when asked to support it at Vienna and to invite in a friendly way the Austrian Government to accept this means of reconciliation, the German Ambassador replied that he could not advise Austria to yield and Austria herself although apparently favorable to the Russian proposals did nothing to prevent a rupture.

Thus the more the crisis developed the more remote seemed a pacific solution. In vain England, Russia, France and Italy joined their forces to prevent the dreaded result. Every one thought that if Servia were attacked Russia would have to go to her assistance yet after the declarlaration of the war the Russian Government continued to be favourable to any plan that would safeguard peace. All this time Germany talked fair but neither in her diplomatic documents nor in the the march of events could there be seen any trace of the conciliatory influence that she pretended to be excercising almost to excess.

The German Government published a White Book exclusively intended to prove that it is not responsible for the war and all that was possible in favor of peace. Out of the 27 documents contained in the White Book, there is not a single one which has for its object the securing of peace. Nowhere is there any evidence of any influence being exercised on the Austrian Government.

(To be continued)

Hymeneal

At the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. W. H. Oldfield, on Friday, March 3rd, Miss Winnifred Cook was married to Mr. W. F. Royman, of North Bay. Rev. Mr. Tucker performed the ceremony. After a very dainty repast at Mr. Frank Taylor's the happy couple left by C.P.R. for Toronto and points west. They will reside in North Bay where Royman is a very popular employee of the C.P.R. Mrs. Cook was very popular with the young ladies of Brown & Robinson's, where she was a valued employee. We wish the young couple a happy wedded life.

Departure of Madoc Residents

Mr. E. Lancaster, who has been manager of the Review for the past two years, leaves this week for Comber, in the County of Essex, where he has purchased the Herald newspaper. With Mr. Lancaster there leaves at the same time Mrs. Lancaster and her father, Mr. W. J. Reid, one of the oldest inhabitants of the place, Mr. Reid having resided here over half a century. To Mr. and Mrs. Lancaster the Review extends the sincerest wishes for success in their new venture] and to Mr. Reid friends and continued good health in his new home.

Miss Tillotson at Brooklin

Whitby Gazette and Chronicle:—The concert advertised for Saturday night in the Masonic Hall, Brooklin, under the auspices of the Women's Institute, turned out a failure. There were only 25 or 30 persons present. The story which was circulated from Port Perry a few days previous in regard to the ability and character of the entertainer, Miss Lottie Tillotson, had a good deal to do with the turnout. However, reports were not far astray for her actions in Brooklin proved her to be anything but a lady. When the concert was over the ladies in charge had quite a time making a settlement with Miss Tillotson, so much so that Policeman Maynard was called out of bed to the scene. It was after 12 o'clock before a satisfactory settlement could be made. The Institute are out considerably financially. The residents of the village were much relieved when Miss Tillotson took a walking ticket to Whitby on Sunday afternoon.

Bancroft Times:—The lecture billed for Friday night in the town hall was cancelled as the lecturer, Lottie L. Tillotson, was snow-bound some place down the line and could not get here. She got here, however, on Monday, but she was under arrest, charged with beating her board bill at Gilmour. She was given a suspended sentence after paying $1.50 to Mr. Ricketts, the keeper of the boarding-house.

Ivanhoe

March 16th.

The people around here are making good use of the sleighing.

Miss A. Dawson spent the week-end in Madoc.

Messrs. C. Hennings and A. Emmerson spent Sunday at Chapman's Corners.

Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Fleming left for Toronto this morning where Mr. Fleming will attend the Grand Lodge.

The Women's Institute meets at Mrs. A. Downey's to-day.

Mr. A. McMillen and son, James, and Miss Jennie Bainbridge spent Sunday with Mr. Jas. Johnston.

The Ladies' Guild will meet at Mrs. Geo. Vincent on March 23rd.

Misses Ella and Molly Tanner have returned home after a week's holidays in Springbrook.

An Order-in-Council in Great Britain prohibits the importation of all bulky luxuries in order to conserve tonnage for the necessaries.

R. M. Phillips & Son

Agents for

Tudhope Buggies

And

Farm Machinery

of all descriptions

We have horses for sale, also a number of mares in foal.

Call and see us. You will find our prices right. 11-3m

Attention

I beg to inform the people of Madoc and vicinity that I have taken over the business lately owned by Mr. W. N. Donaldson, and am prepared to do cleaning and pressing, repairing, dyeing, dry cleaning and the remodeling of garments for ladies and gentlemen. A trial order solicited.

9-4 MISS BAKER.

OHIO WOMAN'S WISH

For Tired, Weak, Nervous Women

Bellefontaine, Ohio.—"I wish every tired, weak, nervous woman could have Vinol, for I never spent any money in my life that did me so much good as that I spent for Vinol. I was weak, tired, worn out and nervous, and Vinol made me strong, well and vigorous after everything else had failed to help me, and I can now do my housework with pleasure."—Mrs. J. F. LAMBORN.

We guarantee Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron tonic, for all weak, rundown, nervous, debilitated conditions.

J. Will Vince, Druggist, Madoc.

Communication

Napanee, March 10th, 1916.

To the Editor of The Review.

We have seen your issue of 9th inst. and must congratulate your community on the narrow escape which you had the previous Saturday night from a near fatality at the Picture Theatre.

We have no doubt many of your citizens have indeed to be thankful for their escape from broken arms and broken legs as the result of inclement weather conditions, ice on sidewalks, etc., and it is too bad that your municipality neglects taking proper precautions for safety of the citizens who have occasion to use your highways, but no doubt your Reeve and Council are so busily looking after other people's affairs and their own interests that such matters as mentioned above are of little moment.

One is eminently pleased to notice the information in the article regarding normal loads carried by transformers and the precision in the mathematics of electricity displayed in the article and that the precision displayed gives proof of gross negligence.

We all know Mr. Hill is a bright, competent, honest, upright citizen and any charge against him of negligently endangering the lives of any citizens of your community is so malign and sinister as to scarcely require refutation.

When one considers the great care that is necessarily exercised in regard to the operation of a Movie Show and that the records fail to produce a single disaster in the Province of Ontario the facts speak stronger than any words in commendation of the wise care and foresight on the part of movie managers throughout the Province, including Mr. Hill.

We do not know if it is you, sir, or the Reeve or one of the luminaries of the village who wrote it, but your article makes us think of the reporter who was suffering from insomnia. The article must have been written by one such who had not slept for three nights; last night, tonight and tomorrow night.

If there were children at the Movie Theatre on 4th inst., unaccompanied by adults, what was the Reeve doing, what was the Chief of Police doing, what were the officials under the control of the Chief doing?

Movie operators are just as anxious to protect themselves as we expect the Reeve will be when he reads this letter, and the fact that there were children at the Movie does not prove that they were not accompanied by adults. Perhaps the Reeve is getting overanxious because of the wedding in the family last week, one never knows.

We hope that if the laws of the Province have not been complied with in the village of Madoc and its citizens are all but scared to death because of the fact, then probably it will be up to the electors in January next to see that proper administrators are placed in charge of the municipal affairs.

The fact that no complaint has been made or no change made in the system of lighting the "Exit" lights is fairly conclusive that they must be properly installed.

There is a statement of alleged fact without proof with regard to the above occurrence and surely something different should be put before the readers when the facts most probably are different from what is alleged.

If the main aisle was partly blocked who was responsible—the patrons of the theatre, the authorities who enforce the act or the Movie Proprietor who most likely was endeavoring to discharge his duties in seeing that children were not admitted unless accompanied by adults.

The description of the rush for the door reminds us that there is nothing quite so cussed as human nature and a human stampede is very much like any other stampede that we ever read of.

We quite agree that the public should be protected and the fact that nothing happened is fairly conclusive that they have been protected.

It seems to us that you could easily have ascertained whether the theatre had been inspected without referring to the rumor to that effect. Probably too close an investigation into the facts might have spoiled a three-quarter column article and deprived your village of the delicious sensation of a real old-fashioned scare.

We want the Reeve to still keep his hair combed and it would be fairly decent of him to go down once in a while to turn the crank for Billy and really see how a Movie Show is really run Billy learned the Movie business with us and noted well the fact that "Wonderland" doesn't allow any newspapers to be published in the same block here. JAS. FOSTER.

Having taken over the stock of Mr. A. D. Weir, I wish to inform the public that I am putting in an up-to-date stock of Ladies', Gents' and Children's Boots and Shoes. A trial order is solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.

G. C. MOON

Some of the Leading Features

in the Policies of

The Policy Holders Mutual Life Ins. C

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Head Office - - Temple Building, Toro

No Other Policy Nearly So Good

1 Premium rate from 10 to 25 per cent. lower than any othe company in Canada for the same class of Policy.
2 Our Guaranteed Loan or Surrender Values are as good a the best.
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6 This is a strong mutual Company, with all the security full Government Reserve, one vote in the managem your Company with every $1,000 of insurance.
7 Premiums may be paid yearly, half-yearly, quarterl even monthly, at your convenience, without consulting Company.
8 Freeinsurance for face value of Policy, for a specific te of years after the third year in force, if you are sick or a unable to pay premium, etc., etc.

A. H. Watson, Madoc, Local Age

SMOKERS, ATTENTION!

You will find our stock of

Case Pipes, Cigars and Tobaccos

The Best we have ever had. Now is the time to buy.

See Our Cigars and Pipes.

VANDERVOORT'S

BARBER SHOP

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General Merchants

Dealers in Flour and Feed kinds of Provisions, Pork Beef, Butter and Eggs Beef Hides.

All kinds of Farm P bought and sold.

Mail orders filled on short

Satisfaction guaranteed money refunded.

Phone 60r2, Eldor Ontario

Homeseekers Excursions

Every Tuesday, March to October
"All Rail"

Every Wednesday During Season Navigation
"Great Lakes Route"

Somewhere out on the prairies where last year Canada's Greatest Wheat Crop was produced there is a home waiting for you. The

CANADIAN PACIFIC

will take you there, give you all the information about the best places, and help you to success.

Particulars from any Canadian Pacific Ticket Agent, or write W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

More People Every Day are Learnin

about the splendid advantages of trading at this store.

The better-than-usual store service combined with the big unusual values we are alw offering in Ready-to-Wear Apparel for Men and Boys makes this store the ideal place to deal.

NEW STYLES NEW IDEAS BIG VALUES LITTLE PRIC

Make it worth your while to look here before you buy. Drop in and see our new Spring Suits for Men and Boys.

SPECIALS FOR THIS WEEK

2 dozen Boys' fine all wool Sweaters in light blue trimmed with white Sizes 24, 26, 28, 30, regular price $1, on sale

2 dozen Men's Hats, all sizes, in Fedora shape, regular $1.50 $1.75, on sale

GEORGE WEST

Vinol

FOR SALE ONLY AT

Vince's Popular Drug Store, Madoc

How Can YOU Cheer

For the Boys When They Come Home

If You Sit on The Fence And Let Them

Fight Your Battles

For You

Join the 155th Battalion

Lieut.Col. M. K. Adams, Commanding.

Apply to

Capt. W. S. Harper, Medical Officer, or Lieut. E. S. Webb, Armoury, Madoc.

GOD SAVE THE KING

CREAM

We want Yours
WINTER AND SUMMER
We pay Express and Furnish Cans
Profitable Prices Promptly Paid

References { The Molsons Bank—Belleville
Our Satisfied Patrons—Everywhere

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BELLEVILLE CREAMERY, L'td.
9-3m **Belleville, Ont.**

Attention Customers !

Did you ever stop to consider that you can save money by buying your Clocks, Watches and Jewelry from me.

Engraving done free on all goods bought from this store.

Watch and Clock repairing done promptly and satisfaction guaranteed.

Thos. Tucker,

Jeweler and Optician.

Automobile SKATES

It's something for a boy to own skates made of hard Automobile steel—Light, bright, keen-edged, and guaranteed not to break.

Ounces Lighter—Tons Stronger.

Tube Model Automobile		$5.00
Model "D"	"	$6.00
" "C"	"	$5.00
" "B"	"	$4.00
" "A"	"	$3.00
Ladies' "Auto"	-	$2.50
Cycle "25"	- -	$2.00
Ladies' "Cycle"	-	$2.00
Ladies' "Pleasure"	-	$1.50
"Artic Special"	-	$1.50
"Yukon"	- -	$1.50

M.W. Connor & Son

SCHOOL TEACHER

Wards off Nervous Break Down

Alburtis, Pa.—"I am a teacher in the public schools and I got into a very nervous run-down condition. I could not sleep and had no appetite. I was tired all the time. My sister asked me to try Vinol. I did so, and within a week my appetite improved and I could sleep all night and now I feel well and strong."—ROSA M. KELLER, Alburtis, Pa.

We guarantee Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron tonic, for all weakened run-down conditions and for chronic coughs, colds and bronchitis.

J. Will Vince, Druggist, Madoc.

—Flower Pots, 5c, 7c, 8c and 10c. at G. A. Rollins'.

Palm Sunday falls on April 16th, Easter Day on April 23rd, Whit Sunday June 11th and Trinity Sunday June 18th.

—I am prepared to do custom sawing at Downey's Rapids Mills. Parties from a distance can take their lumber home. Bring along your logs. WM. STORRING. 10-3

—BUTTER PAPER Vegetable Parchment, in sizes for rolls or pound pkg. THE REVIEW Office.

The business of the Canadian Bank of Commerce has been increasing to such a satisfactory extent that it was found necessary to take on a stenographer and Miss Rose Brennan has secured the position.

—O'Hara's Spring Millinery Opening will be held on Wednesday and Thursday, March 29 and 30. Latest London and New York novelties will be shown. 4 Apprentices wanted for Millinery and Dressmaking.

Owing to his recent utterances against war and his objections to members of the International Bible Students' Association taking part in the war, Pastor Russell has been forbidden to speak in Canada until after the close of the war.

Mr. F. J. Taylor, of Springbrook who has been visiting with his sister, Mrs. James Gamage, of Chatham, for the past three months, has returned home. Mr. Taylor speaks highly of Western Ontario. His many friends hope his stay will be permanent.

105 lbs. of New Yarn, the kind you like to knit, has just been received by the M.W.P.L., who have to date shipped 788 pairs of socks. Let us make it 1000 before the spring work sets in. Every one knit, knit—now.

HOME NEWS

WANTED.—A boy to learn the harness business. Apply to C. J. Kilpatrick. 12-1p

Miss Kath'een McKee, of Stirling, was the week-end guest of Miss Tempe Hawkins.

Owing to lack of space a number of interesting articles are left over till next week.

—Dining-room Girl Wanted at St. Lawrence Hall. 12-2

Mr. C. P. Burgess, formerly of the Dominion Bank, Madoc, has secured a position in the Canadian Bank of Commerce and has been transferred to Winnipeg.

Mr. John O'Rielly, having purchased a fine residence in Madoc, wishes to announce to all his friends that he will receive every Wednesday afternoon from 2 to 5.

—Royalite Oil, 20c gal. delivered to any part of town. G. A. Rollins.

Congratulations to Miss Gladys Blue, Crookston, for securing honorable mention in Senior Essay Competition, 1915, awarded by the League of the Empire, Canada.

—Remember the Institute Dance on Easter Monday. 12-4

Miss Emily Stewart, who has been serving with the American Red Cross nurses in France the past six months, has been transferred to the Canadian Red Cross Society.

Bancroft Times:—The system of trenches in some of the back yards in Bancroft looks like a modern battlefield. If the snow gets much deeper we will have to tunnel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Laffan and their two children, of Palmer, Saskatchewan, left for home on Wednesday after spending three months visiting in Queensboro and Ottawa.

Seed Oats for Sale.—600 bus. for sale at 60c. per bushel, free from all noxious seeds and smut. Apply to John Smith, Madoc. 12-2p

SALE

of Home Cooking, etc.

Dale's Bank, Sat., April 1st

No one will be asked to contribute to this sale except through this notice. Give what you can. Every little helps.

Mrs. W. Stephenson and Mrs. Hallstone will receive and sell the articles sent in.

Be as liberal as possible. Cakes and pies find a ready sale.

Proceeds to provide material for the M.W.P.L.

The Eldorite talc mill, Eldorado, has been running double shift for the past two weeks. There are about twenty hands employed. There is an excellent demand for the grade of ore now being milled. As there is an almost unexhaustible quantity of ore there and the demand good there will be constant employment at good wages.

—Have you made an unsatisfactory purchase in the past of Boots, Shoes or Rubbers at the store now occupied by W. S. Ludbrook? We continue to handle the same reliable goods which have so successfully built up such a permanent trade. The Williams strong Shoes for men and the Empress Shoe for women are unique. Many bargains at 25% reduction. It will pay you to give us a trial order. It will only be a pleasure to show you our goods whether you buy or not. Call in.

On Monday evening the Madoc Sewing Circle met at the home of Mrs. A. L. Connor and presented to Mrs. E. E. Lancaster, on the eve of her departure from Madoc, a dozen silver dinner knives as a small token of their appreciation of her services in the Circle. Mrs. Lancaster was one of the organizers of the Society and she will be greatly missed.

The Provincial Grand Black Chapter for Eastern Ontario held their annual meeting at Brockville on the 14th and 15th insts. There were nearly 200 delegates present. Hastings county looms up large in the Orange Order as may be seen from the number of delegates from this county elected to fill important positions in the Grand Black Chapter. Mr. T. Thompson was elected Associate Deputy Grand; James Rhodes, Grand Secretary; W. E. Tummon, Assistant Secretary; C. McConnell, Grand Treasurer; George Brown, Assistant Treasurer.

Card of Thanks

I wish through the columns of the Review, to extend my sincere thanks to my many neighbors and friends at Eldorado and Madoc for the handsome purse which they presented to me. MRS. GEO. HILL, Belleville.

Obituary

Edward Walsh died at his home in Belleville at the ripe age of 86. He was born in the County of Killarney, Ireland. He came to Canada 55 years ago. For 30 years he was foreman for the Rathbun Company under the late Tobias Butler. He was well known in Hastings county and was much respected by all who knew him.

In the Military Circle

155th Battalion, C.E.F.

Pte. W. Vincent spent a few days visiting friends in Napanee this week.

Pte. A. Brown spent a few days this week visiting friends in Peterboro.

Ptes. Will and Bruce Sills, of the 80th Band, were in town last week.

Ptes. Phillips and Alexander have enlisted the past week.

Last Thursday night the 155th baseball team won both ends of a double-header by defeating the Agriculturalists 25-13 and the Business Men 31-21.

The local detachment was reviewed on Friday morning by Lieut. Sanford, Asst. Adjutant, and Lieut. Col. Adams, Officer Commanding the Battalion.

The Madoc Platoon was out in the country on a route march Tuesday afternoon.

An order has been issued from the Militia Department that all men of good character who wish to engage in the spring ploughing and seeding may secure a month's furlough by application to the Adjutant of their Battalion. Men availing themselves of this opportunity may secure transportation to any point within three hundred miles. Many of the local boys have expressed their intention of aiding the farmers by taking advantage of this opportunity.

The following is a list of the amounts and names of the contributors to the fund for the purchase of a bugle band for the local detachment. As can be seen by the figures there still remains about $60 to be raised. R. McGhee $1, Business Men's Ball Team $21, N.C.O.'s and Men of Detachment $71.50, C. Ross $1, Madoc Women's Institute $25, F. Aylsworth $5, F. Vandervoort $5, F. Curry $5, total $134.50. The value of these instruments, which have already arrived, is $193.

On Tuesday the Crescent ball team won from the 155th team in the first game of a double header by the score of 25-16. In the second game the Business Men's team went down to defeat before the Agriculturists. These games are attracting considerable interest and many spectators witness each game. The admission fee is 10 cents and the proceeds are for the Madoc Platoon. Over 100 attended Tuesday night's game.

News Notes About Town

(By Our Own Reporter)

Mr. Herb Trotter left for Cobalt on Friday.

Mr. A. S. Cochran and family have moved to Madoc from Winnipeg.

A citizen was fortunate enough to find a $20 bill on the street on Tuesday morning early.

Rev. Father O'Riordan attended the annual St. Patrick's concert in Tweed on Friday evening.

Mr. J. E. McKitterick the popular mail clerk on the Belleville-Madoc train, has been transferred to a run from Sarnia to Toronto. Mrs. McKitterick and family, of Belleville, left on the flyer on Friday to join her husband in Toronto. He will be succeeded by Mr. G. E. Jewell, of Toronto.

Mr. John Burkitt has a very fine window display of electric fixtures in the north window of Mr. Kincaid's store on the "Busy Corner."

Mr. Walker Dawes is very ill at his home here. His daughter, Miss Ruth, arrived from Winnipeg on Tueday.

Douglas, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Hedley Wright, of Stirling, died on Monday after a severe illness of pneumonia.

Mr. Harry Miller, who has been in Mr. Ben E. Harris' store for the past eight months, left Sunday to take a position in Toronto.

Miss Myrtle Caverly, of Toronto, spent Sunday with her mother.

Miss Daisy St. Charles left on Monday for St. Vincent Hospital, Brockville, where she is in training.

Mrs. Wm. Dingman, of Picton, is renewing acquaintances in town this week.

—Save Friday night, April 28, for "Plum Valley," a rural comedy drama in four acts, presented by Oakdale Rebekah Lodge, No. 134, for patriotic purposes.

PARISIAN SAGE

PUTS HAIR ON YOUR HEAD AND KEEPS IT THERE

What's the use of being bald? What sense is there in deliberately allowing your hair to turn gray!

Do you want to look old before your time? Give up the thought; old age will come only too soon.

Look after your hair. **PARISIAN SAGE** will kill the dandruff germs, and is the only preparation, so far as we know, that is guaranteed to do so.

Man or woman, no matter how old you are, **PARISIAN SAGE** will make you look young.

Come in and get a large bottle to-day, it only costs 50 cents, and your money back if it does not cure dandruff, stop falling hair, or itching of the scalp. It will make your hair luxuriant, bright and beautiful, and it is the most refreshing, pleasant and invigorating hair dressing made.

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The softer, fairer and more delicate your shin, the more quickly they will make it rough and red.

Remember the finest complexion can be ruined through neglect, and a complexion that is naturally unattractive can be made soft, white and beautiful by care and attention.

You can depend on

Nyals Face Cream

to guard your complexion from weather wear

25c Jars

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Successor to T. G. Whitfield.

Up-to-Date Machine Shop

Having one of the most complete and up-to-date Machine Shops in Hastings County, I am now prepared to do machine work of all description, such as repairing Sawing Machines, Gasoline Engines, Threshing Outfits, Threading Bolts, Pipes, etc., and in fact anything that needs expert workmanship and up-to-the-minute machinery.

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We also cater to the Autoists and have a full line of Auto Accessories on hand. Our Bowser Gasoline Tank is always ready to supply your wants.

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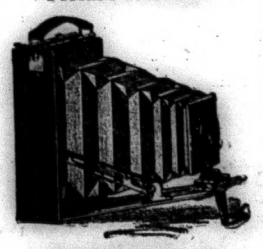

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The finest little Camera for $5 you ever saw

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Evaporated Apples

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A. McBAIN

McINTOSH BROS

Shopping this week will not be completely rounded unless it includes an inspection of McIntosh Bros. Store. Here are assembled all the latest fashion fancies in Ginghams, Prints, Dress Goods, Dress Silks, Silk Waists, Underskirts, Whitewear, etc., including everything that is new and in good taste in apparel for Women, Misses and Children.

Silks, Silks, Silks

In endless variety including all the new weaves and colorings. This is a most extensive line and bought before the advance in price, which means you can effect an enormous saving by buying your silks here.

per yard 35c to $1.45

Khaki Note Paper 25c

Papeteries, consisting of 25 sheets of good quality linen note paper with envelopes to match.

Special Price - 25c

Khaki Handkerchiefs, 3 for 25c

Soldiers mercerized Handkerchiefs, good size, good quality.

Price, 3 for - 25c

McINTOSH BROS.

Card of Thanks

At the monthly meeting of the Women's Patriotic League, Queensboro, a vote of thanks was passed thanking the Dramatic Club for their aid in raising funds, also to the Orangemen for the free use of their hall, and to Mrs. Moorcroft for selling the tickets for the play on February 18.

MRS. T. H. SQUIRE, Secretary.

—New stock of Wedding Stationery and Wedding Cake Boxes just arrived. Prices reasonable. Review Office.

W. G. SILLS

MADOC

SOLE AGENT FOR

Heintzman Pianos

New Scale Williams Pianos and Edison Phonographs.

Will Sell

Sheet Music.

About the House

Useful Hints and General Information for the Busy Housewife

Try Variety at Meal Time.

No one problem is daily more vexatious than "What shall we have to eat?" Not only once, but three times a day does the same plaint arise. Most families are in a peculiar rut as to their eating and manner of cooking. For instance, in one family there is too-frequent appearance of pot roast, mashed potatoes and brown gravy. Another family will not tolerate anything but broiled meat and runs up expensive bills for chops and stakes. A third family never has soup, and still another has every dessert a pudding.

Is it not possible, and easy also, to more greatly vary our menus? Is not this just the time of year to install some new methods of cooking the old, familiar dishes? Why must rice always be used as a cereal or as a basis of tasteless rice pudding? Other countries use it with meat, with a spiced gravy, and make it the basis of a meal either as a curry or "pilaf."

Is it not possible to take the piece of shoulder chuck and cook it some other way than unending pot roast? It could be seasoned with dressing and served with a tomato instead of a brown sauce. In the matter of soups, many of us go on in the same unvarying way of vegetable bouillon and tomato bisque. How about all the other purees, green dried peas, yellow split peas, onions, carrots? How about the many kinds of soups with meat balls or noodles? There is not a foreign nation but excels us in the variety of its soups. So, too, with potatoes. Why always the same mashed, boiled or creamed? Under the hands of a competent cook they become tasteful, varied and really interesting. Cheese, brown stock, lemon juice, all these can be added to potatoes, and there is even a book on 101 different kinds of potatoes.

No one thing will make for greater economy in our cooking than greater variety. Instead of the steak that we think must always be broiled we can use a "skirt steak," or flank, and have a delicious casserole dish at half the price. Instead of the soup that uses expensive vegetables, we can have a simple stock or puree for less money. Instead of a dessert needing three eggs or more, we can create substitutes which taste and look just as attractive, but in which only a single egg or none is used. Variety in cooking—new dishes, new flavors. These will help the housewife set a better table at less money.

Useful Hints.

Fresh shoulder of pork stuffed is delicious.

Lamb when fresh is a bright red color with white fat.

Dusters, kitchen clothes, etc., should be washed last of all.

Shirts should be suspended from the bottom on the clothes line.

Boston baked beans require about eight hours in a slow oven.

Fried food should never become chilled before serving.

Before stoning raisins soak them in a basin of warm water.

Olive sandwiches are improved by adding a little mayonnaise.

To prevent blue from streaking clothes mix one dessertspoonful of soda in the bluing water.

When making a mustard plaster mix with it the white of an egg, this will prevent the plaster from causing a blister.

Grate all scraps of stale cheese and place in a tightly corked bottle or tin for flavoring soups, sauces, and similar things.

When tomatoes have become soft and wrinkled they can be restored to their original freshness by soaking in cold water for an hour.

Organdies, chambrays and fine cambrics may be washed without danger of fading if they be washed first in clear water in which a cupful of very coarse salt has been dissolved.

Soap and powdered chalk mixed and rubbed on mildew spots will remove them. To expedite matters let the spotted article lie in the sun for a few hours, dampening it again as it dries.

It is a good idea to clean the glass over pictures with a cloth wrung from hot water and dipped in alcohol. Polish them immediately until they are dry and glossy with chamois or tissue paper.

To whiten ivory knife handles cut a lemon in half, dip it into common kitchen salt and rub over the handles. This will remove the dirty yellow look and make the ivory as bright and white as new.

To ventilate a room having double windows that do not open bore a number of holes in the lower edge of the outer window frame and fit the holes with cork stoppers. The inner window may then be raised and the corks taken out to admit fresh air.

Old Saskatchewan Dishes.

Forty miles out from Winnipeg, living apart on immense sections, I met some of the happiest women it has been my pleasure to visit, writes Mary Mills.

In spring and summer, and until early fall, the farming, with its extra hands, brings much work to the housewife. After harvest the delightful visiting from homestead to homestead is begun, with dances and entertainments galore.

They think nothing of motoring or driving a team or sleigh from 20 to 40 miles and dancing till sunup (sunrise). When the blizzards come, compelling them to remain indoors, they have famous times. Being of English, Dutch and French ancestry, they cook many dishes which may be unusual in this section.

Slanghf.—Clean a head of a pig and a set of feet and put on to boil in cold water; cook until tender, remove the meat, strain the liquor, pick all meat from bones and chop fine. Return to kettle and season with sweet marjorum, thyme, parsley, salt and pepper. Thicken with equal parts of cornmeal and buckwheat. Set on back part of stove, to prevent burning, for five hours; pour in large bakepan that has been previously wet with cold water; use knife or back of spoon to smooth in places, when cold turn out, cut in thick slices, dip in flour and brown in hot pan.

Milk Dumplings.—Work 4 ounces of butter, very slightly warmed; 3 eggs and 8 ounces of fine bread crumbs; add a teaspoonful of salt and a pinch of pepper; mold in small balls and boil in 2 quarts of milk for 15 minutes. When ready lift with skimmer and add yolks of 2 eggs to milk; pour over all dumplings and serve.

Black Bread Soup.—Cut 2 carrots, 2 heads of celery, 2 parsnips and 2 very large onions into very fine slices, put in pan with ½ pound of butter and stew gently for ½ hour. Pour over this 2 quarts of soup stock, add 2 pounds of black bread (rye bread), cut in pieces, boil this nearly one hour, strain through fine sieve. To this now add 2 quarts more of soup stock, bring to boil, add juice of lemon, and it is ready to serve. Egg balls and noodles may be added if liked. This soup may be made in small portions, and is very good.

Offengo.—Make hash with 1 cup of meat (cold cooked, cut in small slices) 2 cup of potatoes, 1 small cup of onions (potatoes and onions cut in dice); put onions on to fry in 4 tablespoonfuls of fat; when soft add potatoes and meat, 1 cup of hot water, cover and cook one-half hour. Season with salt and pepper to taste, and just before lifting beat 3 eggs in bowl and pour over all. Put in oven 10 minutes to cook eggs, turn on dish, mold nicely, and send to table.

The Fashions

Spring and Summer Fashions.

Quite as interesting, at the opening of a season, as the new designs themselves and a thousand and one odd little fads which Fashion always presents at her openings, are the new materials in which to fashion these

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One of the New Bordered Voiles.

stunning modes. It is amusing to note to what an extent serge is still being used this spring for suits and one-piece frocks. It is not an exaggeration to state that at least nine-tenths of the new spring suits are being made of dark blue serge.

White cotton and wool mixtures, stripped or barred with pale tones of gold, blue, green, and thin lines of black are unusually modish. For sport wear there are any number of effective materials; some loose weave plaids with backgrounds of white, pastel broadcloths, barred and plaided in more vivid tones, and some particularly effective hopsacking in plain colors and plaids which may be used for street suits or sport skirts or coats.

Silk Suitings Popular

The new silk suitings, fraille, and the numerous other twilled silks, tussahs, gros de Londres, and heavier ribbed silks are very much the vogue. These silks are particularly well suited to the full skirts of the moment, affording the bouffant effect, and lending themselves most effectively to the cordings, quillings, pleatings and similar trimming notions now smart. These silk suitings come in all shades of tan, buff, blue, rose, mauve and gray.

Taffetas are being used considerably for suit purposes too; there are quantities of plain taffetas being used in combination with bayadere effects, white stripes on black, blue or green grounds. Checks and stripes are particularly smart in taffetas. Pompadour taffetas will be used generally for wraps and the trimming of suits. Light colors will predominate in these suits as in the wool mixtures. It may be safely said that the silk suit will be the mainstay of spring and early summer.

The Novelty Cottons.

There is no paucity of novelties in the new spring and summer cottons; they are most charming, both in coloring and design. Voile forms the basis of the majority of these fabrics; there are printed and striped voiles; voiles striped and barred with openwork or needlework patterns and voiles striped and barred with artificial silk. Some of the openwork checked voiles are printed and embroidered with bright colored flowers, oftentimes with

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Rose Linen With White Vest.

quaint precise, art nouveau figures.

Soft white batistes show hairlines of color, and are bordered in plain white, edged with the color; these are the new handkerchief embroidered batistes and are used for lingerie gowns and blouses.

Plain lawns and organdies in all the soft pastel tones, and in plain white are exceptionally good this season. The organdies are being used for entire frocks over slips of a stiffer organdy. In white these are unusually pretty for graduating frocks and summer dance dresses. One of the prettiest notions for a summer dance frock seen for many a season, was a dainty pale blue organdy with short, full-gathered skirt flecked here and there with a small cluster of pink rosebuds; the surplice closing bodice had full drop-shoulder sleeves, and was finished at the throat with a fine pleated ruff of the organdy, closed on one side with a small bunch of the buds, and long narrow ribbon streamers of pale pink. The idea of a high-necked dance frock is somewhat out-of-the-ordinary, but that is just what most of us are looking for. A bit of bare throat showing in a V-shaped opening below the dainty ruff gave just a sugestion of decollete which was all that was needed.

The silk stripped and checked voiles show grounds of one color, striped and barred with contrasting tones, for instance rose, striped with pale green, blue with grey, mauve with gold and many other cool, opalescent effects.

Trimmings for Summer Frocks.

Lace in shadowy patterns and cobwebby weaves such as Chantilly, Maline, and the cheaper shadow laces, will be used for flouncings and trimmings for both gowns and blouses; lace is being used considerably in millinery also, draping the picture hat to accompany the organdy frock. Many metal laces are shown for trimming purposes, too, some of them carrying out the patterns of the thread designs. Valenciennes lace will be a favorite for the regulation lingerie frock and for children's dresses.

These paterns may be obtained at your local McCall dealer or from The McCall Company, Dept. W., 70 Bond Street, Toronto, Ontario.

Do not try to poach any but strictly fresh eggs.

THE SUNDAY LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, MARCH 19.

Lesson XII.—Philip and the Ethiopian, Acts 8. 26-40. Golden Text: Acts 8. 30.

Verse 26. An angel—The manner of the divine monition is not explained. If we know the plain prose of the event we might say it was only some strange coincidence. Luke is mainly concerned with its being taken as the Lord's doing. Philip—One of the seven, as Acts 21. 8 makes fairly certain, and not the apostle. Desert, and therefore so absurd a place for an evangelist to travel in that the monition or impulse can only be divine.

27. A eunuch, and as such excluded from the congregation of Israel by the law. He could hardly have been a proselyte, but the Septuagint was open to him—the papyri of upper Egypt shows us how Greek was spoken in those distant regions—and in its pages he would come as near as he could to the true God.

28. Reading—Aloud, as the word usually implies. Since Greek MSS. were written without division of words or punctuation, reading aloud was the easiest way of taking in the meaning, and it became a habit. The prophet Isaiah—The book that bore his name. Chapter 53 lies, in fact, within the great section that was written a century and a half after Israel's time.

30. Understandeth—The verb is that of which readest is a compound, but it is hardly possible to reproduce in English the play upon words. (Such plays were very common in Greek, and had none of the light associations our plays upon words carry.)

31. How can I—The history of the interpretation of Isa. 53 is a commentary on the question.

32. The quotation is from a very imperfect translation, so that we must study the Revised Version of the original,or some modern commentary to realize what the prophet meant. Of course detailed mistranslations do not affect the general sense. The "servant of Jehovah" in this great prophecy was Israel to begin with. Compare the scathing denunciation of his infirmity in Isa. 42. 1812. But as the prophet contemplates the work for which God has called Israel, he idealizes more and more, till at last his conception rises utterly beyond the reach of a nation, or the best men in it, or even such a prophet as Jeremiah. In chapter 53 we can only say that "he saw his glory, and he spake of him."

33. His judgment—In the Hebrew oppression and judgment—that is, an unjust trial. The Greek translator thinks of the absence of forms of justice. His generation—The Hebrew has as for his generation, who (among them) considered?

34. Answered—An idiom Luke has taken over from biblical languages, where the verb need not imply answering spoken words.

35. Opened his mouth—Another biblical phrase, appropriate to solemn and weighty utterance. This scripture was naturally the favorite Old Testament text for apostolic sermons. But it was a great advantage that on this occasion the preacher's text was chosen for him.

36. A certain water—The gospel preaching regularly began with the baptism of John (Acts1. 22), as our oldest gospel still shows (Mark 1. 4). This preparatory doctrine of cleansing, vividly presented in acted parable by baptism, was preached by the apostles as the necessary precursor of spiritual baptism, with "Holy spirit and fire." The eunuch has accordingly learned that he must break with his past and make open confession of his new Master. An interesting and ancient interpolation (verse 37) gives us Philip's reply and the eunuch's brief, but sufficient creed, "Jesus Christ is Lord."

39. The manner of Philip's disappearance is not explained any more than the outward form of God's message to him. The main thought seems to be that Philip's work is done and the preacher—like every true preacher—is thankful to efface himself and leave the happy soul alone with its newyfound joy.

40. Azotus—The Philistine city of Ashdod, where evangelist finds new work to do. In Caesarea he seems to have settled (Acts 21, 8), and found a sphere of service where there was enough to do for many years. His four daughters were also preachers; they fortunately lived in a place where the public ministry of women raised no scandal such as forced Paul to discountenance it in many churches.

She Ought To.

"Do you know the nature of an oath, madam?"

"Well, I ought to sir. We've just moved and my husband has been laying the carpets."

A word of sympathy timely spoken is balm to a wounded spirit

Debt collector—"Is your master at home?" Servant (curtly) "No, he isn't." Debt collector (suspiciously) —"But I can see his hat hanging in the hall." Servant—"Well, what's that got to do with it? One of my dresses is hanging on the line in the back-garden, but I'm not there."

Food For The Successful

"Why Is It That While Winter Is On My Head Spring Is In My Heart."

"Man shall not live by bread alone." Matthew, iv., 4.

"Man shall not live by bread alone," is a fact statement, not an arbitrary dictum. Beasts may, but not man. He lives forever, and the germ, or heart centre of that life must be fed, for it lights and stimulates all his activity. Christianity is so practical that a man cannot reach his best without it. Materialism enthrones humanity destroyers. Mere money minters become heart atrophied or sensualists. Sole secular success seats a Czar or decks a peacockish fop. Nothing but faith in the Father feeds a human brotherliness that preserves the appreciative and wisdom powers. Otherwise we have the bone hearted Nero, the steel souled Huxley, the moral degenerate Wilde or the money crusted miser.

Man is More Than Physical.

Ingersoll boldly denying immortality cannot choke back innate instinct's cry for a future life, when, speaking at his brother's grave, he says:—"In the night of death hope sees a star and listening love can hear the rustle of a wing." As Victor Hugo says:—"Why is it that while winter is on my head spring is in my heart?" This innate belief has been in all men in all time. In other nature hungers there is something to satisfy the appetite. For example, the bird born in the spring finds a southland when instinct's leadings are followed in the fall. What right have we to conclude that a Creator not found cruel in any other creations should be so in not providing a southland for the soul fleeing the frosts of death?

Man feels his superiority and demonstrates it to the physical. William H. Prescott lost one eye from the cut of a piece of bread flung playfully in a dinning room. He was up to that time a mediocre student. He did not know the modern languages. For weeks and months at a time sight was gone. Yet he steel-fibred his will by a determined purpose and mastered languages and followed careful research until he became a supreme scholar.

All People Worship.

Even the loud boasting sceptic will cry to God for help spontaneously in times of dire danger. It is as natural as for the frightened child to seek the father's supporting or the mother's cradling arms. This implanted dependence flowers out into worship. It may be of sticks or stars or of the Son of God, but no people ever fail to worship. It is not the product of foolish fear, for maturity finds fuller satisfaction in it than childhood. The nation which follows a worship most conclusively promising a future life rises in ability beyond all her neighbors. A few testimonies will establish the fact that religion is necessary to the development of the practical man.

The president of a large bank, asked by a reporter "What is the secret of success?" would give no other answer but "The fear of the Lord." Tennyson on being asked what he thought of Christ caught a rose in his fingers and said, "What the sun is to that rose, that Jesus Christ is to my soul.—Rev. Christian F. Reisner, D. D.

ACHIEVEMENTS OF LORD FISHER

RESPONSIBLE FOR GREATEST BRITISH VICTORY.

Ten Strokes of Genius Which Have Made Him Britain's Greatest Naval Chief.

In an article in London Opinion calling on the British people to unite in an irresistible demand for the recall of Lord Fisher to the post of First Lord of the Admiralty, and writing as a land lubber for land lubbers, James Douglas thus sums up the achievements of the great British seaman:

There is no statesman in England who can deny the dazzling genius of Fisher. It is a truism. Let me catalogue a few of his achievements. His first stroke of genius was the scrapping of 162 warships which could neither fight nor run away. How that stroke was execrated! How it was denounced! But by it he made possible another stroke of genius—the system of nucleus crews, which put

Lord Fisher.

into each ship its brains, leaving the beef to come along when it was wanted.

Fisher's third stroke of genius was the adoption of the water-tube boiler —the biggest revolution on record, a revolution which put the fire where the water was and the water where the fire was, the consequence being that instead of taking seven or eight hours to get up steam, you take only twenty minutes, you keep your boilers clean, you have your fuel, and you are ready whenever your enemy arrives.

Fisher's fourth stroke of genius was the adoption of the Parsons turbine in the teeth of the bitterest opposition. Fisher discovered the turbine in a penny steamer. He went to its inventor, Parsons. Parsons said: "Will you see me through?" Fisher saw him through. To-day, 80 per cent. of the horsepower on the seven seas is turbine. And yet all the mandarins turned up their noses at the turbine.

There are many to-day who put their trust in boards and committees, and not in men of genius. Let me warn them that the records are against them. The Board of Admiralty was hostile to the introduction of steam into the navy. Its wooden-headed stupidity is embalmed in a minute. The Board of Admiralty was hostile to the iron ship. Its wooden-headed hostility is embalmed in another minute, which solemnly declared that wood was better than iron because wood floats, whereas iron sinks!

Introduced Oil Fuel.

Fisher's fifth stroke of genius was the introduction of oil fuel into the navy, again in the teeth of authority. When Fisher left the Admiralty, official idiots went back to coal and stopped the development of oil fuel. They laid down battleships using coal only. These very battleships have now been transformed into oil-using ships. Once more, Fisher was proved to be rigth, and the reactionaries were found to be wrong.

Fisher's sixth stroke of genius was the concentration of our navy in the North Sea. A simple thing, you say, Yes, but the simplicity of genius. Nobody had thought of that simple thing. Fisher divined it and did it silently and secretly, thus checkmating the strategy of Tirpitz. There you have the Fisher touch in its purest form.

Fisher's seventh stroke of genius was the creation of the Dreadnought, the ship that baffled German ambition and converted the Kiel Canal for years into a useless ditch. Do the British people realize that the Grand Fleet, which now stands between Germany and the dominion of the world, is Fisher's fleet From the Dreadnought to the Queen Elizabeth and the Inflexible it is all pure, unadulterated Fisher.

Fisher's eight stroke of genius was the creation of the battle-cruiser—the greyhound with the big guns. When, after a series of disasters, Fisher was called in a year ago, the first thing he did was to send his battle-cruisers to sink Von Spee's squadron. He must have stratled the barnacles when he issued his famous order. One can imagine their doubts and fears, their waverings, and hesitations, their prayers for delay, their pleas for caution. But Fisher swept aside the barnacles, unloosed his greyhounds, and boldly chose as their admiral the very man who had been honestly and profoundly sceptical about them before they were born!

Greatest Victory of War.

Fisher divined the game of Von Spee. He guessed that he was making for Cape Town. There he meant to sink the South African squadron, destroy Botha's transports on their way to German South-West Africa, and then get on to the Atlantic trade routes, where he might have cut off our food supply for weeks. Instead of which, Fisher's greyhounds caught him at the Falkland Islands and sent him and his ships to the bottom. It was not victory; it was annihilation. Superior speed kept Von Spee outside his own gun-range; superior gun power destroyd him. The Falkland Island is the greatest British victory of the war. It was won through Fisher's strategy by Fisher's ships.

Fisher's ninth stroke of genius was the hunting down of the German submarines. He organized that great hunt. The collapse of the submarine piracy was due directly to Fisher's daring initiative. Fisher's tenth stroke of genius was his protest against the Dardanelles "gamble" which has now come to a disastrous close. His last stand probably saved the Queen Elizabeth and other capital ships from sharing the fate of the Majestic. The New Year will open auspiciously if the nation demands the recall of Lord Fisher, the man who has always been right.

NEURASTHENIA THAT FOLLOWS LA GRIPPE

Rest and a Tonic Is the Proper Treatment Distinguished Medical Authority Says

There is a form of neurasthenia that follows la grippe. Doctors call it 'post-grippal" neurasthenia.

One of the foremost medical authorities of New York city in a lecture in the international clinics, said:

"Broadly speaking, every victim of la grippe will suffer from post-grippal neurasthenia also. Lowering of nervous tone with increased irritability is the most striking effect of the disease, languor of mind and body, disturbed, fitful sleep and vague pains in the head and elsewhere. The treatment calls for rest and a tonic."

If you have had la grippe read those symptoms again: "Languor of mind and body, disturbed, fitful sleep and vague pains in the head and elsewhere." If you have any or all of them it means that you are still suffering from the effects of la grippe and that you will not be well and free from danger of relapse until your blood is built up.

The treatment, says the distinguished physician quoted above, is rest and a tonic. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, a non-alcoholic tonic, are particularly suited for building up the blood and strengthening the nerves after an attack of grippe. The rich, red blood expels the lingering germs from the system and transforms despondent grippe victims into cheerful, healthy, happy men and women.

If you have had la grippe do not wait for a relapse or for the neurasthenia that so often follows grippe, but get a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills now from the nearest drug store and begin the treatment at once.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

PERSONAL POINTERS.

Specially Selected Notes About Famous Men and Women.

King Manuel is a first-rate domino player.

M. Briand, the French premier, never wears gloves.

Since the outbreak of war, Queen Mary has not purchased an evening gown.

Sir George Reid, the Australian High Commissioner, is a crack shot with a revolver.

Prince Alexander of Teck is now serving with the Belgian Army as British Military Attache.

The Duchess of Norfolk has a collection of parasols of all countries, said to be worth £500.

Sir Felix Schuster says that his experience in business has raised his opinion of human nature.

The Duchess of Connaught plays a good game of draughts, and the game is her favorite indoor recreation.

General Sir Douglas Haig is one of the best linguists in the Army. He speaks French and German perfectly.

The favorite dish of the Crown Prince of Sweden is a salad made of chicken, bananas, grape-fruit, and wine sauce.

King George has now two valets; in peace time he has three. The Kaiser has seven valets, the King of Spain five.

Four English menservants in the German Royal Household were interned in Germany a week after the outbreak of war.

Lieut. von Tirpitz, son of the German admiral, who is a prisoner of war in England, is the best lawn-tennis player in the German Navy.

One of the boasts of Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German Chancellor, is that he has never had to pay a visit to a dentist since he was fourteen.

Autographed photographs of the Czar and Czarina were sold at a private auction in Petrograd for $2,500 each. The proceeds went to a war charity.

The Prince of Wales a little while ago had a pipe knocked out of his mouth by a flying fragment of a shell that burst within thirty yards of his Royal Highness.

The titles held by Lord Stamfordham and Lord Ribblesdale will become extinct owing to their heirs having been killed in the war, unless they are granted "special remainders" by the King, as was done in the cases of Lord Roberts and Lord Wolseley.

THE FIRST TASTE.

Acquired the Habit When a Boy.

If parents realized the fact that tea and coffee contain a drug—caffeine—which is especially harmful to children, they would doubtless hesitate before giving them tea or coffee to drink.

"When I was a child in my mother's arms and first began to nibble at things at the table, Mother used to give me sips of coffee. And so I contracted the coffee habit early.

"I continued to use coffee until I was 27, and when I got into office work I began to have nervous spells. Especially after breakfast I was so nervous I could scarcely attend to my correspondence." (Tea produces about the same ill effects as coffee, because they both contain the drug, caffeine.)

"At night, after having had coffee for supper, I could hardly sleep, and on rising in the morning would feel weak and nervous.

"A friend persuaded me to try Postum."

"I can now get good sleep, am free from nervousness and headaches. I recommend Postum." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Postum comes in two forms.

Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water, and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both forms are equally delicious and cost about the same per cup.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.

THE ENGLISH ARE AHEAD.

How They Sent a Man to an Address By Parcel Post.

The parcel post has made its usefulness felt in many ways, unexpected as well as foreseen. But the English parcel post does one surprising thing that has not yet been introduced into our own system.

An Englishman wished to reach a customer living in a remote part of Balham, one of the suburbs of London, and it was very necessary that he find him quickly. Knowing nothing of the district, he called at the general post office at St. Martin's-le-Grand, to consult a directory. On explaining his case to a clerk, he was amazed to learn that he could be sent to the address by parcel post by paying a fee of three pence a mile.

The gentleman had never heard of such a thing, and it is said that very few persons in England know that it can be done. He was placed in charge of a messenger who was familiar with all parts of the city, and was soon on his way. The boy carried a printed slip on which was written a description of the "parcel" in charge, under the heading, "Article required to be delivered," and before leaving the customer's house both the customer and the gentleman had to put their signatures on the paper. The limit in weight for anything delivered by parcel post in England is generally understood to be eleven pounds, but there is one clause that reads, "A person may be conducted by express messenger to any address on payment of the mileage fee."

AN EXCELLENT REMEDY FOR THE CHILDREN

Mrs. Laura Jackson, Brantford, Ont., writes: "I have found Baby's Own Tablets such an excellent remedy for children that I have no hesitation in recommending them to all mothers." Thousands of mothers say the same thing concerning the Tablets. Once a mother has used them she would use nothing else. They are for sale at all druggists or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

CHILDREN MAKING SHELLS.

10,000 Boys Work in the Arsenal at Woolwich.

Ten thousand boys too young to fight are doing what they consider the next best service for their country—turning out munitions in the Government arsenal at Woolwich. In ordinary times many would have become office boys, clerks, or telegraph messengers, but to-day the majority come from points miles from the factory, and help the older men make the shells and guns needed by the men at the front.

The pay is attractive. A smart boy can earn $7.50 a week, or even $10, if he has a good machine and can keep steadily at work for as long as 12 hours a day. Parents who have to choose between putting their boys to learn a trade at $2 or $2.50 a week, and allowing them to go into the arsenal at the higher remuneration are naturally inclined to decide on the work which not only brings in the quickest return, but seems to be in the national interests as well.

Social workers who have the boys' welfare at heart are inclined to lament that so many should be entering what may not perhaps prove a permanent occupation. They say that their future is not unlikely to become a problem after the war, and that the country might well remember then that the great army of boy munition workers played no small part in the difficult time.

The daily life of these boys shows what sacrifices they are making. Thousands live an hour's journey from the factory, and some have to leave home as early as 6.30 in the morning, and cannot get back till 9.30 in the evening. All work 12 hours a day, starting at 8 and finishing at 8. They take the night shift, too, also for 12 hours, and often a boy may be seen asleep from sheer exhaustion on his way home in tramcar or train.

Every effort is made by the Ministry of Munitions to safeguard the health of the youngsters, but the problem is a difficult one. Eight-hour shifts are being made to improve the transportation facilities to and from the arsenal. One of the latest suggestions, and the one most likely to be carried out is to build miles of huts close to the arsenal, where the boys could live while engaged in shell-making.

"Cutting Off It's Retreat."

In the little village school room the children were very quiet and attentive, for the school-mistress was giving them an interesting and instructive account of a certain rat which had caused much annoyance in her household. "It was a great nuisance, children," she said, "and great was my satisfaction when, at last, it was tracked to its favorite haunt, and I and several others were enabled to cut off his retreat." "By the way," she added, as a king of after thought, "can ony of you tell me what 'cutting off its retreat' means?"

Silence reigned for some moments, but at length a small girl put up her hand. "That's right, Ethel," said the mistress encouragingly. "What is 'its retreat?'" "Please, miss," answered Ethel at once, "it means its tail!"

Just a Straight and Simple Story

MISS BLANCHARD TELLS OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

They Cured Her Kidney Troubles and Other Sufferers Can Learn From Her Experience How They Can Find a Cure.

Paquetville, Gloucester Co., N.B.—Mar. 6th (Special)—Simple and straight to the point is the statement of Miss Justine Blanchard, of this place. She has tried Dodd's Kidney Pills and found them good and she wants everybody to know it. Miss Blanchard says:

"I suffered for a long time with my kidneys. I used Dodd's Kidney Pills and they cured me completely."

One simple statement like that is worth a dozen learned dissertations on Kidney disease. It tells the sufferer from kidney trouble just what he or she wants to know—that a cure can be found in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

For Dodd's Kidney Pills are no cure-all. They are purely and simply a kidney remedy. The reason why they cure Rheumatism, Lumbago, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Heart Flutterings, Dropsy, Pain in the Back, and other diseases is that all these are either Kidney diseases or are caused by disordered kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills cure them by curing the kidneys.

The Original Method.

Katherine and Margaret found themselves seated next each other at a dinner party and immediately became confidential.

"Molly told me that you told her that secret I told you not to tell her," whispered Margaret.

"Well," returned Margaret, "I told her I wouldn't tell you she told me, so don't tell her I did."

Possible Reason.

There's nothing in drinking,
There's not a thing to it.
And maybe, I'm thinking,
That's just why we do it.

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free ask Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Many a man becomes a jailbird through his strenuous efforts to feather his nest.

KEITH'S SEEDS
THE FARMERS' RELIABLE
1866 1916
Before placing your order for seeds, see our 1916 Golden Jubilee Catalogue it is free

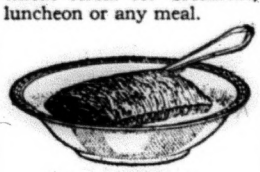
	Gov't. Stan.	Bus.
No. 1 Red Clover	$16 40 & $17	
No. 1 Alsyke	12.00	
No. 1 Timothy	5.65	

Allow 30c for each cotton bag
We pay railway freight in Ontario and Quebec over $25.00
GEO. KEITH & SONS SEEDS 124 KING ST. E. TORONTO

Notice to Stallion Owners

The inspection of stallions under the Ontario Stallion Enrolment Act, will commence March 23rd, 1916. All applications for enrolment and inspection, accompanied by the proper fee, must be in the Secretary's office, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, by March 13th. In case of applications received after March 13th, inspection will only be made at increased expense to owners. Address all communications to R. W. Wade, Secretary, Ontario Stallion Enrolment Board, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

You Can't be Neutral on the food question. You have to decide between mere palate-foods that contain no nutriment and foods that repair the bodily waste. Shredded Wheat Biscuit is both a palate food and a muscle builder. You can keep in good health and at the top-notch of physical fitness by eating this delicious, ready-cooked, whole wheat cereal for breakfast, luncheon or any meal.



Made in Canada.

Britain and United States.

A few things that England has done for the United States:

Granted us our independence.

Outdistanced us in the race for democracy.

Laughed at some of our jokes.

Conferred citizenship upon others.

Appreciated Walt Whitman.

Relieved us of Henry James.

Furnished the only noteworthy example of respect for the Monroe Doctrine.

Fought hard for the worthy ideals for which we whimper.—New York Life.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Her Ups and Downs.

Lady (who was on a visit to her native town)—How is Mrs. Gabble? I haven't seen her for a long time.

Hostess—She is having her ups and downs.

Lady Visitor—And what may they be, I pray?

Hostess—Oh, running up hills and running down her neighbors.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff

Just Like a Queen.

An officer who has just been discharged from one of the London hospitals, has been telling me a delightful story of Queen Alexandra. One day Her Majesty visited the hospital, and chatted with my friend for a few minutes. "Do you know what she said to me?" he asked. "She sat on my bed for nearly five minutes, and as she was leaving said, 'I know your needs are well looked after, but if there is anything extra you would like, tell me.'"

More Important.

"What! A strange man walked off with my umbrella? Why, I have my name on it."

"That may be, but the other fellow has his hand on it."

NOTICE TO STALLION OWNERS.

The inspection of stallions under the Ontario Stallion Enrolment Act will commence March 23rd, 1916. Stallion owners will notice that horses inspected in the Fall of 1914 do not require to be inspected at this time but all other horses inspected previous to the Fall of 1914, which were not then eight years old, must be inspected in order to be enrolled for 1916. Application should be made at once to the Secretary of the Ontario Stallion Enrolment Board, R. W. Wade, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

"I say, old chap, I'm in shocking luck. I want money badly, and haven't the least idea where I can get it." "Well, I'm glad to hear that, I thought perhaps you had an idea you could borrow from me!"

We have been using MINARD'S LINIMENT in our home for a number of years and use no other Liniment but MINARD'S, and we can recommend it highly for sprains, bruises, pains or tightness of the chest, soreness of the throat, headache or anything of that sort. We will not be without it one single day, for we get a new bottle before the other is all used. I can recommend it highly to anyone.

JOHN WALKFIELD.
LaHave Islands, Lunenburg Co., N. S.

Subbubs: "I believe Swamphurst is unhealthy. Since we have lived out there my wife can scarcely speak above a whisper." Henpecke: Do you suppose I could find a house there?"

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Despite the economizing tendency of the war, Lord Lonsdale still smokes his big cigars. When in the right mood he is an excellent raconteur. His best story is that of an American traveller who spoke of having seen petrified forests in Texas, and petrified birds flying over them. "Come, come!" he was told. "That's surely against the laws of gravitation?" "Quite so," replied Ananias, not a whit abashed; "but, you see, the laws of gravitation there are petrified, too!"

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

A FAMOUS GRAPEVINE.

Supplies King George With 200 Bunches Yearly.

James Jack, keeper of the famous grapevine at Hampton Court Palace, England, has retired after thirty-two years active service as chief custodian of the King's vine. The vine was planted in 1768 by "Capability" Brown, the famous landscape gardener of the eighteenth century.

The vine is now considered one of the finest in the world. It stretches in wide perfectly trimmed squares, eighty feet by twenty-six, the whole length and breadth of the greenhouse. Two hundred bunches of grapes from it are sent to King George at Windsor every year. The grape is the old Black Hamburg.

Some years ago twelve bunches were shown at an exhibition of the Royal Horticultural Society and were awarded the Hogg memorial medal for special excellence and culture. Two of the bunches weighed 3 pounds 14 ounces each, and the whole twelve weighed about 42 pounds, an average of 3½ pounds each.

WASTE NECESSARY IN FOOD

Because our ancestors ate coarser waste with their food they developed a long bowel, mostly a muscular tube. This muscle was not intended for digestion purposes, but to carry off waste. We have inherited this muscular tube. Waste-containing food is as essential to its proper function as light is to the eye. Because modern foods have little waste the human bowel muscles have weakened from lack of exercise. Constipation and indigestion have resulted. Dr. Jackson, who practised for years as an intestinal specialist, has devised Roman Meal, a food which has plenty of waste to exercise the bowel muscles and is also highly nourishing. It prevents indigestion and constipation. Most grocers sell it.

Made by the Roman Meal Company, Toronto, Canada.

Real Forbodings.

"My son," said the father impressively, "suppose I should be taken away suddenly, what would become of you?"

"Why," said the son, irreverently, "I'd stay here; the question is, what would become of you?"

Some men are such tightwads that they won't even lend trouble without good security.

PILES.

You will find relief in Zam-Buk! It eases the burning, stinging pain, stops bleeding and brings ease. Perseverance, with Zam-Buk, means cure. Why not prove this? All Druggists and Stores—50c box.

Zam-Buk

EASYSET METAL STORE FRONT CONSTRUCTION

The salesman that works every day and night during the year. Send for catalog "W"

H. J. ST. CLAIR CO., Ltd., 27 Toronto Arcade. Toronto

HAWK BICYCLES

An up-to-date High Grade Bicycle fitted with *Roller Chain, New Departure or Hercules Coaster Brake and Hubs, Detachable Tires*, high grade equipment, including Mud-guards, Pump, & Tools $22.50 Send for FREE 1916 Catalogue, 60 pages of *Bicycles, Sundries and Repair Material*. You can buy your supplies from us at Wholesale Prices.

T. W. BOYD & SON, 27 Notre Dame St. West, Montreal.

YOU CAN'T CUT OUT A **Bog Spavin or Thoroughpin** but you can clean them off promptly with

ABSORBINE TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

and you work the horse same time. Does not blister or remove the hair. $2.00 per bottle, delivered. Will tell you more if you write. Book 4 M free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Varicose Veins, Ruptured Muscles or Ligaments, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Cysts. Allays pain quickly. Price $1 and $2 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Made in the U. S. A. by W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 516 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can. Absorbine and Absorbine, Jr., are made in Canada.

HERD POTATOES

SEED POTATOES, IRISH COBblers, Delaware, Carman. Order at once. Supply limited. Write for quotations. H. W. Dawson, Brampton.

FOR SALE

PEDIGREED NEWFOUNDLAND puppies for sale. Also few Persian kittens. R. A. Gillespie, Abbotsford, Quebec.

FOR EXCHANGE

PAIR SILVER BLACK CROSS BRED foxes, Trade for used car. Reid Bros., Bothwell, Ont.

HELP WANTED

WOOLEN MILL HELP, CARDERS, spinners and weavers. We will pay inexperienced help while learning weaving. Good wages paid in all these departments, and steady work for months to come. For further particulars, apply to the Slingsby Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Brantford, Ont.

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PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

WANTED

BAGS—WILL PAY CASH FOR OAT, flour and sugar bags. Write offer. Ira Evans, Ft. William, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Al, Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies

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EUREKA HARNESS OIL

puts new life in your harness. Keeps it from drying up and cracking. Makes it soft, pliable and strong. Contains no animal or vegetable fats to become rancid. It makes harness last longer.

Dealers Everywhere

The Imperial Oil Company Limited

BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

BRUCE'S SEEDS

3 Grand Varieties--Good as Gold

Beans—Refuge Wax—Pods round, clear and transparent and of handsome appearance. Is tender, very productive, free from rust, and stands dry weather well. ¼ lb. 15c., 1 lb. 45c., 5 lbs. $2.00. Postpaid.

Corn—Golden Bantam—An early, hardy, productive variety, of finest quality and delicious flavor. It is a rich, cream yellow, deepening to orange-yellow when ripe. ¼ lb. 10c., 1 lb. 30c., 5 lbs. $1.40. Postpaid.

Peas—Bruce's Early Settler—A grand extra early wrinkled marrow variety. The pods are large, deep green, and filled with large peas, possessing the rich flavor and quality of the late varieties. It attains a height of about 1½ feet and is very productive. ¼ lb. 15c., 1 lb. 40c., 5 lbs. $1.75. Postpaid.

If sent by Express at purchaser's expense, deduct 10c. per pound. BRUCE'S Seeds are the cheapest, because they are the best.

FREE Our handsomely illustrated 128-page catalogue of Vegetable, Farm and Flower Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, Poultry Supplies, Garden Implements, etc., for 1916. Send for it.

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Mr. Dairyman

Have You Enlisted ?

In the great army of successful dairy farmers and dairy breeders whose regiment is the ever increasingly popular and profitable "Black and White"—and whose munition factories are the homes of our great Holstein herds? This is a part of the great army that produced over $23,000,000 in milk and butter in Ontario last year—over $15,000,000 in Eastern Ontario.

Never before has so grand an opportunity been presented to you to join the army of progressive dairymen this year at our

Great Annual Sale at

BELLEVILLE, ON MARCH 30th, 1916

You will have 80 chances to select—yes and to select from the record-producing strains that have made our district famous—from families bred right here in the home-land.

With the Prices of Dairy Products where they are, ask Yourself Honestly Whether You Can Afford to Keep Ordinary Cows

Come and be one of us on March 30. As a buyer or visitor we welcome you. The same comfort—the same generous and honest treatment we extend to you in this our 6th Annual Offering of Holsteins.

The Belleville Breeders' Holstein Club

A Catalogue will come by writing the Secretary or the Sales Manager

DEN. R. LEAVENS, Pres., Bloomfield — F. R. MALLORY, Sec., Frankford — JAS. A. CASKEY, Sales Man., Madoc

Carrying a War Message

By F. A. MITCHEL

During that period of the pan-European war when Servia was being overrun by the Germans, when the allied troops were pushing northeastward from Saloniki to form a junction with the Servians, the latter desired to send a message to the French, who were endeavoring to get in touch with them.

One Boris Gustab, a Servian private soldier, who had done some good secret service work and knew the country well, was willing to undertake the task, but he was only a peasant and without the intellect or education to understand or remember what he would be required to say to the allied commander. The message must be written and if captured by the enemy would result in disaster both to those who sent it and those for whom it was intended.

Boris, though uneducated, was ingenious. He confided to his general his plan for concealing the message, which was a long one, full of details for contingencies. It was written on the thinnest paper. The next day Boris started to work his way across the mountains toward the allies. He walked with a cane, for in the battles the Servians had been fighting with the Germans he had been wounded in the calf of his leg. His danger was not from being captured by organized armies, for such did not lie in his path. What he feared was the people whom he would meet on the way, whose sympathies were with the Bulgarians and who were on the lookout for spies.

Boris was hobbling along southward when he encountered three Bulgarians who were picketing the road, and he was stopped for examination. He told them that he was a Roumanian who had been in Servia when attacked by the Germans and had been impressed into the Servian army. He had been wounded in the leg and while in the hospital had found a way to escape. He was on his way home.

The men refused to let him pass without a thorough examination, for they had been stationed on the road to make sure that there should be no communication between the armies trying to effect a junction. They took off every bit of his clothing and, after examining it thoroughly, burned it, including his hat and his shoes and the staff on which he leaned. They even combed his hair. When they were satisfied that he bore no message they procured him clothing from a farmhouse in which they made their headquarters and, cutting him a cane from a tree, let him pass on.

This stoppage confirmed his belief that the enemy were impressed with the importance to their cause of preventing any communication between the Servians and the allies. He had passed the first picket, but felt sure that it was not the last. True enough, while descending a mountain which lay between the two opposing armies he met a guard of Bulgarian soldiers who had been ordered to look out for spies, or, rather, for any one who would be likely to carry a message.

Again Boris was stopped and ordered to give an account of himself. He told the same story as before. He was stripped and his clothing examined, but it was returned to him. They even unwound the bandage about the wound in his leg to see if there was anything concealed in it. They were about to let him pass when one of them suggested that he might have swallowed a paper ball with a message on it and proposed to give him an emetic. Procuring some mustard from a house near by, they forced him to drink some of it mixed with water. He threw up everything on his stomach, but nothing in the nature of a message. Then they gave him a piece of rye bread and bade him proceed on his journey.

A third time he was stopped not far from the French lines and put through an oral examination by the officer commanding an outpost, before whom he was taken. This man plied him with so many questions that he contradicted himself, and, although nothing incriminating was found on him, he was held and placed under guard. During the night he began to groan as if in pain and presently lay stiff and stark, as though dead. There was no medical man at hand to examine him, so they covered him with a cavalryman's cape and betook themselves to sleep.

As soon as Boris heard their snores he rolled into some brush near him and, getting up on his legs, proceeded on his journey. At dawn from a height he saw the French flag flying below and, descending, reached the picket line at sunrise. He asked that the commanding officer be called and when ushered into his presence told him that he was the bearer of a written message from the Servians. When asked for it he said that he must have a surgeon. One was sent for, and when he arrived Boris removed the bandage from his leg and told the surgeon to probe into the wound.

From between the muscles the surgeon drew forth a flat capsule and handed it to Boris, who broke it open and took out some carefully folded thin paper, which he gave the general. It contained 500 words so closely written and in such diminutive letters that a microscope was needed to read it.

Boris' wound was not improved by the insertion, but it had been done by a surgeon, and the capsule had been medicated and oiled, so that the damage was partly balanced by the healing substance.

KIDNEY DISEASE WAS KILLING HIM

Until He Used "Fruit-a-tives" The Great Kidney Remedy

HAGERSVILLE, ONT., Aug. 26th, 1913.

"About two years ago, I found my health in a very bad state. *My Kidneys* were not doing their work and I was all run down in condition. Having seen 'Fruit-a-tives' advertised, I decided to try them. Their action was mild, and the result all that could be expected.

My Kidneys resumed their normal action after I had taken upwards of a dozen boxes and I *regained my old-time vitality*. Today, I am as well as ever."

B. A. KELLY.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

PERSIAN PAINTINGS.

Oriental Art That Embodies the Essence of Romance.

No dramatic, no passionate motive ever so grips and possesses a Persian artist as to absorb his whole imagination. His sensuous love of beauty cannot resist filling in the accessories of the scene with just as much care and intention in every detail as he devotes to the central figures.

In the great works of Chinese and Japanese painters, as in masters like Rembrandt, accessories are subdued or suppressed, the color is limited, and the figures which create the motive of the design are so emphasized, so dominant in the eye that they seem to transcend the limits of the framing space, they seem alive with all the latent energies of actual men and women.

No Persian painting imposes itself thus on the imagination. Everything remains within the frame, inlaid as in a lustrous mosaic. The Persian method has, it is true, its own compensation. Just as in the early pictures of Rossetti and Millais, everything is realized with a dreamlike vision, and this is always a real achievement for the painter. The freshness and glory thus brought to the eye, as of a world washed clean, with every object magically distinct and burning with clear color, make a vivid impression of strangeness. Strangeness, remoteness from the routine of every day—that is the essence of romance, and no art in the world is more steeped in romance than the painting of Persia.—Laurence Binyon in Atlantic.

The Great Big Moon.

The full moon is very deceptive to those who attempt to estimate its apparent size in the sky. Most people would assert that the "great big moon" could entirely blot out the lovely cluster of the Pleiades, which glitters in the constellation of Taurus, but actually the full moon could, and occasionally does, pass through the Pleiades and only succeeds in hiding a few of the stars comprising it. So small indeed is the moon when in its full phase it dominates the night sky that a threepenny piece held at arm's length will completely eclipse it.—Pall Mall Gazette.

An Apology.

"Your customs are reprehensible beyond possibility of expression. The idea of killing your fellow man for dinner!"

"Yes," replied the cannibal, who had been reading about civilized warfare, "but at least we have the excuse of being hungry."

Nobody Knows.

"What darn fool fashion will the women take up next?" asked the man who doesn't like the things they are wearing now.

"If I were a good enough guesser to predict that," replied his friend, "I'd be a multimillionaire inside of six months."

The Chief Bother.

"How far ahead can you go with your family, Jones?" his inquisitive friend asked.

"Oh, I never worry about my family. What bothers me is how far back I can manage to go with my tailor."

Baron Shaughnessy's utterance that too great a drain is being made on labor by the Canadian Expeditionary Force has resulted in unanimous condemnation from the Press.

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Conveyancing, Fire Insurance.
Money to loan on farm property.
No commission, no valuation fee.
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MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

Of All Kinds.

Sheet Music of Every Description.

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J. WARING, V. S.

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto; twenty-three years' experience as a practitioner.

Charges moderate. Terms—30 days.

Special attention to Veterinary Dentistry.

Office—Elgin street, near Whytock's store. Phone No. 34.

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LICENSED AUCTIONEER FOR COUNTY OF HASTINGS

Terms—Moderate.

Telephone messages promptly attended to. 44-1yr

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J. ARCHER & SON

ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS

All kinds of Building and Construction Work.

Plans and Estimates Furnished.

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Licensed Auctioneer

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Terms Moderate. Satisfaction guaranteed

Special attention given to Sales of Farm Stock and Implements.

Phone 88R21, Stirling, at my expense.

Post Office Address - Ivanhoe.

Madoc Lodge, No. 179, I.O.O.F.

Meets in Oddfellow's Hall, Wilson Block, every Monday evening at the hour of 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren will always be cordially welcomed.

W. A. REID, Rec.-Sec. R. OLSON, Noble Grand
C. I. ROSS, Fin.-Sec.

Oakdale Rebekah Lodge, No. 134, meets First and Third Fridays at 8 o'clock in the Oddfellow's Hall.

WILLIAM CROSS, LL. B.

BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR
NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER

Appraiser at Madoc for The Canada Permanent and Western Canada Mortgage Corporation

Money to loan at 5 per cent. on good farm security. No commission. No valuation fee

Office—Wood Block, Madoc.

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Licensed Auctioneer

For Hastings County.

Terms moderate.

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Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office, Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P
WM. CARNEW
Solicitors for Union Bank.

This Week's Toronto Market

Hogs, fed and watered	$10.25
Cattle	8.35
Lambs	12.65
Barley	68c
Wheat	98c
Oats	40c
Butter	30c
Eggs	38c
Cheese, large	20c
Turkeys	lb. 20c
Chickens	lb. 17c
Old fowl	lb. 17c
Geese	lb. 13c
Ducks	lb. 16c
Dressed poultry 2c to 3c above these prices.	

New Advertisements.

Advertisements under this head, one inch space,—50c first insertion, 25c. each subsequent insertion 15c. per month after first month

For Sale or to Rent

Fine Farm in Township of Madoc, 125 acres, 60 to 70 acres under cultivation, good sugar bush, balance pasture, good house and large barn, well watered. Apply to

D. E. K. STEWART, Barrister,
11-3p Madoc, Ont.

Notice to Depositors

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of J. C. Dale & Co. that the undersigned is prepared to pay the creditors or depositors who have not yet been paid a dividend of 15% upon their respective claims, upon presentation of bank book. This dividend will be paid in the usual manner by deposit to the credit of the creditor at the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Madoc. Notice is further given that after the 31st inst. no further interest will be allowed on said dividend.

R. R. CASEMENT,
12 Madoc, Ont., March 20, 1916. Manager

Administratrix'

Notice to Creditors

In the matter of William H. Conley, late of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings, Yeoman, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to R.S.O. 1914, chapter 121 and amending Acts, that all persons having claims as creditors or otherwise against the estate of William H. Conley, late of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings, Yeoman, deceased, who died on or about the 12th day of January, 1916, at the Township of Madoc aforesaid are required to send by post, prepaid, to the undersigned solicitor for the Administratrix of the said estate on or before the first day of May, 1916, their names and addresses and descriptions and a full statement of the particulars of their claims and the nature of the security, if any, held by them.

And take notice that after the said date the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have had notice, and the said administratrix will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claim or claims she shall not have had notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

Dated at Madoc this 21st day of March, 1916.

WILLIAM CROSS, Madoc, Ont.,
Solicitor for Elizabeth Conley, Administratrix for the said Estate.
12-4

GEO. SILLS

MADOC

Painter and Decorator

Winter is here and now is the time to have your house Painted and Papered. We will supply Paper.

Be sure and get our Prices.
Terms reasonable. 12-1yr

GIRLS WANTED

To learn operating at the Whitewear Factory.

Brown & Robinson, Ltd.

Whytock Bros.

BUTCHERS

DEALERS IN

Groceries and . . Provisions

MADOC — — ONTARIO

William Winter's Poem on the War

In the Sunday edition of the New York Times unusual space and prominence are given to a poem by William Winter entitled "My England." It is one of the most stirring things that has come from an American pen since the beginning of the war, and on that account is published at length in this column.

My England! Not my native land,
But dear to me as if she were—
How often have I longed to stand
With those brave hearts who fight for her!

Bereft by Fortune, worn by Age,
My life is all I have to give.
But freely would that life engage
For those who die that she may live.

Mother of Freedom! Pledged to right!
From Honor's path she would not stray.
But, sternly faithful, used her might
To lead mankind the nobler way.

Her task was hard, her burden great,
That reared and ruled a Sovereign State
That 'round the world her edict ran
Securely, on the Rights of Man.

No vandal foot should tread her land,
No despot hold her realm in awe;
The humblest peasant should command
The shelter of her righteous law.

In vain her lion port was braved!
Her pennant streamed o'er ev'ry sea,
And whereso'er her ensign waved
All fetters fell and Man was free.

Today be all her faults forgot—
The errors of her nascent prime,
Or wily politician's plot,
Or blunder that was almost crime.

To-day, when desperate tyrants strain
By Greed and Fear and Hate combined
To blast her power and rend her reign
She fights the fight of all mankind.

She fights for us—for this fair clime,
Our home belov'd, where freemen dwell,
Columbia, grandest born of Time,
That Teuton malice burns to quell.

My England! Should the hope be crost
In which she taught the world to strive
Then all of Virtue would be lost
And naught of Manhood left alive.

But 'tis not in the Book of Doom
That Justice, Honor, Truth should fail,
That earth be made a living tomb,
And only brutal Wrong prevail.

It cannot be the human race,
Long struggling up to Freedom's sun,
Is destined to the abject place
Of vassal to the murd'rous Hun!

In ev'ry land that knows the ills
Of bondage, and has borne its aches,
The deathless pulse of Freedom thrills
And Reason's noble rage awakes.

See splendid Italy advance,
And grimly issuing from his lair,
To grasp the hand of glorious France,
Stalk forth th' intrepid Russian bear!

My England!—patient, valiant, true!—
Nor foes without nor frauds within
Will shake her purpose to subdue
The cohorts of embattled sin.

The swinish horde, the gilded beast—
In whom no touch of truth survives,
Who ravish women, murder priests,
And strew the sea with infant lives

The Lords of War, who kill and maim,
Exultant, while their people groan,
Steeping themselves in crime and shame
To keep a despot on his throne.

That pigmy, to whose 'wildered brain
Himself an Atilla appears,
Who takes the name of God in vain,
And drowns the earth in blood and tears!

My England, strike! Droop not, nor pause,
Till triumph on your banners shine!
Then take a grateful world's applause
Millions of hearts that beat like mine.

Walter Runciman, President of the British Board of Trade states that the Government's arrangements for the disposal of the men who will be at liberty when the armies are demobilized are well under way and anticipates no great difficulty in providing work for them.

Queensboro

On Sunday morning, February 20th, a patriotic service was held in the Methodist church, Queensboro, conducted by the pastor, Rev. W. R. Merrick, who based his discourse on the 5th chapter Judges, verses 16 to 18.

There was a crowded church and a prominent figure in the crowd was Sergt. F. Glover, who, for many years has been a faithful worker in different departments of our church and now at present in training at Belleville. The friends of the church, feeling they could not let him go from our midst without a small token of respect and goodwill, took the opportunity at this service to present him with a gold filled military wristlet watch, and the accompanying address. The presentation was made by Mr. Robert Sager and the address as follows was read by Mr. Leslie Herbertson.

Queensboro, Hastings Co., Ont.,
February 20th, 1916.

To W. A. GLOVER,
Member of the Methodist Church at Queensboro and a worker in the Sunday School.

As we behold you this Sabbath morning in your accustomed place in the dear old church of your earliest recollections and observe the suit of khaki you are wearing, we are forcibly reminded once again that amid the clash of the world's greatest war with its stories of atrocities and cruelties committed by the Huns, Queensboro boys are doing their bit. Aristotle says the hardest victory for one to win is the victory over oneself. A still greater authority than the greatest of Athenian Philosophers says: "He that ruleth himself is greater than he that taketh a city." He that ruleth himself well and wisely will beyond question reap a rich reward and a sure victory. Although your name may not be mentioned in special despatches from earth's battlefield you are assured of your name being written in the Lamb's Book of Life if you are true to yourself, your parents and your God. We, as a Church and Sunday School, shall ever remember you as an active and willing member, ever ready to shoulder responsibilities and to give of your best in time and talents and also your money in support of the work of your blessed Lord and Master Jesus Christ. We beseech you to never lose faith in God. "Be strong and of good courage, be not afraid, neither be thou dismayed: for the Lord thy God is with thee whithersoever thou goest."—Joshua 1: 9.

May Heaven watch over the brave and the free,
Arrayed against tyranny's might.
And peace, holy peace, make the enemies to flee
Before the great standard of right.
The meteor flag of England shall yet terrific burn
Till dangers troubled night depart and the state of peace return.

We feel sad at parting but rejoice in the glorious fact that you go forth to do your bit in the cause for which our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ gave up his life on the cross. Might is not right. Right, however, will prevail and as Jesus won a glorious victory over his enemies, so we believe, through God, the Empire of which we form a part will in the near future win a victory over the mighty enemies of truth and righteousness. May the time speedily come when the Sun of Righteousness shall arise with healing in his wings, and warfare shall cease and you, having bravely done your bit, shall return safely home. Please accept this watch as a slight token from all your co-workers and friends in the Queensboro Church and Sunday School. Signed on behalf of the minister, stewards and officials of the church.

REV. W. R. MERRICK.
T. H. SQUIRE.

The presentation was then made and Sergt. F. Glover suitably thanked the people for their kindness. Signatures of young men who had enlisted were then recorded on the Honor Roll. Special anthems were rendered by the choir and were much appreciated.

WANTED

CREAM

We have again advanced our prices for good quality Cream. We could use yours. It will be worth your while to write us.

TORONTO CREAMERY CO. Ltd
13 Church

LOOK AT THE LABEL
This label shows to what date your paper is paid. Subscribers who wish to secure the $1.00 rate must pay for their paper in advance.

North Hastings Review.

$1.00 a Year in Advance. "PARTY IS THE MADNESS OF MANY FOR THE GAIN OF A FEW" $1.50 if Not so Paid

39TH YEAR—No. 13 **Madoc, Hastings County, Ontario, Thursday, March 30, 1916** POSTAGE PREPAID

Campaign in German East Africa

An official communication has been issued giving an account of recent gains by the British forces under General Smuts who is in command of the expedition against German East Africa. The report tells of the capture of some supplies and the retirement of the enemy from their whole line. The expedition against German East Africa, the last German colony, has been beset by great difficulties and the invading forces have encountered serious resistance not only from the German forces but from native forces. A glance at the map will show the peculiar geographical position of this German colony. Situated on the east coast of the continent, just south of the equator German East Africa is bounded on the south and west by British and Belgian colonies, while to the north is the undeveloped and mountainous colony of British East Africa. Immediately north of British East Africa are the warlike Mohammadan tribes of Abyssinia and the Soudan. It is in German East Africa then that Mohammedanism is making its greatest attack against Great Britain and the German resistance is strongly strengthened by the Arb and allied tribes that dwell in the country from Lake Victoria Nyanza to the red sea and the older peaceful districts of Egypt. It is from the pen of Emil Zimmerman, the greatest German colonial expert, that we learn that at Berlin it is accepted that, "the East-African campaign is not a subordinate and secondary affair, but one of the decisive factors in the contest with England." In the Berlin "Tag", Mr. Zimmerman continues: "In East Africa the entire Mohammedan world is fighting against England, stiffened by the little German handful, and the German victories there are considered as Moslem victories, and so celebrated. They are reported in Arabia and India, and the enemies of British rule in those lands turn their eyes to East Africa. East Africa is the agent of the Islamic world that foments the revolt against England's position on the Indian Ocean. There lies the great importance of the fight in Africa; it has contributed powerfully to the movement that has set in among the Islamic communities in British East Africa and the Sudan. Had we possest large depots of arms in East Africa so that we could equip the Arbs and their allies, British rule north of Victoria Nyanza would now be at an end and all the Soudan would have been in flames."

Gilmour

Mr. and Mrs. M. Tufts and Miss May Dafoe visited Miss Myrtle Dafoe on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Casement and Miss Earlie left Tuesday for Havelock, where they will reside in future.

Mr. Joe Baker is very ill.

Mrs. S. Neil visited her daughter, Mrs. R. Dafoe on Sunday.

Miss Maud Lummiss visited Miss May Dafoe on Thursday.

Mr. George Dafoe returned home from Crookston on Saturday after visiting his brother, Gilbert, who is ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith visited at Mr. G. Baker's on Sunday.

Mr. Joe Park, of Apsley, visited his niece, Mrs. G. Dafoe, on Monday.

Miss Ella Baker is no better.

Coe Hill

Fifty-two soldiers are now in training here under command of Lieuts. Turnbull and Nugent. Coe Hill will soon have a platoon of local recruits.

Rev. V. O. Boil returned Saturday from a week in Toronto.

Mrs. W. Spurr and Misses Annie and Lizzie Spurr, who have spent the winter at Coe Hill with her daughter, Mrs. R. N. Gunter, returned on Monday to McAuley, Man.

An epidemic of measles is among us.

Miss Ogilvy, teacher at Rose Island, visited at Geo. Bullied's on Sunday.

Miss Herr, teacher at Glenalda, spent last week at Coe Hill owing to her school being closed on account of measles.

Newsy Items from Eldorado

March 22nd.

Don't imagine, Mr. Editor, that we are all dead here for we are very much alive.

The Pie Social in the Orange Hall on the 16th inst., under the anspices of the Florence Nightingale Red Cross Branch, was a decided success. The program consisted of patriotic songs, readings and recitation and was wisely directed by Rev. P. U. Sinclair, who occupied the chair. Mrs. M. Vandervoort kindly gave a fancy cushion-top for which 88 tickets were sold at 10c. Duplicate tickets were put into a hat, and the crowd heartily selected one of our young men to draw the winning ticket. With covered eyes he brought out No. 2 and the cushion-top was won by Mr. T. Boyle, of Prince Edward county. After the singing of the National Anthem pies were the order. The supply was superabundant and no one went away hungry for pie. We were glad to hear that Mr. Harry Jones set the example by presenting the Society with $5. This is a move in the right direction and nothing would give the ladies more pleasure than the receipt of many similar unsolicited gifts. Who will be the next? Rumor has it that the receipts amounted to $39.

Mr. T. Lewis & Co. have abandoned the shanty life and have returned home to build up again. Wonder who the cook was.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Boyle are visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. Jones.

Measles are the order of the day.

Glad to report that Miss Annie Shaw, who has been on the sick list for some time, is gradually improving.

Mr. Thos. Keene was taken very suddenly ill a few days ago and we are sorry that he is not improving, as we would like to hear of.

Mr. J. Moore, our worthy blacksmith, has been indisposed for some days.

Quite a number from here took in the Military Banquet and Concert at the Armouries on Friday evening, and report a good supper and grand concert. Much credit is due the ladies who successfully manipulated the entire affair, and the band of the 155th is certainly a factor to be proud of. No wonder that Lieut.-Col. Adams wears a smile with such a band of jolly fellows.

Mrs. W. Robinson has been ill but is gaining again.

Our talc mine is rushing things under the direction of Mr. Millington. They are working day and night now and they keep four and five teams humping every day to remove the output to the station. May it long continue.

Death has been busy in our midst. One home was sadly bereft of father and mother in one week. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Thomas were citizens highly respected and they were worthy. This neighbourhood will miss their influence for good greatly. The youngest baby of Mr. and Mrs. Roberts was laid to rest to rest in Fox's cemetery on Friday.

Mr. James Chambers has been on the sick list.

Bancroft Times reports last week that Miss Tillotson was brought to that village under arrest and after paying the board bill she jumped was let out on suspended sentence. Some here can tell a real live tale about this person.

Queensboro

Mr. Clinton Armstrong, of Toronto, is visiting friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Post were Sunday guests at Rimington.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Boil, of Hillier, were guests at the home of Mr. Beckwith last week.

Mr. J. G. Blakely, of Chatham, is visiting his parents of this place.

We are pleased to learn that Mrs. G. Holmes is recovering after a severe illness.

Miss Clela Holmes has returned to Toronto after spending two weeks with her mother.

Mrs. Fred Sager is on the sick list. We hope for a speedy recovery.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE REVIEW-- NOW!

Letter from Nurse Morrice

The following Overseas letter is from Nurse Jessie A. Morrice, a former resident of Madoc, to a friend in Saskatchewan, and is taken from the Assiniboia Times:—

Canadian War Hospital,
Walmer Rent, Dec. 14, 1915.

MY DEAR MRS. SCOTT.—

Your letter reached me on Friday, and I am taking the first opportunity to answer your questions regarding supplies for "Our Boys" who are here and at the various hospitals, now it seems, in all parts of the world.

When one realizes that in this part of England alone, we have some sixty or seventy Canadian hospitals, that we have hospitals in France, in Egypt, in or near Saloniki, and in Italy and the isles of Greece. Whether or not we have Canadian soldiers in all of them we do not know, but we know we have our C.A.M.C. men and sisters.

Just at present I am on duty at one of our Convalescent Homes. In Walmer we have the Canadian War Hospital with accommodation for one hundred and fifty patients.

In Deal, the adjoining town, there are four other hospitals or homes each with accommodation for from fifty to one hundred and fifty patients.

We are on the south coast and right on the sea. We see the boats that are tied up here, neutral ships so called. On the sands lie the wrecks of three of the ships recently mined or hit by submarine, one being a hospital ship on which several nurses with their soldier patients were lost.

From this Home I could tell you many stories of the brighter side of the life of the soldiers.

A number of our patients belong to the 8th, the 10th and the 16th, the latter being the Seaforth Highlanders from British Columbia, the 10th from town Calgary and the surrounding county, and the 8th from Winnipeg, including the 90th or "The Little Black Devils."

One of the 90th has a badly shattered left arm; the doctors have grafted into the bone part of the leg of a rabbit. What the result will be time will tell. The man goes about cheerful and happy, never complaining, always has a smile and a pleasant word for everyone.

One of the 16th was "gassed" and was blind for two and a half months, now has fairly good sight, thanks to the wonderful skill of some of the eye specialists in Belfast. He is partly deaf owing to concussion from heavy shelling, and has lost all his teeth, yet he is the life of any party. Tonight he has gone to assist at an entertainment for sick and wounded British soldiers as he is an excellent entertainer The effort may tell on him and he will suffer tonight, but it is part of the game and he is willing to pay the price.

One of my patients, a sergeant of the 5th brigade, told me how when volunteers were called for to take ammunition up a road where the party would be constantly exposed to the shellfire of the enemy, as the shell sung out the men dashed into the ditch full of water at the side of the road, the only safe place, and how they laughed as they plunged into the dirty water.

So we find them at work or at play always bright and helpful and so good to each other. We Canadians are very proud of our soldier boys.

Pardon this letter which, I find, has run a long way from my text or the text furnished me.

"What you can make for the boys:" white flannelette night-shirts, bed jackets, I would suggest these to be made of some washable material and of neutral color that there be no danger of the color getting into wounds, make of good size with large armhole and sleeve, large loosely knit socks for those with injured feet, who cannot wear boots, pyjama suits, they are much preferred to night-shirts by many of the men, and can be worn by men who, having been injured, cannot wear ordinary wool underwear. Face cloths, these made of gauze underwear are very useful and nice and soft. They use up old underwear and save expense. Flannel binders made about 1½ yards long and 9 or 10 inches deep; triangular bandages made of soft bleached or unbleached cotton with a very narrow hem on the three sides, these are made of a square of material folded and cut diagonally of the square.

Before I close I would like to thank you for the money Captain Beattie gave me to use before he went to France. Many of the boys were made happier by its use. We bought both vases and flowers for the ward, fruit for all the patients several times and for the sick ones occasionally. Once in a while we get cake for them, cake not being an article of diet in the wards. Then paper, envelopes and stamps with, of course, the ever welcome cigarettes.

Owing to our being quarantined for so long it was not possible for the boys to write personal letters of thanks.

Very sincerely yours,
JESSIE A. MORRICE.

The Weekly Sun says that there are millions of bushels of wheat in the Canadian West rotting in the open unable to move for a shortage of cars, while to the south of the line are hungry markets and strings of empty grain cars ready to carry off the surplus crop at a profitable price. But Sir Thomas W... as what is called in the West "T...onto Viewpoint" and so refuses ... relief.

Naval Activity Increases

The press despatches from England the past few days deal largely with the possibility of German naval activity and an attempt to invade England within the next few weeks. Correspondents lay particular emphasis on the large size of the force which is being maintained on the North Sea coast, the removal of many lightships from their positions and give vague suggestions of other preparations which are being made to surprise an invading force. Quotations from London newspapers also hint at the strong probability that a serious invasion of England will be attempted this spring. Great naval activity is reported from all German ports especially at Kiel. The great raid on Zeebrugge by allied aeroplanes disclosed much activity there. For some days the German submarine campaign has been conducted more relentlessly than ever. Apparently all vessels encountered by the undersea boats whether British or neutral are being sunk without warning. Half of the vessels sunk recently have flown the Dutch or Norwegian flag. This utter disregard of the right of neutrals is considered by many writers to be a desperate attempt on the part of Germany to clear the North Sea of merchant shipping so that her naval movements may be kept as secret as possible. While utmost confidence is expressed in the ability of the Grand Fleet to avoid being fooled or misled by any feints or kept at bay by mine fields elaborate preparations are said to have been made so that the land defences should prove sufficient should the German expedition succeed in tricking the British navy. Von Tirpitz, the German naval leader, has retired on account of, it is said, the trouble with America over his submarine campaign. Although it may be that public opinion in Germany demands that the navy give battle in the hope of breaking the blockade and ending the war. From all evidence it seems evident that some activity on the high seas is certain to occur in the near future. If the German fleet gives battle there is every cause for confidence that it will be destroyed.

Wedding Bells

A very pretty but quiet wedding was solemnized at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Trotter, when their daughter, Ida Annetta, was united in marriage to Mr. Lou A. Ward, of McTaggart, Sask. Rev. Mr. Merrick, of Queensboro, performed the ceremony in the presence of only the immediate relatives of the bride.

To the strains of the wedding march rendered by Mrs. John Trotter, the bride entered the parlor handsomely attired in a gown of white silk with bridal veil.

After congratulations were offered the bridal party proceeded to the dining-room where a dainty repast was partaken of.

The happy couple left on the morning train for Toronto, Hamilton, Charlton Jarvis and other points west. On their return they will spend a few weeks' at the bride's home before leaving for their future home in Saskatchewan. The bride was one of Madoc's High School girls. Their host of friends join in wishing them a long and happy wedded life.

Porterville

Lagrippe seems to be the order of the day.

A number of friends gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. Robinson on Tuesday. The evening was spent in dancing and all report a good time.

Miss Lizzie McLaren, of Belleville, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas McLaren.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Carswell, who has been sick for the past week, is recovering.

A letter posted here on February 12th and address to James Steenburg, who was in the trenches in France, was returned a few days ago with the following note:

France, March 3rd, 1916.

Dear Miss,—I found this letter in James Steenburg's papers to-day after he was killed. I prefer sending it back to you rather than have it forwarded to his people. The poor boy was one of my best men and I am very sorry to have lost him. Sincere sympathies.

HECTOR B. VERRETT,
2nd Batt., 1st Can. Div., France.

Housecleaning Time . . .

is

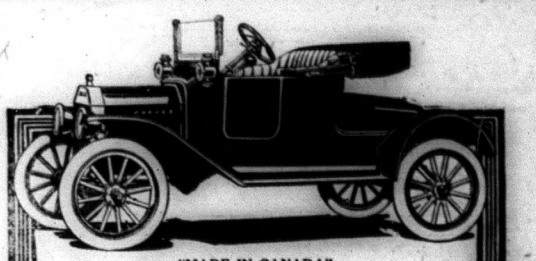
House Wiring Time

Are you in line for

a job this spring ?

JOHN BURKITT

Electrician - - Madoc



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The Ford Runabout Price $480

A fine harvest—of pleasures and profits is reaped by the man who drives a Ford. For the trip to town—for a run to the neighbors—for a hurry-up drive anywhere business or pleasure demands—there's no other car which will go so well at anywhere near the cost.

The Ford Touring Car is $530; the Coupelet $730; the Sedan $880; the Town Car $780. All prices are f.o.b. Ford, Ontario. All cars completely equipped, including electric headlights. Equipment does not include speedometer. Cars on sale at FRANK SMITH'S MADOC.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

THE DOMINION BANK

SIR EDMUND B. OSLER, M.P., PRESIDENT. W. D. MATTHEWS, VICE-PRESIDENT.
C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

Capital Paid Up . . . $6,000,000.00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits . 7,300,000.00

You Can Start a Savings Account

with $1.00. It is not necessary for you to wait until you have a large sum of money in order to start a Savings Account with this Bank. An account can be opened with $1.00 or more on which interest is compounded twice a year.

MADOC BRANCH: G. P. LYND, Manager.

FARMERS

We have something good to offer you in the SILO business this year.

We are always glad to show our goods and can give you prices that are RIGHT on a silo that is permanent and lasting.

Order at once as the market on lumber is advancing and the iron parts of the silo are hard to get.

THE HOUSTON CO., Ltd.,
TWEED, ONT.

Madoc Sash & Door Factory

If you are thinking of building this spring be sure and get our estimates. We always carry a good stock of lumber of all description.

JOHN ROBERTSON

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D. D.C.L., President
JOHN AIRD, General Manager. H. V. F. JONES, Ass't General Manager

CAPITAL, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, $13,500,000

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS

Interest at the current rate is allowed on all deposits of $1 and ...wards. Careful attention is given to every account. Small accounts ... welcomed. Accounts may be opened and operated by mail. ...Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons, with...wals to be made by any one of them or by the survivor. S50

... Branch - - ...IDER, MANAGER

THE CABLEMAN

AN EXCITING PRESENT-DAY ROMANCE

BY WEATHERBY CHESNEY

CHAPTER V.

"Steady, Phil!" said Scarborough, incredulously. "Don't fling accusations about in that reckless way. It's rot, you know."

"I can prove it," said Varney.

"That Miss Page is the daughter of the man who ruined your father? Oh, come! you don't know her, or you would see that it's nonsense. Here, hurry up and get into ordinary clothes, and we'll have dinner somewhere. I want to hear what you've been doing for the last two years."

Miss Page the daughter of Richmond Carrington, the notorious financial manipulator, whose name was accursed in thousands of the poorer homes of England—the idea was absurd! Scarborough was not even angry at the suggestion; it was to ridiculous for that. He went with Varney to his dressing room and waited for him to change.

The English Cowboy divested himself of the leathern jacket and fringed trousers, in which custom decreed that the character which he represented should be dressed, and was donning in its place the mufti of plain blue serge, when there was a sharp bang on the door, and the manager entered.

"Mr. Varney, sir!" said Val B. Montague, as he held out his hand to Scarborough, without waiting for the formality of an introduction—"this show is going to the devil!"

"Oh? More so than usual? asked Phil Varney carelessly. "Horace, this is our proprietor, Mr. Van B. Montague—Montague, Mr. Horace Scarborough; old friend of mine.""

"Proud to meet you, sir. More so than usual, d'ye ask, Mr. Varney? Well, may be no; but things are approaching a crisis."

"Anything fresh? Or the same row continued?"

"The same row coming to a head, sir! The canker in the rosebud is working its way to the outer leaves, and is beginning to be visible to the public; the malignant boil is becoming acute, and developing a head, which will have to burst; the hidden rottenness is refusing to remain hidden any longer, and the fair flower of our corporate amity is withering, sir, withering! Before we leave this place I expect to witness the premature decay and death of an organizm which I have nursed like a father—yes, sir, like a father—for two long years Val B. Montague's American Circus Combination is breaking up, sir! Excuse my metaphors," he added, without a pause, turning to Scarborough. "When I am excited the sanguineness of my temperament invariably clothes my utterances in poetic imagery, as Mr. Varney will be good enough to tell you. And, by heaven, sir, I am excited now!"

He sat down on the edge of the packing-case and chewed a straw reflectively. He did not look excited, and there was a humorous twinkle in his eyes which suggested that he was not so angry as he pretended. Varney laughed and continued the process of settling the angles of his tie before a fragment of mirror.

"And the worst of it is, sir," continued the self-styled master of metaphor to Scarborough, "that I have been hugging a serpent to my bosom. Your friend there—Pampas Joe, the English Revolver King—is no longer loyal to his salt."

"What have you been doing, Phil?" asked Scarborough, smiling.

"What has he been doing?" thundered Val B. Montague, in the same voice of excitement, and with the same placid manner and twinkling eye, belying the vehemence of his words. "He has been fomenting rebellion! He has bitten the hand that fed him! He has—well in short, you had better get him to tell you what he has been doing. I am busy, and must go."

He got down from the packing-case and opened the door. As he was going out, he turned, and said in quite a different tone—a tone in which there was a note of real worry.

"By the way, Varney, I've settled to fire out the ringmaster. It was that I came to tell you."

Varney nodded. "I think you're right," he said gravely. "It's one or the other."

"It is so, sir, unless we want murder to be done. The clown is really the worse, but I can't replace him, so the ringmaster must go. Unless," he added, turning sudenly to Scarborough, "by some lucky chance I could find another clown. Can you clown, sir?"

"Not sufficiently well to be of use to you," said Scarborough, laughing.

"No, it's harder than it looks. That's why good clowns are scarce—and dear, very dear, let me tell you. Good-day to you sir. Honored by meeting you."

And this time he went out finally.

Varney turned with a comically twisted face to his friend, and Scarborough, as soon as he judged that Val B. Montague was out of carshot, burst into a roar of laughter.

"You asked me just now how I have spent the last two years," said Varney. "Now that you've met the man, you have a faint idea of what it means when I say—in the company and Service of Val B. Montague! But he's a good sort, mind you."

"Is he always like this?"

"More or less, yes. The degree of absurdity varies, but he's never ordinary. During the first six months we quarrelled. I daresay I was bit unlick't, and I didn't like his hectoring; then I got to understand him; and for the last year and a half I've been his right hand man. We had a row royal this morning, and you see how little he bears malice."

"He said you were a serpent he had been hugging in his bosom," said Scarborough, laughing.

"Yes, that's his way. When he abuses you in metaphor, you know that you are forgiven, and you start afresh on the old footing. It's his notion of making an apology. Mona de la Mar was the cause of our dust-up this morning. She said she wasn't going to perform to-night, that she wanted a holiday, and had private business to attend to. I didn't in the least know what her reason was, but Montague began to bluster, so I backed her up, and said I wouldn't perform either. I make a point of standing up to him whenever he starts in to play the bully. I fancy that's partly why we're such good friends."

"A bit inconsiderate of the lady, isn't it?" said Scarborough.

"Oh, very," agreed Varnty, but the point was that Montague couldn't be allowed to bluster to a lady. We have to treat him on a system, you see. We allow him to wag a free tongue as a rule, but this was outsidt the limits. See?"

"I see," said Scarborough, "that you are an interesting crew, and I want to hear more."

"Then lead the way to your restaurant! And if you're in funds, let it be fizz!"

"Fizz it shall be. Come along."

Over dinner Varney told his tale, picking up a thread where he and Scarborough had been pupils together at an army crammer's near Henley. Both had been working—with no great earnestness, they admitted mutually now—for the entrance exam. at Sandhurst; and now one was a telegraph man and the other was a circus performer. There were things in this which called for explanation, for neither knew wholly the reasons why the other had given up his earlier ambition.

In Scarborough's case the explanation was easy and ordinary. He had failed in the examination, and the uncle who was paying for his education refused to allow him to try again.

"I don't think he was really sorry," said Scarborough. "He had the notion that I had brains, if I cared to use them; and he didn't think the army was a useful field for their exercise. He is a self-made man, you see, and has a prejudice against what he calls a butterfly life. That was before the war. He's a bit more ready to admit that a soldier may be a man now. He wanted me to go into the city."

"You struck at that?"

"Yes."

"And then?"

"Well, then, as I didn't take what he offered, he told me to do the best I could without him. The only thing he stipulated was that it should be something in which I could earn a definite salary, and he promised to add three sovereigns to every one that I saved at the end of the year."

"Not a bad arrangement either!" exclaimed Varney.

"No, a very good one for me. The dear old man is by way of being religious, but he contrives to preach the gospel of Mammon too and in a way that makes converts. He'd be honestly surprised, though, if anyone pointed that out to him. Now how about you, Phil?"

"Wait a bit," said Varney. "What made you choose the cable service?"

"For one thing the exam. was easy; for another, I'm rather keen on electricity and electrical machines; for a third, it seemed a good way of seeing a little bit of the world. Curiously enough the service is rather crowded with men who originally intended to be something else. Somebody has dubbed us the 'legion of the ploughed'; but on the whole I think we're rather good sorts. I'm quite satisfied with my life and with my colleagues."

The other man's explanation of his position was equally simple. Scarborough was what he was because he had failed in an examination. Varney had never sat for the examination because the misfortune or crime of others had thrown him suddenly on his own resources, and had changed his destiny from that of spending an allowance to that of earning a living. These two causes between them account for many a curious choice of profession.

"You remember the smash?" he asked.

"Yes," said Scarborough. "Carrington and Varney, stockbrokers—everybody knew about it; but I never understood it."

"Few did, and I think the poor old governor least of all. He had trusted Carrington in everything, and Carrington used him as a tool. The man was a thorough paced blackguard.

"So I understand. Why wasn't he brought to book?"

"Too clever. Slipped through the lawyers' fingers on a technicality, and left his partner as a scapegoat. The poor old governor's only crime was over-trust in a scoundrel—even the prosecuting counsel accused him of nothing more heinous than an easy-going incompetency—but the disgrace killed him. When things had got as straight as they ever would get, I went out to ranch in Brazil; found that the family luck stuck to me in that it yoked me to another scoundrel, the man I was ranching with; cut him after a month; fell in with Val B. Montague at Rio; joined him, and because I found that he was honest, stuck to him. I had been with him a year when the news of the governor's death reached me; but I didn't go back. There was nothing to go back for, and—well, that's about all."

"What became of Carrington?"

For a moment Varney did not answer. Then he said slowly:

"Till to-day I heard nothing about him. To-day two things have happened that make me suspect that he is in this island of San Miguel. Shall I tell you what they are?"

Scarborough was crumbling a piece of bread with nervous fingers. He knew what his friend was going to say, and he could not feel the same certainty as he had felt an hour ago that the suggestion was absurd. Elsa had told him that she felt a rush of shame when she heard the name of Page on his lips. Might this, after all, be the reason?

"Yes," he said quietly.

"One is that Elsa Carrington was with you to-day," said Varney.

"Can you prove that to me?"

(To be Continued.)

Lord Robert Cecil, "Minister of Blockade."

Lord Robert Cecil, who until recently held the post of Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, has been appointed "Blockade Minister" in the British Cabinet. He will be charged with the administration regulating the blockade as well as with the general responsibility for the policy and practice of the Government with respect to trade passing into and from neutral countries. Lord Cecil is a Unionist and thus increases the forces of that party already in the Cabinet by one. He is a lawyer of wide experience and has held many high and responsible offices in the Government's service.

Hadn't As Yet.

Belle—You say Bob kisses you against your will? But you surely can stop that!

June—Possibly! One never knows what one can do until one tries, I suppose!

Take Flight.

"Riches have wings, they say."

"Yes, and whenever I go after them they migrate."

WAR COMPENSATIONS.

Philosopher Discusses the After-Effects of Strife.

Forget for a moment, hard though it is, all the horrors of war—widows, orphaned children, maimed men, the sad gaps in so many home circles, a devastated country-side, and the like—and consider what is the effect of war on a nation, as a whole.

It is evident, and past experience is the proof, that a nation is not the same after it has passed through the awful furnace of war.

All ancient empires have, after acquiring their possessions by war, lived and prospered so long as they still warred. There is a national stamina, a pride, hardness, a virility, a something that it is hard to name correctly, which dominates a nation which is repeatedly baptised in blood and fire. And, judging from history, empires which, after much fighting, rest in peace on their laurels and their possessions, inevitably collapse.

Britain, with its long war of history, has avoided the fate of other empires, inasmuch as just when the critical peace period began to lengthen to the danger point, war again came.

To read a summary of our history for the last 250 years, from the Dutch War of 1665 onwards, is to read, with short peace intervals, of a nation at war. Has war supplied something to our Empire which after dissolved empires lacked. It may bring a rush to caustic criticism; but it is a fact that war seems to prevent national decadence. The cost is tremendous; the sacrifices great; but the fact remains. Something, nationally, is gained from war.

Peace brings prosperity, and prosperity means wealth. Wealth means luxuries, easy living, a rush of vice, and the exit of virtue. These always are the heralds of a nation's decadence, and an empire's dissolution.

Look at France. Before the tribulations of the Franco-German War, what was her state. Outwardly prosperous, but inwardly rotten. She lost lives, treasure, provinces; but the effect of the war has been that France is rejuvenated, and is vastly different from the France of 1870. She is sound, strong and has taken to herself new life, because she has been purged by war.

Russia was a barbaric Empire at the time of the Crimea. That war stirred Russia, and the Japanese War woke her up completely. She has made vast strides since then. And now it would seem that, under the stress of the present war, Russia's curse, drunkenness, is to be banished.

The gain in Germany will be something that only a German can appreciate. The German citizen and the German peasant will be entitled to a place on the pavement! Militarism, with its arrogance and tyranny, is the load on every German's back. Germany defeated will, at any rate, mean Germany free! War is not all loss.—London Answers.

POTENT HELP TO THE NAVY.

British Mine Sweepers Prevent Many Ctastrophies.

A racy account of the part the trawlermen have played in the war was given in London at His Majesty's Theatre by Mr. Tom Wing, M.P., who formerly represented Grimsby.

Lord Selborne, president of the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, who presided, told of one young trawler skipper who had had two boats blown up under him while trawling for mines, and was now in the hospital for the second time recovering from his injuries. "And his one great hope," added the Minister, "is to get on to the third and even better boat which he has had promised him when he gets well again."

"A most potent auxiliary to the navy." Lord Selborne described the trawling fleet. It was almost entirely due to the trawlers that the fleet and the merchant ships were able to pass to and fro on our seas with so few catastrophies. He did not know how many mines the Germans had placed but he was prepared to risk the statement that there were very many thousands.

Mr. Wing said that if at the last great naval review at Spithead there had been, say, 2,000 trawlers, people would have complained that it was making the spectacle ridiculous. If at the last army manoeuvres there had been a quarter of million miners, people would have said, 'Well, it doesn't add color.' Yet fishermen and miners had proved as essential as any in the great struggle in which we were engaged. They were the men with the real technical knowledge which had proved indispensable.

The men who manned the trawlers had swept the Channel and the North Sea practically clear of mines and submarines, and in the Mediterranean thousands of others had been doing the same.

"His Majesty has had occasion to realize the size of their hands and the warm grip they can give," said Mr. Wing. "One burly fisherman who had received a decoration said afterwards that he could not believe that he was actually in Buckingham Palace and was to be decorated by the King; he thought it was a dream until the King shook hands with him. And when he found the King gripping his great fist he was so anxious to make sure that it was real that he took firm hold with his other hand also, and really 'help up' the King for the time."

Both Surprised.

Lady (recognizing former servant)—What! You in prison, Henry? Well, I am surprised!

So was I, ma'am, I shouldn't be here!

You may be deceived some day by an imitation of

"SALADA" B114

and possibly you will not detect this imitation until the tea-pot reveals it. Demand always the genuine "Salada" in the sealed aluminum packet, and see that you get it, if you want that unique flavour of fresh, clean leaves properly prepared and packed.

Reasons Why Every Farmer Should Have a Silo.

No danger of late summer droughts, as by using the silo with clover or other green summer crops, early in the season, a valuable succulent feed will be at hand, when pasture in most regions is apt to give out.

Crops unfit for hay-making may be preserved in the silo and changed into a palatable food, such as thistles, weeds, etc.

The harvest can be removed earlier, making it possible to finish fall plowing sooner and to seed the land down to grass or winter grain.

At a conservative estimate two cows can be kept by feeding silage at the cost of one cow from the same acreage, fed on hay or other roughage.

Convenience in feeding and economy of storage room, as ten tons of silage can be stored in the same space on one ton of hay.

When fed with the proper rations, silage is a greater milk producer and fattener than any known feed.

Ensilage-fed stock, as a rule, are in a healthier state than when other feeds are used.

When properly taken care of there is absolutely no waste of any part of the corn crop.

The acreage needed for pasture is greatly reduced, and consequently more land can be brought under cultivation.

By providing a succulent forage, winter dairying is made profitable, and no reduction of stock is caused by a dry season.

It is the cheapest food that can be produced as well as the best.

It is a certain supply, notwithstanding the drought, the flood or the snows.

The silo is the cheapest method of handling the crop, or storing it, and the best method of saving and realizing the fullest value of the crop as feed.

More stock can be kept on a certain area of land when silage is fed than is otherwise the case.

Silage feeding does away with all aggravating corn stalk in the manure and prevents their waste as well.

It excels dry feed for the cheap production of fat beef.

It keeps your stock thrifty and growing all winter, and enables the cow to produce milk and butter more economically.

Its use lessons the labor required to care for a herd, if it is conveniently attached to the barn.

It allows the spring pasture to get a start.

It enables preservation of food which matures at a rainy time of the year when drying would be almost impossible.

It does away with the system of strictly grain farming, where few of the elements are returned to the soil.

It increases the digestive capacity of the animal.

The silo supplements pastures and carries the burden of the winter feeding.

The silo will greatly reduce the pasture acreage required, and will have a marked effect on beef production on high priced lands.

Night pasturing has been found to be a very valuable practice in connection with summer silo.

A silo permits of saving crops in years of great plenty for other seasons of less plenitude.

Experiments have proved that silage-fed steers have repeatedly made the heaviest and cheapest gains.

Silage saves a large proportion of grain needed in fattening animals. It saves the need of any grain while cattle are growing. Silage-fed cattle gain faster, finish more quickly, and the meat is better.

The silage system helps maintain soil fertility.

The palatability of silage for cattle and sheep is universally recognized by all farmers who have given this food a fair trial.

Cattle show great eagerness for silage.

Its succulent character makes it very comparable with grass or other green stuff.

The choicest of milk is produced by herds fed silage.

A silo adds to the appearance of a farm.

By the use of silo the fodder is canned very much as a housewife cans fruit, preserves and vegetables.

In no other way is it possible to produce so large an amount of good feed from an acre of land as by raising corn and making the same into silage.

The succulent silage is the best possible substitute for June pastures.

It is relished by cows at all seasons of the year.

In winter cows can be fed a palatable balanced ration that will keep them up to summer flow.

Every winter we see a shortage in the dairy line. This can be overcome by introducing silos.

With a silo you can keep more stock.

Or keep the same stock on less acres and will leave more land for other crops.

Ensilage has a higher feeding value than roots.

Ensilage increases the milk flow.

Your creamery cheque grows larger by its use.—Canadian Farm.

Still Unforgiven.

A month ago she said she's never forgive him. And now I hear she has married him.

Yes, carried her revenge to the bitter end.

Observant Child.

Teacher—What is water?

Willie—A colorless fluid that turns black when you wash your hands.

Oh, well, the Kaiser can not be as sick as the world is sick of him.

GOOD DIGESTION — When your digestion is faulty, weakness and pain are certain and disease is invited. Mother Seigel's Syrup corrects and stimulates the digestive organs, and banishes the many ailments which arise from indigestion.

FOR 40 YEARS THE STANDARD REMEDY — MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP — FOR STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLE

At all Druggists, or direct on receipt of price, 50c. and $1.00. The large bottle contains three times as much as the smaller. A. J. WHITE & Co. LIMITED, Craig Street West Montreal.

For Distemper PINK EYE, EPIZOOTIC, SHIPPING FEVER, and CATARRHAL FEVER.

Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any age are afflicted or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue, acts on the blood and glands; expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings, and is a fine Kidney remedy. Cut this out. Keep it. Show it to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, causes and Cure." Special agents wanted. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

OFFENSIVE IS CRUMBLING FROM GERMAN EXHAUSTION

How Paris Views the Result of the Second Repulse on Dead Man Hill.

A despatch from Paris says: Complete repulse of a second desperate assault to wrest Le Morte Homme, west of the Meuse, from the French, was announced Thursday night.

A Berlin statement earlier in the day had claimed possession of Dead Man hill and the repulse of all French counter-attacks aimed at its recapture. At the War Office these statements were denounced as absolutely false.

With the successful countering of Thursday's assault French critics generally believe that the third Battle of Verdun has passed its crest. Although there was no mistaking the desperation and fury of the German attempt, observers say that its cumulative effect was far less than that of the earlier struggles at Douamont and Vaux.

In the operations against Le Mort Homme the speed and energy of the earlier drive has been lacking. Not only was the artillery fire much less intense, but the whole battle dragged inexcusably. When the batteries had done their best to destroy the French shelters and trenches, instead of the customary rapid throwing forward of infantry, there was delay, in which the French had ample time to reoccupy their lines. Even the successes that had been won were not followed up.

Observers see in this weakening attack a general exhaustion of the Crown Prince's army. With the terrible slaughter exacted during twenty days at Douamont and Vanx, even the German commanders have resitated in sacrificing great masses of men for significant gains. Infantry attacks have grown constantly fewer with a consequent loss of vigor and elan in the troops.

Indeed it would be difficult to describe the general jubilation in Paris. There is no longer any uncertainty about the fate of the battle. The last doubt, and it can be admitted now that even in high quarters there were misgivings, that the great fortress could withstand the 42 centimetre Krupps and the terrible skodas has been swept aside. The big gun has been met and conquered by men and other guns.

ATTACK TREBIZOND FROM THREE SIDES

Russian Reinforcements Landed Under Cover of the Fleet.

A despatch from Rome says: According to information received here from a diplomatic source in Petrograd the Russians are attacking the outskirts of Trebizond, the Turkish stronghold on the Black Sea. The assault is being made on three sides, from the north by sea with the guns of the Russian fleet, and from the east and south by land. Large Russian reinforcements are continuing to land east of Trebizond under the protection of the fleet. Trebizond is practically the only place of importance left to the Turks on the Black Sea. Its fall is declared to be imminent, and indeed it has been expected that the place would be surrendered with only a show of defence.

LAUDS "PROUD FLEET" IN KIEL CANAL

President of Reichtag Pays Tribute to German Navy.

A despatch from London says: At the opening of the German Reichtag on Wednesday, says Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent, Dr. Johannes Kaempf, President of the Reichtag, paid a eulogistic tribute to the ability of the German leaders and to the bravery of the German troops "who are shattering the enemy's front in the west." "Our thoughts are with them," Dr. Kaempf is quoted as having added, "no less than with our proud fleet, which by so many deeds and recently by the gallant achievements and the happy home-coming of the Moewe has proved that our sailors are at least the equal of the boldest sea fighters in any age or country. We at home must prove by making the newest war loan an unqualified success, that the financial strength of Germany is unbroken."

PORTUGAL GRATIFIED AT WAR WITH GERMANY

Teuton Interests at Lisbon Will Be Looked After by Spain.

A despatch from Paris says: The interests of Austria in Portugal have been confided to the Spanish Minister at Lisbon. A Havas despatch from Lisbon says bands paraded the streets of the city all Wednesday night, playing the Marseillaise and the Portuguese hymn, accompanied by cheering crowds. Otherwise calm prevailed throughout Portugal. Duke Miguel of Braganza, has left the Austrian Red Cross and his sons have abandoned the armies of the central empires. Prince Alphonse of Braganza and Savoy has offered his services to the Portuguese Government.

KEEP DOWN DISEASE ON THE BRITISH FRONT

American Surgeons to Inspect Methods Prevailing in Service.

A despatch from London says: The Government informed United States Ambassador Page on Wednesday that four surgeons from the American army service list would be permitted to inspect the medical corps of the British army at the front, particularly with a view to observing the success of the British in keeping down disease.

30 DEATHS IN BELGRADE FROM ASIATIC CHOLERA

A despatch from London says: Asiatic cholera has broken out at Belgrade, according to an Athens despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company. Fifty cases have been reported daily and thirty deaths have occurred. The people of Belgrade are suffering from a shortage of provisions, and sanitary conditions are bad.

NEWFOUNDLAND WILL INCREASE CONTINGENT

A pespatch from St. John's, Nfld., says: Governor Davidson, in opening the Colonial Legislature on Thursday announced his intention to enforce strictly the newly enacted prohibition law which goes into effect at the end of the present year. The speech from the throne praised the record of the colony's naval and military contingents and announced that both forces would be increased.

OTTAWA CITY COUNCIL DISMISSES ALL GERMANS

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Water Works Committe of the Ottawa City Council has voted to dismiss all alien citizens of German nationality from its employ. The motion carried by a vote of 6 to 2. There are a number of Germans in the pay of the committee.

Stiff-Necked Rapture.

The youthful orator came down from the platform at the close of his address, and many people pressed forward to shake him by the hands. He accepted their congratulations with a smiling face, but his eyes were on a certain man who lingered in his seat. The young lecturer pressed through the throng about him and extended his hand to the waiting man. "I want to thank you," he said to that gentleman, "for the close attention you gave to my remarks. Your upturned face was an inspiration to me. I am sure you never changed your earnest attitude during my lecture." "No," said the man; "but don't flatter yourself on the account; I have a stiff neck!"

Marriage is an eye salve that restores the sight of blind lovers.

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Mar. 21.—Manitoba wheat—New crop, No. 1, Northern, $1.09; No. 2, do., $1.06¼; No. 3, do., $1.04½, in store, Fort William.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 42c; No. 3, do., 41c; extra No. 1 feed, 41c; No. 1 feed, 40c, in store, Fort William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, 80c, track Toronto.

Canadian corn—Feed, 68 to 70c, track Toronto.

Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 42 to 43c; commercial, 41 to 42c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, $1 to $1.02; No. 1 commercial, 98c to $1; No. 2, do., 96 to 98c; No. 3, do., 93 to 95c; feed wheat, 85 to 88c, according to freights outside.

Peas—No. 2, $1.60; according to sample, $1 to $1.30, according to freights outside.

Barley—Malting, 60 to 62c; feed, 57 to 60c, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—Nominal, 68 to 69c, according to freights outside.

Rye—No. 1 commercial, 85 to 86c; rejected, according to sample, 82 to 84c, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, $6.50; second patents, in jute bags, $6; strong bakers', in jute bags, $5.80, Toronto.

Ontario flour—Winter, according to sample, $4.15 to $4.30, track, Toronto; $4.15 to $4.25, bulk seaboard, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights—Bran, per ton, $24; shorts, per ton, $25; middlings, per ton, $26; good feed flour, per bag, $1.60 to $1.70.

Country Produce.

Butter—Fresh dairy, 28 to 31c; inferior, 23 to 25c; creamery prints, 34 to 36c; solids, 32 to 34c.

Eggs—New-laid, 29 to 30c; do., in cartons, 31 to 32c.

Beans—$4.10 to $4.40, the latter for hand-picked.

Poultry—Chickens, 19 to 20c; fowls, 15 to 16c; ducks, 17 to 20c; geese, 18 to 20c; turkeys, 23 to 25c.

Cheese—Large, 19c; twins 19¼c.

Potatoes—Car lots of Ontarios quoted at $1.70 to $1.75, and New Brunswicks at $1.80 to $1.90 per bag, on track.

Seed Prices Steady.

Wholesalers are selling to the country trade:—No. 1 red clover, cwt., $26 to $28; No. 2 do., $24.50 to $25.50; No. 3 do., $24; No. 1 alsike, cwt., $21 to $22; No. 2 do., $18 to $19; No. 3 do., $16; No. 1 alfalfa, cwt., $25 to $28; No. 2 do., $22; No. 3 do., $19; No. 1 timothy, cwt., $12 to $14; No. 2 do., $10 to $11; No. 3 do., $9.50 to $10.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Mar. 31.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 50½ to 51c; do., No. 3, 48½ to 49c; extra No. 1 feed, 48½ to 49c; No. 2 local white, 47½ to 48c; No. 3 local white, 46½ to 47c; No. 4 local white, 45½ to 46c. Barley—Man. feed, 66c; malting, 75 to 77c. Flour—Man. spring wheat patents, firsts, $6.60; seconds, $6.10; strong bakers', $5.90; winter patents, choice, $6.30; straight rollers, $5.70 to $5.80; do., bags, $2.65 to $2.75. Rolled oats—Barrels, $5.05; do., bags, 90 pounds, $2.35. Bran—$23.50 to $24. Shorts—Middlings, $28 to $30. Moullie—$31 to $33. Hay—No. 2 per ton, car lots, $20 to $20.50.

Winnipeg Grain.

Winnipeg, Mar. 21.—Cash—Wheat No. 1 Northern, $1.08½; No. 2, do., $1.05½; No. 3, do., $1.03½; No. 4, $1:00½; No. 5, 91½c; No. 6, 84½c. Oats—No. 2 C.W., 41⅝c; No. 3, do., 39⅝c; extra No. 1 feed, 39⅜c; No. 1 feed, 38⅛c; No. 2, do., 37⅝c. Barley—No. 3, 60c; No. 4, 55c; rejected, 51c; feed, 51c. Flax—No. 1 N.-W.C., $2.02¾; No. 2 C.W., $1.99¾.

United States Markets.

Minneapolis, Mar. 31.—Wheat—May—$1.11⅝; July, $1.11⅜; No. 1 hard, $1.16⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.12⅛ to $1.14⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.08⅝ to $1.11⅝. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 75 to 76c. Oats—No. 3 white, 42 to 42¼c. Flour unchanged; shipments, 74,062 bbls. Bran, $18.25 to $18.75.

Duluth, Mar. 31.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.13⅞; No. 1 Northern, $1.11⅜ to $1.13⅞; No. 2 Northern, $1.06⅞ to $1.10⅞. Linseed—Cloes:—Cash, May and July, $2.26½.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, Mar. 21.—Choice heavy steers, $8.10 to $8.50; butchers cattle, choice, $7.75 to $8.10; do., good, $7.35 to $7.60; do., medium, $6.75 to $7; do., common, $6.30 to $6.60; butchers' bulls, choice, $6.50 to $7.50; do., good bulls, $5.85 to $6.25; do., rough bulls, $4.65 to $5.15; butchers' cows, choice, $6.40 to $7; do., good, $5.85 to $6.25; do., medium, $5.50 to $5.75; do., common, $5 to $5.45; feeders, good, $6.25 to $7; stockers, 700 to 900 lbs., $6.10 to $6.75; canners and cutters, $3.75 to $4.50; milkers, choice, each, $75 to $100; do., common and medium, each, $35 to $60; springers, $50 to $100; light ewes, $8.50 to $9.50; sheep, heavy, $6 to $7.50; bucks and culls, $3.50 to $4.50; yearling lambs, $7 to $7.75; lambs, choice, $11 to $13; calves, medium to choice, $7.50 to $12; do., common, $4 to $5.50; hogs, fed and watered, $10.50 to $10.55; do., weighed off cars, $10.90 to $11; do., f.o.b., $1.15 to $10.20.

Montreal, Mar. 21.—Choice steers at $8 to $8.25; good at $7.50 to $7.75, fair at $6.50 to $7, and common at $5.50 to $6, while butchers' cows sold at from $5.25 to $7, and bulls from $5.50 to $7.25 per 100 lbs. Hogs, $11.10 to $11.35 per cwt. weighed off cars. Sheep, $7.50 to $8.50, and lambs $11.75 to $12 per cwt. Calves, 8 to 10c per lb. for milkfed stock, and at 4½ to 5½ for other grades.

BULGARS ARE BUTCHERING THE CONQUERED SERBIANS

They Are Officially Accused of Massacres Thorougout the Invaded Region.

A despatch from Paris says: The Serbian Press Bureau has issued a report of atrocities committed by Bulgars on the Serbian population in the frontier districts. The report says:

"The invaders, especially the Bul... are doing their utmost to ex...ate the remnants of the con... people. There is a veritable terror in all Macdonia.

...ces say that life in Serbia ... heel of the conqueror is ... For instance, the town of ... wiped out through pure vandalism. The houses were wantonly destroyed to make bonfires for the ribald soldiery, who also prey on the population, massacring them by scores. At Bitolji the majority of the population, particularly the priests and intellectuals, were assembled and ordered to march under guard to Sofia.

"They never arrived at their ostensible destination. They were massacred to the last man en route. The Bulgarians themselves admit that an order to go to Sofia is tantamount to a death warrant."

New Records Created by The Sun Life of Canada

PROGRESSIVE business methods, backed by forty-five years of fair-dealing, have achieved for the Sun Life of Canada during 1915 records that are new in the Canadian life assurance field.

Assurances of over $34,000,000 issued and paid for in cash; Total Assurances in Force of over $250,000,000; Total Payments to Policyholders since organization of more than $52,600,000; Assets in excess of $74,000,000; a Cash Income of nearly $16,000,000 and an Undistributed Net Surplus of over $7,500,000—all are high-water marks in the annals of Canadian life assurance.

Their achievement maintains the established prestige of the Sun Life of Canada as

A Leader Among the Life Companies of the Empire

The following substantial and uniform increases registered during the past year clearly demonstrate the strength of the Company's position:—

	1915	1914	INCREASE
Assets as at December 31st.	$74,326,423	$64,187,656	$10,138,767 (15.8%)
Cash Income	15,972,672	15,052,275	920,397 (6.1%)
Surplus Distributed to Policyholders	985,487	861,763	123,724 (14.3%)
Net Surplus as at December 31st.	7,545,591	6,503,794	1,041,797 (16 %)
Total Payments to Policyholders	7,129,479	6,161,287	968,192 (15.7%)
Assurances Issued and Paid for in Cash	34,873,851	32,167,339	2,706,512 (8.4%)
Assurances in Force	257,404,160	218,299,835	39,104,325 (17.9%)

THE COMPANY'S GROWTH

YEAR	INCOME	ASSETS	LIFE ASSURANCE IN FORCE
1872	$ 48,210.73	$ 96,461.95	$ 1,064,350.00
1885	319,987.05	1,411,004.33	7,930,878.77
1895	1,528,054.09	5,365,770.53	34,754,840.25
1905	5,717,492.53	21,309,384.82	95,290,894.71
1915	15,972,672.31	74,326,423.78	257,404,160.42

T. B. MACAULAY, F. I. A., F. A. S., PRESIDENT AND MANAGING DIRECTOR.
S. H. EWING, VICE-PRESIDENT.
FREDERICK G. COPE, SECRETARY.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

1871 HEAD OFFICE MONTREAL 1916

KAISER RETIRES VON TIRPITZ DEMANDS FLEET MAKE DASH

Thursday, March 16.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, London, from Copenhagen, says the Wolff Bureau, the German semi-official news agency, announces that Admiral Alfred von Tirpitz, German Minister of the Navy, has retired, and that Admiral von Capelle, director of the administration department of the Admiralty has been appointed his successor. The resignation of von Tirpitz is said to be due to a break with the Kaiser. The Emperor and Prince Henry object to the fleet's inactivity.

RIOTS IN HUNGARY; ALL BAKERIES CLOSED

Disorders Occur on the Roumanian Frontier.

A despatch from Milan, Italy, says: Reports from Budapest state that distress is becoming painfully evident in many Hungarian towns. Arad, containing 70,000 inhabitants, was forty-two days without bread or flour. All bakeries were closed. The Mayor telephoned to Budapest asking for flour and was told that none could be supplied. It is feared riots will follow. Disorders have broken out at Talac on the Roumanian frontier. A mob broke into the warehouses, smashed the shop windows and clamored for bread. Soldiers were called out to restore order.

RUSSIA TO ARRAIGN FORMER WAR MINISTER

A despatch from London says: Emperor Nicholas has approved the decision of the commission of inquiry to bring evidence of alleged illegal acts of former Minister of War Gen, Soukhomlinoff before the judicial department of the Imperial Council with a view to the arraignment on a charge of being responsible for the shortage of munitions for the Russian army, says Reuter's Petrograd correspondent.

A CENT A MILE.

Canadian Railways Have Agreed on Rate for U.S. Farm Laborers.

A despatch from Montreal says: It is understood in transportation circles here that the Canadian railways have agreed to the request of the Canadian Government to grant the rate of a cent a mile in Canada for American farm laborers, who are expected to come to Canada in large numbers owing to the active campaign now being carried on in the United States by the Department of the Interior.

KAISER WILL SELL CASTLES FOR CASH

A despatch from Rome says: Press despatches received from Switzerland say that the Kaiser has ordered the sale of several of his castles in order to contribute the proceeds to the new German war loan.

No Truck With Germany.

A despatch from Manchester, England, says: The election of directors of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce on Wednesday resulted in the return of 18 out of 22 directors who are definitely committed to the policy of no free trade with Germany after the war.

AIM AT BAGDAD FROM THE NORTH

Russians in a Virtual Co-operation With the British at Kut.

A despatch from Petrograd says: The Russian troops in Persia are now so far advanced toward the Mesopotamian frontier that they may be said to be in virtual co-operation with the Britsh at Kut-el-Amara; where General Townsend's forces have been beseiged for several months, and the campaign against Bagdad has become two-fold, with the likelihood of the Russians being as important a factor in the Mesopotamia operations as their allies.

Before the Russian penetration through the mountain passes of the Kermanshah region it was generally held that the chief aim of the Russian operations on the extreme southern front was, effectively and once for all, to crush German influence and ambitions in Persia, and only the most visionary critics here conceived the possibility of Russia's successfully traversing the Persian mountain provinces and assuming an important role in Mesopotamian affairs.

The latest news, however, of the success of the Russians in working their way through the passes of the formidable range which acts as a natural boundary between Persia and Turkey, shows that the Russians are in a position to convert their potential threats against Mesopotamia into a positive menace.

The Turkish reinforcements which were sent from Bagdad and Mosul, by way of Suleimanieh and Sehna, to threaten the flank of the Russian forces at Kermanshah and make a further Russian advance dangerous, have been compelled to withdraw on account of British pressure from the south and Russian activity in the north, which some time ago resulted in the capture of Bitlis. The Russians, therefore, are now opposed only by frontal resistance, against which they have advanced through all but one of the difficult passes of the mountains separating them from Mesopotamia.

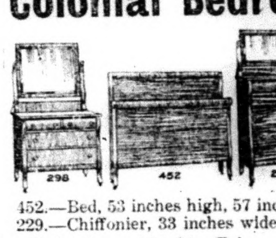
ESCAPED PRISONERS ARE TO BE COMPENSATED

A despatch from Paris says: The Minister of War has announced that French soldiers, taken prisoners by the enemy, and who have subsequently escaped shall be recompensed in the largest measure possible for their courage and attachment to their country.

FRENCH WAR MINISTER COMPELLED TO RESIGN

A despatch from Paris says: General Joseph Simeon Gallieni, Minister of War, has resigned because of ill-health, and General Charles Roque has been appointed to succeed him.

Colonial Bedroom Suite



made of selected birch, empire mahogany finish, dull or polished.

298.—Dresser, 40 in. wide, 18 in. deep. British bevelled mirror, 24 x 30. Price $19.75

452.—Bed, 53 inches high, 57 inches wide. Price .. $20.50

229.—Chiffonier, 33 inches wide, 18 inches deep. British bevelled mirror, 14 x 24. Price $18.90

Freight paid for Ontario and Quebec, $25.00 and up. We defy competition. Our prices are the lowest in the Dominion of Canada.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE TO
CITY HOUSE FURNISHING COMPANY
1340 St. Lawrence Boulevard, Montreal, Que.

SPRING IS HERE

Be sure and keep your feet dry. To enable you to do this try a pair of our superior line of

Rubbers with Patent Heel

Gentlemen! We have a fine line of

RAIN COATS

Just what you need at the present time. Prices from $5 to $15 per coat.

THE BUSY CORNER **A. KINCAID**

G. T. R. Trains

Daily except Sunday

		A.M.	P.M.
Leave			
Madoc		† 15	3 20
Moira Lake		† 35	3 40
Crookston		† 38	3 53
Ivanhoe		† 45	4 00
West Huntingdon		8 00	4 15
Madoc Junction	Arrive	8 10	4 25
Belleville	Arrive	9 15	5 00
		A.M.	P.M.
Leave			
Belleville		10 10	6 30
Madoc Junction		10 54	† 01
West Huntingdon		1 00	† 08
Ivanhoe		1 16	† 24
Crookston		1 25	† 30
Moira Lake		1 38	† 43
Madoc	Arrive	1 50	† 50

THE

North Hastings Review

IS PUBLISHED

THURSDAY MORNING

AT THE

REVIEW PRINTING OFFICE, MADOC, ONT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—One dollar and a half per year; one dollar per year, if paid in advance, or within thirty days.

No paper will be stopped until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher. A post office notice is not sufficient unless a letter sent to date has been made. Subscribers changing their address should immediately notify the publisher, giving old and new address. Subscribers outside the limits of the County must pay in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.—Transient advertising such as Legal Notices, Public Notices, Public Meetings, Municipal Advertisements, etc., inserted at the rate of 10 cents per line Nonpareil space for the first insertion and 3 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. All advertisements of this class measured from rule to rule and by the scale of solid Nonpareil, 12 lines to the inch.

Condensed advertisements of Estray Stock, Articles Lost, Found, or For Sale, Teachers Wanted, Situations Wanted, Help Wanted, To Rent, Business Chances, and others of a like nature, not exceeding 12 lines Nonpareil, inserted at the rate of 50 cents for first insertion and 25 cents for each week afterwards. Ads. of this class must be paid in advance.

Any notice, the object of which is to promote the pecuniary benefit of any individual or corporation is considered an advertisement and will be charged as such.

Notices of Births, Deaths and Marriages will be charged at the rate of 25c. per insertion.

A. H. WATSON, Proprietor

MADOC, MARCH 30, 1916

(Continued from last week.)

Since Austria had absolutely refused direct negotiations with Russia the only means left was to fall back on the English plan for the four disinterested powers to intervene by a conference or by any other method. Now that Austria had obtained some satisfaction by bombarding Belgrade she might be willing to allow Europe to settle the question. Besides Servia seemed willing to make further concessions to make peace possible.

Sir E. Grey spoke of it again to the German representative, but was met with same refusal as before. If Germany was as anxious for peace as she pretended to be she had a very simple means of working for it, which was to bring her might to bear on the Vienna Cabinet and persuade it to lay claim only to acceptable guarantees. All Russia asked Austria was to respect Servia's right as a sovereign state in addition to her territorial integrity.

The important point was that Servia should not become political dependent on Austria. Let Austria give assurances regarding this point and peace was almost certain. But when M. Sazonoff asked the German government to help him to obtain them he met with a refusal.

The real policy of Germany in no way agreed with her statement that she was desirous of peace since she rejected every means proposed for reaching that end and suggested none herself. According to Germany Russia had no grounds for intervening, but ought to stand aloof from Servia. Now this is what Russia could not admit. The peace which Germany said she was so desirous to bring about was thus dependent on a condition which rendered war inevitable.

A proof of what Germany's disposition really was is shown in the fact that while negotiations were taking place she was preparing to take action which, if accomplished, would immediately cause war.

Under the circumstances the Russian government was compelled to take military measures which might become necessary. Accordingly, the mobilization of 13 army corps was considered destined to act eventually against Austria but was not to become effective unless Austria should take up arms against Servia, and only after notification by the Minister of Foreign Affairs. On July 28th Austria began war against Servia and even begun to mass troops in Galicia on the Russian frontier. On the 29th July Russia decided to mobilize in military districts.

This decision was officially communicated to the German government in the most friendly terms; it was assured that Russia had no aggressive intention against Germany. Austria was also informed that the action aimed at marking the intention and the rights of the Czar to express his view in the settlement of the Servian question. This was not resented by the Austrian government but Germany took matters very differently. Even during the day of the 29th Germany informed the Russian Ambassador that if Russia did not stop her military preparations the German army would receive orders to mobilize. The tone in which this notification was given decided the Russian government to order that very evening the mobilization of the 13 army corps destined to operate against Austria. Thus the German government did not shrink from letting war loose upon Europe on account of a measure which did not concern her, which was only directed against Austria and which Austria accepted without protest.

(To be continued)

Death of Rev. A. E. Smart's Brother

The Rev. A. E. Smart on Friday morning received a cablegam from England announcing the death of his youngest brother, George, who was killed Saturday, March 18th, in the great German offensive at Verdun. In the beginning of the war following the dictates of his conscience George Smart gave up a lucrative position in an English bank and took service as a private in the Gloucester Regiment. He has paid the debt which humanity and his country demanded and has left an example for others to follow. A silent but touching tribute, mute evidence of sympathy for Rev. A. E. Smart, was shown by the officers and men of the 155th Battalion in attending Sunday morning service.

Leave Oak River

The following is taken from the Oak River Post:—Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Coch. ran and children left via C.P.R. last Thursday morning for Madoc, Ont., their old home town, where they will reside in future. Mr. Cochran has accepted a clerical position with a large business concern there. Mr. and Mrs. Cochran are numbered among Oak River's old residents, having lived in the village for years. Before leaving, we understand, several farewell parties were given in their honor by Oak River citizens. Previous to his departure Mr. Cochrane disposed of his property to E. S. Glinz.

Successful Tea

The Edith Cavell Red Cross Society held a very successful 10-cent tea at McCoy's church on March 9th, and in spite of extremely heavy roads had a large attendance. A pleasing program of recitations, dialogues, solos, duets and choruses had been prepared and reflected a great deal of credit on those taking part. The President, Mrs. R. R. Hannah, gave a very interesting account of all work done by the Society to date. The ladies of McCoy's had provided a repast that was away beyond what we had a right to expect for the price charged, and all went away feeling that 10-cent teas like that one could not come too often.

Interesting Lecture

The entertainment given in the Sunday School room of St. Peters' church, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid, on Thursday evening last, was altogether enjoyable. The chair was occupied by Mr. W. Cross, LL.B., and it is needless to say that he made a model chairman. Solos were sung in a charming manner by Misses Ruby and Grace Aylsworth. The special feature of the evening was a lecture delivered by the pastor, Rev. Dr. MacTavish, on "Courtship and Marriage." For an hour the large audience listened with a delighted interest as the lecturer depicted methods of courtship among different nations and marriage customs ancient and modern. Some of the situations pictured by the lecturer were very amusing, and others were illustrated with humorous stories and witty comments which evoked hearty laughter. But with all its humor the lecture was full of instruction and it was also a real literary treat. Some seasonable and sensible advice was given to young people who may be contemplating matrimony. A liberal collection was taken up. The accompaniments were played by Miss Alice Wood and Misses Gladys and Grace Aylsworth. The singing of the National Anthem brought the pleasant evening's proceedings to a close.

AFTER GRIPPE

Mrs. Findley Made Strong By Vinol

Severy, Kans.—"The Grippe left me in a weak, nervous, run-down condition. I was too weak to do my housework and could not sleep. After trying different medicines without benefit Vinol restored my health, strength and appetite. Vinol is a grand medicine and every weak, nervous, run-down woman should take it."—Mrs. GEO. FINDLEY.

Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron tonic, sharpens the appetite, aids digestion, enriches the blood, and builds up natural strength and energy.

J. Will Vince, Druggist, Madoc.

Auction Sale

There will be sold by Public Auction on the premises of Robt. Phillips, east half lot 20, con. 8, Madoc township, Friday, March 31st, the following farm stock, implements, etc: brown horse, 9 yrs. old; black horse, 11 yrs. old; red and white cow, 5 yrs old; black and white cow, 5 yrs. old; set Bain cheboygan sleighs, new; lumber wagon with box and stock rack complete, Chatham wagon, box Bain; Gray & Co. cutter, new; mikado, buggy pole, neckyoke and shafts, Palmerston & Co. make; corn cultivator; set double harness, new; set single harness; brown robe, new; heavy lap rug, new; No. 7 Percival plow; wagon-box and spring seat. Sale at 1 o'clock. Terms:—$10 and under, cash; over that amount 6 months' credit by furnishing approved endorsed notes with interest at 6 per cent. per annum. Erastus Root, owner. E. C. Tufts, auctioneer.

Madoc Township Council

Town Hall, Eldorado, March 13.

The regular meeting of the Council was held on the above date. All members present. Minutes of previous meeting approved of as read.

On motion of Kells and Comerford $50 was tendered A. H. Watson for printing for 1915.

Moved and carried that the Medical Heath Officer's salary for 1916 be regulated by by-law making his appointment in 1913, and that the clerk be instructed to notify him to that effect.

On motion of Kells and Thompson that the timber on road allowance west of Fred Comerford's between 4th and 5th concessions opposite lot 17 be sold by public auction by the reeve.

Mr. Comerford introduced a by-law appointing poundkeepers and fence-viewers for 1916. Said by-law was regularly passed, signed, sealed and numbered 21.

The following are the poundkeepers: W. Harris, T. Callery, G. Harris, F. Sager, G. Love, E. Plane, H. McMechan, G. White, S. McEwen, J. Stewart, J. Holland, D. Bird, E. Holmes, John B. Allan, J. D. Nickle, G. Robinson, W. K. Ellis and J. Miller.

Fence-viewers:—Div. No. 1, J. McCaffrey, F. Murphy, R. Woods; No 2, J. Cassidy, S. Kollins, G. Smith; No. 3, H. McMechan, R. Doughty, J. Empey; No. 4, D. McBeath, J. Lewis, B. Miller.

On motion of Kincaid and Kells S. McEwen was paid $24 for repairing sidewalks.

Moved by Kells and Comerford that 50 copies of by-law No. 22 be printed in poster form and posted up throughout the municipality.

On motion of Kells and Kincaid C. Thompson was appointed a delegate to attend a meeting of the Good Roads Association in Toronto on March 16th.

Council adjourned to meet May 29.

WM. T. ALLEN, Tp. Clerk.

Canadian Bank of Commerce

Opens Beautiful New Building in Belleville

On the 21st inst. the Canadian Bank of Commerce opened their new premises at the corner of Front and Campbell streets in Belleville. Sir Edmund Walker, President of the Bank, and Mr. R. A. Rumsey, Chief Inspector, were present. Sir Edmund Walker gave a very interesting address and he referred to the fact that the Bank has now over 932 officers at the front fighting for the Empire, of whom 30 or 40 have fallen, and the total casualties are over 100.

At a luncheon served at the Hotel Quinte, prior to the reception, Mr. C. M. Stork, local Manager of the Bank, made an address of welcome to the guests; Sir McKenzie Bowell and Sir Edmund Walker also spoke.

The new building, which was designed by the Bank's own architect, is one of the finest, if not the finest, business structure in Belleville and is indeed a credit to the city. It is beautiful without undue ornament and it is exceptionally well fitted to the needs of the Bank. On the third floor very fine rooms are fitted up for the convenience and comfort of the staff. The Canadian Bank of Commerce is one of the largest and strongest financial institutions in Canada and the new Belleville Branch is indeed a credit to it.

McPherson Shoe for Women

These Shoes are especially made for fine trade, and we would solicit a call from you to prove it foy yourself."

The Shoe that Stands Alone for Quality and Fit

RUBBERS

The sloppy and wet streets call for you to protect your feet. We carry the first quality Rubbers for men, women and children, to fit all heels.

G. C. MOON

Some of the Leading Features

in the Policies of

The Policy Holders Mutual Life Ins. Co.

of Canada.

Head Office - - Temple Building, Toronto

No Other Policy Nearly So Good

1. Premium rate from 10 to 25 per cent. lower than any other company in Canada for the same class of Policy.
2. Our Guaranteed Loan or Surrender Values are as good as the best.
3. Our Policies participate in the profits of the Company; all dividends are paid to you in cash, yearly, after the third year.
4. Every policyholder has the privilege of a thorough medical examination every year at the Company's expense.
5. Total abstainers are insured in a class by themselves, and will receive the larger profits their good habits insure.
6. This is a strong mutual Company, with all the security of full Government Reserve, one vote in the management of your Company with every $1,000 of insurance. Premiums may be paid yearly, half-yearly, quarterly or even monthly, at your convenience, without consulting the Company.
7. Free insurance for face value of Policy, for a specific term of years after the third year in force, if you are sick or are unable to pay premium, etc., etc.

A. H. Watson, Madoc, Local Agent

SMOKERS, ATTENTION!

You will find our stock of

Case Pipes, Cigars and Tobaccos

The Best we have ever had. Now is the time to buy.

See Our Cigars and Pipes.

VANDERVOORT'S BARBER SHOP

Vandervoort Bros

General Merchants

We wish to advise the farmers that we have signed a contract to sell the Dodd System of Lightning Rods this season. This is the same system used by the government on their buildings at the Experimental Farms, Guelph. If you are thinking of protecting your buildings this season, get our prices before doing so. We strongly recommend you to write Professor Day at Guelph and get his bulletin No. 220 on Lightning Rods and be convinced that Dodd's System is the best. Call and see a sample and get some information. A duplicate warranty approved by the Department of Insurance with each equipment, there standing behind each building rod.

Phone 60r2, Eldorado Ontario

SATURDAY SPECIALS

Pork and Beans	-	3 cans	25c
Standard Peas	-	3 cans	25c
Sweet Corn	-	3 cans	25c
Nice String Beans	-	3 cans	25c
Spy Apples	- -	3 cans	25c
Sardines	- -	6 boxes	25c

(Limit 6 to a customer)

HARRIS' CORNER STORE

Post Office Block.

THE NEWEST

Spring Styles in Men's Suits

A truly wonderful assortment of the newest ideas in Suits for spring are now here awaiting your approval. Come and see them—even if you don't want to buy.

Special in Men's Ready-to-Wear Suits, $8, $10, $12, $15, $1

New Spring Hats

Our spring stock is complete. Come and make your selection now—it's the best time. Prices $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50

New Boots

Biggest range of men's fine and work Boots ever shown at the old prices.

Men's fine Boots, $2.50 to $5

" work " $2 to $4

New Ties

New shipment of Neckwear just arrived, newest styles and colors - - 25c, 50c

New Shirts

You will always be sur high quality Shirts if them here.

Men's fine Shirts,

Men's work Shi

GEORGE WEST

Smut Treatment, FORMALIN

for wheat smut, oat smut and barley smut.

Put up in 30c., 50c. and 75c. bottles

Full Directions on Bottle.

Vince's Popular Drug Store, Madoc

Suits to Suit Everybody

Come in and see the clothes that make men look young and feel young. Don't you worry about the fitting---that's our business---and we will be sure **not to let** you walk out of our store in a suit unless it does fit you.

Prices range from $5 to $30

Having engaged Mr. Thos. Macli, an expert tailor, we are now in a position to attend to business more promptly.

Cleaning and Pressing attended to by skilled workman on shortest notice.

R. McGHEE

"Madoc's Leading Tailor."

CREAM

We want Yours
WINTER AND SUMMER
We pay Express and Furnish Cans
Profitable Prices Promptly Paid

References { The Molsons Bank—Belleville / Our Satisfied Patrons—Everywhere

WRITE US

BELLEVILLE CREAMERY, L'td.

9-3m Belleville, Ont.

Attention Customers !

Did you ever stop to consider that you can save money by buying your Clocks, Watches and Jewelry from me.

Engraving done free on all goods bought from this store.

Watch and Clock repairing done promptly and satisfaction guaranteed.

Thos. Tucker,

Jeweler and Optician.

Elephant Ready Mixed Paints and Alabastine.

M.W. Connor & Son

MRS. TROTTER

will hold her

Millinery Opening

with a full and select stock of Hats on

Wed'day & Thursday, This Week

She also has a stock of Fancy Goods, Stamped Linens, Towels and Threads.

Surrogate Court

Letters of administration with the will annexed of the estate of Tavis Fleming, the elder, late of the town of Huntingdon, yeoman, granted to Mary Jane Fleming, administratrix, with the will annexed. Wm. Cross, proctor for administratrix.

—Flower Pots, 5c. 7c. 8c and 10c. at G. A. Rollins'.

Mr. Sneyd, Manager of the Merchant's Bank, Belleville, was a guest at the Rectory on Sunday and assisted Mr. Smart in the services.

—BUTTER PAPER Vegetable Parchment, in sizes for rolls or pound prints. THE REVIEW Office.

HOME NEWS

—Save Friday night, April 28, for "Plum Valley," a rural comedy drama in four acts, presented by Oakdale Rebekah Lodge, No. 134, for patriotic purposes.

Remember the Institute Dance on Easter Monday. 12-4

Mr. H. M. Price, late of the Bancroft Times, has been engaged on the staff of The Review.

Miss Gladys Morton spent the week-end at her home in St. Ola.

Dr. H. Wright, of Stirling, was in town and gave his old friends the glad hand.

Miss Lena Rollins, of Cooper, who has been attending Albert College, came home last week.

—Save your burned out Tungstens.

Miss Kathleen Caverly is this week visiting her uncle, Mr. R. Cook, M.P., at Harold.

—Fresh Fish and Fresh Pork Sausage Saturday at Harris' Corner Store.

Sgt. Edgar Matthews, of the 155th Batt., was home from Madoc over Moyday.—Stirling Leader.

—We will sell 100 pound bags of Sugar at less than you can buy a carload in Toronto or Montreal. Harris' Corner Store.

Mr. and Mrs. George Morgan and Miss Annie Kelly, of Thurlow, were guests at the home of Mr. W. Kelly on Sunday.

—The Williams strong shoe for men and the Empress fine shoe for ladies is guarrnteed to give satisfaction. Enquire of your friends who have worn them, for sale at the Ludbrook Shoe Store.

The ladies of Argyle Chapter, I.O.D.E., have promised to present the 155th Battalion with their colours. This chapter is composed of the wives, daughters, sisters and mothers of the officers. This offer has been accepted.

On Monday, March 20th, 1916, Winifred Elizabeth Phelps, B.A., second daughter of Rev. L. and Mrs. Phelps, Haileybury, Ont., was married to Arthur Pearson McKenzie, M.A., Lieut. 124th Battalion, C.E.F., son of Rev. Dr. D. R. and Mrs McKenzie, of Tokio, Japan, by Rev. L. Phelps, father of the bride.

—Say, how are your Rubbers and Shoes holding out? When you want anything in this line give us an opportunity of showing our goods to you, and if you don't buy your call will be appreciated in any event. We still have our bargain counter full of 25% reductions. Call in and inspect our goods of quality.

Backward, swing backward, oh season of snow, mercury fifteen or twenty below. Turn on the heat of the tropical zone; roast me until I am cooked to the bone. I am so tired of freezing my nose, weary of chilblains and corns on my toes, weary of trying to sleep with cold feet, turn on the heat, Mister, turn on the heat! Backward, swing backward, oh, time in your flight; give me July again just for tonight. Soften the ground where the Frost King has lain; oh, let me hear one mosquito again. I am so weary of snow drifts and ice, weary of paying the coal trust its price, weary of eating frost-bitten pie, give me a slice of good old July.

SALE

of Home Cooking, etc.

Dale's Bank, Sat., April 1st

No one will be asked to contribute to this sale except through this notice. Give what you can. Every little helps.

Mrs. W. Stephenson and Miss Hallstone will receive and sell the articles sent in.

Be as liberal as possible. Cakes and pies find a ready sale.

Proceeds to provide material for the M.W.P.L.

Minutes of M.W.P.L.

The last meeting of the Madoc Women's Patriotic League was held in the Armouries on March 28th with Mrs. Jas. Whytock, the President, in the chair. The minutes were read and confirmed and all bills relating to March 17th supper ordered paid. The Treasurer, Mrs. Harper, reported a good surplus of cash on hand. The Secretary, Mrs. Cross, reported 814 pairs of socks knitted to date, of which Miss Cross had brought in 100 pairs, a little less than one-eighth of the total number, also Mrs. Margaret Brown, of Jarvis Settlement, who lives alone as her adopted son has enlisted in the 155th, with hands badly crippled by rheumatism, had knit 16 pairs since January 1st. Some of us evidently are not doing our full share of knitting. An urgent appeal for help from the National Secours was read and fully discussed, and the Society decided to show their appreciation of our gallant ally by sending a check for $50 to be used to procure comforts for the French soldiers. It was announced that Dr. McTavish had kindly consented to address the League on "Heredity" at the next meeting, April 11th, at 4 p.m. Everyone is invited.

In the Military Circle

155th Battalion, C.E.F.

Corp. Bailey, of the 80th Batt., Belleville, has an attack of the measles.

Pte. C. R. Watson this week attended a military tribunal convened at the 124th Battalion headquarters, Toronto.

At the baseball matches in the Armouries on Tuesday evening "The Crescents" defeated "The McMullens" by a score of 20 to 14 and the Soldiers defeated the Merchants by 23 to 16. These games are very popular and should receive the patronage of the public.

Gunner F. W. Allen is quarantined at Bramshott Camp with the measles.

Marmora Herald:—There was an amusing incident last week. One of the boys went home to his billet. He had been to a celebration and indulged a little. Upon his arrival home he started to prepare for bed. He carefully took off one puttee and then quit and after a while he couldn't tell for the life of him whether he was going to bed or getting up. He started to dress again but, looking at the clock, he saw his mistake and went to bed. In the morning he had a great hunt for one puttee, and after a long search he discovered it. He had put it on the wrong leg—the leg of the table.

News Notes About Town

(By Our Own Reporter)

Mrs. John Stewart, who was taken suddenly ill on Sunday, is much improved.

A number of Bancroft business men look upon Madoc as a very industrious town. We hope to see more of them locate here in the near future.

Mr. Tom Scott, at one time a popular resident of Madoc, is now travelling from coast to coast for one of the largest shoe houses in the Dominion. One of our readers had a very pleasant chat with him in Belleville Saturday.

Miss Josie Fisher, of Bancroft, spent a few days in town this week the guest of Miss Mary Hart.

The Anglo-American Talc Co. are busy erecting a new talc mill near the site of their talc mine. They expect to begin operations in a course of two or three months.

Mr. C. P. Barrager, of Napanee, has been spending a few days this week in town on business.

Mr. C. G. Moon's shoe store looks bright and inviting, and we feel sure he will get a share of the shoe business. We called and noted that the shelves are nicely stocked. Mr. Moon intends making a number of alterations in his store.

Miss Lela Weir has accepted a position in Mr. B. O'Hara's store.

Mr. John Smith is confined to his home with the measles.

Messrs. Jackson and Kelly left for Bannockburn this morning to load several cars of lumber for the Meaford Lumber Co.

The Presbyterian Y. P. Society entertained the Methodist Epworth League on Tuesday evening. The League provided a very fine program, the Y. P. Society served a very dainty lunch.

Hymeneal

Tweed News:—Mr. Duncan F. Blue and Miss Maggie McFarland were married in Tweed at the home of Mr. W. J. Robson on Wednesday, the 22nd inst., Rev. Mr. Rattray officiating. The bridegroom is a brother of Mr. Neil Blue, who for some time was a well known and respected citizen of our town, but who is now settled in Alberta. Immediately after the ceremony the married couple left for Montreal and other Eastern points on their honeymoon. Congratulations.

MOTHER SUPERIOR

Says Vinol Creates Strength

Rosary Hill Home, Hawthorne, N.Y. —"I have used Vinol for many run-down, weak or emaciated patients with benefit. One young woman was so weak and ill she could hardly creep to my door for aid. I supplied Vinol to her liberally and in a month I hardly recognized her. She was strong, her color charming and her cheeks rounded out."—MOTHER M. ALPHONSA LATHROP, O. S. D.,

We guarantee Vinol to sharpen the appetite, aid digestion, enrich the blood and create strength.

J. Will Vince, Druggist, Madoc.

CURE DANDRUFF FOR 50 CTS.

THAT'S CHEAP ENOUGH FOR ANY ONE

It's easy, and you take no risk. Step in to-day, and get a large 50 cent bottle of PARISIAN SAGE, the germ killing hair restorer.

If it does not cure dandruff in two weeks we will give you your money back.

PARISIAN SAGE is a pleasant, daintily perfumed tonic and hair grower. It is guaranteed to stop falling hair or itching of the scalp, and to cure all diseases of the scalp and hair.

PARISIAN SAGE has many imitators —get the genuine.

Riordon's Red Cross Drug Store

Your Complexion

March winds will steal it away if you do not safeguard it.

The softer, fairer and more delicate your shin, the more quickly they will make it rough and red.

Remember the finest complexion can be ruined through neglect, and a complexion that is naturally unattractive can be made soft, white and beautiful by care and attention.

You can depend on

Nyals Face Cream

to guard your complexion from weather wear

25c Jars

RIERDON'S Red Cross Drug Store

PHONE 73

Successor to T. G. Whitfield.

Up-to-Date Machine Shop

Having one of the most complete and up-to-date Machine Shops in Hastings County, I am now prepared to do machine work of all description, such as repairing Sawing Machines, Gasoline Engines, Threshing Outfits, Threading Bolts, Pipes, etc., and in fact anything that needs expert workmanship and aup-to-the-minute machinery.

Give Us A Call And Be Convinced

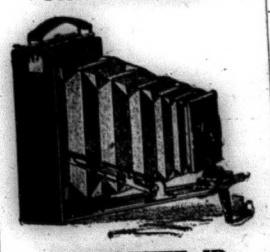
We also cater to the Autoists and have a full line of Auto Accessories on hand. Our Bowser Gasoline Tank is always ready to supply your wants.

AGENCY FOR THE McLAUGHLIN MOTOR CAR

P. H. NAYLER

Machine Shop and Garage Phone 88 Opposite Blue's Hotel, Madoc

Just a Trifle Larger than the Picture It Takes



PREMOETTE JR.

So small that you'd hardly think it could make 2¼x3¼ pictures. Made of aluminum, fitted with Kodak ball-bearing shutter and tested lens, it is a marvel of compactness and dependability.

The finest little Camera for $5 you ever saw

We want to show it to you. Step into the store and get a Premo Catalogue. No obligation, but if you like pictures we would like to show you how easily you can make them yourself with a Premo.

Geo. F. Maybee

Jeweler and Optician

I Have a Full Line of

Fruits

Apples

Pineapples

Cranberries

Oranges

Lemons

Figs

Dates

Evaporated Apples

Prunes, etc.

A. McBAIN

McINTOSH BROS

Embroidery Sale

Corset Cover Embroidery

This 17-inch corset cover Embroidery is rarely sold at such a low figure. Dainty designs to sell at per yard **15c**

Embroidery Flouncing

17 inches wide and is neatly embroidered on a fine quality material. - - per yard **15c**

Cambric Embroidery

Patterns carefully worked on good quality cloth, 3 and 5 inches wide - - per yard **5c**

McINTOSH BROS.

—Royalite Oil, 20c gal. delivered to any part of town. G. A. Rollins.

Messrs. Russell McCoy, Alfred and Wm. McCarey and Clarence Carmen left for the West on Tuesday.

Seed Oats for Sale.—600 bus. for sale at 60c. per bushel, free from all noxious seeds and smut. Apply to John Smith, Madoc. 12-2p

Millie Smith, who has been visiting friends in Detroit and other American cities, came home this week.

W. G. SILLS

MADOC

SOLE AGENT FOR

Heintzman Pianos

New Scale Williams Pianos and Edison Phonographs

Will Sell

Sheet Music.

About the House

Useful Hints and General Information for the Busy Housewife

Dainty Dishes.

Pepper and Celery Salad.—Three cups chopped celery, one cup broken walnut meats, pepper cups for individual service and mayonnaise sufficient to make celery and walnut mixture of right salad consistency. Fill pepper cups and set on ice. Garnish with nut meats and celery.

Apple cream is a tasty dessert. Peel and core tart apples; slice and weigh them and to three pounds take one cupful of sugar; put in a granite kettle with the grated rind and the juice of one lemon, two cloves and one in ch of stick cinnamon, simmer slowly until the apples are very tender, then rub through a colander Scald one pint of fresh cream, mix with it the apple pulp and serve cold.

Planked Steak, Potatoes.—Heat plank through before placing meat on it. Brush meat over with olive oil, dust with pepper and salt and lay plank in broiling oven for fifteen or twenty minutes. When steak is nearly done, take plank from oven and garnish by pressing mashed potatoes through pastry tube in little nests around steak. Fill nests with buttered peas.

Onion Soup With Cheese.—Four medium sized onions, three tablespoons butter, one quart stock, American cheese, toast. Slice onions thin and cook them gently in butter until perfectly tender, but not browned. Add to stock and let simmer five minutes. Cut slices of cheese one-fourth inch thin and lay on toast. Set in oven until cheese melts, put slice of toast in each soup plate and pour soup over it.

Prune Souffle.—Wash one pound prunes thoroughly in several waters and soak over night in warm water to cover. Place over fire in morning with one-half cup sugar and simmer slowly until they are soft and tender. Stone and pass through sieve. Crack pits, chop kernels fine and add to prune pulp. Beat whites of three eggs very stiff and fold in. Place in baking dish and bake about twenty minutes, until puffed up and whites of eggs set. Have oven at moderate heat.

Jellied Chicken Salad makes a fine luncheon dish. Cut up into small cubes sufficient cold cooked chicken to make a quart. Season well with salt and pepper, add two cupfuls of celery cut fine, and moisten thoroughly with plain gelatine dissolved in a little hot chicken stock. Pour into pans the depth of about half an inch and set in a cool place until firm. At serving time, cut the jellied chicken in strips, arrange on a bed of lettuce.

To make walnut salad break the shells of some walnuts, remove the kernels carefully, blanch them to remove the skins, place them on a dish, squeeze over them the juice of one or two lemons, sprinkle with salt and pepper, and let them macerate for three hours, turning them about occasionally. At the end of that time they will be ready for serving, and will make a very nice dish arranged on a lettuce leaf. If the juice of some unripe grapes can be obtained, it will be preferable to the lemon juice.

To make codfish-balls shred one cup of raw codfish and press into the cup, put two and one-fourth cups of potato cubes in a saucepan, add the fish and cover with boiling water. Cook until the potatoes are tender, but not mushy. Drain in a colander, mash thoroughly. Add one-eighth of a teaspoonful of salt, a quarter teaspoonful of pepper, one tablespoonful of vegetable oil, beat with a fork until light and fluffy, add one egg well beaten and beat again. Shape into balls, brush over with beaten egg, toss in fine breadcrumbs and fry in smoking hot oil. Drain on white paper and serve hot, decorated with sprigs of parsley.

Jellied Apples.—Pare and halve tart apples, then core, making good sized cavity in each half. Put two cups sugar on to boil with two cups water and in about ten minutes add apples, letting them cook slowly until tender and transparent. Take out apples, drain and arrange in dish, filling cavities with orange or strawberry marmalade mixed with chopped nuts. Add enough water to syrup in which apples were cooked to make one pint, flavor with lemon extract and stir into liquid one tablespoon gelatin or jelly powder dissolved in a little cold water. If pink gelatin is not used, color pink with fruit coloring, and pour over apples in dish. When cold and firm, turn out and serve with custard sauce.

Household Hints.

Corn and milk-fed chickens are tenderest.

Cakes without butter require a quick oven.

No tea table is complete without a lemon dish.

Plunging soiled linen into boiling water will set the stains.

It pays better to buy regular scrub clothes than to use up old rags.

If very warm bedroom slippers are desired, they can be lined with shaker flannel.

It is a good idea to keep one pint jar just for melting chocolate, then no chocolate is wasted.

The vinegar in which pickles have been preserved can be used over and over again for the purpose.

When a man's winter suit is put away for the summer, great care should be taken that there are no matches in the pockets.

Black tights made from mother's old stockings, are good for the baby to wear when he creeps a great deal and washing must be saved.

If the rollers of the wringer become yellow and stained, clean them by rubbing the rollers with a cloth saturated with paraffin.

It is said that if onions are parboiled for 10 minutes with a level teaspoonful of ginger in the water, they will cause no odor on the breath and no indigestion will follow.

Paint brushes that are hard and dry will soften if put into vinegar and allowed to simmer for ten minutes. Then wash them in soapsuds.

To stew meat properly, be sure that the water is boiling when it is poured over the meat, stand it where it will simmer and add salt when the meat is half done.

Hard-boiled eggs will shell more easily if they are plunged into cold water when they are taken from the fire; allow them to stand in the water until they are thoroughly cold.

It is better to soak ham for several hours in cold water to cover, then put in a kettle covered with cold water brought to boiling point and cooked slowly until tender.

If you want to peel oranges, pour boiling water over them and let them stand for five minutes. They will peel easily and all the bitter white skin will comt off with the rind.

Breaded veal is delicious treated in the following way: Dredge with flour, dip it in egg and bread crumbs, brown it in hot fat, then cover with milk and cook in a very slow oven until tender.

There is no dish more convenient to have for dinner on wash day than baked beans. Put into the oven in the morning, add a little water to prevent their getting dry and at 6 o'clock they are ready to serve.

In the hot season the occasional cool day should be seized to do a lot of baking—such as a batch of cookies, or piecrust shapes that can be filled as the need arises.

When scissors become dull, put a pin between the blades and rub it up and down, working the blades as in cutting. This will put a new edge on the scissors and takes but a moment's time.

When the spring of a window shade is run down, it is a good idea to wind it up with a buttonhook—putting the hook around the small metal end which is to be turned.

When the whites of eggs are used without the yokes, put the yokes in a bowl, cover them with water and keep them in the refrigerator. They can be used in some way.

The Fashions

Spanish Combs and Scarfs Worn.

The Spanish influence, they call our tendency this season toward ruffles, flounces, laces, full short skirts, and

7023-7041

Novel Skirt Drapery.

basques. Whether it will really be an important issue in the summer fashions is yet to be seen; so far it is being noticed only in a strong leaning toward the deep Spanish flounce of lace on dance and dinner dresses, and on lingerie summer frocks.

In the fascinating Fandango, danced in the second act of Goyescas, the dancer wears a charming little frock of yellow, with two deep black lace flounces joined to veil the skirt from below a deep yoke depth; the frock is so dainty and graceful that it should incline us all to Spanish lace flounces.

The Vogue of Lace.

Much lace is being used on dresses aside from flounces. One of the favorite methods is to veil a deep band of lace in the bodice, as shown in our first

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A Charming Use of Lace.

illustration, and another use is shown in the sleeves and front panel effect on the other frock. The metal laces, rather heavy in weave, are especially effective for veiling purposes. The gold and silver bandings are most attractive. Often in the costume blouse the lace is attached to a fresh colored lining, or is veiled first with pale pink chiffon and the pink in turn veiled with the dark blue black, or other shade of the blouse.

Raglan and Drop Shoulders.

Becoming and graceful for all types is the drop-shoulder, especially when the blouse or frock is fashioned of a soft, drapy stuff like crepe Georgette, chiffon or some of the soft silk crepes. The fad for trimming these soft materials with colored beads is one of the most artistic and effective notions we have seen for many a day. A blouse in Russian style, imported recently by one of our smart shops, was fashioned of a dull copper-colored crepe de Chine. It closed straight down the front and the raglan shoulders were outlined front and back with a banding of burnished beads, in several tones, shading from gold to copper. The loose waist was held in slightly at the normal waistline with a twisted cord of the beads with tasselled ends. It was a garment which could be appropriately worn with separate skirt for the street, without a coat.

While there are some rather complex ideas this spring, the majority of frocks and blouses are simplicity itself; anyone who can handle a needle can fashion them, if she will keep one or two imporant facts in mind: first, that the new shoulder line is sloping; second, that sleeves, while loose, should give an indication of the shape of the arm. A tight-fitting cuff will serve to do this becomingly; thir, that skirts must curve over the hips, unless they are the full-gathered models, and must be as full below the hips as possible.

Many of the dainty sheer cottons, voiles, organdies, crepes and similar fabrics, are being made up in the regulation shirt-waist-dress style, with perhaps a bit of colored embroidery or a band or two of ribbon for trimming. Ribbon, in the soft summer colorings, picot-edged, or plain taffeta or moire, is being used quite extravagantly on frocks and blouses of all descriptions. They are dainty, summery, and may be easily tacked on or taken off when the frock requires tubbing.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from The McCall Co., 70 Bond Street, Department "W."

Recipe for Success.

If you wish to get ahead and stay ahead, use a head.

Some men no sooner get a job than they begin to kick for a day off.

A tight man and a loose dog are equally dangerous.

Any woman may drive her husband to drink, but she can not make him take water.

Some people are so grasping that they take things not granted whether they want them or not.

BABY BUNTING

"This isn't a healthy road for travelling in broad daylight," said Pinkerton. "Sw-w-wish! There goes another!"

With a wail of a lost spirit, suffering a very bad attack of toothache, a roving shell screamed overhead, and Pinkerton and his companion wallowed in the mire for a brief spell, flat as flounders.

"No!" replied the Engineer. "I should thing it isn't! But we ain't out here exactly for our health—what? Pah!"

He spat out a mouthful of germinous Flanders grit, and then raised his head, cautiously surveying the landscape.

There were only two of them on this trip—Pinkerton, because he was supposed to "know the road" (There wasn't any road, but that didn't matter), and the young Engineer, his companion. Pinkerton, travelling light, had his rifle and a few rounds of ammunition only with him.

The Engineer was unarmed. It was a pallid slim young man, with a face "sicklied o'er with the pale cast of thought," a tight, hard mouth, and crisp hair curling under his cap. Above his ears his hair showed grey, though he could not have been much over twenty.

But there is nothing unusual in that; many of the sappers and miners of the R.E. in this war are Methuselahs to look at. It is their job that makes them so.

This young-old man wore a grey jersey tightly drawn over his shirt He was wearing shorts and running-shoes, and slung from his shoulder was a canvass bag. The general appearance of him reminded Pinkerton of the old paper-chasing days at school. But the illusion of hare-and-hounds ended at the contents of the canvas bag. Inside it, instead of torn-up copy books, there reposed sticks of dynamite.

The objective of this couple of adventurers was at present out of sight beyond a tuft of trees over the ridge known as "No Man's Cemetery." It was a small farmhouse perilously close to the German lines, and, though invisible now to Pinkerton and his companion, could be plainly seen from the British position. And it was in the way. It had to be removed. And it was in the way. It had to be removed, speedily, and with as little fuss as possible.

Two or three neatly-placed shells could have done it easily enough, but that would have disclosed the lair of the recently-arrived R.F.A. battery. And, until the time came for barking, that battery had to lie "doggo." So the pleasant little task of "lifting it" was handed out to Corporal Anstruther, with Pinky as guide, philosopher, and friend.

Night is generally chosen for these ticklish jobs, but this being an emergency "hustle," it had to be carried out in the full glare of day, somewhat to the natural annoyance of Corporal Anstruther, R.E.

At this moment a devil's dance of shell and shrapnel was going on overhead and all round; for some reason or other the German gunners were suffering from a very jumpy attack of nerves. Presently there was a lull, and Pinkerton and the Engineer took advantage of it to advance in a succession of desperate crawls to the ridge.

Here another fusillade opened, and the two took shelter under the lee of a huge recumbent German. This elephantine Hun advertised, very unpleasantly, the fact that he had been dead many days.

"Pheu!" ejaculated Anstruther from his side of the body. "Kindly pass your gold-stoppered bottle of smellin' salts, Pinky. I'd rather be punctured than poisoned any day. Let's get a move on, and chance it!"

So they chanced it, and crawled along snakily toward the farmhouse.

There's somebody on the roof," said Pinkerton, as a bullet pinged past his ear.

"Sniper," replied the Engineer. "Wait until I get underneath him with this little box o' tricks,"—he patted his canvas bag lovingly—"then he'll wish he hadn't!"

The grim cure of his resolute mouth straightened out almost to a grin.

. . . . . .

Thanks to the broken ground in the vicinity, they reached the farmhouse without further adventure, and Pinkerton's job, according to his instructions, was over. But he intended staying to see the game through—at a safe distance.

He watched Anstruther crawl toward a small lean-to, with a sloping roof of corrugated iron, built on to the northern end of the house. Carrying his precious canvas bag in his teeth like a retriever, the Engineer wriggled through the small window, and disappeared.

From his hiding-place behind the manure hill Pinkerton watched the house, and particularly the roof, with the keen eye of the trained observer. Nothing moved, above or below; the farmhouse appeared to be empty and desolate—even the sniper had vanished.

Then, very grudgingly, he crept round to the other side of the building, found an unboarded window pretty high up, hoisted himself by a sheer effort of muscle, until his eyes were level with the sill, and looked into the room for an instant, and no more.

At the sight which confronted him his grip gave way upon the edge of the window-sill, and he fell back with a thud. He felt his hair rise. A sudden suffusion of cold sweat drenched him like a shower bath.

Sitting in the middle of the room, at a small table was a mild-featured spectacled German, bald, fat and beaming. Though he was wearing the familiar grey uniform and the high boots of the Saxon regiment to which he belonged, he presented more the appearance of an amiable, retired pork butcher than a soldier.

On his knee was a small child, extravagantly dressed in black, with a big black bow in her yellow hair. In spite of her garb of orphan woe, she was laughing gaily as the fat, fatherly old German jigged her up and down on his knee to the gallop, no doubt, of something akin to the ancient refrain:

"Baby, baby Bunting.
Daddy's gone a-bunting."

The amazing, unexpected picture photographed itself indelibly upon Pinkerton's brain. It had been the merest lightning-flash of a snapshot, but he remembered every tiny detail of it ever afterwards—the merry light in the child's blue tyes, the flash of baby teeth as she laughed, the reflected beam of gaiety in the old German's countenance, his treble chin, the goggly gleam of his immense glasses, the shine of his bald head, the telephone at his elbow on the little table—even the huge signet ring on his finger.

In a few more seconds, according to the widest calculation, that farmhouse would be a splintered smash of ruin. Mr. Anstruther, R.E., was not a man to waste precious timt. Already, no doubt, the fuse was laid, th young man in the football jersey deliberately ticking off the fateful seconds.

The problem was, what to do; the best thing, the quickest—not an instant could be lost.

A thousand schemes flashed through Pinkerton's head, one tubling over the other in confusion worse confounded. But it was instinct which sped him round to the other side of the house, to meet Anstruther wriggling backwards out of the little window.

The Engineer dropped lightly, turned, and saw Pinkerton, pallid and gasping, standing close by him.

"Scoot!" said the Engineer. "Best foot foremost, or it will be Kingdom Come! Why, what's up man? You look as though you've seen a ghost!"

"Quick — quick — quick!" gasped Pinkerton, fighting for the words which would not come. "For God's sake! There's a kiddy in the house!"

"You don't say!" muttered the Engineer, jerking up his left arm, and looking at the dial of his wrist-watch. "In sixty-five seconds. . . . . I might just do it!"

He made a wild dive for the little window, like a swimmer—hands up. Pinkerton saw his legs squirming ah he wormed his body through the aperture, and himself rushed round to the other side of the house.

The latch of the door, which was closed, would not yield to his fumbling fingers. He hurled himself upon it shoulder foremost, with the old football charge. It gave way with a resounding crash. He staggered into the room.

The old German was still fondling the little French child. At the smash of the bursting door he gathered her to his breast with one arm, and seeing Pinkerton standing there, considered him, naturally enough, as an enemy. He grabbed his rifle, and fired it, one-handed, and clumsily at Pinkerton.

The noise of the explosion in the confined space of the small room was almost deafening. The bullet struck the ceiling high over Pinkerton's head. The child screamed.

"Out-out!" yelled Pinkerton. Give me the child, you—you idiot! This house is mined! In less than half a minute we shall all be blown to bits!"

"Ach! Ach!" jabbered the German, who did not comprehend. And as he was preparing to fire again, Pinkerton flung himself upon him, ait him a smashing blow under the jaw—it was cruel with so old a man, but necessary —and dragged the screaming child away.

And as he backed out of the door, still urging the old man to follow him, he saw the bewildered Hun groping in a dazed fashion for the telephone-receiver. . . .

Then he ran and ran, with the child half strangling him as he clutched at his neck. After all, perhaps, Anstruther, R.E., had managed to break the fuse in time, There had been no explosion. Wonderful chap, Anstruther! He turned and looked back. There was the farmhouse, quiet, lonely, and silent as ever.

"I want to go back—back home!" wailed the frightened child, speaking in her native language, which Pinky understood. "Take me back home!"

She waved her little hand toward the farmhouse; then stared with amazed, wide-open eyes as the whole building suddenly collapsed. A puff of smoke shot out from the roof. Then there was a roar, and the shock of it flung Pinkerton and the child, unhurt, upon the soft earth.

Corporal Anstruther,R.E., had accomplished the first part of the task he had set out to do. As for the second—well, something must have gone wrong with the time-fuse. Or, perhaps, the amiable old Hun—the pork butcher in uniform—had blundered again.

We shall never know, for the record of Corporal Anstruther's career comes to an end, in the official list, thus:

"Anstruther, Jas., Corporal, R.E.—Missing."—London Answers.

THE SUNDAY LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON.
MARCH 26.

The Great Multitude—Review. Golden Text: Revelation 7. 16. 17.

1. The Bible and the crowd. The Scripture deals with men in the mass and with individuals. It faces the need of the crowd and of the single soul wrestling with its destiny. It closes, not with a vision of a few chosen individuals or a chosen people lifted to eternal blessedness, but of a great multitude winning through to the Eternal City. One of the greatest needs of Christianity is that its preachers and teachers should learn to think religion in group terms. They must get the vision of God which Jesus declared was minutely personal and yet is also wider than the race. The ancient prophet shows us the compassion of God brooding over the helpless children and the dumb beasts of that great city of Nineveh, "six-score thousand that knew not their right hand over their left, and also much cattle." Jesus shows us the heart of God as the tears stream down his face when he thinks of the needs of the crowded life of Jerusalem.

2. A community religion. The lessons for the quarter have been the story of the development of a community religion. The little company of the disciples is enlarged into a commonwealth working out their common life together; then comes the story of their reaching out, touching far cities and gathering in other peoples; the host of witnesses, heroes, and martyrs of the faith are unseen helpers; they belong to the company. Now comes the vision of the great result —a glimpse of that great far-off day when the life of God shall fill the earth, when for the common people the rough places shall have been made simple and the crooked places straight, when in the justice and righteousness of the common life all flesh together shall see the glory of the Lord revealed. The purpose of our religion is not simply the salvation of souls, but the redemption of the world.

3. Is the individual lost? For a long while the church has been thinking only of the individual. It is truly said that Jesus has discovered him. We can never stop thinking of him. The crowd cannot deal with him alone. To find him and save him we must find his relationship to the crowd and the crowd's relationship to him. We must lift the pressure of the crowd from his life. We cannot leave him in the jail after the slum has robbed his life of strength and surrounded it with evil. We cannot take him out of the crowd. We must change the slum if we are to do this. This will not take responsibility away from individuals; it will increase it. It will not let them escape by saying it was not their fault; it will set them to work to change the conditions that overcame them.

4. Body and Soul. There is no description of the Holy City by the prophets and seers which does not specifically declare that the physical needs of life are met. They declare and again that there shall be no want and no complaining, no sorrow, no crying, that God shall wipe away all tears. This lesson does not merely give a figurative description of a shephard meeting the need of the sheep for food, water, and shelter. Thet prophets and the apostles were face to face with the active physical needs of the poor. They endeavor to meet them. When they write their visions of the City of God they literally mean that hunger and pain have been removed and shelter has been provided. For they see that city built upon earth. Their dreams had foundation. It is no mere disembodied bliss that is described, but an actual condition of community life from which the sin of the soul and the need of the body have been removed. If the church to-day cared as much about the hunger of the body as the prophets and the apostles, it would have a more vital message for the sin of the soul.

5. The twofold gospel. Man's dual nature, body and soul, flesh and spirit, is interdependent. Each needs the other: the body to strengthen the spirit and the spirit to subdue the flesh. Jesus proclaimed a gospel that helped each to help the other, that led them both into the ideal life. An evangelist recently asked, "If a man is hungry, shall I give him the gospel or shall I feed him?" The answer is, both. For the second development of our community life we need that both shall be done together by the same group. When the politicians only are looking after the needs of the body—air, water, light, food, and shelter, and the preachers only are looking after the needs of the spirit, then comes disaster in church and state. The needs of the spirit are the needs of the body, and the needs of the body are the needs of the spirit. A sound community program must minister to them together in their joint relationship.

Some men keep themselves poor by trying to beat other men at their own games.

When washing black silk stockings add a teaspoonful of vinegar to the rinsing water. This will keep the good color.

New Advertisements.

Advertisements under this head, one inch space,—50c. first insertion, 25c. each subsequent insertion 15c. per month after first month

Special Meeting

The stockholders of Champion Cheese Factory are requested to be present at a meeting in the factory at 7 o'clock on Wednesday, April 5th, for the transaction of special business

JOHN D. NICKLE, President

13-4p

For Sale or to Rent

Fine Farm in Township of Madoc, 125 acres, 60 to 70 acres under cultivation, good sugar bush, balance pasture, good house and large barn, well watered. Apply to

D. E. K. STEWART, Barrister, Madoc, Ont.

11-3p

Notice to Depositors

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of J. C. Dale & Co. that the undersigned is prepared to pay the creditors or depositors who have not yet been paid a dividend of 15% upon their respective claims upon presentation of bank book. This dividend will be paid in the usual manner by deposit to the credit of the creditor at the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Madoc. Notice is further given that after the 31st inst. no further interest will be allowed on said dividend.

R. R. CASEMENT, Manager

12 Madoc, Ont., March 20, 1916.

Administratrix'

Notice to Creditors

In the matter of William H. Conley, late of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings, Yeoman, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to R.S.O. 1914, chapter 121 and amending Acts, that all persons having claims as creditors or otherwise against the estate of William H. Conley, late of the Township of Madoc, in the County of Hastings, Yeoman, deceased, who died on or about the 12th day of January, 1916, at the Township of Madoc aforesaid are required to send by post, prepaid, to the undersigned solicitor for the Administratrix of the said estate on or before the first day of May, 1916, their names and addresses and descriptions and a full statement of the particulars of their claims and the nature of the security, if any, held by them.

And take notice that after the said date the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have had notice, and the said administratrix will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claim or claims she shall not have had notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

Dated at Madoc this 21st day of March, 1916.

WILLIAM CROSS, Madoc, Ont., Solicitor for Elizabeth Conley, Administratrix for the said Estate.

12-4

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MADOC

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Be sure and get our Prices.
Terms reasonable. 12-1yr

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Tudhope Buggies

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of all descriptions

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Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

Munn & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Detlor

Springtime is with us again. Robins are to be heard and crows are much in evidence. The heavy falls of snow melted away quickly with the hot bright sunshine of the past week, and with a soft, steady downpour on Monday, very little snow is left on the non-drifted spots.

There is a movement to the effect of obtaining a rural mail route through Egan Creek vicinity and Point Anne, leave Carlow road for Turriff, out on side line to L'Amable and back to L'Amable station. If route is not granted Egan Creek post office will be transferred from Mrs. W. Smiths to Mr. E. Kingyens.

Some people of a certain class are very fond of popularity, and as a rule, those people are very popular. One Miss L. Tillotson seems to have attained some notoriety. Miss Tillotson was in our midst in June, 1915, and made an appointment with the President of the Ladies' Aid of Egan Creek Methodist church for a large concert to be held in March, the substance of which was that if they failed to have their concert to make over $100 they would forfeit to her the sum of $100, unless she failed to keep her appointment. She found a practically empty building to listen to her superior, eloquent abilities in elocution and we venture to wonder how are they going to settle the matter with her?

The lumbering camps will evidently soon be closed, but except for severe cold the winter has been ideal, being very little snow all through January and entire February.

May we ask who and what is Miss Tillotson? And where did she come from?

On Wednesday of last week, amid snow flakes and March airy breezes, Mr. and Mrs. A. Moore (nee Miss Grace E. Bradshaw) left L'Amable station en-route for their new home in the west, a short distance from Olds, Alberta. They will reside on the Moore Bros. Ranch. Miss Minnie Moore, sister of Mr. Moore, accompanied them and intends to make her home in the west for the future. We join in wishing them all bon voyage.

The victims of the epidemic in grippe are all apparently getting the grippe tension loosened. When the members of the Detlor branch of C. W. I. are recovered and the roads and weather at all favorable, they hope to get their heads together again and arrange some matters in aid of Red Cross work and patriotic funds.

A little visitor came to the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. Corneal and she has apparently decided to remain and Mr. Corneal is wearing a pleasant smile.

Ivanhoe

March 20th.

Drawing wood is the order of the day.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Clements and children took tea at Mr. R. Bruce's on Sunday.

Mr. Fred Broadworth spent Sunday at his home here.

Mr. and Mrs. H. McKinnon and Miss J. Tanner were guests of Mrs. R. Stout on Saturday evening.

The King's Messenger Class of St. Thomas church, Rawdon, held their annual meeting at the home of Miss Tanner on Wednesday last. A goodly number were present.

Wm. Courtney, of Harold, spent Monday at The Glenwood.

March 26.

Mrs. H. McKinnon spent a few days last week in Flinton.

Mr. and Mrs. A. McMullen were the guests of Jas. Johnston at Minto on Sunday.

Mrs. F. Cronkright was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Bullied, of Havelock, last week.

Mr. Nathan and Miss Katie Reid spent Sunday with Mrs. F. Broadworth.

Mrs. H. McMullen and Miss J. Bainbridge took tea at Mrs. F. Broadworth's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Sweet, of Harold, were guests of Miss Tanner on Monday.

Miss A. Dawson spent the week-end in Madoc.

Mr. Wm. Young is busy moving to his home near Hazzards.

Cooper

Preparations for sugar making is the order of the day.

Mr. A. Blair, of Belleville, spent the week-end in town.

Mrs. J. D. Johnson is on the sick list.

Miss Atha Hannah spent last week with Mrs. D. Fleming, at Ivanhoe.

Mr. S. Rollins spent the week-end out of town.

Miss Edna Bremner spent the week-end with her uncle, R. Hannah.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Blair, of Hazzards, spent Sunday with the former's parents.

Mr. Ferguson, our mail carrier, has been confined to his bed for the past few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Rollins and daughter spent Sunday with Mrs. Holland, at Crookston.

W. T. Allen has returned home after a few days at Rylston.

Mrs. A. Shore is spending a few days under the parental roof.

A number from here attended the Arch meeting in Queensboro on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Rollins paid a visit to the former's brother, James, of Peterboro, who expects to leave shortly for overseas duty.

Sgt. McCoy, of Belleville, spent Sunday in town.

Pte. Peter Canniff called one day last week.

—New stock of Wedding Stationery and Wedding Cake Boxes just arrived. Prices reasonable. Review Office.

WANTED CREAM

We have again advanced our prices for good quality Cream. We could use yours. It will be worth your while to write us.

TORONTO CREAMERY CO., Ltd., 59 Yonge st., Toronto

The Kokuro Vase

How It Established a Man's Good Name

By CLARISSA MACKIE

"It is understood that I purchase the house as it stands now, with all of its contents," warned John Day, as he sat in the office of the Japanese agent.

The Japanese bowed deferentially.

"Yes, Mr. Day. It shall be as you desire. My clerk has made an inventory of the contents of the Tatsayo house, and you will find that not even a shoji is out of place or a kakemono missing from the walls."

John Day nodded approval, and before the day closed he found himself the owner of the Tokyo residence of the late Henry Burdick, a self exiled American, whom he had known many years ago in the United States.

The house sat back from the street perhaps a hundred feet and was surrounded by a high stone wall without a door or any other sign of entrance to break its rough surface.

At the end of the wall was a red lacquered gate that led into a narrow lane bordered on either side by bamboos, whose feathery tops interlaced and formed a pale green roof overhead.

Halfway down this lane of bamboos was a door set in the wall leading straight into the garden of the house purchased by John Day. This was the main entrance and led up a flower bordered path to the veranda of the house.

Farther down the lane there was another door in the wall that gave entrance to the kitchen gardens and the servants' quarters.

The Tatsayo house, as the place was called in reference to the original builder and owner of the pretty residence, was now the home of John Day.

On that first evening spent in his new home Day wandered from one room to another with the inventory in his hands, checking off the contents of each apartment, until he felt assured that since the day of Henry Burdick's death not one article had been disturbed.

Henry Burdick's will had been a brief one. It directed that the house be sold and the proceeds, together with certain securities, be given to his relatives in New England. To John Day's surprise, he found himself named as an executor of the will.

It was a surprise because he and Henry Burdick were bitter enemies and had been ever since Day had discovered that Henry Burdick had deeply wronged him in a business matter and fled to Japan. Day's appearance in Tokyo a few days before Burdick's death was purely accidental, and he did not know that Burdick was aware of his presence. But the hastily drawn will and naming of Day as an executor gave color to his suspicion that Burdick had known of his presence in the Japanese capital and for some reason had desired to bring him in close touch with his affairs.

In their youth these two men had both been employed by the same firm of jewelers. A magnificent diamond was missed from the safe, and suspicion was divided between John Day and Henry Burdick. Burdick managed to clear himself of blame, but John Day was judged guilty by his firm, but permitted to remain with it and repay the value of the missing gem.

By denying himself of everything, even the barest necessaries, by remaining unmarried and devoting himself entirely to earning and saving money to pay back something which he had never taken, John Day had worked for twenty years. And now, forty-five years old, he found himself clear of debt to the jewelry firm of which he had been elected an honored member and was taking a well earned vacation and a trip around the world. It was a strange coincidence that landed him in Tokyo a few days before Henry Burdick's death, and that brought him into close touch with the affairs of the man who had deeply wronged him, for Day had always believed Burdick guilty.

"If Burdick had that diamond and never disposed of it, and I can find no trace of it in any of the markets of the world, then it is either untouched among his possessions or else he dropped it in midocean," mused John Day as he completed the inventory of the contents of the house.

He was strongly of the opinion that Burdick had concealed the diamond somewhere in the house, trusting to John Day to discover it and thus, in a fashion, right the great wrong that had been done.

The drawing room of the house was the most promising place, for it was furnished in a style that combined the rich simplicity of the orient with all the comforts of the occident.

John Day lingered long in this room before he went into the library adjoining. This room was a replica of the other, save that the walls were lined with bookshelves, which were burdened with curios.

Here Henry Burdick had spent many hours, and this was the room which must have witnessed his remorse if he had ever felt any for the dishonor he had brought upon John Day.

John Day touched a bell and summoned the house boy. It happened that he had been fortunate enough to engage the same faithful Japanese who had served Henry Burdick during a long residence in Tokyo.

"Hatsu," began John Day, looking keenly at the impassive face of the oriental, "I wish to ask you a few questions concerning the last hours of your late master, Mr. Burdick."

"Yes, honorable," returned the man, but Day fancied that the impassivity of his face was broken by a quiver of surprise.

"Did Mr. Burdick appear to be particularly concerned about any matter? Was he troubled in mind?"

"He had that appearance," returned Hatsu cautiously, after long thought.

"In what way?" asked Day sharply.

"He talked much to himself, and he was usually a silent man," said Hatsu thoughtfully. "One day, the very day he passed out into the hands of the gods, I found him wandering about the rooms, looking into hole and corner, and he was muttering words."

"What words?"

"I could not make for sure, honorable," returned the man after another interval of thought, "but it seemed that he wished to hide something, for he said over and over that he must conceal it, yet it must be found. 'Hidden and found, hidden and found,' those were his words.

"I was alarmed at his behavior, and I ran out for help. When I returned he was stretched on the floor of this room senseless, and it was later in the day that he died without a word."

"And you found nothing in the room—the thing that he might have tried to conceal?" questioned Day.

"Nothing, excellency," returned Hatsu.

Day dismissed him, and later in the evening when all the servants had retired to their quarters John Day made an exhaustive search of the house. He left the library till the last, and it was long after midnight when he turned into that dimly lighted room.

He looked around.

Where would be conceal a large diamond as big as a hazel nut if he had been minded to conceal such a gem?

Under the rugs? Within the vases? In a niche of the carving? Within that grinning idol?

There were a score of places to choose from.

He began with the rugs, groping carefully over every inch of their surface for the missing stone.

The rugs refused to divulge the secret.

Then the innumerable curios. The grinning idol when shaken gave back a dust of sandalwood and a smell of joss sticks. The ivory elephant refused to offer any hiding place.

The Kokuro vase on the mantelpiece—

John Day looked at its graceful outlines. There was a gray surface traced with delicate cherry boughs and flying birds. The neck was very small. He took it down and examined it. The missing diamond would never have entered that tiny orifice, yet it must be somewhere.

Suddenly in the silent house there came a sound.

John Day extinguished the light, replaced the vase and stepped behind a carved screen.

Into the darkened room came a bent form holding a lighted lantern. The glow of the light showed the tense features of—Hatsu, the house boy.

He looked furtively around, and then his feet led him swiftly to the mantelpiece, where he took down the Kokuro vase. He glanced over his shoulder into the dusky corners, turned the vase upside down and shook it vigorously. Just as he replaced it there came the sound of another step in the room, and there was the evil countenance of the gardener peering in.

Hatsu turned, saw him, and instantly the two men leaped for each other's throat.

They wrestled silently, each one struggling for a death hold. John Day, standing there behind the screen, marveled at the deadly struggle.

What was it that each one desired—the Kokuro vase?

He stepped forward, removed the vase from its place and slipped it in his pocket. Then as the forms remained silent on the floor he glanced once at them, and, convinced that they would fight it out between them, he went upstairs to his own bedroom and locked every door and window.

He wrapped the vase in a cloth and then shattered it against the edge of his trunk. When he unwrapped the broken pieces there fell into his hands an envelope rolled into a tube. In one end was something round and hard. The envelope was sealed with Burdick's private seal, and on the outside it was addressed to the firm of jewelers in New York of which John Day was now a member.

He slipped the sealed envelope into his inner pocket, and then, his search ended, he went to the library to discover that the fighting servants had vanished. He never saw either of them again.

John Day's trip around the world ended there and then. He took the next steamer for San Francisco, and six weeks later he stepped into the private office of his firm with Henry Burdick's confession and the missing diamond.

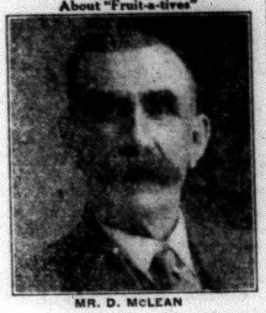
Why the guilty man had deferred his confession until the day of his death and why he had never had the courage to use his ill gotten gains no one ever knew. The great diamond had been a curse to him, and its possession had undoubtedly shortened his miserable life.

Now that he was vindicated in the eyes of his fellow men John Day married the girl he loved and retired from business. But he directed that the house in Tokyo be sold, and so the lovely house in the garden by the lane of bamboos has passed into other hands.

As for the shattered Kokuro vase, John Day treasures it highly. He has had it repaired, and it occupies the place of honor in his library.

WILL WE EVER WALK ON AIR?

Train Of Thought Inspired By a Letter About "Fruit-a-tives"



MR. D. McLEAN

Orillia, Ont., Nov. 28th, 1914.

"For over two years, I was troubled with *Constipation, Drowsiness, Lack of Appetite and Headaches.* I tried several medicines, but got no results and my Headaches became more severe. One day I saw your sign which read 'Fruit-a-tives', make you feel like walking on air. This appealed to me, so I decided to try a box. In a very short time, I began to feel better, and *now I feel fine.* Now I have a good appetite, relish everything I eat, and the Headaches are gone entirely. I cannot say too much for 'Fruit-a-tives', and *recommend this pleasant fruit medicine* to all my friends". DAN McLEAN.

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50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Letter from Soldier

The following letter was received by Mrs. Jos. Willman, Madoc, from her brother at the front:

Front, February 29, 1916.

To Mrs. Jos. Willman,
Madoc.

Dear Sister and Brother,—

I am taking time to write you a few lines. I am well, hope you are the same. I had a letter from Jack Reeves. He is well. F. Kinloch and I are together having a pretty good time. I suppose you know him. He is from Madoc. How are all the folks? Hope they are all well. If possible send me some more tsbacco. I got the other all right and was very glad to get it. I had a letter from Myrtle. She is married again. I would write her a letter but I can't make out her address. If you hear from her tell her about it and if you have her address send it to me. I hope she is well. If you send me some more tobacco be sure and pack it well. Put it in a box and rap it with oilcloth. Sew it up and it will come safe. Well, this is all for this time, so goodbye with heaps of love to you all. Answer soon. My address is now

Pte. Warner Gifford, 413020, 14th Batt. B.E.F., No. 2 Co., France.

Even So.

"Goodness! See that woman at the next table. Her hands look like nutmeg graters, and they're covered with solitaires."

"I see—diamond in the rough."

The Rule.

"You must never forget, my boy, that about one-third of all success is pure luck."

"But how can you make sure of this luck?"

"Why, by being successful."

For Church Musicians.

"Which is most obedient—the church bell or the organ?"

"Dunno."

"The bell, cos it peals when it's tolled, and the organ says, 'I'll be blowed first!'"—London Firefly.

The Woman of It.

"What are you going to do when you grow up, Annette?" asked one little girl of another.

"Marry some silly man, I suppose," was the reply, "like most other women."

Rates of Clubbing Offers

The North Hastings Review will be sent for one year, to any address in Canada, to new, or paid-in-advance subscribers, at the following rates:—

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Weekly Mail and Empire	$2.00
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Farm and Dairy	1.90
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Special attention given to diseases of Women and Children.

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Graduate of Trinity Medical College, Post Graduate of Moorefield's Eye Hospital London, Eng., and Central London Nose and Throat Hospital.

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Meets in Oddfellow's Hall, Wilson Block, every Monday evening at the hour of 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren will always be cordially welcomed.

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This Week's Toronto Market

Hogs, fed and watered	
Cattle	
Lambs	
Barley	
Wheat	
Oats	
Butter	
Eggs	
Cheese, large	
Turkeys	
Chickens	
Old fowl	
Geese	
Ducks	
Dressed poultry 2c to prices.	

RHEUMATISM A MYSTERY

Unless Rooted Out of the System it Grows Worse and Worse.

Some diseases give immunity from another attack, but rheumatism works just the other way. Every attack of rheumatism invites another. Worse than that it reduces the body's power so that each attack is worse than the one before. If any disease needs curing early it is rheumatism, but there are few diseases physicians find more difficult to treat successfully. Wet weather does not cause rheumatism as was once thought, though weather conditions may start the aches and pains. Rheumatism is now known to be dependent upon the blood condition and medical authorities agree that the blood becomes thin with alarming rapidity as rheumatism develops. Maintaining the quality of the blood is, therefore, a reasonable way of preventing and curing rheumatism. That it works out in fact is shown by the beneficial results which follow a fair use of Dr. Williams Pink Pills. These pills actually make new, rich blood which drives out the rheumatic poison, and while the blood is kept in this condition there is no danger of the trouble returning. Mr. W. T. Pell, Palermo, Ont., says:—"I was attacked with a trouble which was ultimately pronounced rheumatism. Often I was barely able to crawl into bed, and seldom able to do a full day's work. In this condition I doctored for a year, absolutely getting no better. Then I consulted another doctor whose chief consolation was that unless I could get rid of the trouble I would be a cripple for life. He prescribed dieting, and I doctored with him for at least six months, but instead of getting relief I became weaker and less able to get around. Then I decided to try a doctor in Toronto, and was under his treatment for about four months with no better results. I gave up the doctors and tried other remedies which were equally futile. Then one day our store keeper sent me a box of Dr. Williams Pink Pills, saying, that if they did not help me I need not pay for them. I took them and then got some more and found they were helping me. I probably used $10.00 worth before I felt fully cured, but they did cure me and were cheap as compared with the other treatments which did not help me. The cure was made several years ago, and I have not had a twinge of rheumatism since. To-day I am well and strong and I believe I owe it all to Dr. Williams Pink Pills."

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Drink Water.

Very few people realize the health-ministering power of water-drinking, and it is fairly safe to state that not half the population drinks anything like the quantity they should do.

It is a common error of mothers and nurses to curtail the child's wish to drink water whenever thirsty, under the impression that too much water is bad for it in every way. This is only correct if the child is very hot, simply because the sudden chill on an over-heated frame is very liable to set up ill effects, and applies equally to anything cold.

Apart from this, there is really no need to limit the quantity consumed by a child, and the average amount that an adult should drink daily should be, roughly, three pints.

It is necessary as a cleanser for all the internal organs as much as a bath is for the exterior of the body, and yet there are people who consider the fact that they never drink water unadulterated something to be proud of.

CROSS, FRETFUL BABIES

The cross fretful baby is a sickly baby—the well child is always happy and smiling. Mothers if your baby is cross and cries a great deal something is wrong. His little stomach and bowels may be out or order; his teeth troubling him, or he may be bothered with worms. The mother should immediately give him Baby's Own Tablets. They never fail to relieve the baby. Concerning them Mrs. Ronald Hurley, Gilks, N.B., writes:—"I know of nothing so good for cross, fretful babies as Baby's Own Tablets and I am pleased to recommend them to other mothers." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The habits of old age are generally the habits of youth matured and confirmed.

At the last meeting of the Belfast Board of Guardians it was reported that there were 127 cases of scarlatina in the hospital.

MURINE, Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Cold Winds and Dust, quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggists' 50c Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free write Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago

...st of friends we often find ... we have taken good care ...ffend.

DEMANDS ON RAILWAYS.

What the Railway Train Employes Are Asking.

The demands being made by organizations of railway train service employes on western railways for a 25 per cent. increase in wages, a demand which affects Canadian as well as United States railways, would mean the disbursement of no less than $100,000,000 a year. In order to acquaint the public with some of the facts of the case the executive committee of the Association of Western Railways has issued the following interesting statement:

Mr. Farmer, once upon a time—like the railways—you paid your employes a fixed monthly wage. They worked till their work was done, no matter how many hours.

Your farm hand followed a plow behind a yoke of oxen, perhaps from sun up till sun down, then did his "chores" and was contented.

Suppose that when you invested more of your capital in a good team of horses, to replace the oxen, your employe had said: "These horses turn more furrows in a day than the oxen and hereafter I want to be paid by the furrow, or the distance the plow travels, but in case anything stops the plow you must pay me for a full day if I work 10 hours or less—if that plan would give more money than the plow mileage amounts to.

Suppose that when you invested more money in a wheel plow on which your employe could ride at ease instead of being required to walk in a heavy furrow and wrestle with a heavy plow, he said: "Hereafter I want you to pay me for a full day if I work 8 hours or less, with time-and-a-half pay for over time, either on a time or distance basis, which ever will give me the most money."

Suppose, further, Mr. Farmer, that from 1904 to 1914 you had increased the wages of your farm hand from $902.09 a year to $1,253.37 a year, would you feel like granting his last demand for more wages for doing exactly the same work in the same hours?

That is precisely the question that the railway managers of this country are now called on to answer. The men employed in railway train service are asking a 25 per cent. increase in pay for exactly the work they have been doing, and under the same conditions, except as to pay. As with the farm hand, the working conditions of railway train service men have been constantly improved at the expense of the employers. Government statistics prove that the hazard of their occupation has steadily decreased. This is the result of millions spent by the railroads for better roadbeds, heavier rails, double tracks, block signals, automatic couplers, air brakes, mechanical stokers, oil burning engines and many other safety and labor-saving devices, for which the employes made no investment and assumed no financial risk.

The men who are now asking for 25 per cent. higher pay are and always have been the best paid of all railway employes. Their wages range from $800 a year for inexperienced brakemen to nearly $4,000 a year for engineers on the best runs. The average wages of the 300,000 employes who are demanding an increase are: $1,253.37 a year, an increase of 40 per cent. since 1904. The 1,400,000 other railway employes average $684.78, an increase of 25.2 per cent. since 1904.

These are the facts, Mr. Farmer. Will you think them over and then say if you think the railway train service employes are justified in threatening the prosperity of every industry in this country, of even the very existence of individuals dependent for food supply on uninterrupted railroad service?

CHILDREN IN WAR.

Get Quite Accustomed to Shells and Bullets.

Those who were in Ladysmith during the siege have told us that the children soon got used to the state of affairs, and it has been the same elsewhere.

During the siege of Lucknow the unfortunate children used to get tired of stopping in the stifling rooms, and occassionally as a treat were allowed to play in the least exposed places outside. On one occasion a swing was demolished by a shell, while bullets would frequently fall close to them, but they soon got used to it.

When Madame Modjeska was a child she and her little brother were in Cracow when it was bombarded by the Austrians. Their mother retired to the cellar, and called to the children to follow, but the small boy cried: "I will not go to the cellar; I want to see."

Madame Modjeska stayed with him, and almost at once a shell carried away part of the house, and the bullets began to fall. Her brother picked them up and ran from room to room, finally pushing her into the corner of room most exposed.

"Hide in that corner. There will be more bullets," he cried. And there were. So, picking them up he told her to hold out her apron, and dropped them in. Then, looking out of the window she saw a man shot, which frightened her, and so both ran to the cellar.

Speaking of educated snakes, the adder's in a class by himself.

Further meetings are being held in Belfast dealing with the questions of house rent increases and advancing coal prices, and resolutions have been passed calling upon the Government to take steps to curtail the extortionate prices for coal.

The Bread Problem is not a problem in the home where Shredded Wheat is known. The whole wheat grain is the real staff of life, and you have it in Shredded Wheat Biscuit prepared in a digestible form. It contains more real body-building material than meat or eggs, is more easily digested, and costs much less. The food for the up-and-coming man who does things with hand or brain—for the kiddies that need a well-balanced food for study or play—for the housewife who must save herself from kitchen drudgery. Delicious for breakfast or any meal, with milk or cream.

Made in Canada.

From Erin's Green Isle

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S GREEN SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to All True Irishmen.

At Leinster Assizes, Dublin, Geo. Bell was found guilty, but insane, on a charge of the murder of his father in County Meath, and was committed to an asylum.

News has reached Stewartstown that a farmer named Geo. Rankin, residing in the town land of Newlangors, aged 35 years, dropped dead outside his home.

At a meeting of the governors of the Royal Irish Academy of Music, a letter was read from the secretary, stating that the treasury grant of $1,500 is to be discontinued.

The Dublin Port and Docks Board is taking steps to have the provisions of the Emergency Act suspending elections in connection with local government bodies applied to itself.

Speaking at a recruiting meeting in Waterford, Mr. Redmond made a special appeal to farmers to assist in securing recruits for reserve battalions to make good the wastage in the ranks.

The death took place recently of Mr. William Tully, J. P., proprietor and editor of the Roscommon Journal. He was a Justice of the Peace for the Co. Roscommon for the past twenty-five years.

At a meeting of the Clonmel Corporation it was proposed that owing to the very depressed state the position of Mayor of Clonmel during the war by one of honor, without emoluments. The proposals was defeated.

At Cork Winter Assizes John Stafford Dunne, manager of the Macroom branch of the National Bank pleaded guilty to embezzling $7,500, the monies of the bank, and was sentenced to twelve months imprisonment.

Chief Inspector Murphy, Inspector Love, Sergeant Halley and other members of the Detective Division of the Dublin eMtropolitan Police, raided the shop of Messrs. Lawler, in Forom street, and took possession of a large quantity of firearms, ammunition, etc.

While presiding at a public meeting in Kilkenny, Mr. John A. Davis, agent for the Marquis of Ormonde and secretary of the Kilkenny Gas Company, suddenly collapsed and died before medical aid could be summoned.

A Local Government Board inquiry was held in the board room of the South Dublin Union, into an application of the South Dublin Rural Council for a loan of $50,000 to complete a scheme of laborers' cottages. There was no objection.

The Dublin police recently raided a number of homes under the Defence of the Realm Act, amongst which was that of the Countess Markovie, Rathmines, where a printing press was seized, which was being used for printing pro-German literature.

STOPPED SHORT

Taking Tonics, and Built up on Right Food.

The mistake is frequently made of trying to build up a worn-out nervous system on so-called tonics.

New material from which to rebuild used up tissue cells is what should be supplied, and this can be obtained only from proper food.

"I found myself on the verge of a nervous collapse, due to overwork and study, and to illness in the family," writes a young mother.

"My friends became alarmed because I grew pale and thin and could not sleep nights. I took various tonics, but their effects wore off shortly after I stopped taking them. My food did not seem to nourish me.

"Reading of Grape-Nuts, I determined to stop the tonics and see what a change of diet would do. I ate Grape-Nuts four times a day with cream, and drank milk also, went to bed early after a dish of Grape-Nuts.

"In about two weeks I was sleeping soundly. In a short time gained weight and felt like a different woman. Grape-Nuts and fresh air were the only agents used to accomplish the happy results." "There's a Reason." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true and full of human interest.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

An Incident Which Shows His Kindness of Heart.

The Prince of Wales is making himself beloved as well as respected at the front. Endless stories of his kindliness are told. The latest was related to me by a very old friend who has lost four sons on the battlefield. The only surviving one is an army chaplain, and he was chatting to a group of men, "somewhere in France," about the loss of his last surviving brother and the loneliness and sadness of his old mother.

Suddenly a young officer stepped forward with outstretched hand and remarked: "I heard what you said, sir, about your brothers and I am extremely sorry to hear it. I hope you will accept this expression of my profound sympathy, but," he said, "I do wish you would give this card to your colonel, and ask him to give you leave of absence for ten days, so that you may go and see your mother in London and console her on her loss." He took out his card and wrote a few words on it and handed it over. It was the Prince of Wales.

Are Worth Their Weight in Gold

WHAT MRS. BROWN SAYS OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

New Brunswick Lady Feels It Her Duty to Tell Women That Dodd's Kidney Pills Are the Best Remedy She Ever Used.

Miscou Harbor, Gloucester Co., N.B., Mar. 13th (Special.)—"I think Dodd's Kidney Pills are worth their weight in gold." This is the statement of Mrs. James Brown, well known and highly respected here.

"I think it would be ungrateful on my part if I did not tell what a blessing Dodd's Kidney Pills have been to me," Mrs. Brown continued. "I was in bed three weeks with headache and sore back. Then I began to use Dodd's Kidney Pills and I found them the best remedy I have ever used."

Mrs. Brown is just one of the many women in New Brunswick who are telling of pains relieved and health restored by the great Canadian kidney remedy. Dodd's Kidney Pills are suffering women's best friend, because they act directly on the kidneys. They tone up the kidneys and put them in condition to do their full work of straining all the impurities out of the blood. Nine-tenths of women's troubles come from diseased or disordered kidneys. There is abundant evidence on every hand that Dodd's Kidney Pills cure all Kidney troubles.

ABOUT MACHINE GUNS.

The different Kinds Used by the Armies at War.

Every day in the newspapers there crop up incidents dealing with the effect of machine-gun fire, and an enormous number of these weapons are doing their deadly work to-day.

In the British Army the machine-gun is the Maxim; the French use the Hotchkiss, or Puteaux, Austrians employ the Schwarzlose, and Germans the Maxim. In all cases machine-guns are attached to the infantry forces, usually at the proportion of two guns per battalion, or 1,000 men.

These guns fire rifle cartridges at immense speed by mechanical means, and usually the kick, or recoil, of the gun is used for the purpose of reloading. It is interesting to note that in a test forty-two British first-class shots engaged against a machine-gun, each firing at the same target for one minte, the gun discharged 228 rounds and made sixty-nine hits; the forty-two marksmen discharged 408 rounds and made sixty-two hits.

Good for Children.

Mothers! Physicians agree that flavor and the body building elements of grains lie in the dark parts usually thrown away. So also do the lime salts which your child needs to harden bones and teeth. Children fed upon coarse dark cereals develop greater resistance. Witness the Bulgars and Serbs. Roman soldiers who conquered the world fed upon two bands of entire grain food a day. Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal is scientifically balanced ration made from several entire grains. It's delicious, easily prepared in a variety of ways and nourishes better than meat. It's a natural laxative. Most grocers sell it.

Made by Roman Meal Co., Toronto, Canada.

The Neighbors Say.

If he is regular in attending church, he is too pious.

If he doesn't attend church, he is on the road to perdition.

If he sends his family away for the summer, it is more than he can afford.

If he doesn't he is stingy.

If he happens to be successful in business, he achieved succesby swindling.

If he gives freely to charity, it is done for show.

If he doesn't, he is classed as a skinflint.

If his wife does her own work, she is "killing herself" for the family.

If she has servants, she ought to be more economical.

If all the world's a stage it's up to each of us to contribute something toward the elevation thereof.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

CONTAINS NO ALUM.

The only well known medium priced baking powder made in Canada that does not contain alum and which has all its ingredients plainly stated on the label.

E.W.GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

POSTAL EMPLOYEES ENLIST.

Over 50,000 at the Front With British Forces.

Over 50,000 post office emloyees are with the colors. At present 1,620 have lost their lives, and there are on the books of the relief fund 1,300 orphans. In the majority of cases the Government pension is or will be supplemented by the fund, the maximum assistance of five shillings a week being given to widows under 35 years of age, with four or more children.

Parcels of food are sent weekly to post office prisoners of war, of whom there are now over 570.

THE SUN LIFE OF CANADA.

New Records Have Been Created By This Company.

The Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, achieved records during 1915 that are new in the Canadian life assurance field. Assurances of over $34,000,000 were issued and paid for in cash; total assurances now in force over $250,000,000; total payments to policyholders since organization more than $52,600,000; assets in excess of $74,000,000, a cash income of nearly $16,000,000, and an undistributed net surplus of over $7,500,000. All these figures are high-water marks in the annals of Canadian life assurance. On another column will be found a comparative statement of the business done for 1914 and 1915, and also a statement showing the Company's growth from 1872 to 1915, all of which show a remarkable increase, and also reflects the greatest credit on the management of the Sun Life.

Foe Have Leatherless Shoe.

A new type of "leatherless shoe" is being widely advertised in the German newspapers. The uppers are made of grey or black waterproof linen sailcloth, while the soles are built of thin layers of wood glued together with waterproof glue.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

The Furnace.

"Shakespeare, I believe uses the term 'sighing for a furnace.'"

"I believe so. Why?"

"Mine has a sort of wheeze."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Have used MINARD'S LINIMENT for Croup; found nothing equal to it; sure cure.

CHAS E. SHARP.

Hawkshaw, N.B., Sept. 1st, 1905.

He that has never known adversity is but half acquainted with himself or with others. Constant triumph shows us but one side of life; the reverse side is necessary to full knowledge.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Great System.

Teacher—"In what year was the Battle of Waterloo fought?"

Pupil—"I don't know," Teacher—"It's simple enough if you only would learn how to cultivate artificial memory. Remember the twelve apostles. Add half that number to them. That's eighteen. Multiply that by 100. That's 1800. Take the twelve apostles again. Add a quarter of their number to them. That's fifteen. Add what you've got. That's 1815. That's the date. Quite simple, you see, to remember dates if you will only adopt my system."

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Men are like tea, says Estelle Klauder; it takes hot water to draw out their strength.

BERMUDA

The Ideal Winter Resort

Beautiful Drives, Saddle Riding, Golf, Tennis, Yachting, Fishing and Sea Bathing. Present Garrison of the Ottawa (38th) Regiment.

—THE—

Princess Hotel

Is open from DECEMBER to MAY

Situated on the Harbor of Hamilton. Accommodates 400.

Rates: $25 per week and upward.

HOWE & TWOROGER, Managers

HAMILTON, - BERMUDA

Bermuda is reached by the steamers of the Quebec S.S. Co. 32 Broadway, New York.

"Is it anything serious, doctor?" asked a youth of a doctor after the latter had examined him. "No, no; not at all," replied the medical man. "Nothing serious—just a little stiffness in the back of your neck my lad. But you must keep an eye on it."

SEED POTATOES

SEED POTATOES. IRISH COBblers, Delaware, Carman. Order at once. Supply limited. Write for quotations. H. W. Dawson, Brampton.

FOR SALE

PEDIGREED NEWFOUNDLAND puppies for sale. Also few Persian kittens. R. A. Gillespie, Abbotsford, Quebec.

FOR EXCHANGE

PAIR SILVER BLACK CROSS BRED foxes, trade for used car. Reid Bros., Bothwell, Ont.

NURSERY STOCK

HIGH-CLASS NURSERY STOCK — buy and save middleman's profits; write for catalogue, Dominion Nurseries (Smith, Reed & Co.) St. Catharines, Ont.

AGENTS WANTED

LADY OR YOUNG MAN TO COLlect in their locality. Dominion Works, Toronto.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

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DOG DISEASES
And How to Feed
Mailed free to any address by the Author
H. CLAY GLOVER, V. S.
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America's Pioneer Dog Remedies

Before placing your order for seeds, see our 1916 Golden Jubilee Catalogue it is free
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No. 1 Red Clover (Fancy) $16.15
No. 1 Alsyke 12.00
No. 1 Timothy 6.65
Allow 30c for each cotton bag
We pay railway freight in Ontario and Quebec over $25.00
GEO. KEITH & SONS SEEDS 124 KING ST. E. TORONTO

CANADA'S GREATEST Muskrat Handler

is the old firm of HIRAM JOHNSON Limited, 410 St. Paul St. W., Montreal.

Ship all your furs there and obtain full value.

WANTED

We furnish cans, pay express charges and guarantee highest prices

CREAM
SWEET OR SOUR

Write for particulars.

TORONTO CREAMERY CO., LIMITED

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If Your Horse Could Talk

He would tell you that he can do lots more work when the wagon wheels are greased with

MICA AXLE GREASE

Mica Axle Grease fills the pores of the axle. Makes a perfect bearing surface. Reduces friction to a minimum.

Dealers Everywhere

The Imperial Oil Company Limited
BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES